

Función	Descripción	Ejemplo
<code>ceil(x)</code>	rounds x to the smallest integer not less than x	<code>ceil(9.2)</code> is 10.0 <code>ceil(-9.8)</code> is -9.0
<code>cos(x)</code>	trigonometric cosine of x (x in radians)	<code>cos(0.0)</code> is 1.0
<code>exp(x)</code>	exponential function e^x	<code>exp(1.0)</code> is 2.71828 <code>exp(2.0)</code> is 7.38906
<code>fabs(x)</code>	absolute value of x	<code>fabs(5.1)</code> is 5.1 <code>fabs(0.0)</code> is 0.0 <code>fabs(-8.76)</code> is 8.76
<code>floor(x)</code>	rounds x to the largest integer not greater than x	<code>floor(9.2)</code> is 9.0 <code>floor(-9.8)</code> is -10.0
<code>fmod(x, y)</code>	remainder of x/y as a floating-point number	<code>fmod(2.6, 1.2)</code> is 0.2
<code>log(x)</code>	natural logarithm of x (base e)	<code>log(2.718282)</code> is 1.0 <code>log(7.389056)</code> is 2.0
<code>log10(x)</code>	logarithm of x (base 10)	<code>log10(10.0)</code> is 1.0 <code>log10(100.0)</code> is 2.0
<code>pow(x, y)</code>	x raised to power y (x^y)	<code>pow(2, 7)</code> is 128 <code>pow(9, .5)</code> is 3
<code>sin(x)</code>	trigonometric sine of x (x in radians)	<code>sin(0.0)</code> is 0
<code>sqrt(x)</code>	square root of x (where x is a nonnegative value)	<code>sqrt(9.0)</code> is 3.0
<code>tan(x)</code>	trigonometric tangent of x (x in radians)	<code>tan(0.0)</code> is 0

Funciones de la Biblioteca Math