1.1

2)

a)

Genero el ejecutable con optimización -O0 \$ *qcc* -*O0 pi.c* -*o pi.O0*

b)

Ejecuto el ejecutable pi.O0 y guardo el resultado en pi.0_time

\$ /usr/bin/time -o pi.0_time ./pi.O0

\$ cat pi.0_time

55.69user 0.18system 0:55.89elapsed 99%CPU (0avgtext+0avgdata

852maxresident)k 0inputs+0outputs (0major+64minor)pagefaults 0swaps

c)

El %CPU es el tanto por ciento de CPU usada para ejecutar el programa

3)

a)

Genero los ejecutables correspondientes

\$ gcc -O1 pi.c -o pi.O1

\$ gcc -O2 pi.c -o pi.O2

\$ gcc -O3 pi.c -o pi.O3

Ejecuto el ejecutable pi.03 y guardo el resultado en pi.3_time

\$/usr/bin/time -o pi.3 time ./pi.O3

\$ cat pi.3_time

17.80user 0.16system 0:17.99elapsed 99%CPU (0avgtext+0avgdata 984maxresident)k 0inputs+0outputs (0major+66minor)pagefaults 0swaps

Vemos que el resultado es diferente en el tiempo usado por el usuario y el sistema, y por lo tanto, en el elapsed time. Esto es debido a que ha habido unas optimizaciones en el código y ahora se ejecuta más rápido

b) i c)

He añadido un tipo de formato diferente para ver el resultado como quiero para evaluar las diferencias mejor

```
$ /usr/bin/time -o pi.0_time -f "Elapsed time: %e User: %U System: %S " ./pi.O0 $ /usr/bin/time -o pi.3 time -f "Elapsed time: %e User: %U System: %S " ./pi.O3
```

1.2

4)

a) i b)

Vemos que la rutina más invocada por el programa es "SUBTRACT" con 2011 calls. Y el mayor tiempo de CPU consumido por una

rutina del programa es 26.32% (supongo que __aeabi_uidiv no es una rutina del programa)

\$ gcc -pg -g -O0 pi.c -o pi.O0.pg #Compilamos con -g y -pg para poder utilizar gprof

\$./pi.O0.pg 1000 #Y ejecutamos antes de gprof siempre

\$ gprof -b ./pi.O0.pg > pi.O0.pg.gprof.txt

\$ cat pi.O0.pg.gprof.txt

Flat profile:

Each sample counts as 0.01 seconds.

% c	umulative	e self		self	total
time	seconds	second	ls cal	ls ms/	call ms/call name
47.37	0.27	0.27			aeabi_uidiv
26.32	0.42	0.15	2011	0.0'	7 0.07 SUBTRACT
24.56	0.56	0.14	3014	0.0	5 0.05 DIVIDE
1.75	0.57	0.01	1004	0.01	0.01 LONGDIV
0.00	0.57	0.00	1007	0.00	0.00 SET
0.00	0.57	0.00	1005	0.00	0.00 progress
0.00	0.57	0.00	2	0.00	0.00 MULTIPLY
0.00	0.57	0.00	1	0.00	300.00 calculate
0.00	0.57	0.00	1	0.00	0.00 epilog

c)

Ejecutamos gprof con el flag -l para ver la información por linia de código. Por linia de código observamos que DIVIDE (linia 17 del programa) consume el mayor tiempo de CPU con 7.89 %

\$ gprof -b -l ./pi.O0.pg > pi.O0.pg.gprof.txt

Each sample counts as 0.01 seconds.

%	cumulative	e self		self	total
time	seconds	second	s cal	ls Ts/c	all Ts/call name
47.3	7 0.27	0.27			aeabi_uidiv
7.89	0.32	0.04			DIVIDE (pi.c:17 @ 10792)
7.89	0.36	0.04			SUBTRACT (pi.c:91 @ 109e8)
7.02	2 0.40	0.04			DIVIDE (pi.c:19 @ 107b6)
7.02	0.44	0.04			SUBTRACT (pi.c:94 @ 10a30)
6.14	1 0.47	0.04			SUBTRACT (pi.c:93 @ 10a16)
5.26	6 0.51	0.03			SUBTRACT (pi.c:89 @ 10a46)
3.5 1	0.53	0.02			DIVIDE (pi.c:18 @ 107a8)
3.5 1	0.55	0.02			DIVIDE (pi.c:15 @ 107d0)
1.75	0.56	0.01			DIVIDE (pi.c:20 @ 107c4)
1.75	0.56	0.01			LONGDIV (pi.c:37 @ 10838)
0.88	3 0.57	0.01			DIVIDE (pi.c:15 @ 1078c)
0.00	0.57	0.00	3014	0.00	0.00 DIVIDE (pi.c:9 @ 10778)
0.00	0.57	0.00	2011	0.00	0.00 SUBTRACT (pi.c:85 @ 109c8)
0.00	0.57	0.00	1007	0.00	0.00 SET (pi.c:78 @ 10990)
0.00	0.57	0.00	1005	0.00	0.00 progress (pi.c:181 @ 10c8c)
0.00	0.57	0.00	1004	0.00	(1 C /
0.00	0.57	0.00	2	0.00	0.00 MULTIPLY (pi.c:64 @ 1090c)
0.00	0.57	0.00	1	0.00	0.00 calculate (pi.c:126 @ 10b08)
0.00	0.57	0.00	1	0.00	0.00 epilog (pi.c:186 @ 10ca0)

d)

No, en gprof no muestra nada del sistema igual que en Valgrind

5)

a) i b)

\$ gcc -pg -g -O3 pi.c -o pi.O3.pg

```
$ ./pi.O3.pg 1000
```

\$ gprof -b ./pi.O3.pg > pi.O3.pg.gprof.txt

\$ cat pi.O3.pg.gprof.txt

Solo aparece la funcion calculate, debido seguramente a que copia el código de todas las funciones a calculate que es donde se llaman, mejorando el tiempo de ejecución pues se hacen menos calls (inline). Ello conlleva tambien a que aumente el peso del ejecutable. Pues si hay dos llamadas de una función, el código de esta se ve duplicado.

```
time seconds seconds calls Ts/call Ts/call name 70.66 0.12 0.12 calculate 29.44 0.17 0.05 __aeabi_uidiv
```

He mirado por línea de código a ver que pasaba, y como se aprecia, no tienen ninguna llamada, por lo que reafirmo lo que dije anteriormente (inline de las funciones)

\$ gprof -b -l ./pi.O3.pg > pi.O3.pg.gprof.txt

4 Ob.	- 0 - "P	regire	Prioriph Brothers
time	seconds	seconds	calls Ts/call Ts/call name
29.44	0.05	0.05	aeabi_uidiv
11.78	0.07	0.02	SUBTRACT (pi.c:91 @ 10ada)
8.83	0.09	0.02	SUBTRACT (pi.c:94 @ 10b80)
5.89	0.10	0.01	DIVIDE (pi.c:18 @ 10bd6)
5.89	0.11	0.01	DIVIDE (pi.c:20 @ 10bdc)
5.89	0.12	0.01	SUBTRACT (pi.c:93 @ 10aee)
5.89	0.13	0.01	SUBTRACT (pi.c:89 @ 10afa)
5.89	0.14	0.01	SUBTRACT (pi.c:91 @ 10b68)
2.94	0.14	0.01	DIVIDE (pi.c:18 @ 10b46)
2.94	0.15	0.01	DIVIDE (pi.c:20 @ 10b4c)
2.94	0.15	0.01	LONGDIV (pi.c:33 @ 10c1c)
2.94	0.16	0.01	LONGDIV (pi.c:35 @ 10c34)
2.94	0.16	0.01	LONGDIV (pi.c:37 @ 10c4c)
2.94	0.17	0.01	LONGDIV (pi.c:33 @ 10c50)
2.94	0.17	0.01	SUBTRACT (pi.c:89 @ 10b88)
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

6)

a)

Las diferencias en la columna de samples es debido a que oprofile utiliza el evento predeterminado para Linux llamado CYCLES, que cuenta los ciclos del procesador. La diferencia de este contador determina la frecuencia con la que ocurre un evento y por lo tanto, esto afecta al recuento de muestras de cada evento. De ahí las diferencias de recuento de las muestras (samples)

```
$ gcc -g -O0 pi.c -o pi.O0.g
$ operf --event=CPU_CYCLES:100000 ./pi.O0.g
$ opreport -l
```

CPU: ARM Cortex-A9, speed 999 MHz (estimated)

Counted CPU_CYCLES events (CPU cycle) with a unit mask of 0x00 (No unit mask) count 100000

```
samples % image name symbol name
130235 33.5958 pi.O0.g __aeabi_uidiv
109775 28.3179 pi.O0.g SUBTRACT
```

```
94519
       24.3824 pi.O0.g
                                  DIVIDE
34861
        8.9928 pi.O0.g
                                 LONGDIV
13832
        3.5681 pi.O0.g
                                  .divsi3 skip div0 test
3594
        0.9271 no-vmlinux
                                   /no-vmlinux
289
       0.0746 pi.O0.g
                                divsi3
199
       0.0513 libc-2.23.so
                                 memset
67
       0.0173 libc-2.23.so
                                 vfprintf
39
       0.0101 libc-2.23.so
                                 IO file write@@GLIBC 2.4
34
       0.0088 libc-2.23.so
                                 new do write
31
       0.0080 libc-2.23.so
                                 putchar
22
      0.0057 libc-2.23.so
                                 write
22
       0.0057 pi.O0.g
                                calculate
       0.0041 libc-2.23.so
                                 _IO_file_overflow@@GLIBC 2.4
16
                                 IO_file_xsputn@@GLIBC_2.4
16
       0.0041 libc-2.23.so
16
       0.0041 pi.O0.g
                                epilog
       0.0036 libc-2.23.so
                                 buffered vfprintf
14
11
      0.0028 libc-2.23.so
                                 strchrnul
                                 _IO_do_write@@GLIBC_2.4
10
      0.0026 libc-2.23.so
10
      0.0026 pi.O0.g
                                MULTIPLY
8
      0.0021 libc-2.23.so
                                _IO_default_xsputn
7
      0.0018 pi.O0.g
                               SET
6
                                __overflow
      0.0015 libc-2.23.so
6
      0.0015 libc-2.23.so
                                itoa word
5
      0.0013 pi.O0.g
                               progress
4
      0.0010 libc-2.23.so
                                fputc
1
     2.6e-04 ld-2.23.so
                                dl relocate object
1
     2.6e-04 ld-2.23.so
                                check match
1
     2.6e-04 ld-2.23.so
                                open
1
     2.6e-04 libc-2.23.so
                                _IO_flush_all_lockp
1
     2.6e-04 libc-2.23.so
                                fwrite
```

\$ operf --event=CPU_CYCLES:750000 ./pi.O0.g \$ opreport -l

CPU: ARM Cortex-A9, speed 999 MHz (estimated)

Counted CPU_CYCLES events (CPU cycle) with a unit mask of 0x00 (No unit mask) count 750000

```
samples %
               image name
                                  symbol name
       33.2955 pi.O0.g
                                   _aeabi_uidiv
16731
14284
       28.4259 pi.O0.g
                                 SUBTRACT
12407
       24.6905 pi.O0.g
                                 DIVIDE
4470
       8.8955 pi.O0.g
                                LONGDIV
        3.5323 pi.O0.g
1775
                                .divsi3_skip_div0_test
467
       0.9294 no-vmlinux
                                  /no-vmlinux
                               __divsi3
41
      0.0816 pi.O0.g
26
      0.0517 libc-2.23.so
                                memset
      0.0219 libc-2.23.so
11
                                write
      0.0159 libc-2.23.so
                                vfprintf
8
4
      0.0080 libc-2.23.so
                               buffered_vfprintf
3
      0.0060 libc-2.23.so
                               IO file write@@GLIBC 2.4
3
      0.0060 libc-2.23.so
                               new_do_write
```

```
3
      0.0060 pi.O0.g
                               calculate
2
      0.0040 libc-2.23.so
                                IO file overflow@@GLIBC 2.4
2
      0.0040 libc-2.23.so
                                overflow
2
      0.0040 libc-2.23.so
                                putchar
2
      0.0040 pi.O0.g
                               MULTIPLY
2
      0.0040 pi.O0.g
                               SET
2
      0.0040 pi.O0.g
                               epilog
1
      0.0020 libc-2.23.so
                                IO default xsputn
1
      0.0020 libc-2.23.so
                                _IO_file_xsputn@@GLIBC_2.4
1
                                fprintf
      0.0020 libc-2.23.so
1
      0.0020 libc-2.23.so
                                strchrnul
1
      0.0020 pi.O0.g
                               progress
```

7)

a)

Las principales diferencias están en la columna samples y en las funciones de las que se han tomado muestras (samples). Con opreport y -O3 vemos que las funciones DIVIDE, SUBSTRACT, etc, no son mostradas. Esto es porque no hay llamadas hacia estas funciones, puesto que al haber hecho inline se ha copiado el código de las funciones donde se llamaban anteriormente. Por ello, con opannotate vemos que para -O0 si vemos el recuento de muestras justo donde empieza cada una de las funciones nombradas anteriormente, pero no para -O3. En cambio si hay recuento del código de cada una de ellas. Porque el código igualmente se ejecuta. Por último, hay diferencias de recuentos en los "for" por una optimización del -O3 sobre los bucles. Esto provoca una disminución de recuento sobre ellos.

\$ opannotate --source pi.O0.g

:#include <memory.h> :#include <stdio.h> :#include <stdlib.h>

```
Using /home/ubuntu/lab2_session/1.2/oprofile_data/samples/ for session-dir
/*

* Command line: opannotate --source pi.O0.g

* Interpretation of command line:

* Output annotated source file with samples

* Output all files

* CPU: ARM Cortex-A9, speed 999 MHz (estimated)

* Counted CPU_CYCLES events (CPU cycle) with a unit mask of 0x00 (No unit mask) count 100000

*/
/*

* Total samples for file: "/home/ubuntu/lab2_session/1.2/pi.c"

* 239215 61.7085

*/
```

```
int N, N4;
          :signed char a[25480], b[25480], c[25480];
          :void DIVIDE( signed char *x, int n )
  8 0.0021:{
                                         /* DIVIDE total: 94519 24.3824 */
          : int j, k;
          : unsigned q, r, u;
          : long v;
         : r = 0;
23800 6.1395: for (k = 0; k \le N4; k++)
         : {
21718 5.6024 :
                 u = r * 10 + x[k];
20615 5.3179 :
                  q = u/n;
14237 3.6726:
                r = u - q * n;
14137 3.6468:
                   x[k] = q;
  4 0.0010:}
          :void LONGDIV( signed char *x, int n )
  2 5.2e-04 :{
                                          /* LONGDIV total: 34861 8.9928 */
          : int j, k;
          : unsigned q, r, u;
          : long v;
          : if (n < 6553)
               r = 0;
2663 0.6870:
                  for(k = 0; k \le N4; k++)
2640 0.6810:
                   u = r * 10 + x[k];
2262 0.5835:
                    q = u / n;
1499 0.3867:
                   r = u - q * n;
                    x[k] = q;
1471 0.3795:
          : }
          : }
          : else
             {
               r = 0;
6151 1.5867 :
                  for(k = 0; k \le N4; k++)
               {
2581 0.6658:
                    if(r < 6553)
4328 1.1165 :
                       u = r * 10 + x[k];
1846 0.4762:
                       q = u / n;
1500 0.3869:
                       r = u - q * n;
                  }
          :
                 else
3320 0.8564:
                       v = (long) r * 10 + x[k];
1037 0.2675:
                       q = v / n;
```

```
940 0.2425:
                    r = v - q * n;
                }
        :
2619 0.6756:
                    x[k] = q;
  2 5.2e-04:}
          :void MULTIPLY( signed char *x, int n )
                                     /* MULTIPLY total: 10 0.0026 */
          : int j, k;
          : unsigned q, r, u;
          : long v;
          : r = 0;
          : for (k = N4; k \ge 0; k--)
  1 2.6e-04:
                q = n * x[k] + r;
  2 5.2e-04: r = q / 10;
  7 0.0018:
                x[k] = q - r * 10;
          : }
          :}
          :void SET( signed char *x, int n )
  5 0.0013:{
                                         /* SET total: 7 0.0018 */
         : memset(x, 0, N4 + 1);
  1 2.6e-04 : x[0] = n;
  1 2.6e-04:}
          :void SUBTRACT( signed char *x, signed char *y, signed char *z )
  3 7.7e-04 :{
                                         /* SUBTRACT total: 109775 28.3179 */
         : int j, k;
         : unsigned q, r, u;
         : long v;
24639 6.3559: for (k = N4; k \ge 1; k--)
         : {
46029 11.8738 :
                   if (x[k] = y[k] - z[k]) < 0
         : {
25189 6.4978 :
                     x[k] += 10;
13903 3.5865:
                     z[k-1]++;
         : }
         : }
  8 0.0021: if((x[k] = y[k] - z[k]) < 0)
               x[k] += 10;
  4 0.0010:}
          :void calculate( void );
          :void progress( void );
          :void epilog( void );
```

```
:int main( int argc, char *argv[] )
       :{
       : N = 10000;
          if (argc > 1)
            N = atoi(argv[1]);
          setbuf(stdout, NULL);
          calculate();
          epilog();
          return 0;
       :}
       :void calculate( void )
       :{ /* calculate total: 22 0.0057 */
       : int j;
         N4 = N + 4;
       : SET(a, 0);
       : SET(b, 0);
25.2e-04: for(j = 2 * N4 + 1; j >= 3; j -= 2)
2 5.2e-04:
              SET(c, 1);
3 7.7e-04:
              LONGDIV(c, j);
2 5.2e-04:
              SUBTRACT( a, c, a );
3 7.7e-04:
             DIVIDE( a, 25 );
2 5.2e-04:
             SUBTRACT(b, c, b);
             DIVIDE(b, 239);
4 0.0010:
              DIVIDE(b, 239);
1 2.6e-04:
3 7.7e-04:
              progress();
       : }
          SET(c, 1);
         SUBTRACT( a, c, a );
          DIVIDE(a, 5);
          SUBTRACT(b, c, b);
         DIVIDE(b, 239);
         MULTIPLY( a, 4);
          SUBTRACT( a, a, b);
          MULTIPLY(a, 4);
```

```
progress();
           :}
            :/*
           : N = 10000
           : A = 0
           : B = 0
           : J = 2 * (N + 4) + 1
           : FOR J = J TO 3 STEP - 2
               A = (1/J - A)/5 \wedge 2
               B = (1 / J - B) / 239 ^ 2
           : NEXT J
           : A = (1 - A) / 5
           : B = (1 - B) / 239
           : PI = (A * 4 - B) * 4
            :*/
           :void progress( void )
                                    5 0.0013 */
   3 7.7e-04 :{ /* progress total:
           : printf(".");
   2 5.2e-04 :}
           :void epilog( void )
           :{ /* epilog total: 16 0.0041 */
           : int j;
               {
                 fprintf( stdout, " \n3.");
   4 0.0010:
                  for( j = 1; j \le N; j++)
   5 0.0013:
                     fprintf( stdout, "%d", a[j]);
   7 0.0018:
                     if(j\%5 == 0)
                      if(j \% 50 == 0)
                         if(j \% 250 == 0)
                            fprintf( stdout, " <\%d>\n\ ", j );
                         else
                            fprintf( stdout, "\n " );
                      else
                         fprintf( stdout, " " );
               }
           :}
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/string/../sysdeps/arm/memset.S
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/string/../sysdeps/arm/memset.S"
    199 0.0513
```

```
*/
```

```
/* memset total: 199 0.0513 */
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/fileops.c
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/fileops.c"
    115 0.0297
/* _IO_do_write@@GLIBC_2.4 total:
                                         10 0.0026 */
/* new_do_write total:
                         34 0.0088 */
/* IO file overflow@@GLIBC 2.4 total:
                                              16 0.0041 */
/* _IO_file_write@@GLIBC_2.4 total:
                                          39 0.0101 */
                                           16 0.0041 */
/* _IO_file_xsputn@@GLIBC_2.4 total:
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading: /build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/stdio-
common/vfprintf.c
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/stdio-common/vfprintf.c"
     79 0.0204
*/
/* vfprintf total:
                   67 0.0173 */
/* buffered_vfprintf total:
                            14 0.0036 */
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
/build/glibc-XzEiT5/glibc-2.23/libio/putchar.c
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/putchar.c"
     24 0.0062
                   31 0.0080 */
/* putchar total:
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/io/../sysdeps/unix/syscall-template.S
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/io/../sysdeps/unix/syscall-
template.S"
     23 0.0059
*/
/* open total:
                1 2.6e-04 */
/* write total:
                22 0.0057 */
```

```
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/genops.c
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/genops.c"
    15 0.0039
/* overflow total:
                       6 0.0015 */
/* _IO_default_xsputn total:
                             8 0.0021 */
/* _IO_flush_all_lockp total:
                                1 2.6e-04 */
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/string/strchrnul.c
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/string/strchrnul.c"
    11 0.0028
                   11 0.0028 */
/* strchrnul total:
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/libioP.h
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/libioP.h"
     9 0.0023
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading: /build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/stdio-
common/_itoa.c
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/stdio-common/_itoa.c"
     6 0.0015
*/
/* _itoa_word total:
                       6 0.0015 */
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/fputc.c
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/fputc.c"
     3 7.7e-04
*/
/* fputc total:
                4 0.0010 */
```

```
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading: /build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/stdio-
      common/printf-parse.h
      * Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEiT5/glibc-2.23/stdio-common/printf-parse.h"
           2 5.2e-04
      */
      opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading: /build/glibc-XzEiT5/glibc-2.23/elf/do-
      rel.h
      /*
      * Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/elf/do-rel.h"
           1 2.6e-04
      */
      opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading: /build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/elf/dl-
      lookup.c
      /*
      * Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/elf/dl-lookup.c"
           1 2.6e-04
      */
      /* check match total:
                            1 2.6e-04 */
$ gcc -g -O3 pi.c -o pi.O3.g
      $ operf --event=CPU_CYCLES:100000 ./pi.O3.g
      $ opreport -l
      CPU: ARM Cortex-A9, speed 999 MHz (estimated)
      Counted CPU CYCLES events (CPU cycle) with a unit mask of 0x00 (No unit mask) count
      100000
      samples %
                                      symbol name
                    image name
            69.4500 pi.O3.g
      90344
                                     calculate
      20858
             16.0341 pi.O3.g
                                     __aeabi_uidiv
      13123
             10.0880 pi.O3.g
                                     .divsi3 skip div0 test
                                      /no-vmlinux
      4551
             3.4985 no-vmlinux
      481
             0.3698 pi.O3.g
                                    divsi3
      367
             0.2821 libc-2.23.so
                                     memset
      75
            0.0577 libc-2.23.so
                                    vfprintf
            0.0461 libc-2.23.so
      60
                                    putchar
      37
            0.0284 libc-2.23.so
                                    _IO_file_write@@GLIBC_2.4
      28
            0.0215 libc-2.23.so
                                    write
      26
            0.0200 libc-2.23.so
                                    new do write
      23
            0.0177 libc-2.23.so
                                    _IO_file_overflow@@GLIBC_2.4
```

```
14
      0.0108 libc-2.23.so
                                 __memset chk
12
      0.0092 libc-2.23.so
                                 fprintf chk
                                buffered vfprintf
12
      0.0092 libc-2.23.so
12
      0.0092 libc-2.23.so
                                strchrnul
10
      0.0077 libc-2.23.so
                                _IO_default_xsputn
10
      0.0077 libc-2.23.so
                                itoa word
9
      0.0069 libc-2.23.so
                                _IO_do_write@@GLIBC_2.4
9
      0.0069 libc-2.23.so
                                IO file xsputn@@GLIBC 2.4
                                __overflow
8
      0.0061 libc-2.23.so
6
      0.0046 libc-2.23.so
                                    _GI_memset_from_thumb
4
      0.0031 libc-2.23.so
                                fputc
4
      0.0031 pi.O3.g
                               epilog
1
     7.7e-04 ld-2.23.so
                               dl relocate object
1
     7.7e-04 libc-2.23.so
                                fwrite
```

```
$ opannotate --source pi.O3.g
Using /home/ubuntu/lab2_session/1.2/oprofile_data/samples/ for session-dir
* Command line: opannotate --source pi.O3.g
* Interpretation of command line:
* Output annotated source file with samples
* Output all files
* CPU: ARM Cortex-A9, speed 999 MHz (estimated)
* Counted CPU_CYCLES events (CPU cycle) with a unit mask of 0x00 (No unit mask)
count 100000
*/
* Total samples for file: "/home/ubuntu/lab2_session/1.2/pi.c"
  90339 69.4461
           :#include <memory.h>
           :#include <stdio.h>
           :#include <stdlib.h>
           int N, N4;
           :signed char a[25480], b[25480], c[25480];
           :void DIVIDE( signed char *x, int n )
           :{
           : int j, k;
              unsigned q, r, u;
              long v;
           : r = 0;
```

```
9401 7.2268: for (k = 0; k \le N4; k++)
         : {
6593 5.0682 :
               u = r * 10 + x[k];
6196 4.7630 : q = u/n;
6221 4.7823 : r = u - q * n;
18625 14.3176 :
                  x[k] = q;
         : }
         :}
          :void LONGDIV( signed char *x, int n )
         :{
         : int j, k;
         : unsigned q, r, u;
         : long v;
  2 0.0015: if( n < 6553)
         : {
               r = 0;
 805 0.6188: for (k = 0; k \le N4; k++)
                 u = r * 10 + x[k];
858 0.6596:
1021 0.7849 :
                  q = u / n;
 45 0.0346:
                 r = u - q * n;
 108 0.0830:
                   x[k] = q;
         : }
         : }
         : else
              r = 0;
1267 0.9740:
                  for(k = 0; k \le N4; k++)
2097 1.6120:
                    if(r < 6553)
2741 2.1071:
                     u = r * 10 + x[k];
888 0.6826:
                     q = u / n;
 165 0.1268:
                    r = u - q * n;
                 }
                 else
                 {
                v = (long) r * 10 + x[k];
  2 0.0015:
1185 0.9109:
                     q = v / n;
                   r = v - q * n;
 204 0.1568:
                   x[k] = q;
               }
         : }
         :}
          :void MULTIPLY( signed char *x, int n )
         :{
            int j, k;
            unsigned q, r, u;
```

```
: long v;
          : r = 0;
  2 0.0015: for(k = N4; k \ge 0; k - 1)
          : {
  1 7.7e-04:
                q = n * x[k] + r;
              r = q / 10;
  1 7.7e-04:
               x[k] = q - r * 10;
          : }
          :}
          :void SET( signed char *x, int n )
          : memset(x, 0, N4 + 1);
  1 7.7e-04: x[0] = n;
          :}
          :void SUBTRACT( signed char *x, signed char *y, signed char *z )
          : int j, k;
          : unsigned q, r, u;
          : long v;
4409 3.3893: for(k = N4; k \ge 1; k--)
         : {
11613 8.9272:
                   if (x[k] = y[k] - z[k]) < 0
         : {
2630 2.0218:
                     x[k] += 10;
13241 10.1787 :
                      z[k-1]++;
          : if (x[k] = y[k] - z[k]) < 0)
  4 0.0031:
                x[k] += 10;
          : }
          :}
          :void calculate( void );
          :void progress( void );
          :void epilog( void );
          :int main( int argc, char *argv[] )
             N = 10000;
             if( argc > 1 )
               N = atoi(argv[1]);
             setbuf(stdout, NULL);
             calculate();
```

```
epilog();
       : return 0;
       :}
       :void calculate( void )
       :{
          int j;
          N4 = N + 4; /* calculate total: 90344 69.4500 */
       : SET(a, 0);
       : SET(b, 0);
9 0.0069: for(j = 2 * N4 + 1; j >= 3; j -= 2)
          {
             SET(c, 1);
            LONGDIV(c, j);
             SUBTRACT(a, c, a);
             DIVIDE( a, 25);
             SUBTRACT(b, c, b);
            DIVIDE(b, 239);
            DIVIDE(b, 239);
            progress();
          }
          SET(c, 1);
          SUBTRACT( a, c, a );
          DIVIDE(a, 5);
          SUBTRACT(b, c, b);
          DIVIDE(b, 239);
          MULTIPLY(a, 4);
       : SUBTRACT( a, a, b );
          MULTIPLY(a, 4);
          progress();
       :}
       :/*
       : N = 10000
       : A = 0
       : B = 0
       : J = 2 * (N + 4) + 1
       : FOR J = J TO 3 STEP -2
```

```
A = (1 / J - A) / 5 \wedge 2
               B = (1 / J - B) / 239 \wedge 2
           : NEXT J
            : A = (1 - A) / 5
           : B = (1 - B) / 239
           : PI = (A * 4 - B) * 4
            :*/
            :void progress( void )
               printf(".");
            :}
            :void epilog( void )
            :{ /* epilog total:
                                 4 0.0031 */
               int j;
                 fprintf( stdout, " \n3.");
                 for( j = 1; j \le N; j++)
                    fprintf( stdout, "%d", a[j]);
   2 0.0015:
                     if(j\%5 == 0)
   2 0.0015:
                        if(j \% 50 == 0)
                         if(j \% 250 == 0)
                            fprintf( stdout, " <\%d>\n\n ", j );
                         else
                            fprintf( stdout, "\n " );
                       else
                         fprintf( stdout, " " );
                  }
               }
           :}
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/string/../sysdeps/arm/memset.S
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/string/../sysdeps/arm/memset.S"
    367 0.2821
/* memset total: 367 0.2821 */
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/fileops.c
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/fileops.c"
    104 0.0799
*/
```

```
/* IO do write@@GLIBC 2.4 total:
                                         9 0.0069 */
/* new do write total:
                         26 0.0200 */
/* _IO_file_overflow@@GLIBC_2.4 total:
                                              23 0.0177 */
/* IO file write@@GLIBC 2.4 total:
                                          37 0.0284 */
/* _IO_file_xsputn@@GLIBC_2.4 total:
                                            9 0.0069 */
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading: /build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/stdio-
common/vfprintf.c
/*
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/stdio-common/vfprintf.c"
    86 0.0661
/* vfprintf total:
                  75 0.0577 */
/* buffered_vfprintf total: 12 0.0092 */
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/putchar.c
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/putchar.c"
    51 0.0392
*/
                  60 0.0461 */
/* putchar total:
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/io/../sysdeps/unix/syscall-template.S
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/io/../sysdeps/unix/syscall-
template.S"
    28 0.0215
                28 0.0215 */
/* write total:
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading: /
build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/genops.c
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/genops.c"
    18 0.0138
/* overflow total:
                       8 0.0061 */
/* _IO_default_xsputn total:
                              10 0.0077 */
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/debug/memset_chk.c
```

```
Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/debug/memset_chk.c"
    14 0.0108
/* memset chk total:
                          14 0.0108 */
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/string/strchrnul.c
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/string/strchrnul.c"
    12 0.0092
                    12 0.0092 */
/* strchrnul total:
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading: /build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/stdio-
common/_itoa.c
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/stdio-common/_itoa.c"
    10 0.0077
*/
/* itoa word total:
                      10 0.0077 */
opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading: /
/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/libioP.h
* Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/libioP.h"
    10 0.0077
*/
* Total samples for file: "/usr/include/arm-linux-gnueabihf/bits/string3.h"
     9 0.0069
*/
           :/* Copyright (C) 2004-2016 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
           : This file is part of the GNU C Library.
             The GNU C Library is free software; you can redistribute it and/or
           : modify it under the terms of the GNU Lesser General Public
           : License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either
             version 2.1 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.
```

```
but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
                     MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See
the GNU
                     Lesser General Public License for more details.
                    You should have received a copy of the GNU Lesser General Public
                  : License along with the GNU C Library; if not, see
                     <a href="http://www.gnu.org/licenses/">http://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>. */
                  :#ifndef _STRING_H
                  :# error "Never use <bits/string3.h> directly; include <string.h> instead."
                  :#endif
                  :#if !__GNUC_PREREQ (5,0)
                   : warndecl ( warn memset zero len,
                        "memset used with constant zero length parameter; this could be due to
transposed parameters");
                  :#endif
                  :#ifndef __cplusplus
                  :/* XXX This is temporarily. We should not redefine any of the symbols
                  : and instead integrate the error checking into the original
                     definitions. */
                  :# undef memcpy
                  :# undef memmove
                  :# undef memset
                  :# undef strcat
                  :# undef strcpy
                  :# undef strncat
                  :# undef strncpy
                  :# ifdef __USE_GNU
                  :# undef mempcpy
                  :# undef stpcpy
                  :# endif
                  :# ifdef USE MISC
                  :# undef bcopy
                  :# undef bzero
                  :# endif
                  :#endif
                   : fortify function void *
                     _NTH (memcpy (void *__restrict __dest, const void *__restrict __src,
                         size_t __len))
                  :{
                  : return __builtin___memcpy_chk (__dest, __src, __len, __bos0 (__dest));
                  :}
                  :__fortify_function void *
                  :__NTH (memmove (void *__dest, const void *__src, size_t __len))
                  :{
```

: The GNU C Library is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,

```
: return builtin memmove chk ( dest, src, len, bos0 ( dest));
        :}
        :#ifdef USE GNU
        : fortify_function void *
        :__NTH (mempcpy (void *__restrict __dest, const void *__restrict __src,
                  size_t __len))
        :{
        : return __builtin__ mempcpy_chk (__dest, __src, __len, __bos0 (__dest));
        :#endif
        :/* The first two tests here help to catch a somewhat common problem
          where the second and third parameter are transposed. This is
         especially problematic if the intended fill value is zero. In this
          case no work is done at all. We detect these problems by referring
        : non-existing functions. */
          fortify function void *
        :__NTH (memset (void *__dest, int __ch, size_t __len))
        :{
        : /* GCC-5.0 and newer implements these checks in the compiler, so we don't
           need them here. */
        :#if !__GNUC_PREREQ (5,0)
        : if (__builtin_constant_p (__len) && __len == 0
            && (!__builtin_constant_p (__ch) || __ch != 0))
             warn memset zero len ();
            return __dest;
           }
        :#endif
9 0.0069 : return __builtin___memset_chk (__dest, __ch, __len, __bos0 (__dest));
        :}
        :#ifdef __USE_MISC
        : fortify function void
        :__NTH (bcopy (const void *__src, void *__dest, size_t __len))
        : (void) __builtin___memmove_chk (__dest, __src, __len, __bos0 (__dest));
        :}
        :__fortify_function void
        :__NTH (bzero (void *__dest, size_t __len))
        : (void) __builtin___memset_chk (__dest, '\0', __len, __bos0 (__dest));
        :}
        :#endif
        :__fortify_function char *
        :__NTH (strcpy (char *__restrict __dest, const char *__restrict __src))
        : return __builtin___strcpy_chk (__dest, __src, __bos (__dest));
```

```
:}
                  :#ifdef USE GNU
                   : fortify function char *
                   :__NTH (stpcpy (char *__restrict __dest, const char *__restrict __src))
                  : return __builtin___stpcpy_chk (__dest, __src, __bos (__dest));
                  :}
                  :#endif
                  :__fortify_function char *
                  :__NTH (strncpy (char *__restrict __dest, const char *__restrict __src,
                            size_t __len))
                  :{
                  : return builtin strncpy chk ( dest, src, len, bos ( dest));
                  :// XXX We have no corresponding builtin yet.
                  :extern char *__stpncpy_chk (char *__dest, const char *__src, size_t __n,
                                      size_t __destlen) __THROW;
                  :extern char *__REDIRECT_NTH (__stpncpy_alias, (char *__dest, const char
*__src,
                                                       size_t __n), stpncpy);
                  : fortify function char *
                  :__NTH (stpncpy (char *__dest, const char *__src, size_t __n))
                  : if (__bos (__dest) != (size_t) -1
                       && (!__builtin_constant_p (__n) || __n > __bos (__dest)))
                     return __stpncpy_chk (__dest, __src, __n, __bos (__dest));
                  : return __stpncpy_alias (__dest, __src, __n);
                  :}
                  : fortify function char *
                  :__NTH (strcat (char *__restrict __dest, const char *__restrict __src))
                  : return __builtin___strcat_chk (__dest, __src, __bos (__dest));
                  :}
                   :__fortify_function char *
                     _NTH (strncat (char *__restrict __dest, const char *__restrict __src,
                            size_t __len))
                  :{
                  : return __builtin___strncat_chk (__dest, __src, __len, __bos (__dest));
       opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
       /build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/debug/fprintf_chk.c
       * Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/debug/fprintf_chk.c"
```

```
9 0.0069
       /* fprintf chk total: 12 0.0092 */
      opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
      /build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/fputc.c
       * Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/libio/fputc.c"
           4 0.0031
       /* fputc total:
                      4 0.0031 */
      opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
      /build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/debug/../libio/libioP.h
       * Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/debug/../libio/libioP.h"
            3 0.0023
      opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading: /build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/stdio-
      common/printf-parse.h
       * Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/stdio-common/printf-parse.h"
           17.7e-04
       */
      opannotate (warning): unable to open for reading:
      /build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/elf/../sysdeps/arm/dl-machine.h
       * Total samples for file: "/build/glibc-XzEjT5/glibc-2.23/elf/../sysdeps/arm/dl-machine.h"
            17.7e-04
```

8)

a)

Observamos que, dependiendo de la frecuencia que le pongamos, se ejecutan más samples, aun así el cuello de botella que

genera cada rutina más o menos es el mismo. PD: El máximo que nos dejaba poner como frecuencia eran 32200.

\$ sudo perf record -e cycles -F 32200 ./pi.O0.g 1000

\$ sudo perf report --stdio -n

```
# To display the perf.data header info, please use --header/--hea
#
# Total Lost Samples: 0
# Samples: 25K of event 'cycles'
# Event count (approx.): 514641219
# Overhead
              Samples Command Shared Object
                                                   Symbol
33.81%
               8499 pi.O0.g pi.O0.g
                                          [.] __udivs
               6429 pi.O0.g pi.O0.g
  25.59%
                                          [.] SUBTRAC
  22.01%
               5532 pi.O0.g pi.O0.g
                                          [.] DIVIDE
  8.11%
              2041 pi.O0.g pi.O0.g
                                          [.] LONGDIV
   2.29%
               580 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] queue w
  0.96%
               242 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __do_so
  0.74%
               186 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] v7_dma_
  0.33%
               84 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] l2c210_
  0.28%
               71 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tcp ack
               64 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] _raw_sp
   0.25%
   0.25%
               63 pi.O0.g libc-2.23.so
                                          [.] vfprint
  0.25%
               62 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] n_tty_w
  0.19%
               48 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tty wri
  0.15%
               38 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] ip rcv
               32 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tcp_v4_
   0.13%
  0.12%
               30 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __netde
  0.11%
               29 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] vector
  0.11%
               28 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __netif
  0.09%
               23 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] dma_cac
   0.09%
               22 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] gem_rx_
   0.09%
               22 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] vfs_wri
   0.08%
               20 pi.O0.g libc-2.23.so
                                          [.] GI
               20 pi.O0.g libc-2.23.so
   0.08%
                                          [.] new_do_
               19 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] skb rel
   0.08%
   0.07%
                19 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tty_par
                17 pi.O0.g libc-2.23.so
   0.07%
                                          [.] putchar
  0.07%
               17 pi.O0.g pi.O0.g
                                         [.] calcula
   0.07%
               17 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __l2c21
   0.07%
               17 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] macb po
   0.07%
                17 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __do_di
   0.07%
                17 pi.O0.g libc-2.23.so
                                          [.] buffere
   0.06%
                16 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] eth typ
   0.06%
                16 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tty_ins
   0.06%
                16 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __fdget
                16 pi.O0.g libc-2.23.so
   0.06%
                                          [.] _IO_fil
               15 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tcp_rcv
   0.06%
               15 pi.O0.g libc-2.23.so
   0.06%
                                          [.] IO fil
   0.06%
               15 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] mmioset
```

```
0.06%
                     14 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] skb put
         0.06%
                     14 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] kfree
      # (Cannot load tips.txt file, please install perf!)
$ sudo perf record -e cycles -F 5000 ./pi.O0.g 1000
      $ sudo perf report --stdio -n
      # To display the perf.data header info, please use --header/--header-only options.
      #
      # Total Lost Samples: 0
      # Samples: 3K of event 'cycles'
      # Event count (approx.): 434938242
      # Overhead
                    Samples Command Shared Object
                                                       Symbol
      # ......
        34.17%
                     1117 pi.O0.g pi.O0.g
                                               [.] <u>__udivsi3</u>
                     854 pi.O0.g pi.O0.g
        26.11%
                                               [.] SUBTRACT
                     701 pi.O0.g pi.O0.g
        21.44%
                                               [.] DIVIDE
         7.09%
                     232 pi.O0.g pi.O0.g
                                              [.] LONGDIV
                     65 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] queue_work_on
         1.70%
                     52 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] do softirg
         1.48%
         0.88%
                     31 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] v7_dma_inv_range
         0.43%
                     16 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] n_tty_write
         0.31%
                     11 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tcp_ack
                      11 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] l2c210_inv_range
         0.30%
         0.22%
                      9 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] _raw_spin_unlock_irqrestore
                      8 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tcp_v4_rcv
         0.22%
                      8 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] ip_rcv
         0.22%
                      9 pi.O0.g libc-2.23.so
         0.21%
                                              [.] vfprintf
                      7 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] dma_cache_maint_page
         0.19%
         0.15%
                      5 pi.O0.g libc-2.23.so
                                              [.] memset
         0.14%
                      5 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] ip_local_deliver
                      5 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] gem rx refill
         0.14%
                      5 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tty_write
         0.14%
         0.12%
                      4 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __kfree_skb
                      4 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __netdev_alloc_skb
         0.12%
                      3 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] filemap_map_pages
         0.11%
                      4 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] gem_rx
         0.11%
                      4 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __l2c210_cache_sync
         0.11%
                      3 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] vfs_write
         0.09%
         0.09%
                      3 pi.O0.g libc-2.23.so
                                             [.] putchar
                      3 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __rcu_read_unlock
         0.09%
```

```
3 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] vector_swi
0.09%
             3 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tcp_v4_early_demux
0.09%
0.09%
             3 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] dma page dev to cpu
0.09%
             3 pi.O0.g libc-2.23.so
                                      [.] new do write
0.09%
             3 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] mod_timer
             3 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __netif_receive_skb_core
0.08%
0.08%
             3 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tcp_xmit_recovery
             3 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] fdget pos
0.08%
0.08%
             3 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __memzero
0.08%
             3 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] netif_receive_skb_internal
             3 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __vfs_write
0.08%
0.07%
             3 pi.O0.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __tty_buffer_request_room
                                     [.] progress
0.06%
             2 pi.O0.g pi.O0.g
```

9)

a)

Vemos como para la misma frecuencia se ejecutan muchos menos samples, por lo que comentamos en ejercicios anteriores. Nos ahorramos las llamadas a las funciones que han le han hecho inline. Por lo que nos ahorramos ese recuento de samples. Tambien por las optimizaciones de los bucles. EL cuello de botella, sin embargo, es mayor en calculate que antes, por el mismo motivo (inline) al ejecutar el código de las funciones, que se les ha hecho inline, dentro de la rutina calculate, aumenta el código a ejecutar y por lo tanto genera más cuello de botella.

```
$ sudo perf record -e cycles -F 32200 ./pi.O3.g 1000
$ sudo perf report --stdio -n
```

```
# To display the perf.data header info, please use --header/--header-only options.
#
# Total Lost Samples: 0
# Samples: 8K of event 'cycles'
# Event count (approx.): 166145838
# Overhead
              Samples Command Shared Object
# ......
  61.88%
              5061 pi.O3.g pi.O3.g
                                         [.] calculate
  23.55%
              1925 pi.O3.g pi.O3.g
                                         [.] __udivsi3
              461 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] queue_work_on
  5.40%
               62 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] n_tty_write
  0.72%
               53 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] _raw_spin_unlock_irqrestore
  0.61%
                                        [.] vfprintf
  0.45%
               42 pi.O3.g libc-2.23.so
               33 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tty_write
  0.38%
               27 pi.O3.g libc-2.23.so
  0.33%
                                        [.] memset
               24 pi.O3.g libc-2.23.so
                                         [.] __GI___libc_write
  0.29%
               25 pi.O3.g libc-2.23.so
  0.28%
                                         [.] new_do_write
               18 pi.O3.g libc-2.23.so
                                        [.] putchar
  0.22%
  0.21%
               18 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] vfs write
               18 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] vector_swi
  0.21%
```

```
0.19%
             18 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] v7 dma inv range
0.18%
             17 pi.O3.g libc-2.23.so
                                       [.] _IO_file_overflow@@GLIBC_2.4
             15 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] mutex lock
0.18%
0.18%
             15 pi.O3.g libc-2.23.so
                                       [.] IO file write@@GLIBC 2.4
0.16%
             15 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __do_softirq
             14 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tcp_ack
0.14%
0.13%
             11 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] process_echoes
             9 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] sys write
0.11%
0.10%
             9 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __tty_buffer_request_room
0.10%
             10 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] fsnotify
             11 pi.O3.g libc-2.23.so
                                       [.] buffered vfprintf
0.10%
0.07%
             7 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] ttv insert flip string fixed flag
             6 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] v7_flush_icache_all
0.07%
             6 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] rw_verify_area
0.07%
0.07%
             6 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] __fget_light
0.07%
             6 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] mmiocpy
0.07%
             6 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] add_wait_queue
0.07%
             6 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tty_paranoia_check
0.07%
             6 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsvms] [k] tty write lock
0.07%
             7 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] get_seconds
0.07%
             6 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] tty_ldisc_ref_wait
0.06%
             26 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] _raw_spin_unlock_irq
0.06%
             5 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] pty write
             5 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsvms] [k] mutex trylock
0.06%
             5 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] mmioset
0.06%
0.06%
             5 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] ldsem up read
             5 pi.O3.g [kernel.kallsyms] [k] filemap map pages
0.06%
```

10)

a)

El tiempo mostrado por times en pi_time es el elapsed time.

\$ gcc -O0 pi_times.c -o pi_times

\$./pi_times

Timing amb crida times: user 0.560000 segons, system: 0.000000 segons with time:

\$ /usr/bin/time -o pi_time_10 -f "Elapsed time: %e User: %U System: %S " ./pitime.O0 1000

Elapsed time: 0.62 User: 0.59 System: 0.02

\$ /usr/bin/time -o pi O0 -f "Elapsed time: %e User: %U System: %S " ./pi.O0 1000

Elapsed time: 0.59 User: 0.55 System: 0.03

\$ perf stat ./pi_times 1000 > out_pitimes_perfstat

Timing amb crida times: user 0.540000 segons, system: 0.030000 segons

Performance counter stats for './pi_times 1000':

```
586.056771 task-clock (msec) # 0.998 CPUs utilized
1 context-switches # 0.002 K/sec
```

0 cpu-migrations # 0.000 K/sec 36 page-faults # 0.061 K/sec 390,693,570 cycles # 0.667 GHz instructions # 1.02 insn per cycle 397,726,420 20,442,204 # 34.881 M/sec branches # 21.41% of all branches 4,377,279 branch-misses

0.587480439 seconds time elapsed