

Using Ajax with X-Objects

This brief tutorial will show you some best practices for using Ajax URLs with X-Objects and how to simplify the implementation process.

Step 1: Creating your Ajax Controller

First we'll create a new Controller called **a_controller** in the file **/app/controllers/a.php** and extend our standard controller class.

For this example, in our Controller, we have 2 new example methods, one echoes back JSON to the client, and the other echoes back xHTML:

```
class a_controller extends xo_controller {
    // add a widget, and echo back the results as JSON
    public function add(){
        header('Content-Type: application/json');
        // use controller's magic method $this->req to access $_REQUEST variable
        echo (string) new add_widget_component(json_decode($this->req->json));
    }
    // display a widget, given its Id
    public function display(){
        header('Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8');
        /** use controller's method $this->uri() to get a piece of the URI
         * In this case, since the url is /a/display/<id> we use the third component
         */
        echo (string) new widget_display_component($this->uri->part(3));
    }
}
```

Step 2: Create Web Components

Now we'll need two new web components, **add_widget_component** and **widget_display_component** to do the work for us.

```
/** use of xo_json_object gives us an easy way to collate results in an array and
 * display back as JSON
 */
class add_widget_component extends xo_json_object {
    public function __construct($json){
        $widget = new widget();
        $widget->set_from_json($json); // inherited from business_object
        $this->json_result['result'] = $widget->save()?'success':'error';
        $this->json_result['error'] = $widget->save_error;
    }
}
```

```

/** xo_displayable_object gives us a quick way to bind a view to an object */
class widget_display_component extends xo_displayable_object {
    public function __construct($widget_id){
        $this->object = new widget("id='$widget_id'");
        $this->view = 'my-widget-view';
    }
}

```

Step 3: Create View for Display

Now in /app/views we need to add a new view for the above display component, as 'my-widget-view.php':

```

<div class="my-widget-view id-<?=$this->business_object->id?>">
    <span><?=$this->business_object->name?></span>
</div>

```

Step 4: Add client Ajax calls

Now somewhere in your JavaScript or jQuery code, you'll want to call each method:

```

// call to add widget:
$.ajax({
    type: 'POST',
    url: '/a/add',
    data: 'json='+JSON.stringify({
        name: $('#name').val()
    }),
    success: function(json){
        if (json.result == 'success'){
            // do something
        } else {
            // do something else
        }
    }
});

// call to display widget
$.ajax({
    url: '/a/display/'+$('#widget_id').val(),
    success: function(xhtml){
        $('#receptacle').html(xhtml);
    }
});

```