## **Counting Bits**

## Medium

Given a non negative integer number num. For every numbers i in the range  $0 \le i \le num$  calculate the number of 1's in their binary representation and return them as an array.

## Example 1:

Input: 2

Output: [0,1,1]

## Example 2:

Input: 5

Output: [0,1,1,2,1,2]