Cross-correlation Analysis

```
library(tidyverse)
library(GGally)
```

Data preparation

```
Load and clean data.
sdg <- read.csv("2019_global_development_index.csv", stringsAsFactors = FALSE)</pre>
sdg <- as_tibble(sdg)</pre>
columns <- c("country", "id", "global_index_score", "global_index_score_1",</pre>
             "global_index_rank", "regional_score", "index_to_be_defined",
             "inverse_global_index_score", "sdr_mild_version", "sdr_medium_version",
             "sdr_heavy_version", "equality_population", "capacity",
             "historical_responsability", "present_responsability",
             "ponderated index", "mcj")
colnames(sdg) <- columns</pre>
sdg %>% head()
## # A tibble: 6 x 17
                   global_index_sc~ global_index_sc~ global_index_ra~
     country id
     <chr>>
             <chr>
                               <dbl>
                                                <dbl>
                                                                  <int>
## 1 Centra~ CAF
                                39.1
                                                 39.1
                                                                    162
## 2 Chad
             TCD
                               42.8
                                                 42.8
                                                                    161
## 3 Congo,~ COD
                                44.9
                                                 44.9
                                                                    160
## 4 Nigeria NGA
                                46.4
                                                 46.4
                                                                    159
## 5 Madaga~ MDG
                                46.7
                                                  46.7
                                                                    158
## 6 Liberia LBR
                                48.2
                                                  48.2
                                                                    157
## # ... with 12 more variables: regional_score <dbl>, index_to_be_defined <dbl>,
       inverse_global_index_score <dbl>, sdr_mild_version <dbl>,
       sdr_medium_version <dbl>, sdr_heavy_version <dbl>,
## #
       equality_population <dbl>, capacity <dbl>, historical_responsability <dbl>,
       present_responsability <dbl>, ponderated_index <dbl>, mcj <dbl>
# Replace empty strings by NA
sdg[grepl("\"\"", sdg)] <- NA</pre>
# These are repeated columns
all(sdg$global_index_score == sdg$global_index_score_1)
## [1] TRUE
# Gather data for the correlation analysis
sdg_for_analysis <- sdg %>%
 select(-global_index_score, -global_index_score_1,
```

```
-global_index_rank, -regional_score)

sdg_for_analysis_pivoted <- sdg_for_analysis %>%
    pivot_longer(-c("country", "id"), names_to = "indicator", values_to = "values")
```

Indicators for the analysis.

```
sdg_for_analysis_pivoted %>%
group_by(indicator) %>%
tally()
```

```
## # A tibble: 11 x 2
##
     indicator
                                     n
##
      <chr>>
                                 <int>
## 1 capacity
                                   193
## 2 equality_population
                                   193
## 3 historical_responsability
                                   193
## 4 index_to_be_defined
                                   193
## 5 inverse_global_index_score
                                  193
## 6 mcj
                                   193
## 7 ponderated_index
                                   193
## 8 present_responsability
                                   193
## 9 sdr_heavy_version
                                   193
## 10 sdr medium version
                                   193
## 11 sdr_mild_version
                                   193
```

Sumarry statistics

```
library(moments)
summary_1 <- sdg_for_analysis_pivoted %>%
 group_by(indicator) %>%
  summarise(
   number_of_observations = n(),
   missing_data = round(sum(is.na(values))/n(), 4)
  )
summary_2 <- sdg_for_analysis_pivoted %>%
 filter(!is.na(values)) %>%
  group_by(indicator) %>%
  summarise(
   mean = mean(values),
   skewness = skewness(values),
   kurtosis = kurtosis(values),
   minimum value = min(values),
   maximum_value = max(values)
  )
summary_1 %>%
 left_join(summary_2)
```

##	<chr></chr>	<int></int>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>
## 1	l capacity	193	0.0415	0.541	2.56	10.8
## 2	2 equality~	193	0	0.518	8.34	76.7
## 3	B historic~	193	0	0.518	1.80	6.24
## 4	l index_to~	193	0	34.5	0.289	2.43
## 5	inverse_~	193	0	0.428	0.289	2.43
## 6	S mcj	193	0.917	3.16	2.20	6.20
## 7	ponderat~	193	0	0.522	7.03	63.9
## 8	3 present_~	193	0	0.518	2.08	8.08
## 9	9 sdr_heav~	193	0	0.518	9.05	96.7
## 10) sdr_medi~	193	0.145	0.606	7.74	72.2
## 11	l sdr_mild~	193	0	0.518	8.51	82.6

^{## # ...} with 2 more variables: minimum_value <dbl>, maximum_value <dbl>