

## 0.1 Existence and uniqueness for scalar convection-diffusion problem

### 0.1.1 Continuity

### 0.1.2 Coercivity

$$A(u, u) = (\sigma u + (\beta \cdot \nabla) u, u) + \varepsilon \|\nabla u\|^2.$$

Reformulation of the convective part:

$$((\beta \cdot \nabla) u, u) = \int_{\Omega} \nabla u \cdot (\cdot) \, du.$$

## 0.2 Where is the problem for discrete (FE) schemes?

- Lax-Milgram also applies to the discrete standard FE scheme.
- Existence and uniqueness of discrete solutions.
- Cea's lemma:

$$\|u - u_h\| + \|\nabla(u - u_h)\| \leq \frac{\alpha_1}{\alpha_2} \inf_{v_h \in V_h} (\|u - v_h\| + \|\nabla(u - v_h)\|).$$

- But:

2.

## 0.3 Standard Galerkin formulation

Standard Galerkin formulation. Seek  $u_h \in V_h$  such that

$$A(u_h, \phi) = (f, \phi) \quad \forall \phi \in V_h.$$

## 0.4 Instabilities of the pure Galerkin formulation

Standard Galerkin formulation: Seek  $u_h \in V_h$  such that

$$A(u_h, \phi) = (f, \phi) \quad \forall \phi \in V_h.$$

A priori estimate in the norm

$$\|u_h\|.$$

## 0.5 Numerical diffusion with FEM

- Similar strategies as for FD possible with FEM: Adding the term

$$(h \nabla u_h, \nabla \phi)$$

to the bilinear form  $A(\cdot, \cdot)$ .

- Diffusion in streamline direction only: Adding

$$(h (\beta \cdot \nabla) u_h, (\beta \cdot \nabla) \phi)$$

Only 1. order!

- Accuracy of 1. order methods can be worse than pure Galer (see Brooks & Hughs).

## 0.6 3.4 Stabilized finite elements

$$A(u, \phi) = (\sigma u + (\beta \cdot \nabla) u, \phi) + (\varepsilon \nabla u, \nabla \phi).$$

- Stabilized form:

$$u_h \in V_h : A(u_h, \phi) + S_h(u_h, \phi) = (F_h, \phi) \quad \forall \phi \in V_h.$$

- Such stabilization.

## 0.7 3.4 Streamline Upwind Petrov Galerkin (SUPG)

- Add a diffusion term in direction of the streamline, i.e.  $\beta$

$$((\beta \cdot \nabla) u_h, \cdot).$$

## 0.8 SUPG for convection-diffusion problems

- Idea: Add a consistent diffusion term in direction of the flow:

$$S_h(u_h, \phi) = \sum_{T \in T_h} \cdot$$

## 0.9 Coercivity of the SUPG stabilization form

For  $P_1$  elements ( $u_h$  cell-wise linear)

$$S_h(u_h, u_h) = \sum_{T \in T_h} \delta_T \left( \|(\beta \cdot \nabla) u_j\|_T^2 - \|\sigma u_h\|_T^2 \right)$$

with

## 0.10 Optimal choice for $\delta_t$

Local Peclet number

$$Pe_T = \frac{h_T \|\beta\|_{L^\infty(T)}}{\varepsilon}.$$

## 0.11 A priori estimate for SUPG

$$\|u\|_T^2 = \sigma \|u\|^2 + \varepsilon \|\nabla u\|^2 + \sum_{T \in T_h} \delta_T \|(\beta \cdot \nabla) u\|_T^2.$$

## 0.12 Proof

- Aim: Bound the discretization error by a multiple of

$$H_h(u) = \sum_{T \in T_h} a_T h_T' |u|_{H^{r+1}(T)}.$$

- Splitting the error in **interpolation error**.

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- Individual bounds.
- e.g. for the Galerkin terms arising in  $A(\eta_h, \xi_h)$ .
- With a priori bounds in  $\|\eta_g\|, \|\nabla \eta_h\|$ .
- The order term  $|S_h|$ .

## 0.13 Effect of SUPG stabilization

- Diffusion  $\varepsilon = 0.01$ , convection  $\beta = (1, 1)^T$ .
- The SUPG formulation stabilizes much earlier.
- Over-and undershoots still remain on coarse.

## 0.14 Drawbacks of SPUG

1. Troublesome in the parabolic case (details belows).
2. Computation of second derivatives necessary for  $r \geq 2$  and  $Q_1$ -elements on arbitrary quadrilateral (or hexahedral) elements.
3. .

### 0.15 3.4.2 SUPG for parabolic problems

- Time-dependent convection-diffusion system.

$$\partial_t u + (\beta \cdot \nabla) u - \varepsilon \Delta u = f \quad \text{in } U.$$

### 0.16 SUPG with and implicit Euler

With time step  $\mathcal{T} = t_n - t_{n-1}$ :

$$\left( \tau^{-1} u_n, \phi \right) + ((\beta \cdot \nabla) u, \phi).$$

$$\sum_{T \in \mathcal{T}_h} \delta_T \left( \tau^{-1} u_n + (\beta \cdot \nabla) u + \dots, (\beta \cdot \nabla) \phi \right)_T = \left( \tau^{-1} u_{n-1}, \phi \right) + \dots.$$

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### 0.17 SUPG for convection-diffusion problems

- Idea: Add a consistent diffusion term in direction of the flow

$$S_h(u_h, \phi).$$