LDA2Net: Digging under the surface of COVID-19 topics in literature

Topic 53 companion sheet

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This file contains the following supplementary information for Topic 53 of the manuscript "*LDA2Net*: Digging under the surface of COVID-19 topics in scientific literature":

- Human label and automatic n-gram label proposals (Table 1)
- Summary measures (Table 2)
- Network of top 25 bigrams (Figure 1)
- Wordclouds of top 25 words by node relevance measure (Figure 2)
- Wordclouds of top 25 bigrams by edge relevance measure (Figure 3)
- Filtered (0.99 percentile) topic network (Figure 4)

Table 1: Human and automatic label proposals. Automatic label candidate for largest word community of the topic. In parenthesis: absolute frequency of the walk out of a sample of size 1000.

Human label	2-gram label	3-gram label	4-gram label
diagnostic tests efficacy	test->positive (12.7%)	test->positive->results (3.9%)	test->positive->results->tests (1.7%)

Here follows the set of topic-specific measures that have been used to classify the topic and to analyse its structural properties (see manuscript for details):

Table 2: Summary measures

	JSD	Mean propensity	Variance propensity	Modularity	Barrat Clustering Coeff.
value	0.790703	0.008556	0.000326	0.000000	0.573548
rank	101	79	65	32	58

Based on the aforementioned measures, Topic 53 has been classified as a CROSS-CUTTING topic.

Figure 1: Network of top 25 bigrams (i.e., edges) by weight.

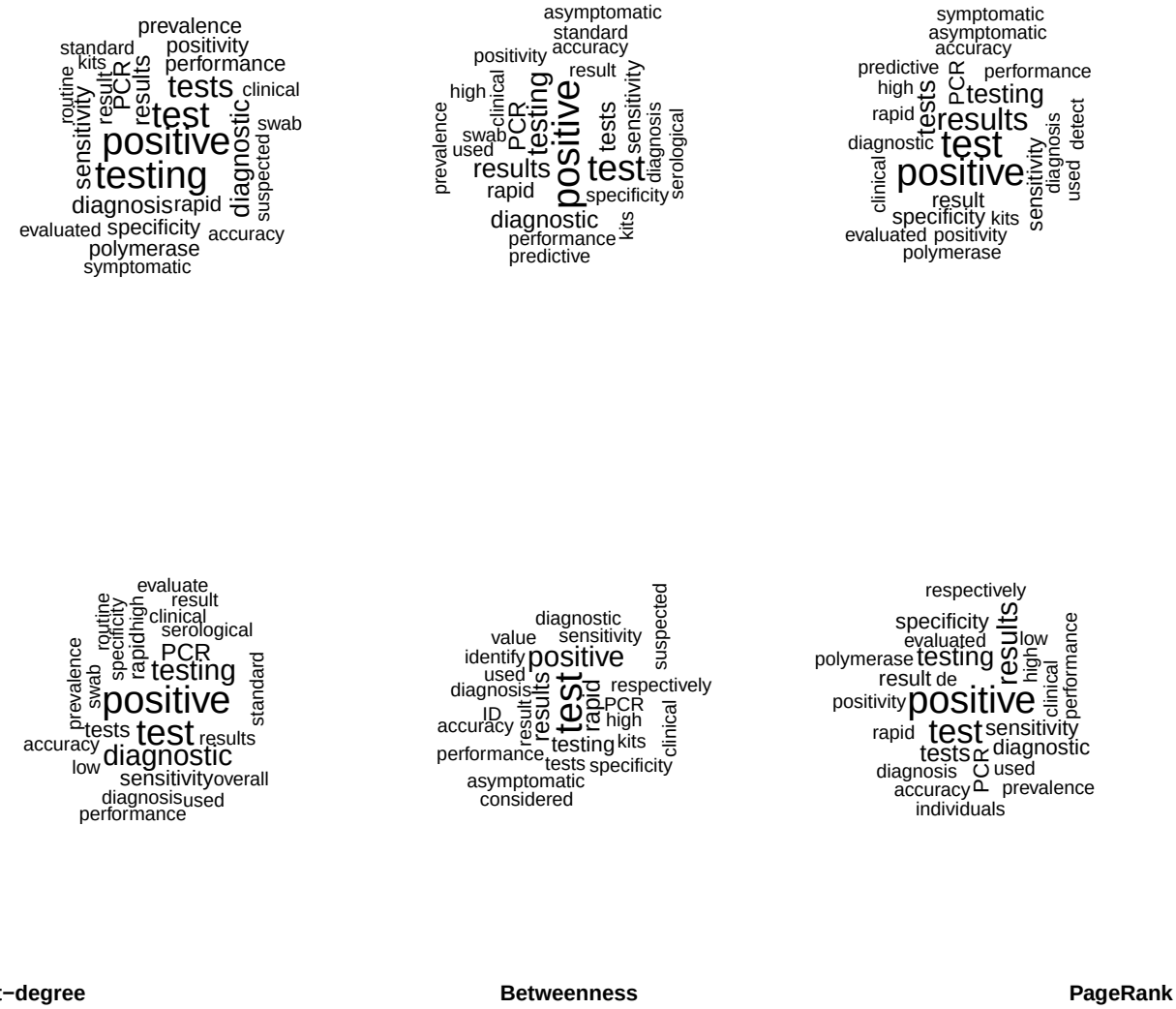

Figure 2: Top 25 unigrams (i.e., nodes) by measure.

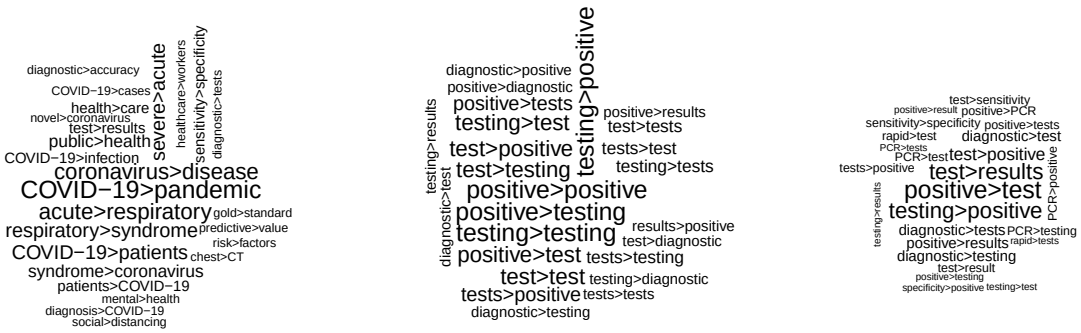

Figure 3: Top 25 bigrams (i.e., edges) by measure.

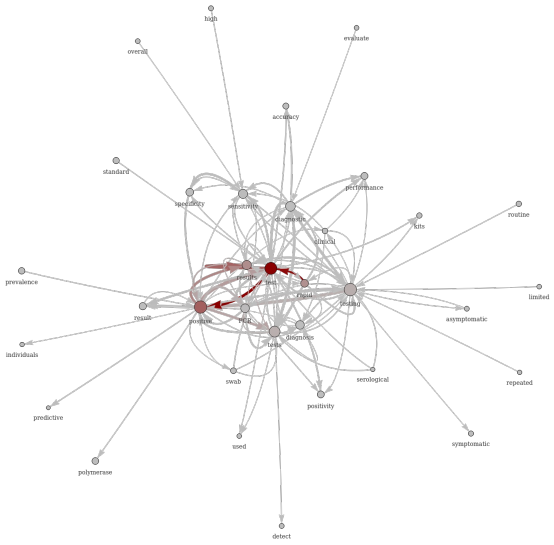

Figure 4: Filtered topic network (by weight). Layout based on Fruchterman-Reingold algorithm. Node size is proportional to topic-specific word probability provided by LDA. Edge width is proportional to topic-specific bigram weight provided by LDA2Net method. Node and edge color represent their betweenness centrality. Isolated nodes have been removed after filtration.