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\* ximenes.resende@lnls.br

information printout. It shows the number of virtual PVs implemented for each subsystem, labeled here SI,BO,LI,TB,TS. It also displays the current model version for each subsystem, as well as messages indicating that initial calculations are finished, such as those needed to simulate injection efficiency, for example. At last in the display, a message indicating that VACA is ready to respond to virtual PV queries.

## VIOCS

The other part of the virtual accelerator is the set of virtual IOCs that respond to PVs with actual names in the control system. So far a few vIOCS have been implemented:

- `si_bpm,bo_bpm,ts_bpm,tb_bpm`: they serve BPM positions that are read from VACA, adding emulated measurement fluctuations.
- `si_current,bo_current`: they provide simulated beam currents with fluctuations. Touschek, elastic and inelastic simulated lifetimes are affected by variations of associated parameters such as RF gap voltage and reduced acceptance due to closed orbit variations.
- `si_ps,bo_ps,ts_ps,tb_ps`: provide read/write access to PVs that correspond to power supplies with associated magnet excitation curves.
- `si_rf,bo_rf`: implement radio frequency process variables.
- `si_tune`: emulation of the tune measurement IOC.
- `si_beamsize,bo_beamsize`: emulation of beam size measurement IOC.

These VIOCS are written using database records distributed with EPICS base.

## CONCLUSIONS

The virtual accelerator described here has been an invaluable asset for the development of high level applications, as described in Ref. [2]. The core of the HLA development is planned to take place in 2017, mainly the accelerator physics group staff. This development will certainly benefit from having a VA system available. At this point, simulation of basic beam processes are implemented. For example, VACA now properly simulates processes such as: parameter-dependent current decays, closed-orbit control with dipolar correctors, beam optics variations with quadrupoles, injection that depends on the magnet configurations. In the future more functionalities and modifications should be added to VA:

- Details of the pulsed signals during injection and ejection processes need be considered.

- Approximate coupling expressions for beam size estimates should be substituted by Ohmi's envelop formalism [8] in trackcpp,
- A cleaner separation between VACA and vIOCS is in order. At this points a few excitation curves are implemented in VACA since it has not been decided yet where they will finally be located in the CS. They can either be moved to the IOCs, in case they should be moved to the vIOCS for the VA, or moved to some configuration database service.
- Considerations on moving from EPICS database records PCASPy for vIOCS developments. This may simplify the process of writing and deploying applications.
- Recently a few DISCS [9] services have been adopted. In particular, the use of its naming service allowed for a standardization of how to name devices and PVs. A major revision of PV names has taken place recently. VA should be modified to contemplate the new PV name standard.

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