

Real or Fake? An In-Depth Exploration of Faces in the Era of Deepfakes

Distinguishing between real and fake images

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DATASET

'140k Real and Fake Faces'



IMAGES & VIDEOS
HOSTING

StyleGAN

- NEURAL NETWORK
- ULTRA-REALISTIC

3 FOLDERS : balance of classes?



Figure 1 - Distribution of Real and Fake Images in each Dataset

256 pixels

VARIATIONS

- AGE
- ETHNICITY
- BACKGROUND
- ACCESSORIES



Figure 2 - Real images from the training dataset



Figure 3 - Fake images from the training dataset



Figure 4 - Real images from the test dataset



Figure 5 - Fake images from the test dataset



Figure 6 - Real images from the validation dataset



Figure 7 - Fake images from the validation dataset

Models

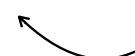
FEATURE	Keras		PyTorch
	RESNET50	EFFICIENTNETB0	VIT (BASE, PATCH16, 224)
YEAR INTRODUCED	2015	2019	2020
ARCHITECTURE TYPE	CNN (Deep Residual Network)	CNN (Convolutional Neural Network)	Transformer (Vision Transformer)
NUMBER OF PARAMETERS	25.6M	5.3M	86M
INPUT IMAGE SIZE	224 x 224	224 x 224	224 x 224
FLOPS	~4.1B	~0.39B	~17.6B
STRENGTHS	Robust deep learning	Energy-efficient	Excellent performance on large-scale data
WEAKNESSES	Heavy, resource-intensive	Less effective on complex large datasets	Requires large datasets for good generalization
TRAINING COMPLEXITY	Medium	Low	High
KEY STRUCTURAL FEATURES	Residual connections	NAS-based architecture	Patch embedding and global self-attention
NUMBER OF LAYERS	50 layers	234 layers	12 Transformer encoder layers
LAYER TYPES	Convolutional layers, residual blocks	MbConv blocks with depthwise separable convolutions	Self-attention, MLP layers, LayerNorm Multi-head self-attention (12 heads)
ATTENTION MECHANISM			

Table 1 - Models Architecture comparison

COMPUTATIONAL DEMAND



Attention allows different **patches** of the image to be **linked together** to better understand the image as a whole, rather than treating each patch **separately** as in **CNNs**.



EXPERIMENTAL SETUP

Loss Function

BCE (Binary Cross-Entropy Loss)

**Hyperparameters
Optimization**

ADAM

Multiple layers

Layers model

Dimensionality Reduction

Sigmoid Activation Function : single output between 0 and 1

Batch Size

Train and Validation: 32, Test: 1

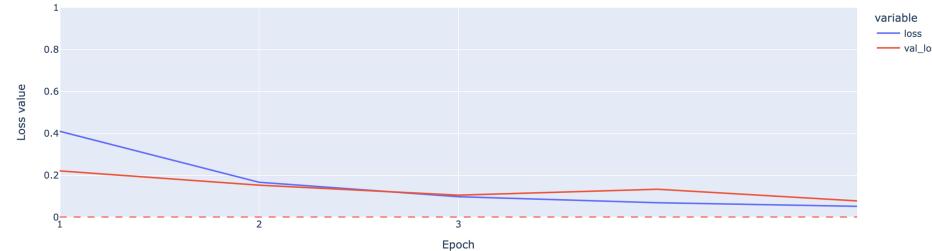
Epoch

CNNs: 5, ViT: 3

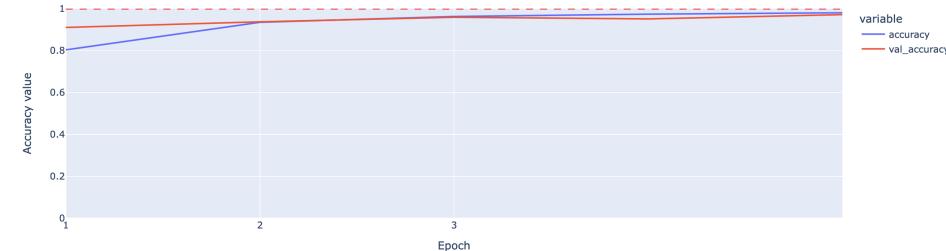
Training and Validation

EfficientNetB0

Loss



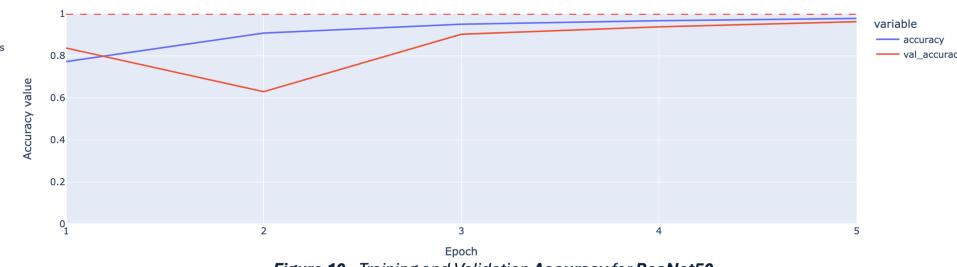
Accuracy



ResNet50



Figure 10 - Training and Validation Accuracy for ResNet50



ViT

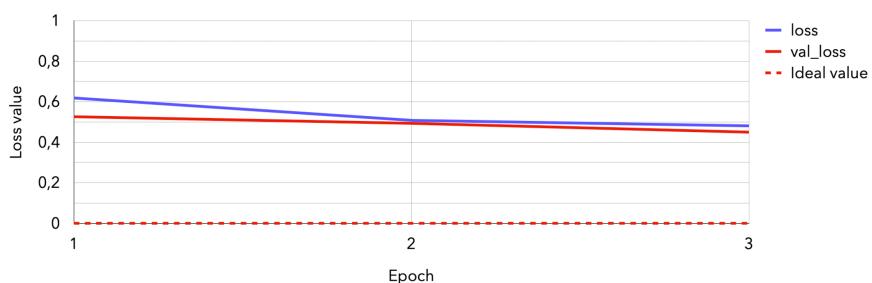


Figure 13 - Training and Validation Loss for ViT

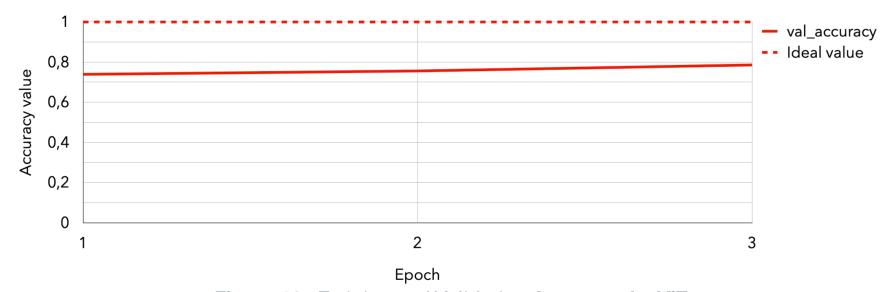


Figure 12 - Training and Validation Accuracy for ViT

EfficientNetB0

97,17% accuracy

	<i>precision</i>	<i>recall</i>	<i>f1-score</i>
<i>Fake</i>	0.98	0.97	0.97
<i>Real</i>	0.97	0.98	0.97

Table 2 - Precision, Recall and F1-Score EfficientNetB0



Figure 14 - Confusion Matrix EfficientNetB0

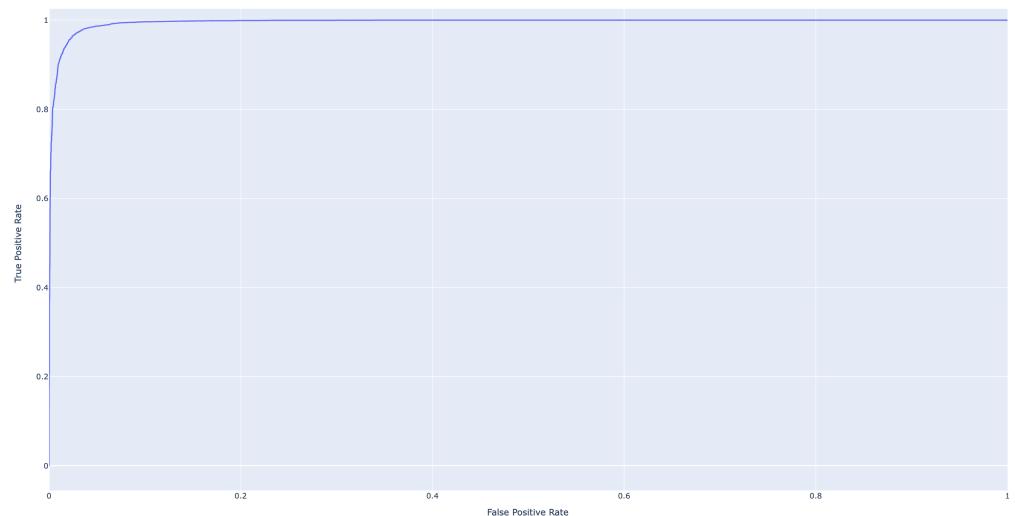


Figure 15 - ROC-AUC Curve with **AUC = 0.9956**
Area Under the Curve: 1 indicates perfect class separation

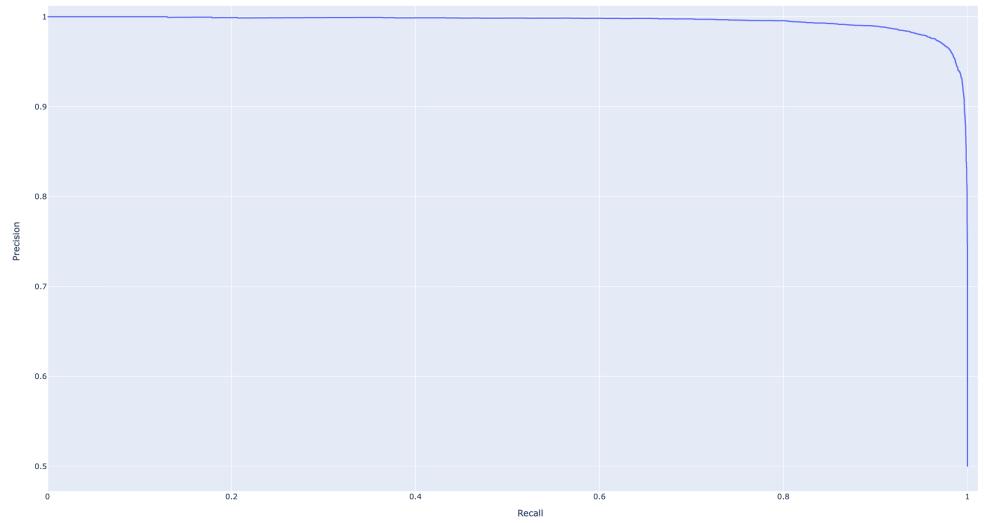


Figure 16 – Precision-Recall Curve with **AP = 0.9951**
Average Precision

ResNet50

96,41% **accuracy**

	<i>precision</i>	<i>recall</i>	<i>f1-score</i>
<i>Fake</i>	0.98	0.95	0.96
<i>Real</i>	0.95	0.98	0.96

Table 3 - Precision, Recall and F1-Score ResNet50



Figure 17 - Confusion Matrix ResNet50

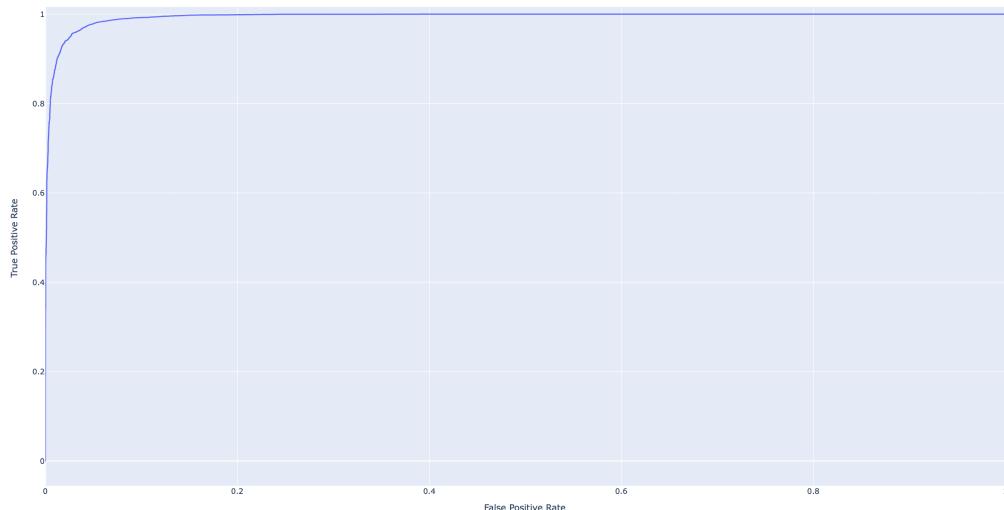


Figure 18 - ROC Curve with $AUC = 0.9944$



Figure 19 - Precision-Recall Curve with $AP = 0.9939$

ViT

78,65% accuracy

	<i>precision</i>	<i>recall</i>	<i>f1-score</i>
<i>Fake</i>	0.86	0.68	0.76
<i>Real</i>	0.74	0.89	0.81

Table 4 - Precision, Recall and F1-Score ViT

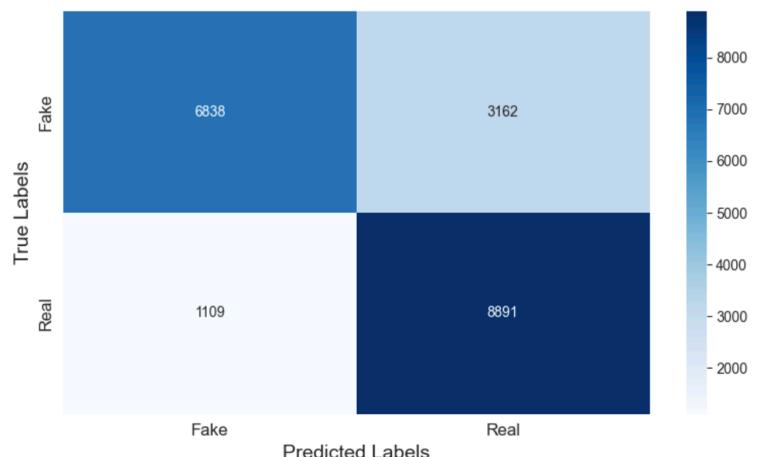
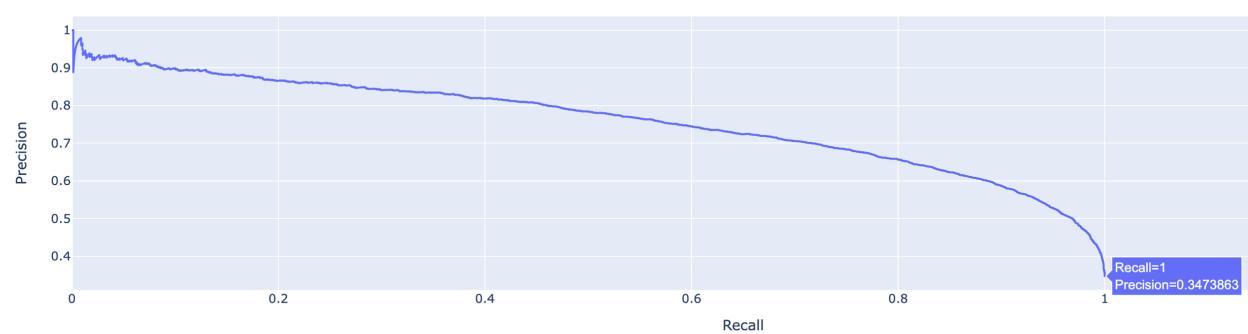
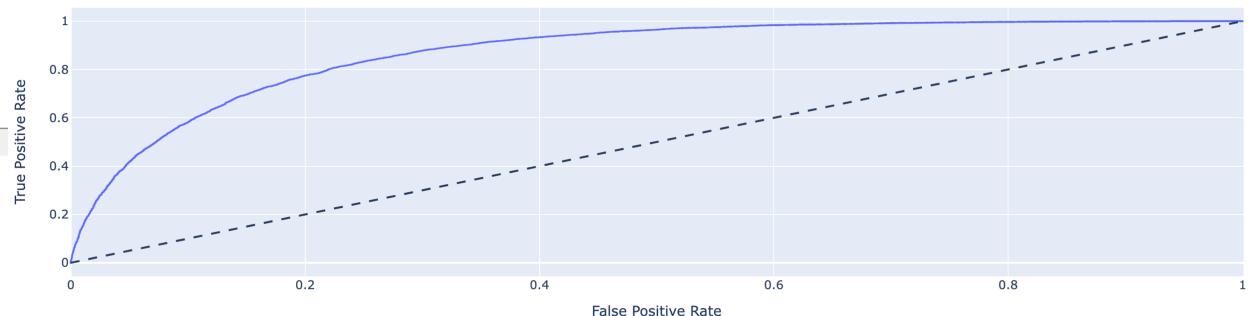


Figure 20 - Confusion Matrix ViT



Errors

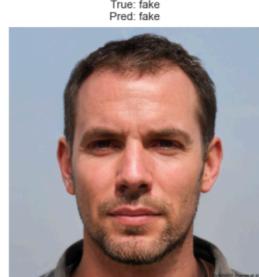


FACE ORIENTATION
slightly turned

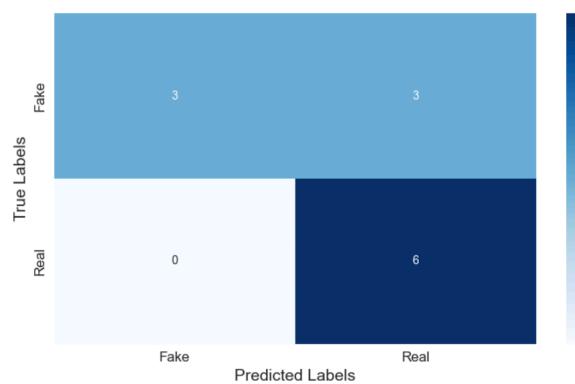
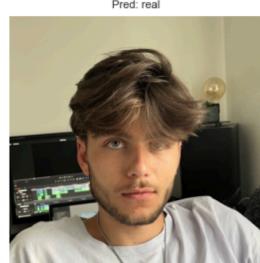
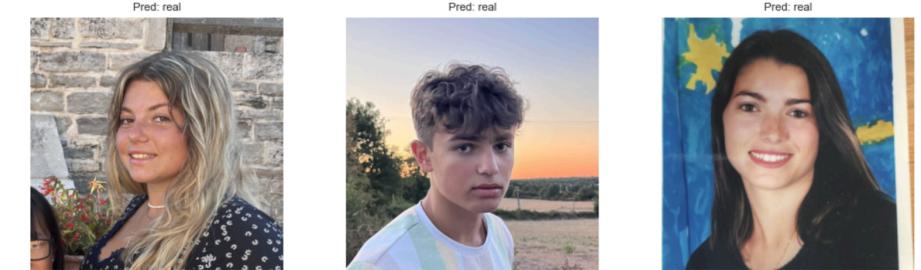
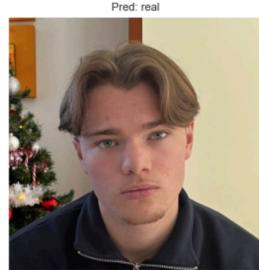
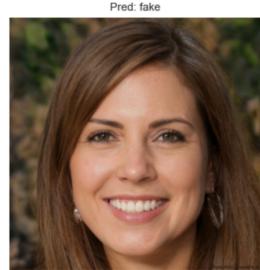


Figure 25 - Misclassified Images ViT

Real-Life Experiment



~~StyleGAN~~



Comparison

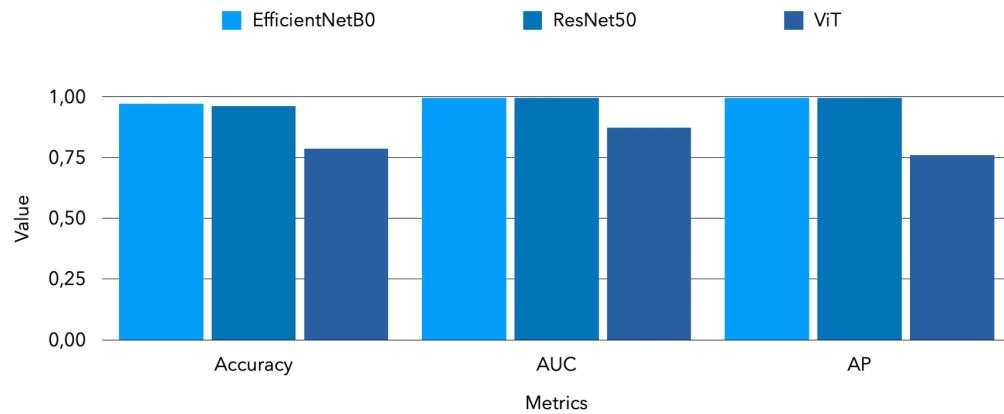


Figure 27 – Accuracy, AUC and AP Comparison

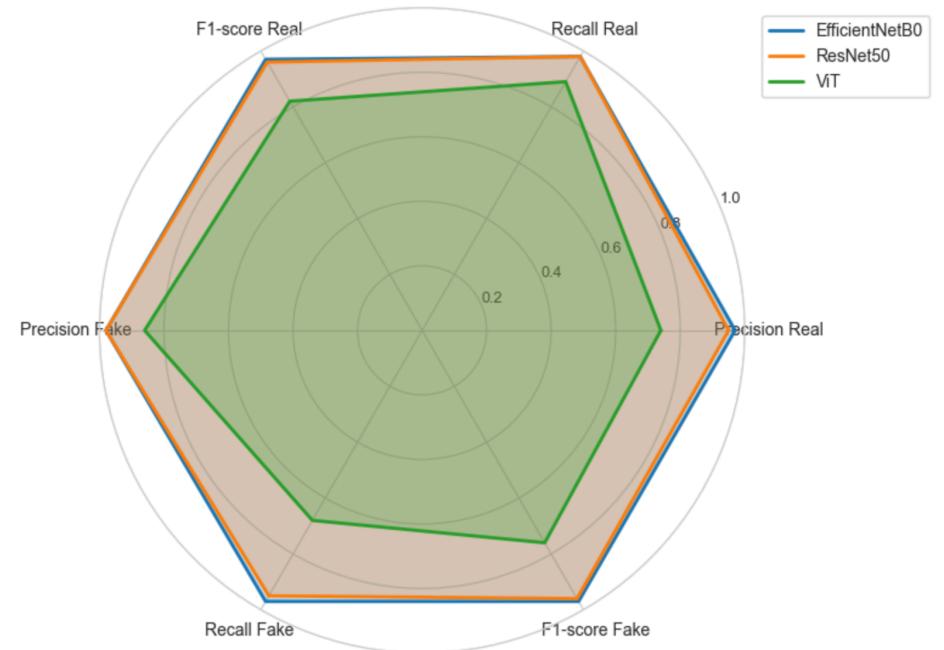


Figure 28 – Radar plot of model performance

EfficientNetB0: Best balance of efficiency and accuracy.

ViT: High resource demands, limited training.

Conclusion

Recent Models and Datasets

Hybrid Architectures:

Combines CNN (local features) + ViT (global relationships).

Applications:

Strengthen privacy, combat misinformation, enhance digital security.

Thank you !

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