Sistemas Hidráulicos:

Variables dependientes:

$$Q$$
, caudal $\left(\frac{m^3}{s}\right)$

V, volumen (m^3)

h, altura (m)

p, presión
$$\left(\frac{N}{m^2} = Pa\right)$$

Elementos pasivos (parámetros):

Leyes:

Ley de Continuidad:

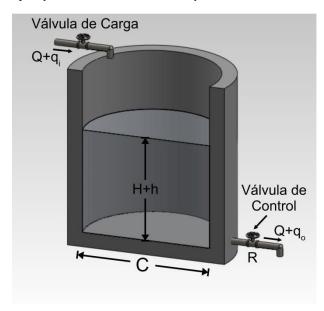
$$Q_A + Q_B + Q_C = 0$$

Ley de Compatibilidad:

$$P_{r1} + P_{12} + P_{2r} = 0$$

Ejemplos

Ejemplo 1: Llenado de un tanque



$$H_{s}(s) = \frac{Q_{o}(s)}{Q_{i}(s)} = ?$$

$$q_{i} = C\frac{dh}{dt} + q_{o}$$

$$q_{o} = \frac{h}{R} - \rightarrow h = q_{o}R - \rightarrow \frac{dh}{dt} = R\frac{dq_{o}}{dt}$$

$$q_{i} = CR\frac{dq_{o}}{dt} + q_{o}$$

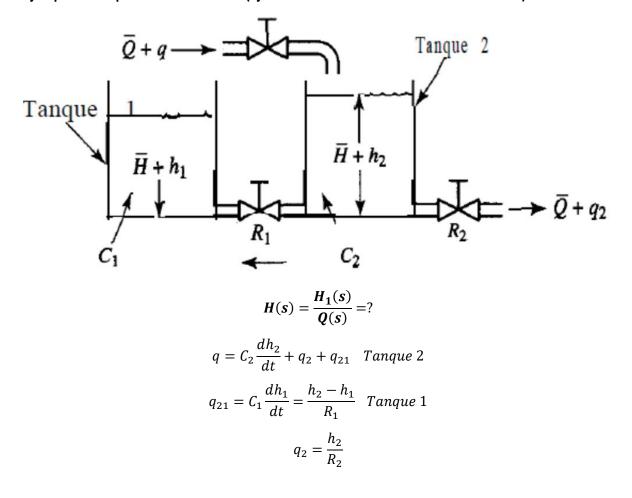
$$Q_{i}(s) = Q_{o}(s)(1 + RCs)$$

$$\frac{Q_{o}(s)}{Q_{i}(s)} = \frac{1}{RCs + 1}$$

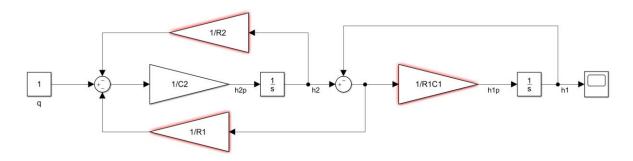
$$\frac{H(s)}{Q_{i}(s)} = \frac{Q_{o}(s)R}{Q_{i}(s)} = \frac{R}{RCs + 1}$$

$$\frac{H(s)}{Q_{i}(s)} = \frac{R}{RCs + 1}$$

Ejemplo 2: tanques interconectados (Ejercicio 2b del taller de sistemas hidráulicos)



DB:



Simplificando el DB

$$H(s) = \frac{H_1(s)}{Q(s)} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 R_2 C_1 C_2 s^2 + (C_1 R_1 + C_1 R_2 + R_2 C_2) s + 1}$$

VE

$$q = C_2 \frac{dh_2}{dt} + \frac{h_2}{R_2} + \frac{h_2 - h_1}{R_1}$$
$$C_1 \frac{dh_1}{dt} = \frac{h_2 - h_1}{R_1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{h}_1 \\ \dot{h}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{R_1 C_1} & \frac{1}{R_1 C_1} \\ \frac{1}{R_1 C_2} & -\frac{1}{C_2} \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_1} \right) \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} h_1 \\ h_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{C_2} \end{pmatrix} [q]$$

$$y = x_1$$

$$y = (1 \quad 0) \begin{bmatrix} h_1 \\ h_2 \end{bmatrix}$$