Injury Analysis

Carmen Canedo

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Loading libraries

source("setupCarmen.R")

Hypothesis

The third hypothesis we are looking predicts that sports with high instances of injury will also have steady declines in participation.

Data

The data used are as follows:

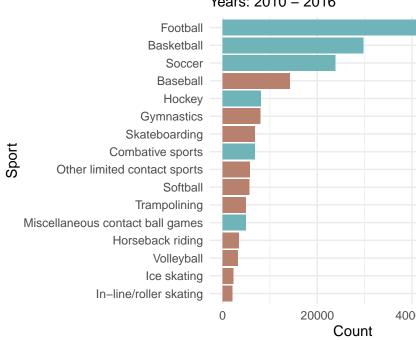
- Youth emergency visits among US children for sports-related brain injuries from 2010-2016
- US annual average emergency department visits for all sports injuries 2010-2016
- US emergency department visits ages 5 to 24 from 2010 to 2016 by gender and activity
- Percent of concussions in US youth that play sports as of 2017
- Survey on the long-term effects of concussions in sports
- Average annual number of US college female sports injuries during the fall season from 2009 to 2014
- Average annual number of US college male sports injuries during the fall season from 2009 to 2014
- Average annual number of US college for all seasons from 2009 to 2014 by gender
- High School Participation Archive
- Program for Injury Prevention, Education, & Research

Injuries

How many kids are getting hurt?

Youth Emergency Room Vi Sports-Related Brain Injur

Years: 2010 - 2016

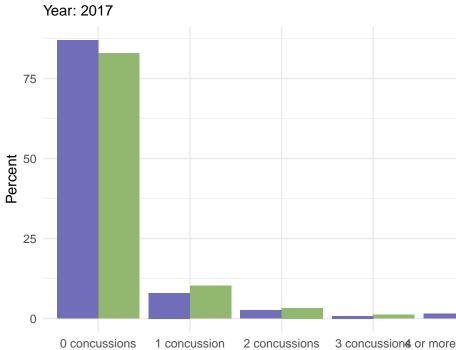


Centers for Disease Control and Pre-Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

Bar Graph: Youth emergency visits for brain injuries

What demographics are most affected?

Percent of Concussions in US Youth That Play Sports



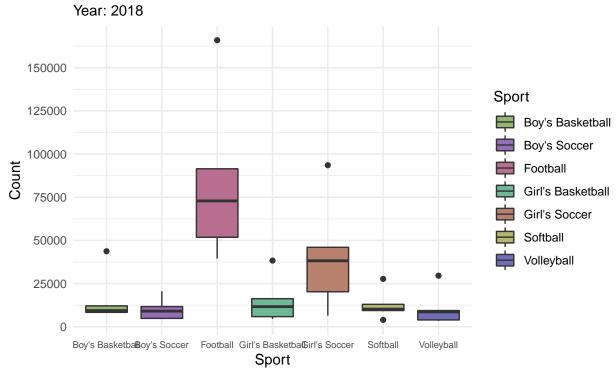
CDC: Self–Reported Concussions from Playing a Sport or Being Physics Among High School

Bar Graph: Number of concussions by gender

What sports have the most injuries?

Boxplots of injuries by sports

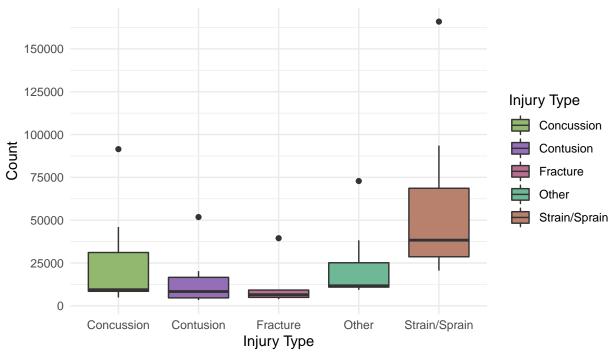
Variations in Amount of Injuries by Sport



Colorado School of Public Health: Program for Injury Prevention, Education & Research

Boxplot of injuries by type

Variation in Most Common Injury Types Year 2018



Colorado School of Public Health: Program for Injury Prevention, Education & Research

How have injuries rates changed over time?

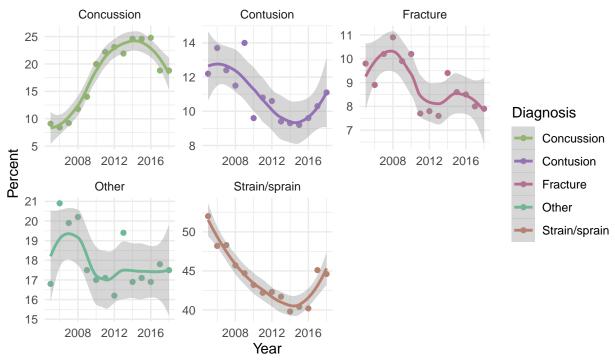
Line charts by sport nat' injury estimates

Shows DECREASE in injuries # {r} # national_time <- natl_injury_estimates %>% # pivot_longer(cols = -X1, names_to = "Year", values_to = "Injury") %>% # rename(Sport = X1) %>% # filter(Sport != "Overall total") # # temp <- national_time\$Year # # temp <- temp %>% # str_replace_all(pattern = "[[:punct:]]\\d{2}\$", replacement = """) %>% # as.integer() # # national_time <- national_time %>% # select(-Year) %>% # bind_cols(temp) %>% # rename(Year = `...3`) # # # {r} # national_time %>% # ggplot(aes(x = Year, y = Injury, color = Sport)) + # geom_line() # # # {r} # national_time %>% # filter(Injury > 444281) %>% # ggplot(aes(x = Year, y = Injury, color = Sport)) + # geom_line() #

Scatterplot diagnosis by year, color by type

Trends in Injury Diagnosis

Years: 2005 - 2018



Colorado School of Public Health: Program for Injury Prevention, Education & Research

Participation

Who participates in sports?

Boys Participants Map

Counts of Participation in Boy's Sports by State

Year: 2018

Baseball

Basketball

Count

Football

Soccer

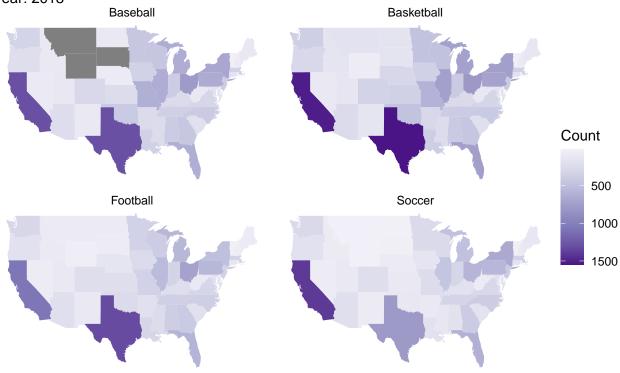
120000
160000

High School Participation Survey Archive

Boys Programs Availability Map

Counts of Programs for Boy's Sports by State

Year: 2018

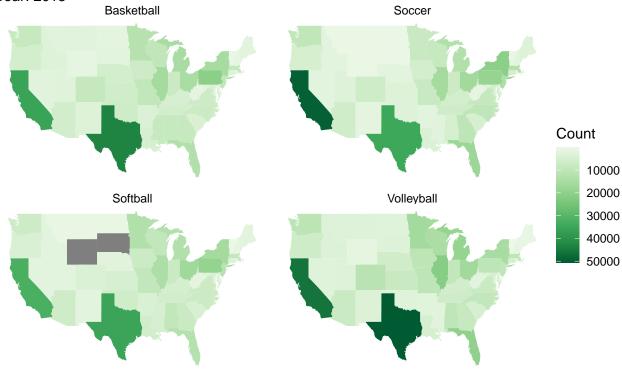


High School Participation Survey Archive

Girls Participants Map

Counts of Participation in Girl's Sports by State

Year: 2018

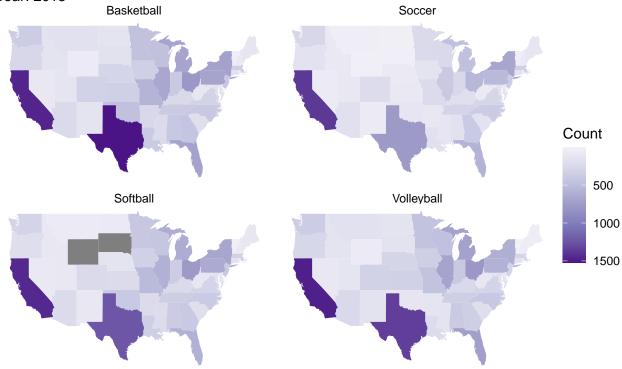


High School Participation Survey Archive

Girls Progams Map

Counts of Programs for Girls's Sports by State





High School Participation Survey Archive

How many people participate in sports?

SHOWS INCREASE Line graph of sports # {r} # national_time <- natl_injury_estimates %>%

pivot_longer(cols = -X1, names_to = "Year", values_to = "Injury") %>% # rename(Sport
= X1) %>% # filter(Sport == "Overall total") # # temp <- national_time\$Year # #

temp <- temp %>% # str_replace_all(pattern = "[[:punct:]]\\d{2}\\$", replacement =

"") %>% # as.integer() # # national_time <- national_time %>% # select(-Year)

%>% # bind_cols(temp) %>% # rename(Year = `...3`) # # # {r} # national_time %>%

ggplot(aes(x = Year, y = Injury, color = Sport)) + # geom_line() # # # {r}

national_time %>% # filter(Injury > 444281) %>% # ggplot(aes(x = Year, y = Injury,
color = Sport)) + # geom_line() # # # {r} # temp <- participation_count_1971_2019\$Year

temp <- temp %>% # str_replace_all(pattern = "[[:punct:]]\\d{2}\\$", replacement
= "") %>% # as.integer() # # participation_recent <- participation_count_1971_2019

%>% # select(-Year) %>% # bind_cols(temp) %>% # rename(Year = `...4`) # #

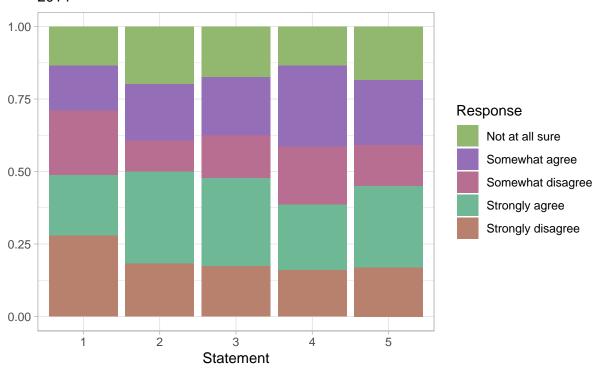
participation_recent <- participation_recent
{r} # participation_recent %>% # filter(Year > 2004) # # participation_recent
{r} # participation_recent %>% # ggplot(aes(x = Year, y = `Girls Participants`))
+ # geom_line() #

Conclusion

Injuries and participation over time

Stacked Bar Graph: Public opinion

Survey Responses on The Long-Term Effects of Concussions in Sports 2014



Source: Harris Interactive | The Harris Poll #92