Answer Key: CMP 167 Final Exam, Version 2, Spring 2015

1. What will the following code print:

```
s = "oBJcBJaBJmBJ1"
a = s[0:3]
print(a.title())
names = s.split("BJ")
print(names)
b,c,d = names[1],names[2],names[3]
print(c,d)
print(a[0]+b.upper()+c+d+names[4])
print('print_endline "', a.lower(),'"')
```

Answer Key:

```
Obj
['o', 'c', 'a', 'm', 'l']
a m
oCaml
print_endline " obj "
```

2. Write a **complete program** to calculate how much something will weigh on the Moon. Your program should prompt the user for the weight on the Earth and then print out the weight on the Moon. For example, if the user enters 100, your program should print out 17.

The weight of an item on the Moon is 17% of its weight on earth.

```
#Computes weights on the moon
def main():
    earthWeight = eval(input('Enter earth weight: '))
    moonWeight = earthWeight * 0.17
    print('The weight on the Moon is:', moonWeight)
main()
```

```
3. What is output of the code below:
                                             def helper(meg,jo):
  def prob4(amy, beth):
                                                   s = ""
       if amy > 4:
            print("Easy case")
                                                   for j in range(meg):
            kate = -1
                                                        print(j, ": ", jo[j])
                                                        if j % 2 == 0:
       else:
            print("Complex case")
                                                             s = s + jo[j]
            kate = helper(amy,beth)
                                                             print("Building s:", s)
       return(kate)
                                                   return(s)
                                                  Output:
                                                  Answer Key:
   (a) r = prob4(6,"city") print("Return: ", r)
                                                  Easy case
                                                  Return: -1
                                                  Output:
                                                  Answer Key:
   (b) r = prob4(2, "university")
                                                  Complex case
      print("Return: ", r)
                                                  0 : u
                                                  Building s: u
                                                  1 : n
                                                  Return: u
                                                  Output:
                                                  Answer Key:
                                                  Complex case
                                                  0:n
   (c) r = prob4(4,"new york")
                                                  Building s: n
      print("Return: ", r)
                                                  1 : e
                                                  2 : w
                                                  Building s: nw
                                                  3 :
```

Return: nw

4. Given the following program and input file, what is printed:

```
def prob5V1():
    c = 0
    infile=open("places.txt","r")
    for line in infile.readlines():
        if len(line) < 10:
            print("Short Line: ", end ="")
            c = c + 1
            print(line)
        print("Num short lines is", c)</pre>
```

places.txt

Ontario Quebec Nunavut Yukon Alberta New Brunswick

Output:

Answer Key:

Short Line: Ontario

Short Line: Quebec

Short Line: Nunavut

Short Line: Yukon

Short Line: Alberta

New Brunswick

Num short lines is 5

5. (a) Write a function that takes number between 1 and 7 as a parameter and returns the corresponding ordinal number as a string. For example, if the parameter is 1, your function should return "first". If the parameter is 2, your function should "second", etc. If the parameter is not between 1 and 7, your function should return the empty string.

Answer Key:

```
def returnNumString(num):
    if num == 1:
        return "first"
    elif num == 2:
        return "second"
    elif num == 3:
        return "third"
    elif num == 4:
        return "fourth"
    elif num == 5:
        return "fifth"
    elif num == 6:
        return "sixth"
    elif num == 7:
        return "seventh"
    else:
        return ""
```

(b) Write a main() that allows the user to enter a number and calls your function to show that it works.

```
#intro comment
def main():
    num = eval(input("Enter a number"))
    test1 = returnNumString(num)
    print ("Testing my function:", num, "is", test1)
main()
```

6. Complete the following program, which sets up a graphics window and turtle, draws an octagon (8-sided figure) to the window, and then prints a closing message and closes the graphics window when mouse is clicked. That is, write the functions setUp(), drawOctagon(), and conclusion():

```
import turtle
def main():
    w,t = setUp()
                    #sets up a graphics window and turtle
    drawOctagon(t)
                    #draws a octagon using the turtle
    conclusion(w)
                    #prints goodbye and closes window on click
main()
Answer Key:
def setUp():
    trey = turtle.Turtle()
    win = turtle.Screen()
    return(win,trey)
def drawOctagon(t):
    for i in range(8):
        t.forward(100)
        t.right(360/8)
def conclusion(w):
   print("Goodbye!")
    w.exitonclick()
```

7. (a) Write a **complete** program that prompts the user for a file name and prints the number of lines in the file.

Answer Key:

```
#some comments

def main():
    fileName = input('Enter file name: ')
    infile = open(fileName)
    data = infile.read()
    print("Number of lines:", data.count("\n"))
    infile.close()
```

(b) Write a **complete** program that prints the total area stored in a data file. Your program should open the file, cityData.csv, and calculate the sum of the areas, where the area is the last value in each line. Note that the first line should not be used since it contains the column headers and not data. The data is separated by commas (","). Your program should **print** the sum that you calculated.

cityData.csv:

Borough, Population, Area (square miles) Bronx, 1385108, 42 Brooklyn, 2504700, 71 Manhattan, 1585873, 23 Queens, 2230722, 109 Staten Island, 468730, 58

```
#some comments

def main():
    sum = 0
    infile = open("cityData.csv")
    infile.readline()    #Ignore first line, since no numbers
    lines = infile.readlines()
    for l in lines:
        cells = l.split(',')
        sum = sum + eval(cells[2])

    print("Total population:", sum)

    infile.close()
```

8. Write the Python code for the algorithms below:

```
(a) getInput()
    Ask user for number between 0 and 100
    Until they enter a number between 0 and 100
        Print error message
        Ask user for a number between 0 and 100
    Return the number entered
    Answer Key:
    def getInput()
        x = int(eval('Enter a number between 0 and 100: '))
        while not (0 \le x \text{ and } x \le 100):
            print('Error!')
            x = int(eval('Enter a number between 0 and 100: '))
        return(x)
(b) merge(ls, mid)
    Initialize the variables: set newList to be an empty list, set counters i to be 0
    and j to be mid.
    While i < mid and j < len(ls):
        If ls[i] >= ls[j], append ls[i] to the newList and increment i.
        Else: append ls[j] to the newList and increment j.
    While i < mid:
        Append ls[i] to the newList and increment i.
    While j < len(ls)
        Append ls[j] to the newList and increment j.
    Return newList
Answer Key:
def merge(ls, mid):
    newList = []
    i, j = 0, mid
    while i < mid and j < len(ls):
        if ls[i] >= ls[j]:
            newList.append(ls[i])
            i += 1
        else:
            newList.append(ls[j])
            j += 1
    while i < mid:
        newList.append(ls[i])
        i += 1
    while j < len(ls)
        newList.append(ls[j])
        j += 1
```

Return newList

9. In lab, we wrote a Tic-Tac-Toe program. Modify the program to stop the game when someone has won. Your program should check for a winner each move. Your program should continue playing until there is a winner or until all squares are filled.

Clearly mark your changes to the design below:

```
#Second Version of Tic-Tac-Toe
from turtle import *
def setUp():
    win, tic = Screen(), Turtle()
    tic.speed(10)
    win.setworldcoordinates(-0.5,-0.5,3.5, 3.5)
    for i in range(1,3):
       tic.up()
       tic.goto(0,i)
       tic.down()
       tic.forward(3)
    tic.left(90)
    for i in range(1,3):
       tic.up()
       tic.goto(i,0)
        tic.down()
        tic.forward(3)
    tic.up()
    board = [["","",""],["","",""],["","",""]]
   return(win,tic,board)
def playGame(tic,board):
    for i in range(4):
       x,y = eval(input("Enter x, y coordinates for X's move: "))
       tic.goto(x+.25,y+.25)
       tic.write("X",font=('Arial', 90, 'normal'))
       board[x][y] = "X"
       x,y = eval(input("Enter x, y coordinates for O's move: "))
       tic.goto(x+.25,y+.25)
       tic.write("0",font=('Arial', 90, 'normal'))
        board[x][y] = "0"
    x,y = eval(input("Enter x, y coordinates for X's move: "))
    tic.goto(x+.25,y+.25)
    tic.write("X",font=('Arial', 90, 'normal'))
   board[x][y] = "X"
def checkWinner(board):
    for x in range(3):
        if board[x][0] != "" and (board[x][0] == board[x][1] == board[x][2]):
            return(board[x][0]) #we have a non-empty row that's identical
   for y in range(3):
        if board[0][y] != "" and (board[0][y] == board[1][y] == board[2][y]):
            return(board[0][y]) #we have a non-empty column that's identical
    if board[0][0] != "" and (board[0][0] == board[1][1] == board[2][2]):
        return(board[0][0])
    if board[2][0] != "" and (board[2][0] == board[1][1] == board[2][0]):
        return(board[2][0])
   return("No winner")
def main():
   win,tic,board = setUp() #Set up the window and game board
   playGame(tic,board)
                              #Ask the user for the moves and display
    print("\nThe winner is", checkWinner(board)) #Check for winner
```

```
#Second Version of Tic-Tac-Toe
from turtle import *
def setUp():
   win, tic = Screen(), Turtle()
   tic.speed(10)
   win.setworldcoordinates (-0.5, -0.5, 3.5, 3.5)
    for i in range(1,3):
        tic.up()
        tic.goto(0,i)
        tic.down()
        tic.forward(3)
    tic.left(90)
    for i in range(1,3):
        tic.up()
        tic.goto(i,0)
        tic.down()
        tic.forward(3)
    tic.up()
    board = [["","",""],["","",""],["","",""]]
   return(win,tic,board)
def playGame(tic,board):
   numMoves = 0
                                                     ###ADDED
    while checkWinner == "No Winner" and numMoves < 9:###ADDED
        numMoves += 1
                                                     ###ADDED
        if numMoves % 2 == 0:
                                                     ###ADDED
            x,y = eval(input("Enter x, y coordinates for X's move: "))
            tic.goto(x+.25,y+.25)
            tic.write("X",font=('Arial', 90, 'normal'))
            board[x][y] = "X"
                                                     ###ADDED
        else:
            x,y = eval(input("Enter x, y coordinates for O's move: "))
            tic.goto(x+.25,y+.25)
            tic.write("0",font=('Arial', 90, 'normal'))
            board[x][y] = "0"
    if checkWinner != "No Winner":
                                                     ###ADDED
       print("There was a winner!")
                                                     ###ADDED
    else:
                                                     ###ADDED
        print("Game Over: No winner!")
                                                     ###ADDED
def checkWinner(board):
    for x in range(3):
        if board[x][0] != "" and (board[x][0] == board[x][1] == board[x][2]):
            return(board[x][0]) #we have a non-empty row that's identical
    for y in range(3):
        if board[0][y] != "" and (board[0][y] == board[1][y] == board[2][y]):
            return(board[0][y]) #we have a non-empty column that's identical
    if board[0][0] != "" and (board[0][0] == board[1][1] == board[2][2]):
        return(board[0][0])
    if board[2][0] != "" and (board[2][0] == board[1][1] == board[2][0]):
        return(board[2][0])
    return("No winner")
```

```
def main():
    win,tic,board = setUp()  #Set up the window and game board
    playGame(tic,board)  #Ask the user for the moves and display
    print("\nThe winner is", checkWinner(board))  #Check for winner
```

10. (a) Write a complete class that keeps tracks of information about junk food. Your class, JunkFood should contain instance variables for the name, calories, weight and expirationDate, and should have a constructor method as well as a method, calorieDensity(), that returns the calories per ounce (calories/weight) for the junk food and a method, getExpiration(), that returns the expiration date.

Answer Key:

```
class JunkFood:
    def __init__(self, name, calories, weight, expirationDate):
        self.name = name
        self.calories = calories
        self.weight = weight
        self.expirationDate = expirationDate

def calorieDensity(self):
    return self.calorie / self.weight

def getExpiration(self):
    return self.expirationDate
```

(b) Write a function that takes as input a list of JunkFood, called shoppingList, and returns the most calorie rich food, by weight (i.e. the maximum of all the calorie densities of the junk food in the inputted list):

```
def bestValue(shoppingList):
```

```
def bestValue(shoppingList):
    maxW = 0
    for c in shoppingList:
        if c.calorieDensity() > maxW:
            maxW = c.calorieDensity()
    return maxW
```