Submission2-HW2

Research Methods, Spring 2024

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Answers for HW 2

Summarize the Data

see @duplicatecount

Answer the following based on the enrollment data:

1. How many hospitals filed more than one report in the same year? Show your answer as a line graph of the number of hospitals over time.

First I use the "deplicate hcris" data to find the count of the hospitals with more than one report in the same fiscal year. Then I used the ggplot function to create the line graph.

Figure 1: Duplicate Hospital Reports per Year

3
0

 $2. \ \ \text{After removing/combining multiple reports, how many unique hospital IDs (Medicare}$

provider numbers) exist in the data?

3. What is the distribution of total charges (tot_charges in the data) in each year? Show your results with a "violin" plot, with charges on the y-axis and years on the x-axis..

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\noindent 4. What is the distribution of estimated prices in each year? Again present your re-

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Estimate ATEs

\noindent For the rest of the assignment, you should include only observations in 2012. So we

\noindent 5. Calculate the average price among penalized versus non-penalized hospitals.<br

echo: false #| label: avg
price #| tbl-cap: Average Price Among Penalized Vs Non-Penalized Hospitals

options(knitr.kable.NA = 0) knitr::kable(mean.pen, mean.nopen col.names=c("Mean Price Penalized", "Mean Price Not Penalized"), format.args=list(big.mark=","), booktabs = TRUE) %>% kable_styling(latex_options=c("scale_down"))

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\noindent 6. Split hospitals into quartiles based on bed size. To do this, create 4 new indic

A graph of average premiums over time is presented in @fig-premium. Note the spike in premium

::: {.cell}

::: {.cell-output .cell-output-stdout}

A tibble: 2 x 3

quartile avg_price_treated avg_price_control 1 1 9863. 9397. 2 NA 9863. 9397. "' ::: :::

7. Find the average treatment effect using each of the following estimators, and present your results in a single table:

Nearest neighbor matching (1-to-1) with inverse variance distance based on quartiles of bed size Nearest neighbor matching (1-to-1) with Mahalanobis distance based on quartiles of bed size Inverse propensity weighting, where the propensity scores are based on quartiles of bed size Simple linear regression, adjusting for quartiles of bed size using dummy variables and appropriate interactions as discussed in class.

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8. With these different treatment effect estimators, are the results similar, identical, very

9. Do you t	think you've	estimated a $$	causal	effect	of the	penalty?	Why or	why	not?	(just a
couple of ser	ntences)									

not done yet :(

10. Briefly describe your experience working with these data (just a few sentences). Tell me one thing you learned and one thing that really aggravated you.

At the moment I am struggling to do questions one and two without fully running the datacode. I have been able to run everything and started on the problems. In addition, I could commit everything to my repository and create a QMD file.