

c) Autovalores de una Matriz

1)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A - \lambda I| = 0$$

$$|A - \lambda I| = \left| \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \right| = \begin{vmatrix} 4-\lambda & 2 \\ 3 & 3-\lambda \end{vmatrix}$$

$$|A - \lambda I| = (4-\lambda)(3-\lambda) - 6 = (\lambda-1)(\lambda-6)$$

$$\lambda_1 = 1 \quad \lambda_2 = 6$$

2)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|A - \lambda I| = 0$$

$$|A - \lambda I| = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} \lambda & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2-\lambda & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda & -2 \\ 0 & -1 & 2-\lambda \end{vmatrix}$$

$$|A - \lambda I| = (2-\lambda)(\lambda^2 - 5\lambda + 4) = (2-\lambda)(\lambda-4)(\lambda-1)$$

$$\lambda_1 = 2 \quad \lambda_2 = 4 \quad \lambda_3 = 1$$