

Attention to fire

Caroline Myers, Chaz Firestone, Justin Halberda
Johns Hopkins University

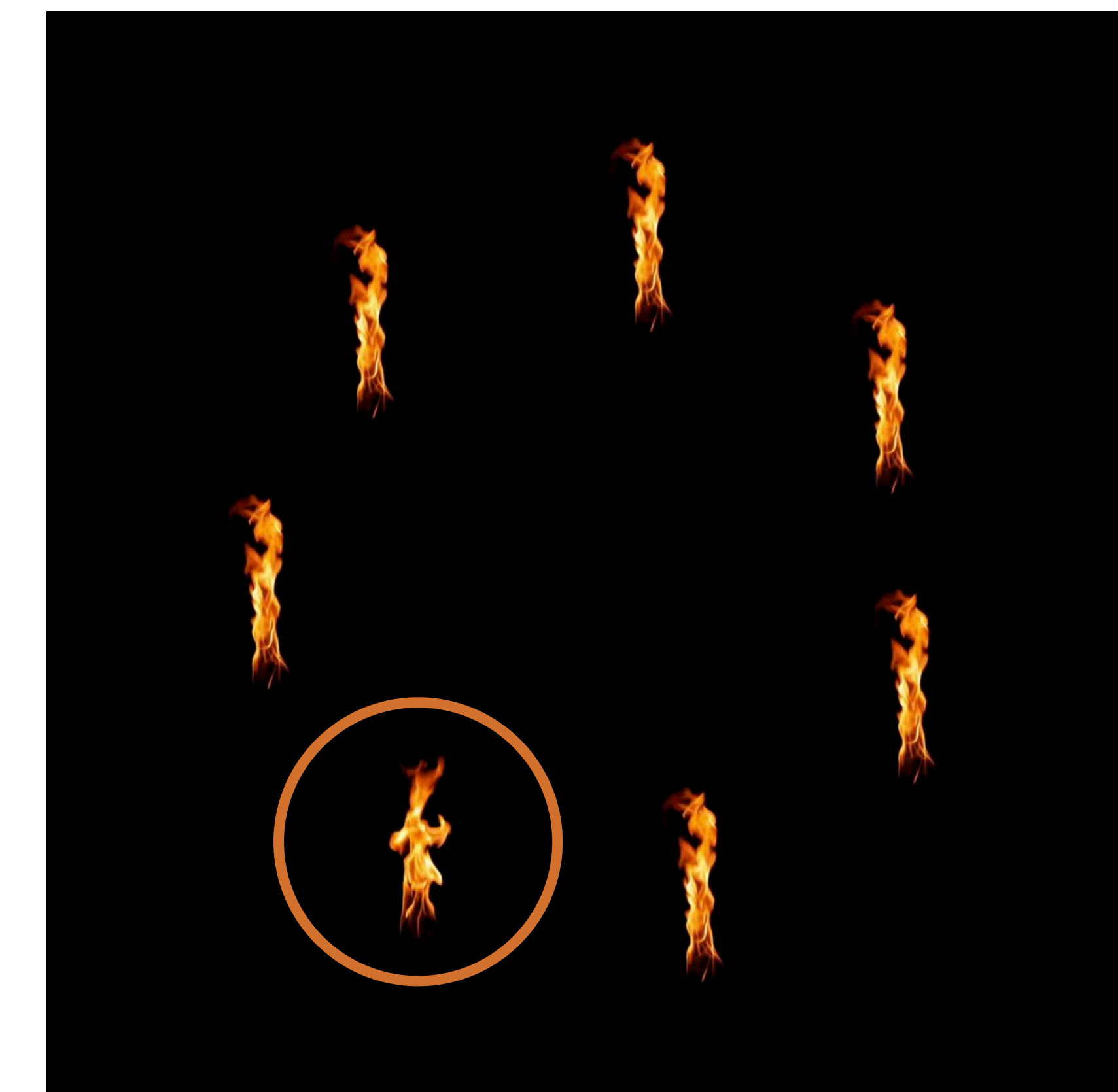
Significance



- Taming fire: Unique to hominids
- Socially, historically, practically significant

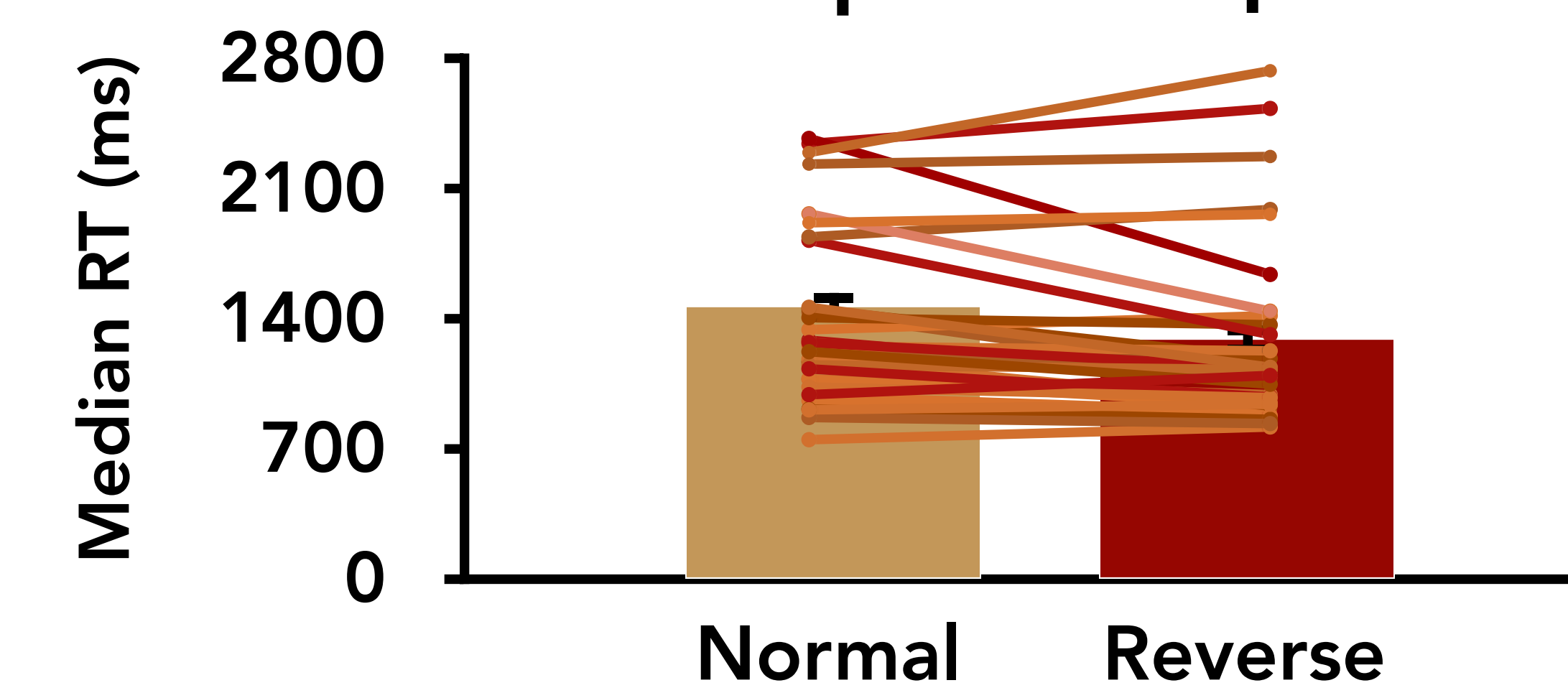
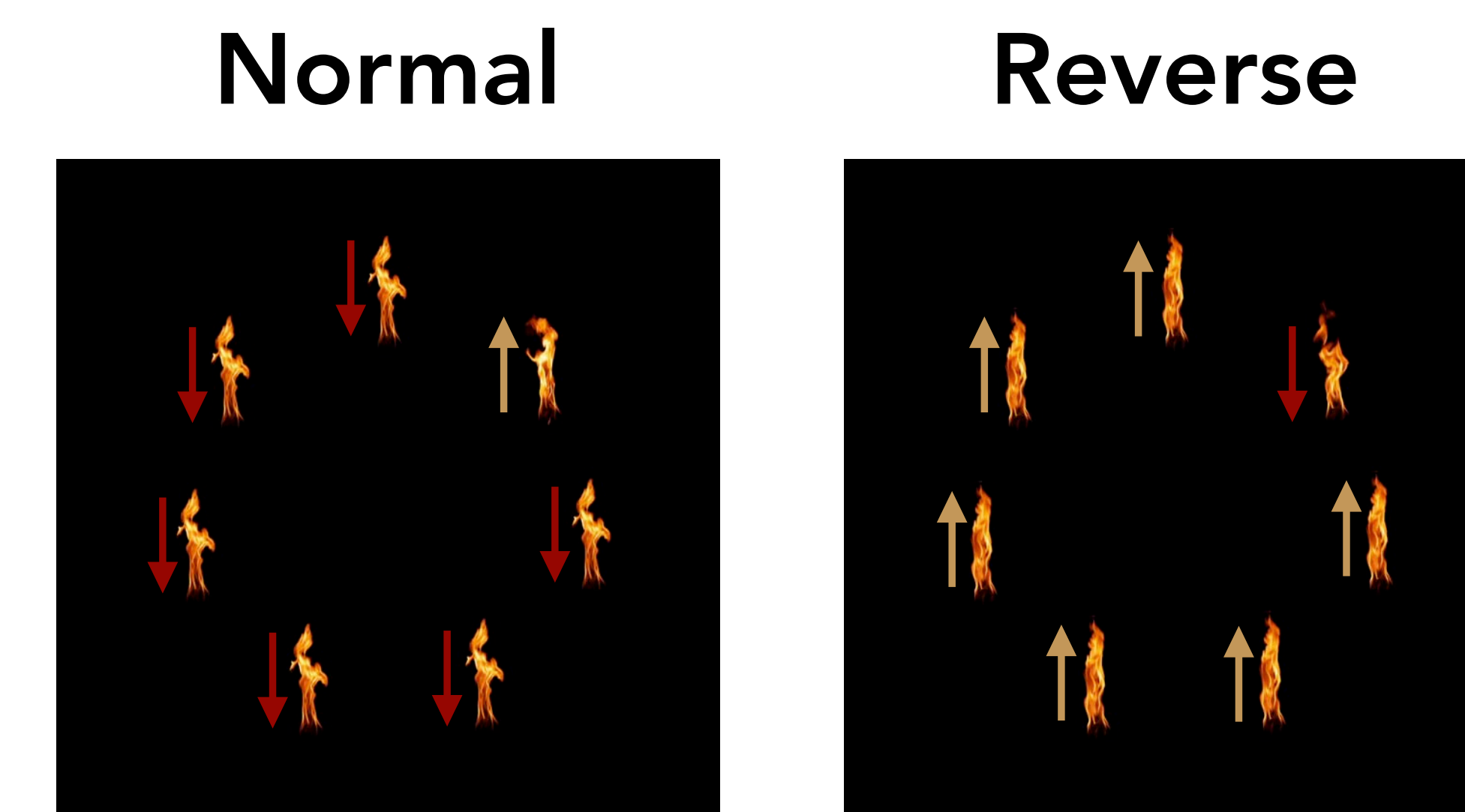
Is visual perception sensitive
to the features that
characterize burning fire?

Exp 1: Fire guides search

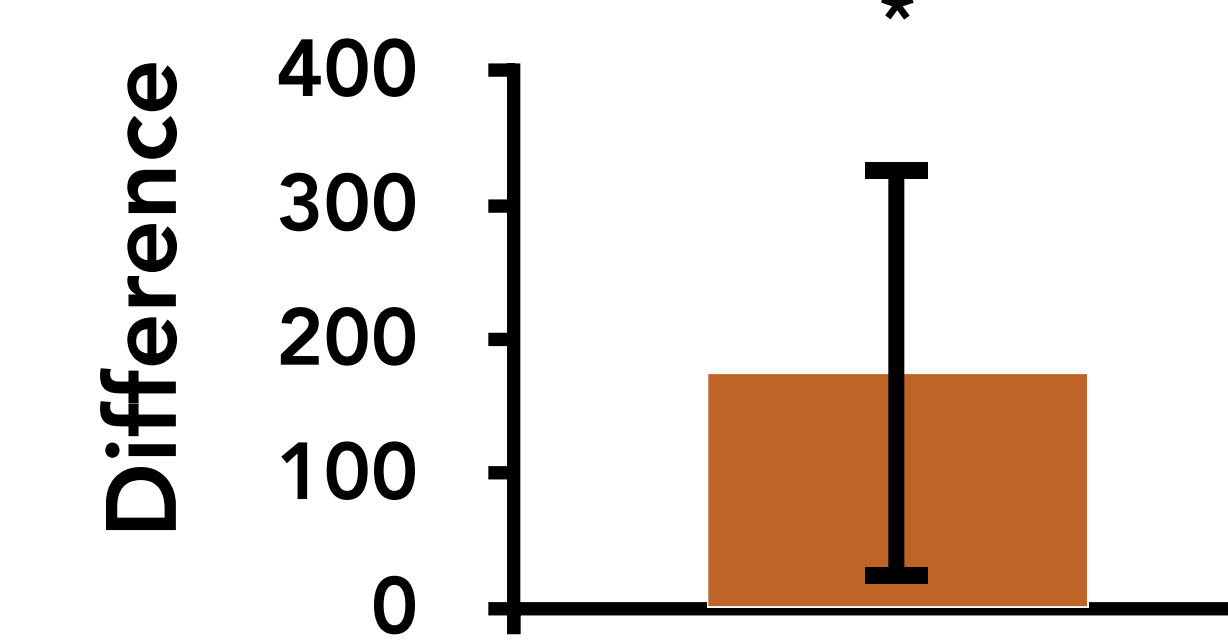


"Is one fire burning
differently than the rest?"

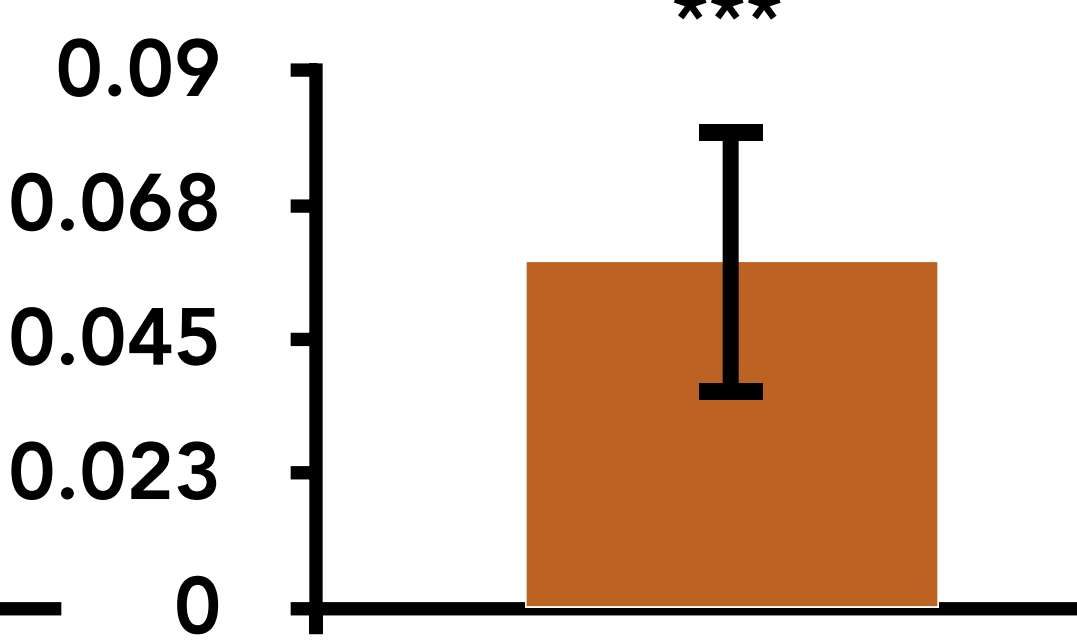
Target fire



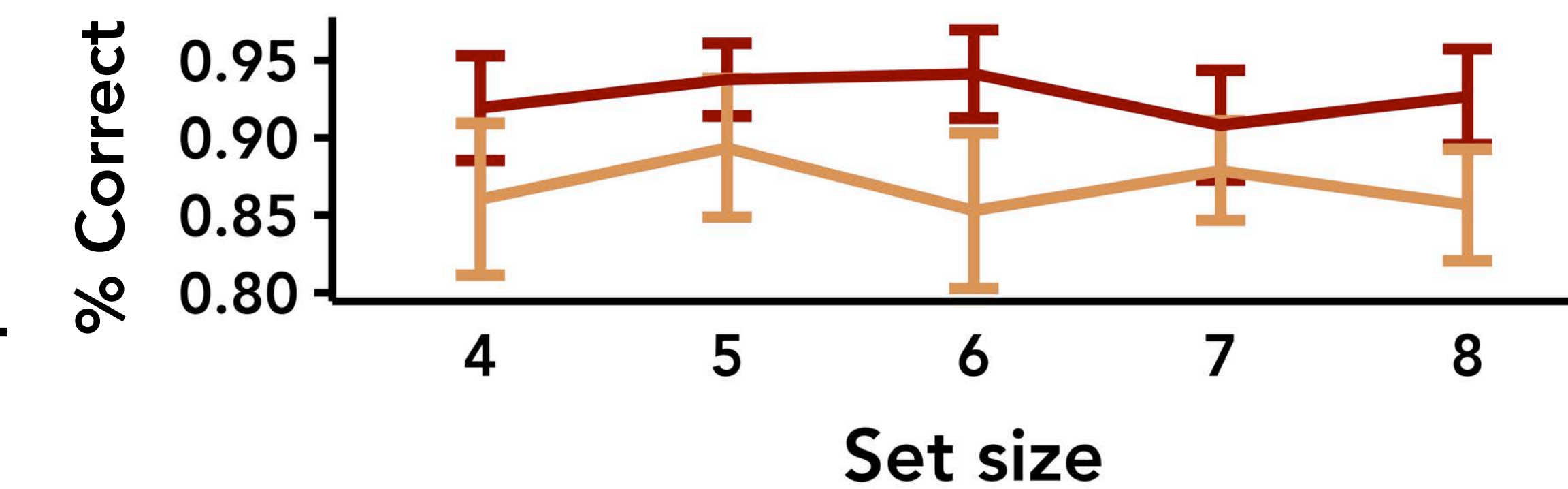
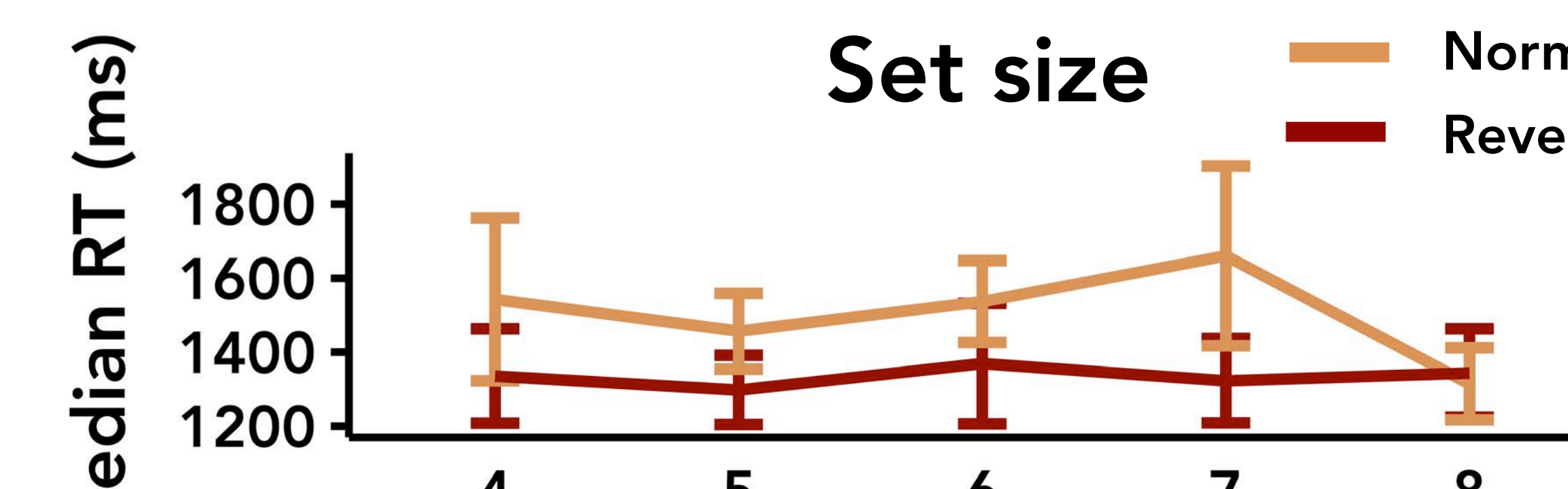
RT



Accuracy

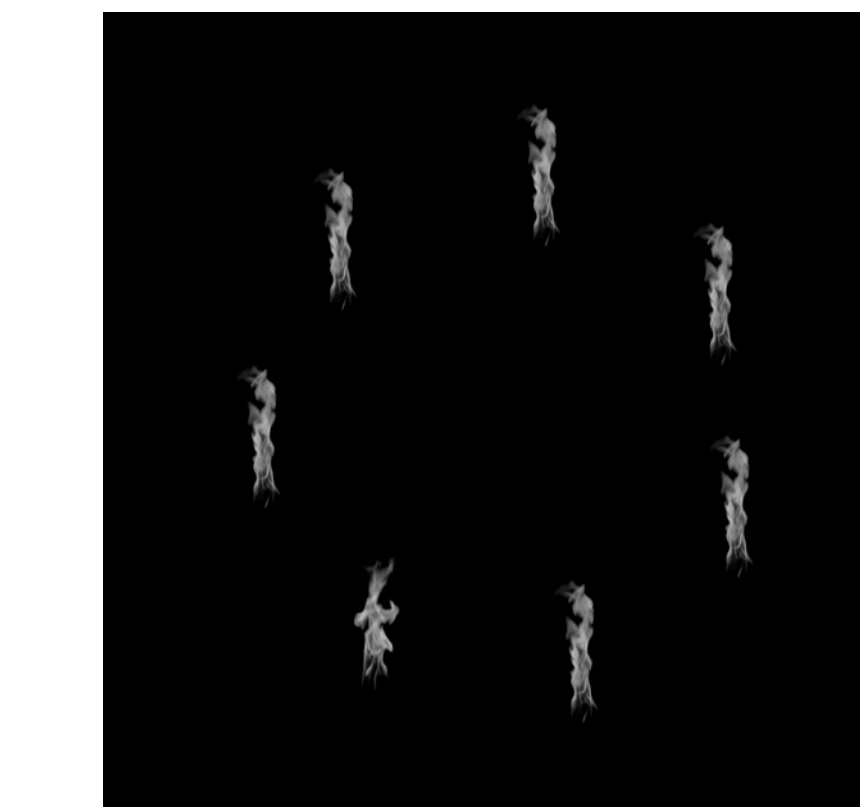


Set size

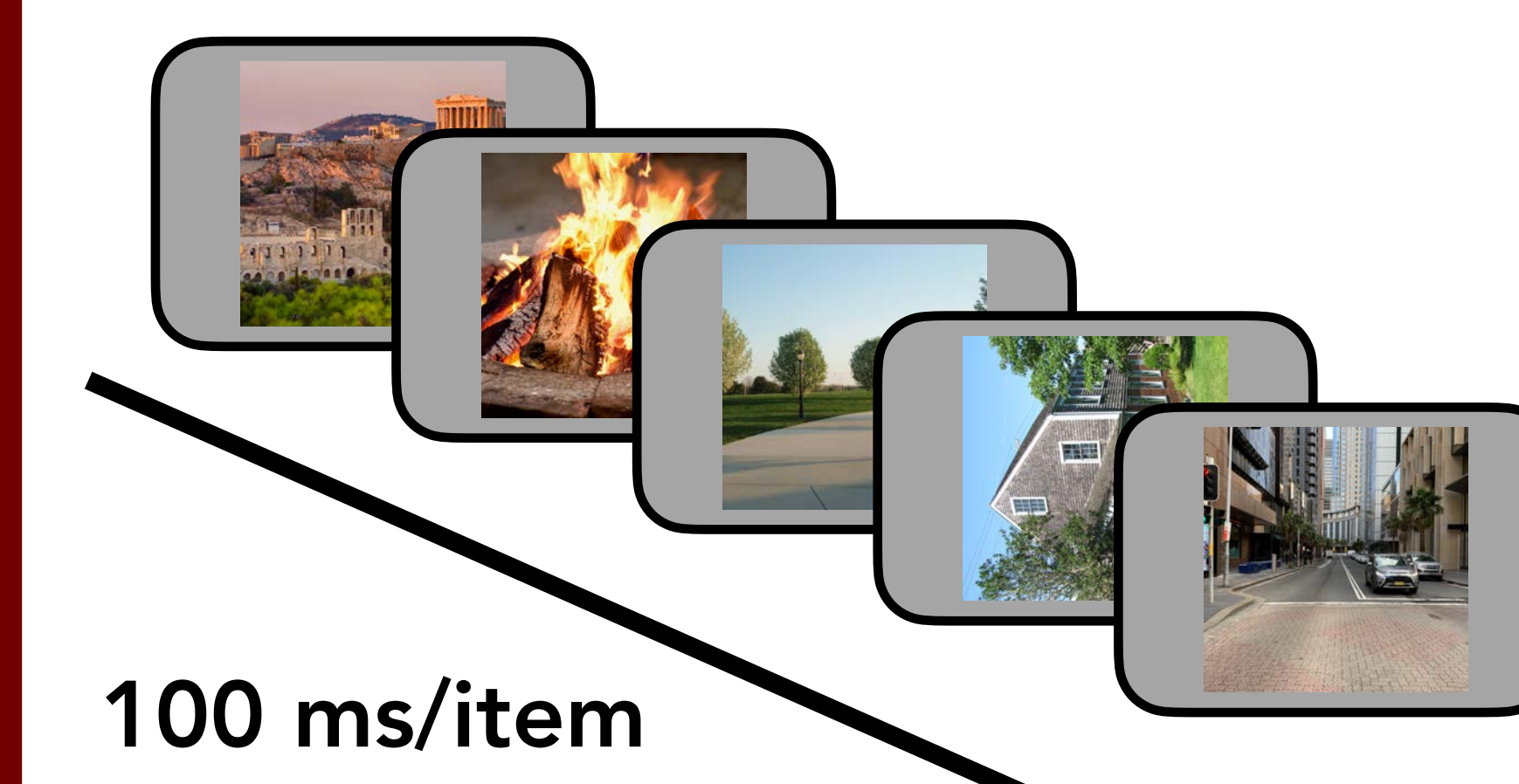


Features?

Color



Motion



100 ms/item

Texture



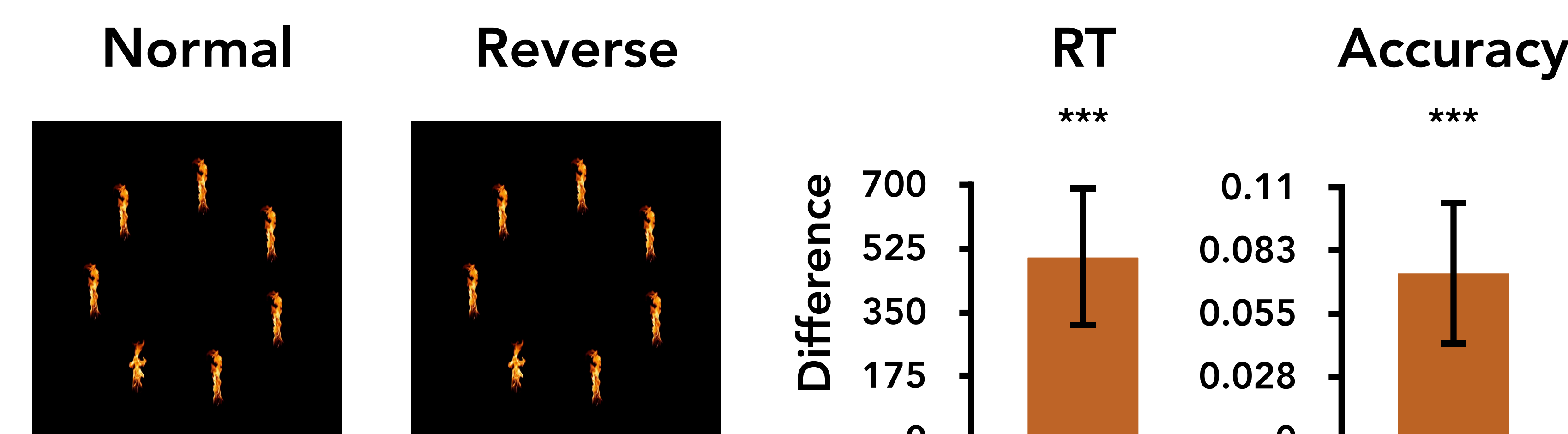
Conclusion

- Search asymmetries present for naturalistic burning fire
- Rotating fire eliminates asymmetry
- Largest effects observed for fire, relative to other (tested) naturalistic stimuli
- Up next: featural contributions (color, texture, motion)

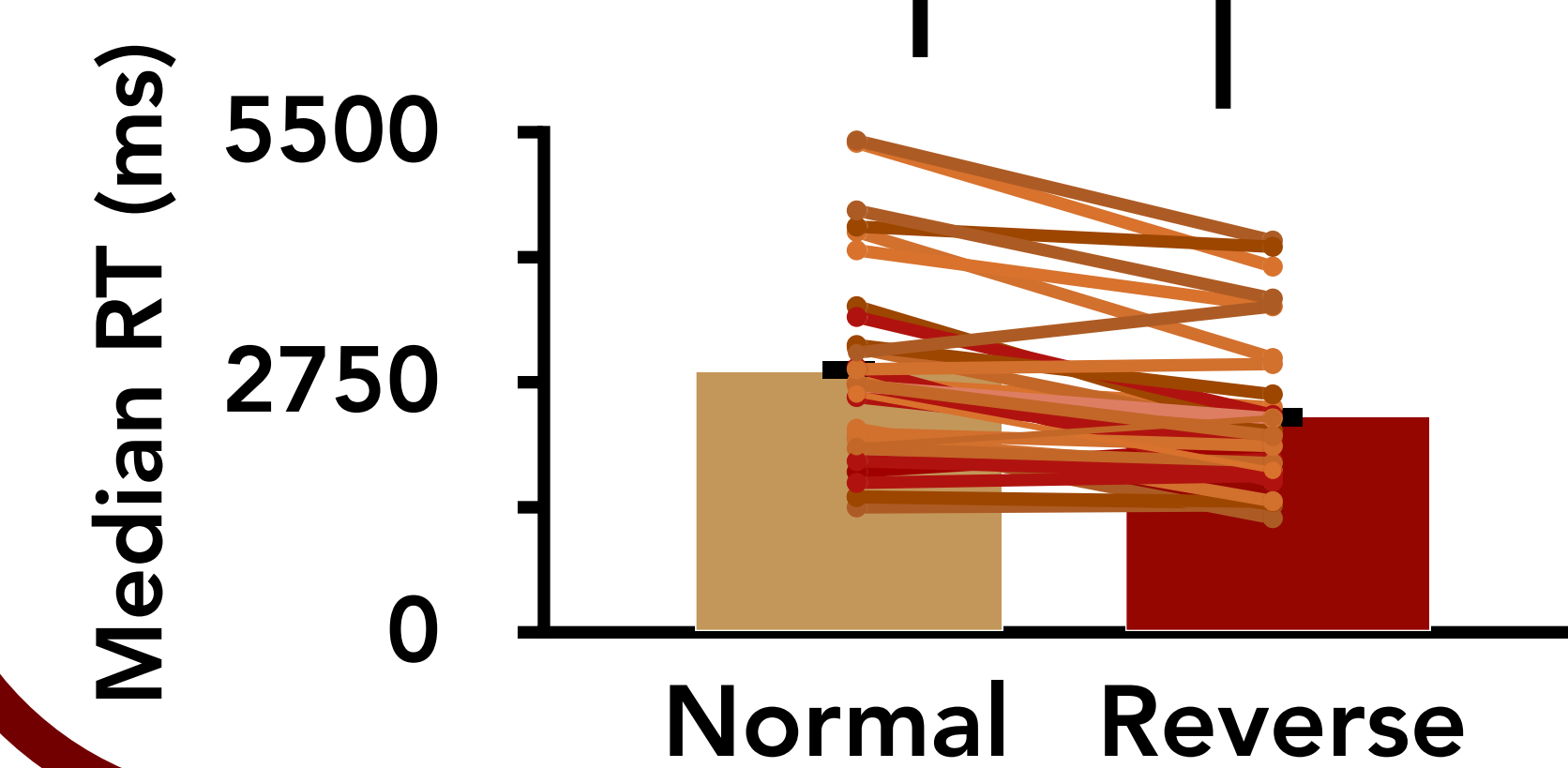
Evidence for distinct
perceptual representations
of fire!

Exps. 2-5: Global motion, low-level features, other natural stimuli

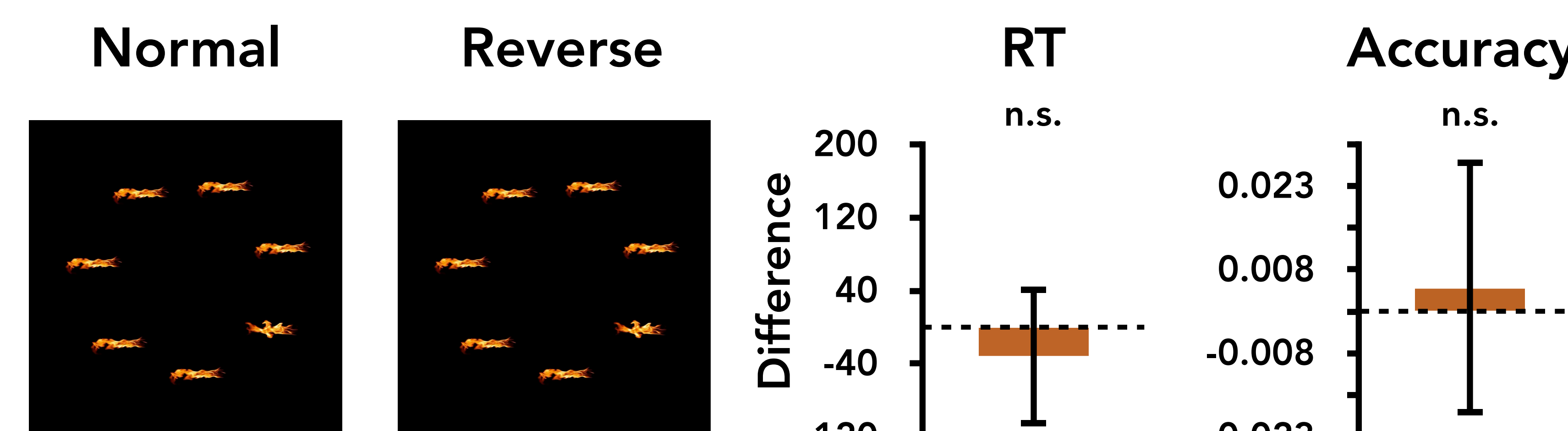
E2: Asynchronous



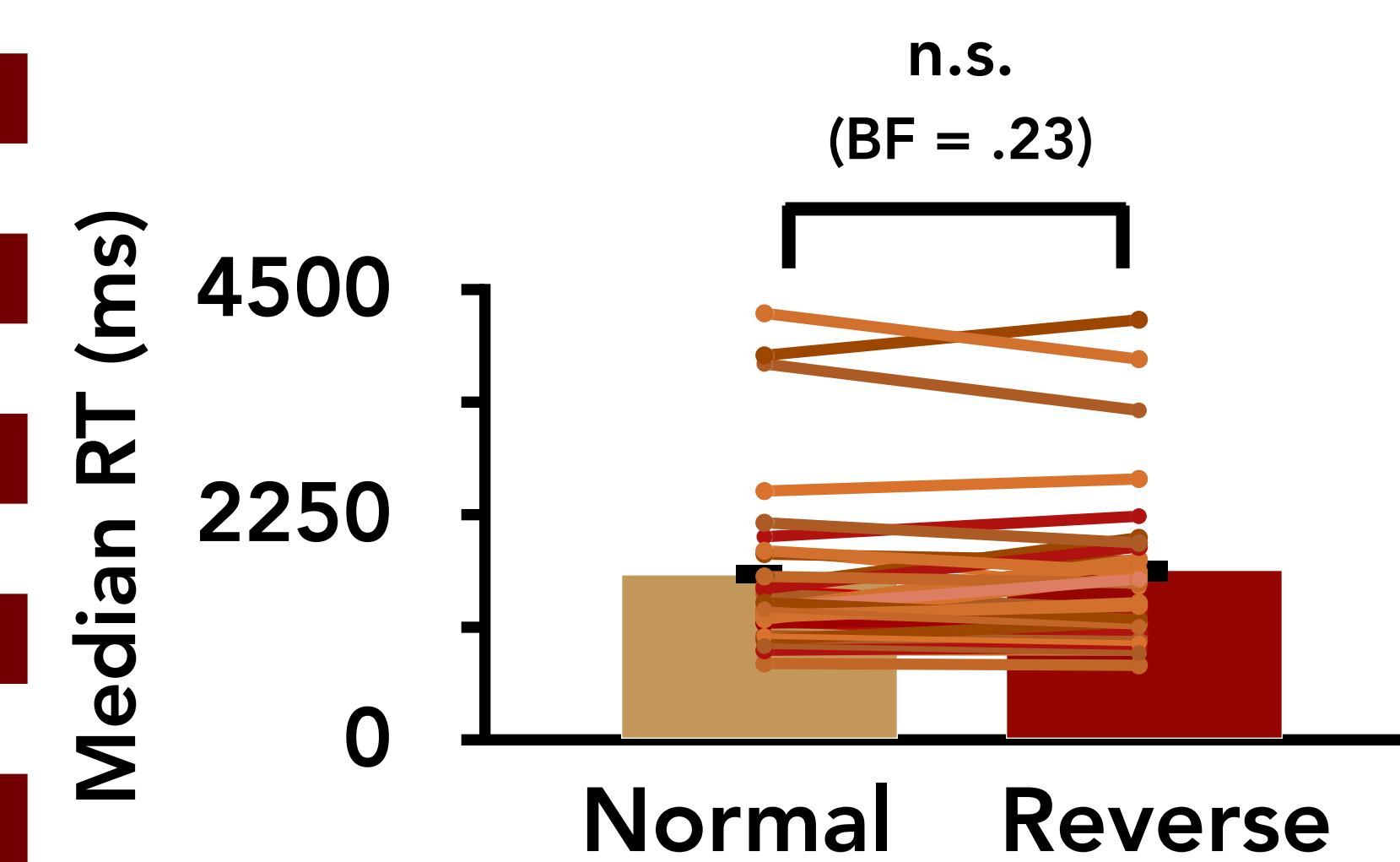
Search asymmetry for
asynchronously
burning fire



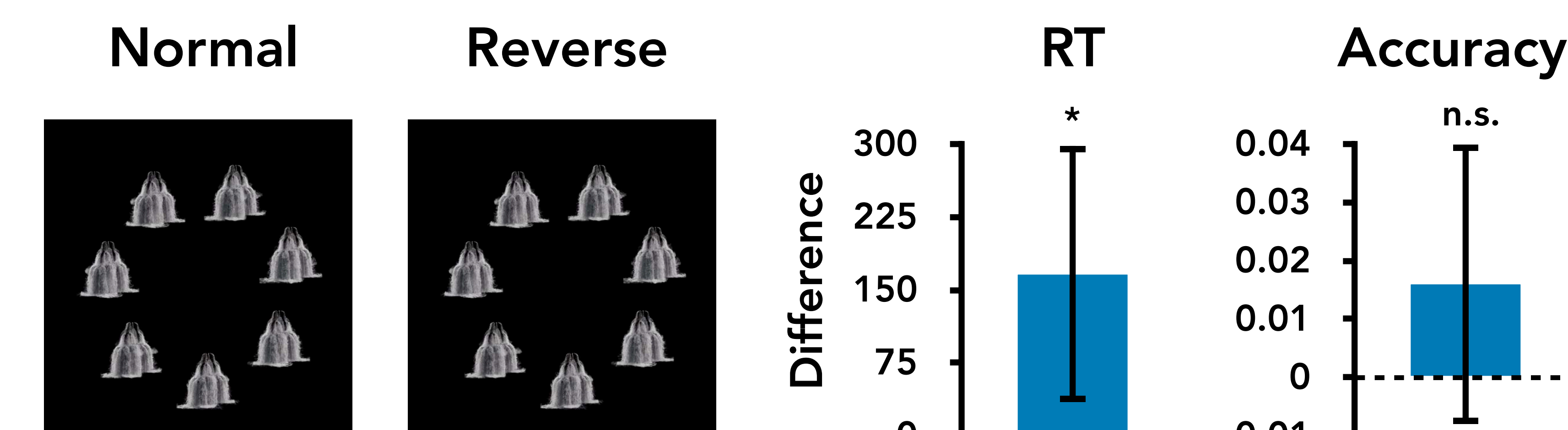
E3: Rotated



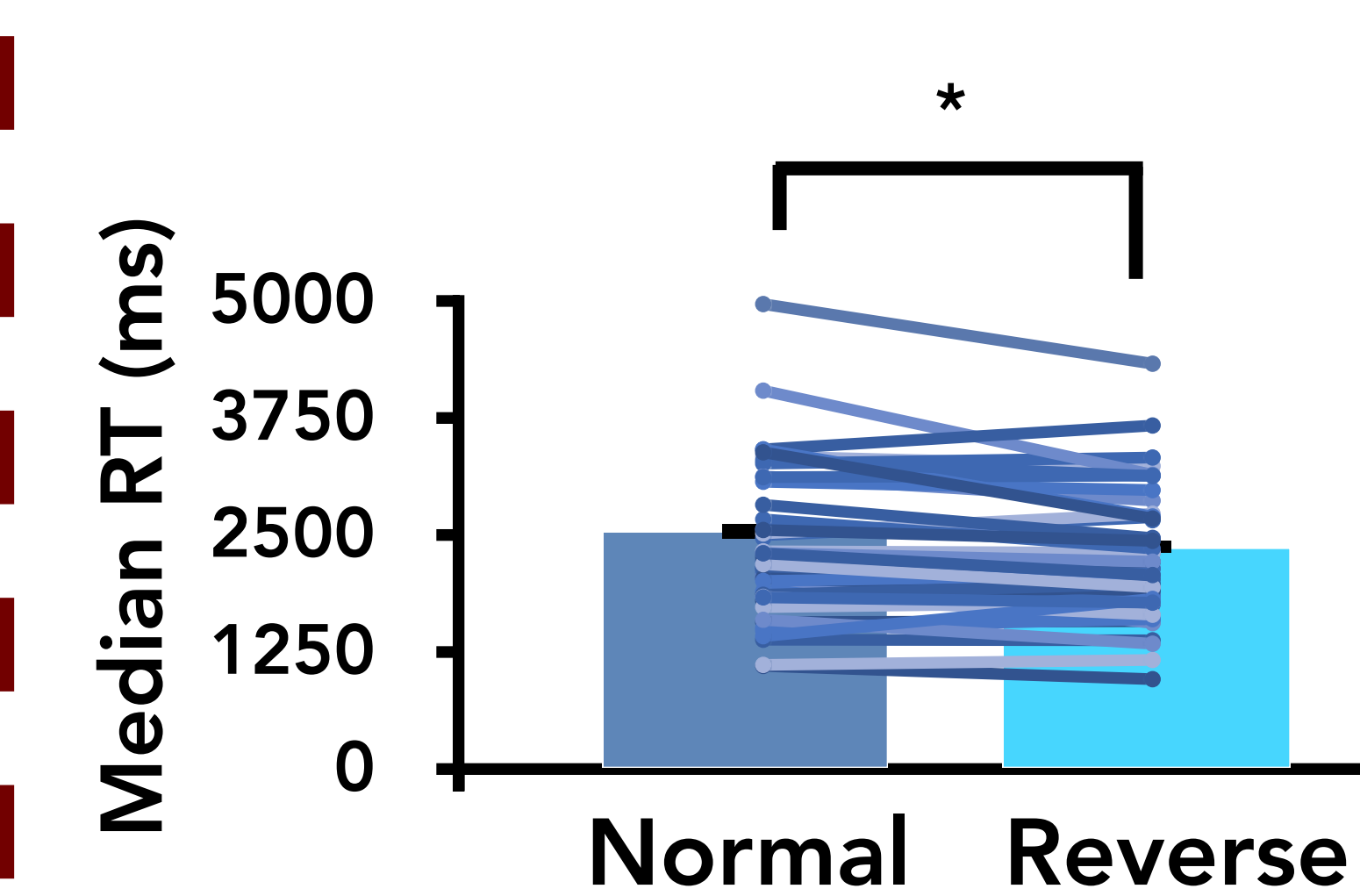
NO asymmetry for
rotated fire!



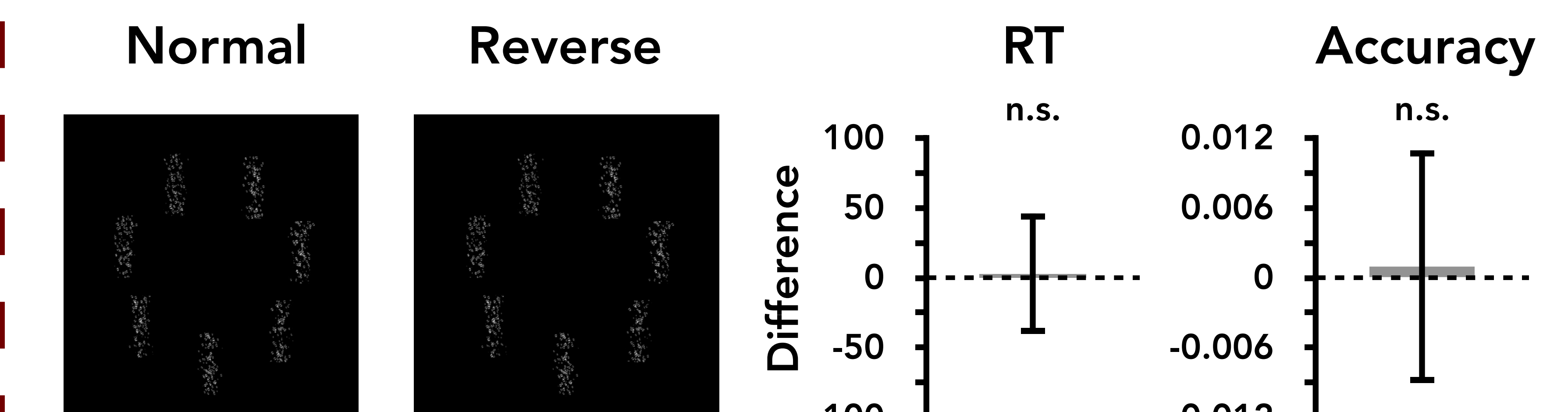
E4: Water



Moderate asymmetry
for water



E5: Bubbles



NO asymmetry for
bubbles

