CUSTOMER ANALYTICS

Raghu lyengar Regression Analysis



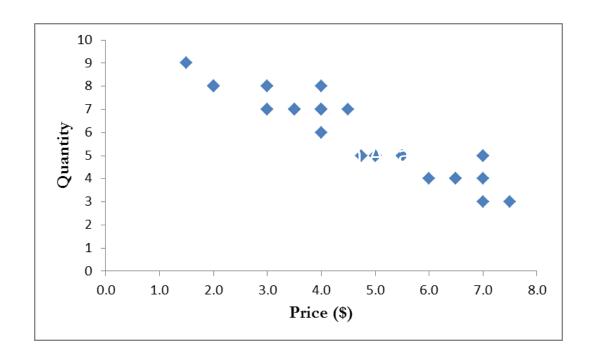
What is the purpose of regression?

- Quantify the relationship among two or more variables.
 - Explain a dependent variable, from a set of predictor variables, called the independent variables
 - Uses a linear additive relation between the dependent and independent variables

Example 1: Demand Analysis

Price (\$)	Demand
4.0	7
3.5	7
5.0	5
6.0	4
6.5	4
7.0	4
2.0	8
4.0	6
5.5	5
3.0	7
3.5	7
2.0	8
2.0	8
3.0	8
3.0	7
1.5	9
3.0	8
4.8	5
5.0	5
4.0	7
4.5	7
4.0	8
7.5	3
4.0	7
6.5	4
4.0	7
7.0	3
5.5	5
7.0	5
3.5	7
7.0	5
2.0	8

Demand Analysis –Plot



Regression

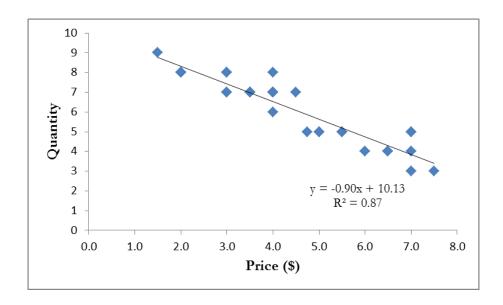
Demand Analysis

- Sales_t =
$$a + b_1$$
 Price_t + e_t

• Simple Regression

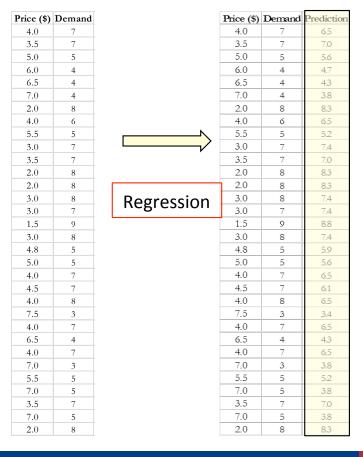
$$Y_t = a + b_1 \times X_{1t} + e_t$$

Demand Curve



The regression line can be used to make demand predictions

Demand Prediction





Optimal Pricing

 As predictions can be done for different prices, we can also determine optimal price

- Optimal price price that maximizes overall profit
 - Intuition for each price, we predict demand
 - Demand → revenue and profit

Multiple Regression

$$Y_i = a + b_1 \times X_{1i} + b_2 \times X_{2i} + \dots + b_{\kappa} \times X_{ki} + e_i$$

- Multiple independent variables
- Example
 - Sales_t = $a + b_1$ Price_t + b_2 * Adv_t + e_t

Summary

 Regression is an ideal tool for understanding the drivers of demand and for demand prediction.

• It can be used for determining optimal prices.

From Regression to Data mining

- Regression is one way of doing predictive analytics
- Lots of different approaches are present
 - CART
 - MARS
 - Neural Networks