

CSED311 Lab4-1: Pipelined CPU w/o control flow instructions

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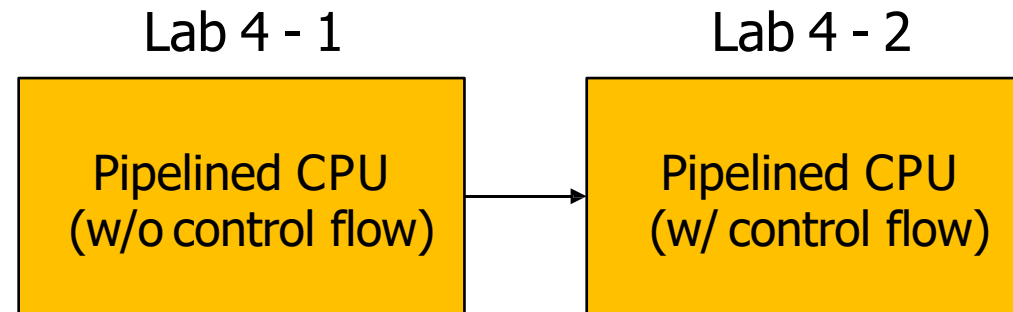
- Objectives
- Pipelined CPU without control flow instructions
- Data Hazard
- Assignment

Objectives

- Understand and implement a pipelined CPU
- First implement a pipelined CPU without control flows

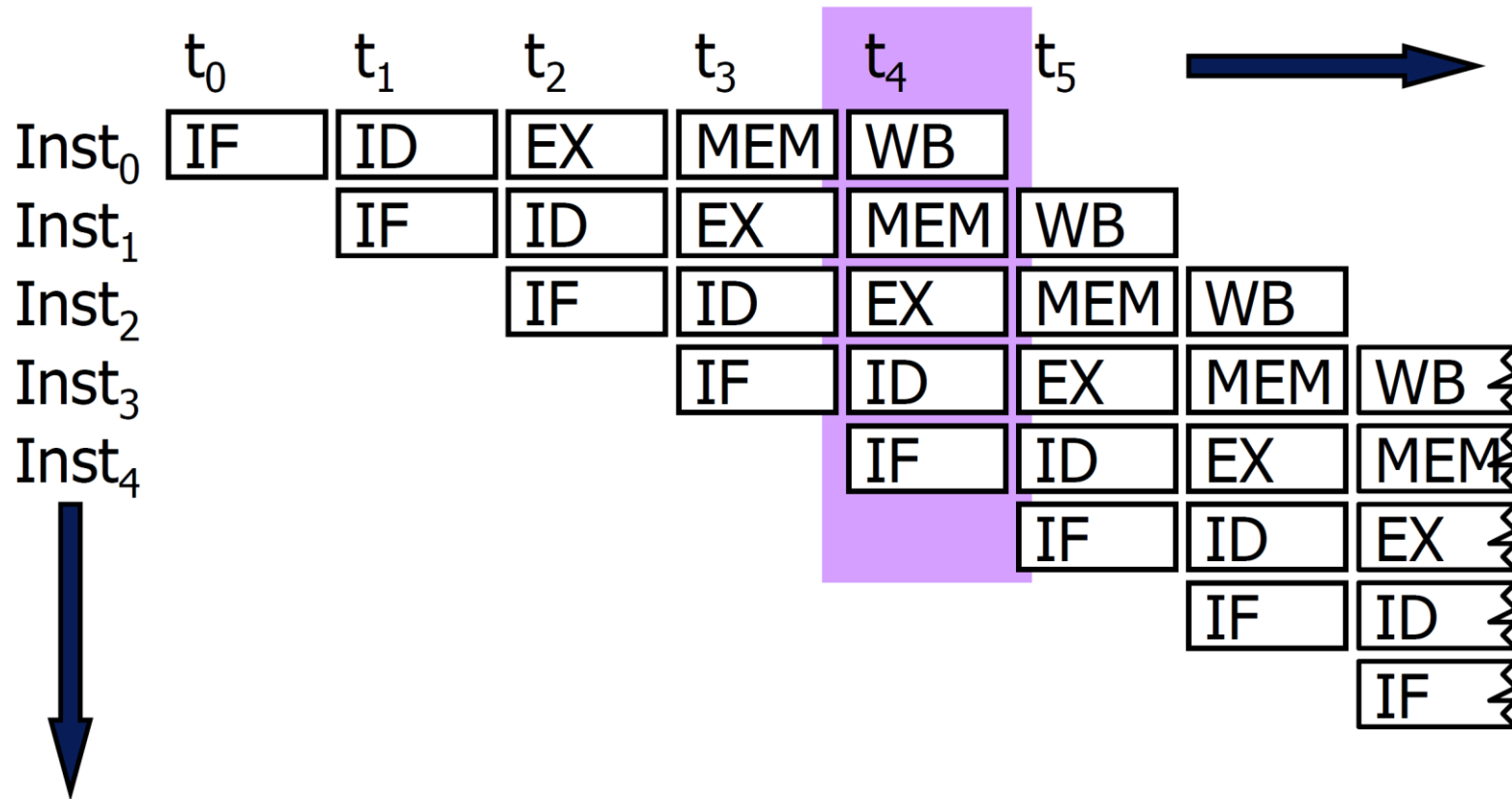
Lab schedule

- You will be implementing a pipelined CPU without control flow instruction support
 - Control flow instructions will be implemented in Lab 4-2



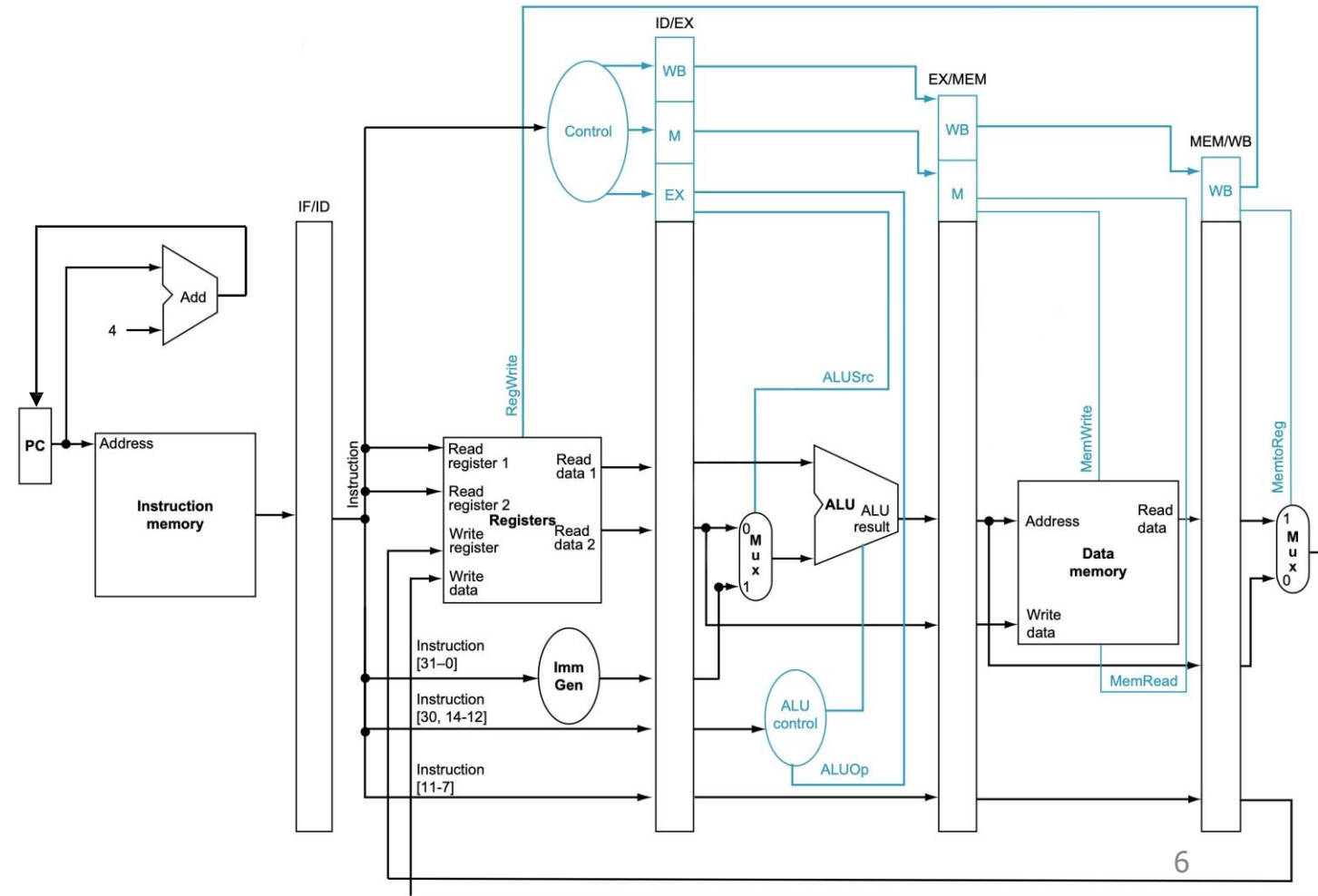
Pipelined CPU

- Increase throughput through better HW utilization



Datapath (w/o control flow instrs.)

- You don't have to implement control flow instructions now
 - E.g., JAL, BEQ, ...



Update pipeline registers

- You need to understand how pipeline registers work
 - Pipeline registers are updated at rising edge of the clock

```
15  /**** Register declarations ****/  
16  // You need to modify the width of registers  
17  // In addition,  
18  // 1. You might need other pipeline registers that are not described below  
19  // 2. You might not need registers described below  
20  /**** IF/ID pipeline registers ****/  
21  reg IF_ID_inst; // will be used in ID stage  
22  /**** ID/EX pipeline registers ****/  
23  // From the control unit  
24  reg ID_EX_alu_op; // will be used in EX stage  
25  reg ID_EX_alu_src; // will be used in EX stage  
26  reg ID_EX_mem_write; // will be used in MEM stage  
27  reg ID_EX_mem_read; // will be used in MEM stage  
28  reg ID_EX_mem_to_reg; // will be used in WB stage  
29  reg ID_EX_reg_write; // will be used in WB stage  
30  // From others  
31  reg ID_EX_rs1_data;  
32  reg ID_EX_rs2_data;  
33  reg ID_EX_imm;  
34  reg ID_EX_ALU_ctrl_unit_input;  
35  reg ID_EX_rd;  
36  |  
37  /**** EX/MEM pipeline registers ****/  
38  // From the control unit  
39  reg EX_MEM_mem_write; // will be used in MEM stage  
40  reg EX_MEM_mem_read; // will be used in MEM stage  
41  reg EX_MEM_is_branch; // will be used in MEM stage  
42  reg EX_MEM_mem_to_reg; // will be used in WB stage  
43  reg EX_MEM_reg_write; // will be used in WB stage  
44  // From others  
45  reg EX_MEM_alu_out;  
46  reg EX_MEM_dmem_data;  
47  reg EX_MEM_rd;  
48  |  
49  /**** MEM/WB pipeline registers ****/  
50  // From the control unit  
51  reg MEM_WB_mem_to_reg; // will be used in WB stage  
52  reg MEM_WB_reg_write; // will be used in WB stage  
53  // From others  
54  reg MEM_WB_mem_to_reg_src_1;  
55  reg MEM_WB_mem_to_reg_src_2;
```

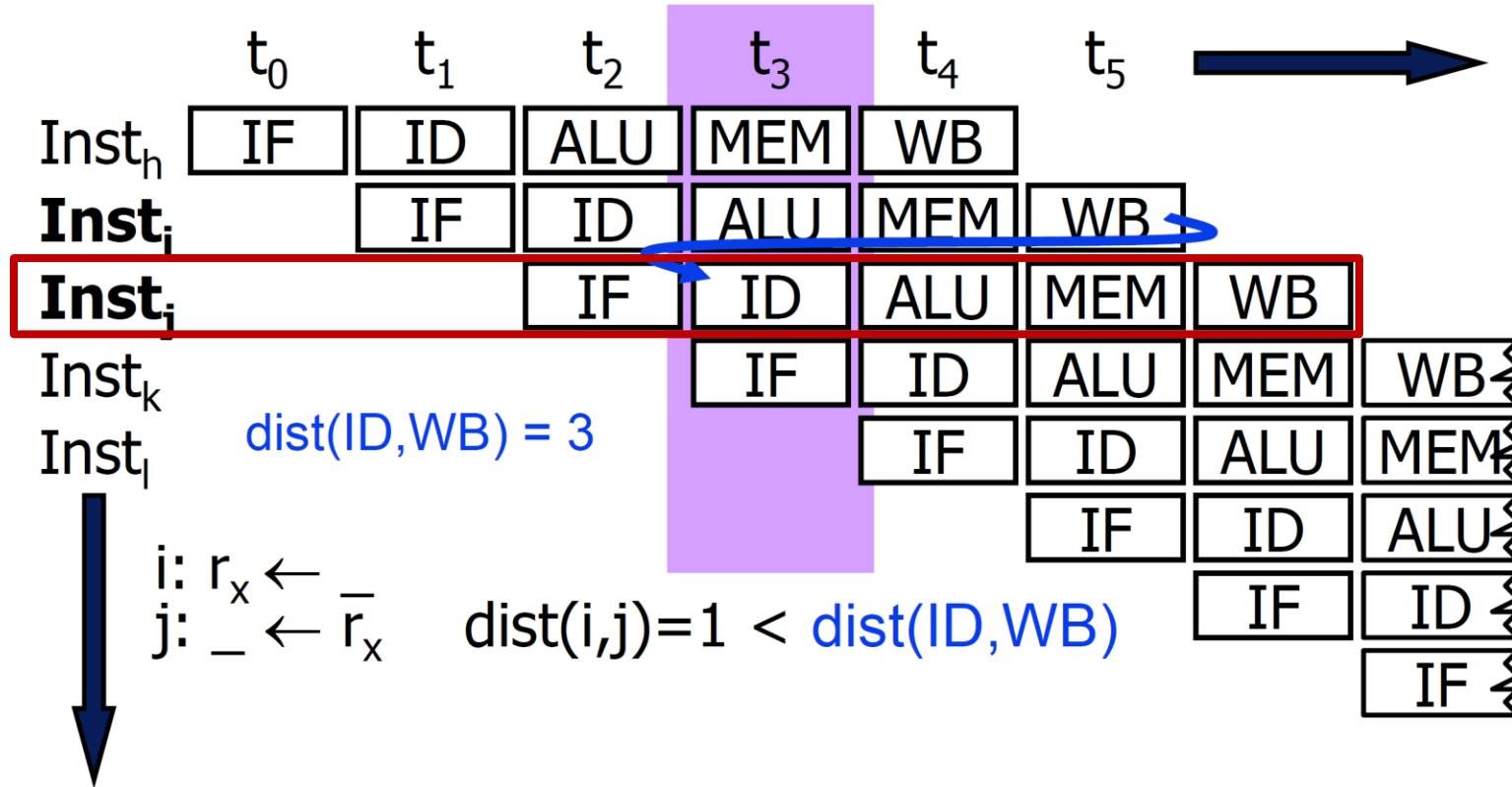
```
// Update ID/EX pipeline registers here  
always @(posedge clk) begin  
    if (reset) begin  
        end  
    else begin  
        end  
end
```

Hazard

- Your implementation should properly resolve:
 - Data hazard
 - ~~— Structural hazard~~
 - We do not append hardware modules to resolve structural hazard
 - ~~— Control hazard~~
 - We do not implement branch instructions now

Data hazard

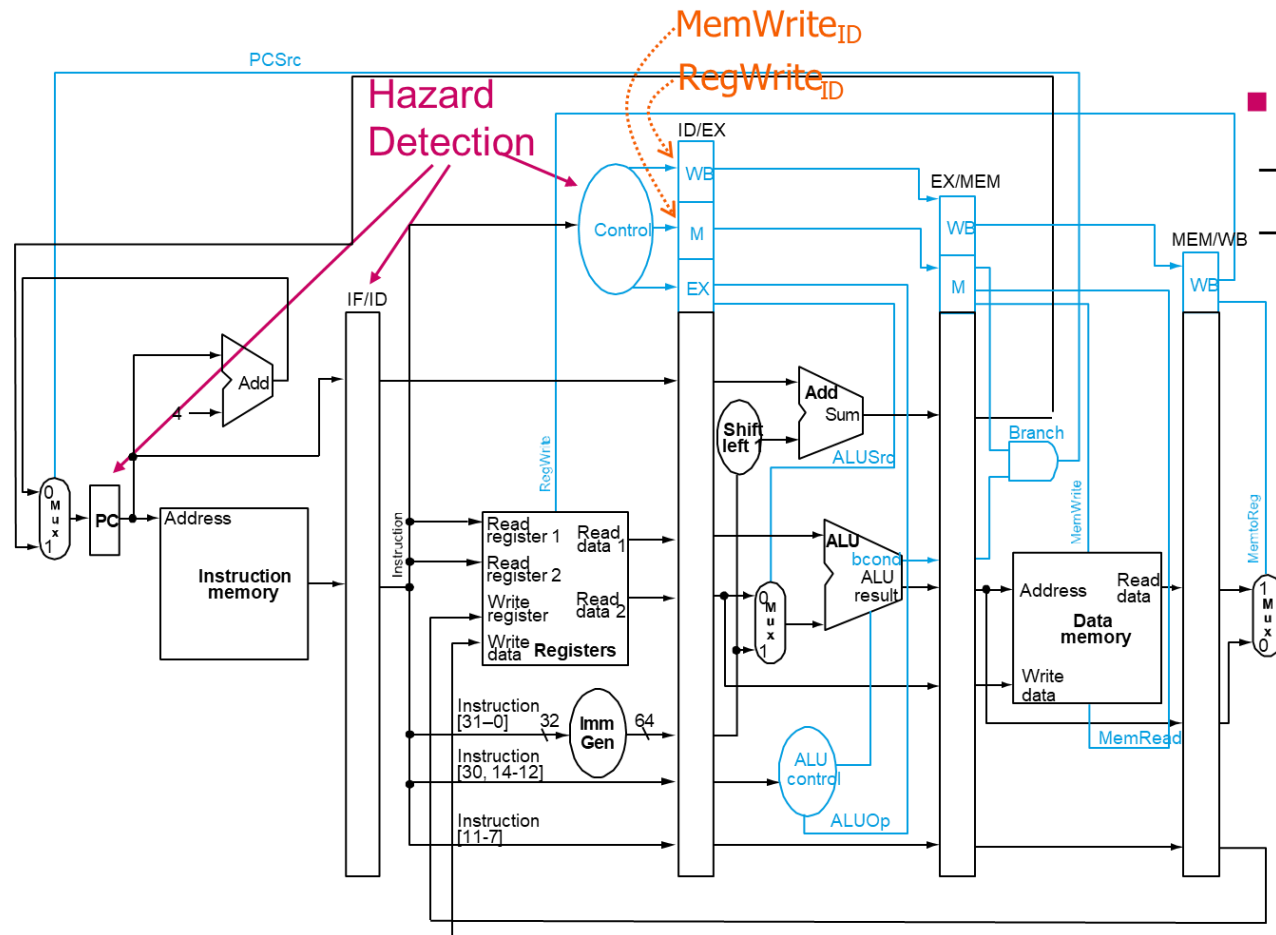
- You need to detect when the data hazard occurs



Inst j should wait until r_x is ready

Data hazard

- To stall the pipeline, you need to prevent any architectural state update by NOP(s)

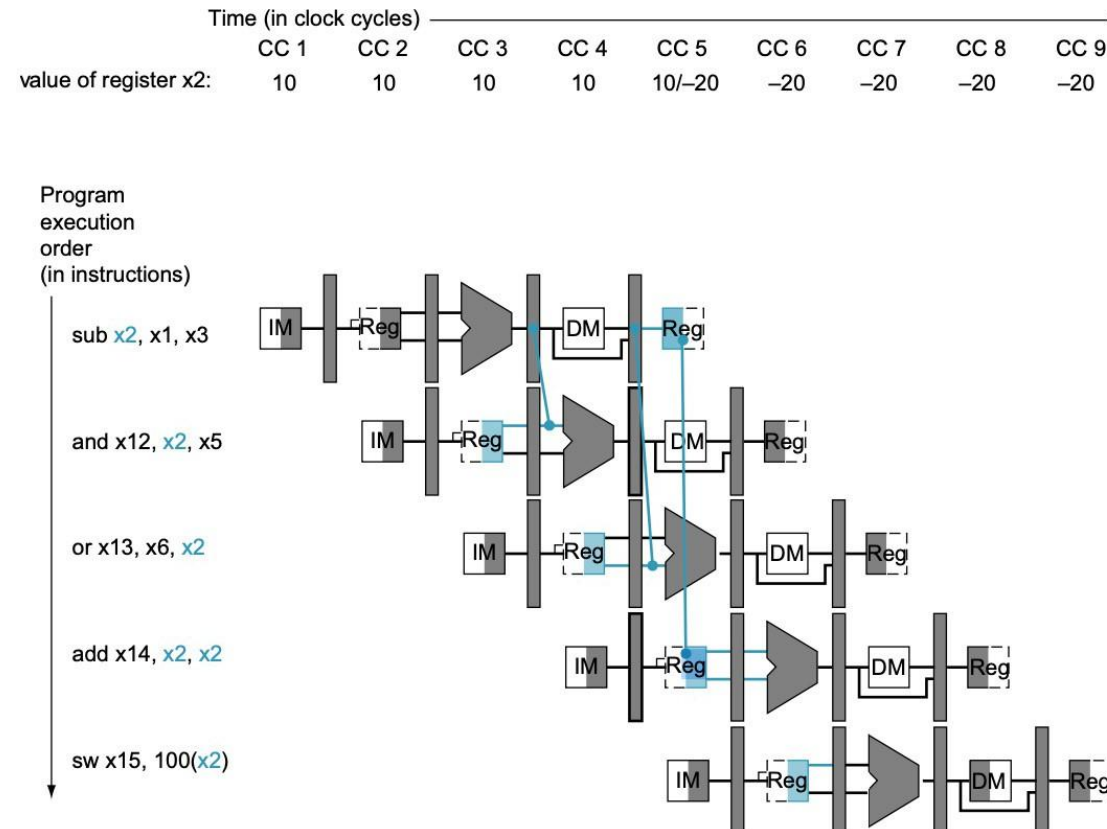


■ Stall

- Disable **PC** and **IR** latching
- Control should set $\text{RegWrite}_{ID}=0$ and $\text{MemWrite}_{ID}=0$

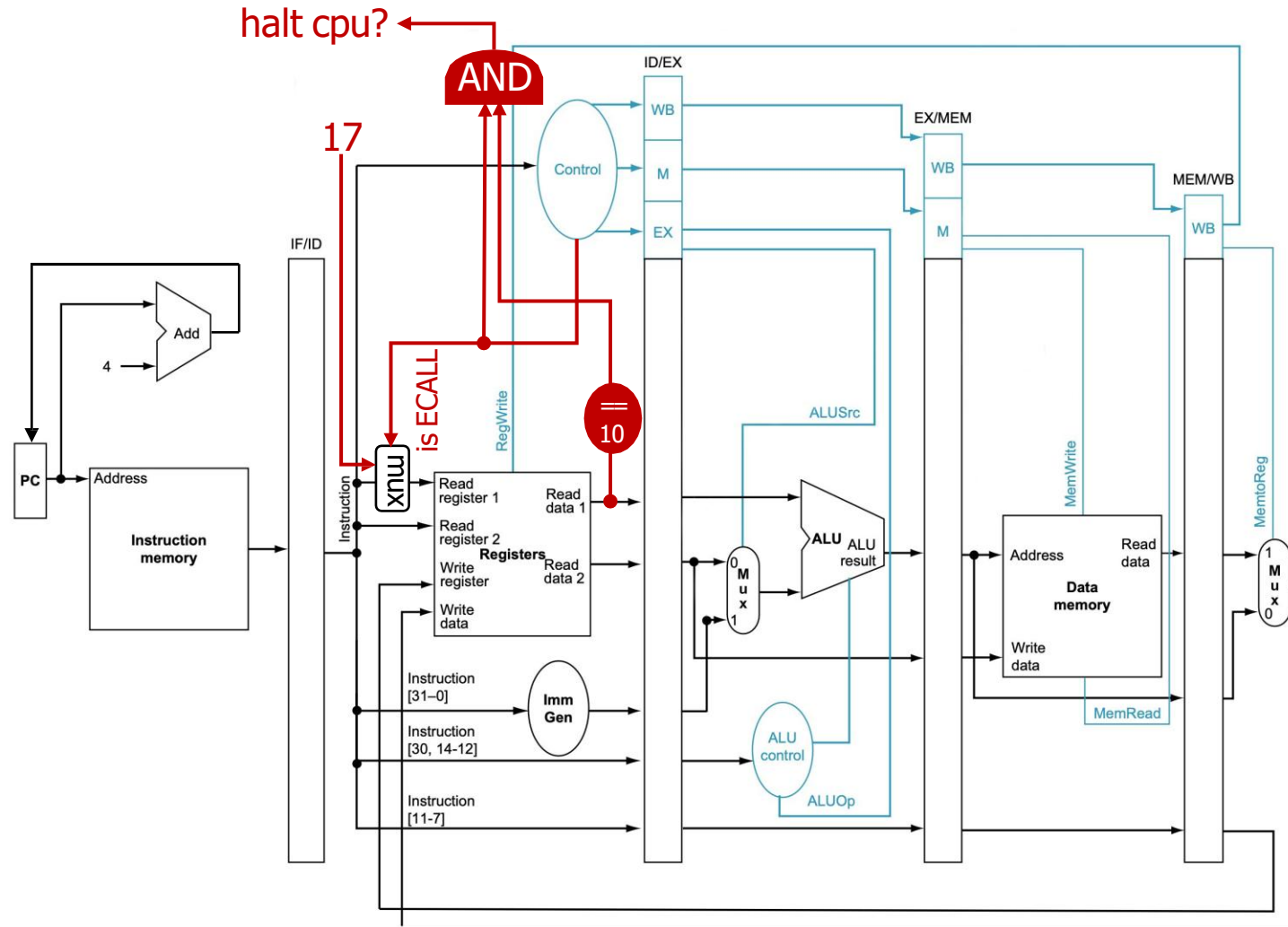
Data forwarding

- To reduce stalls, you can also implement data forwarding (necessary for 3-person team w/o extra credit)
(optional for 2-person team w/ extra credit +10)



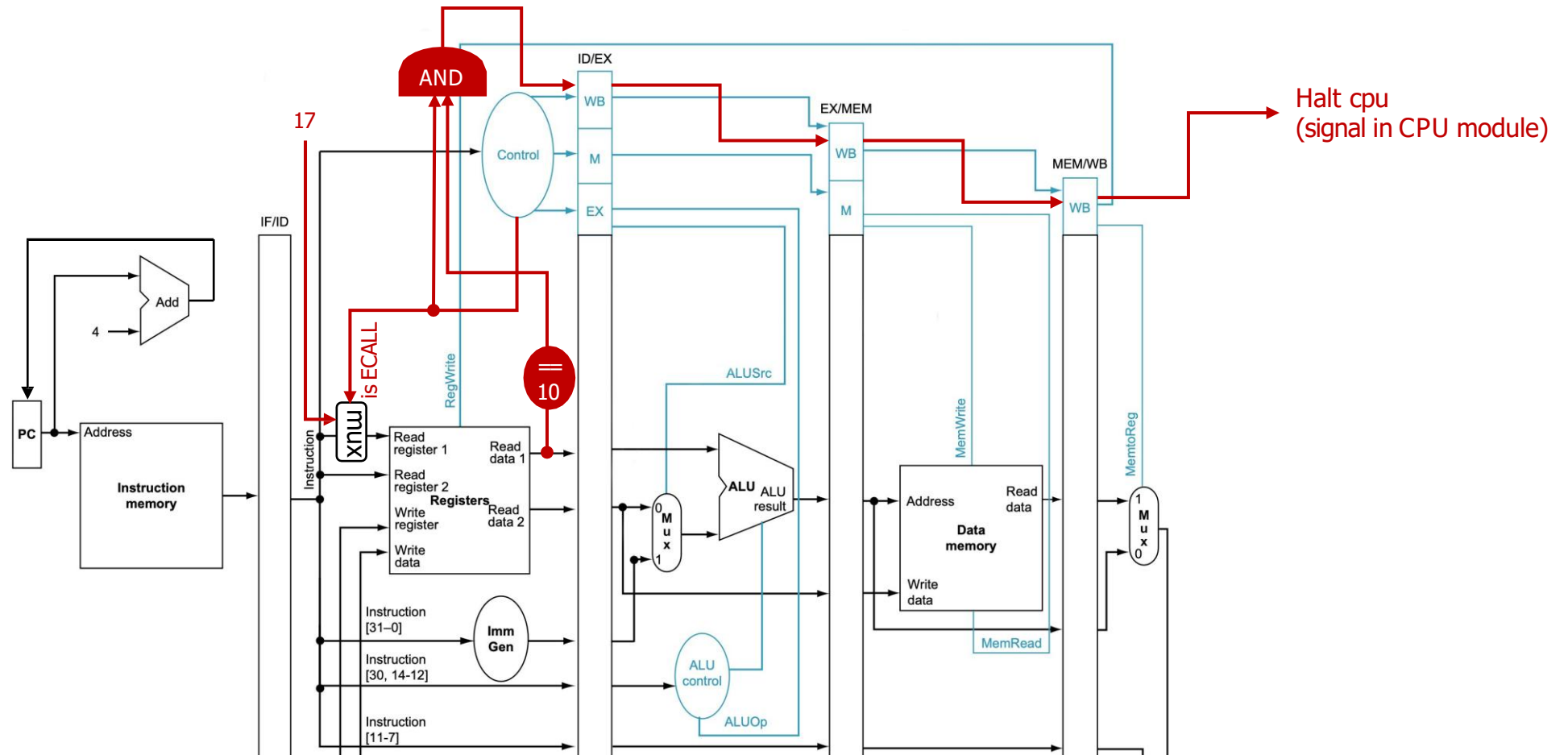
Handling ECALL instruction

■ How to halt CPU?



Handling ECALL instruction

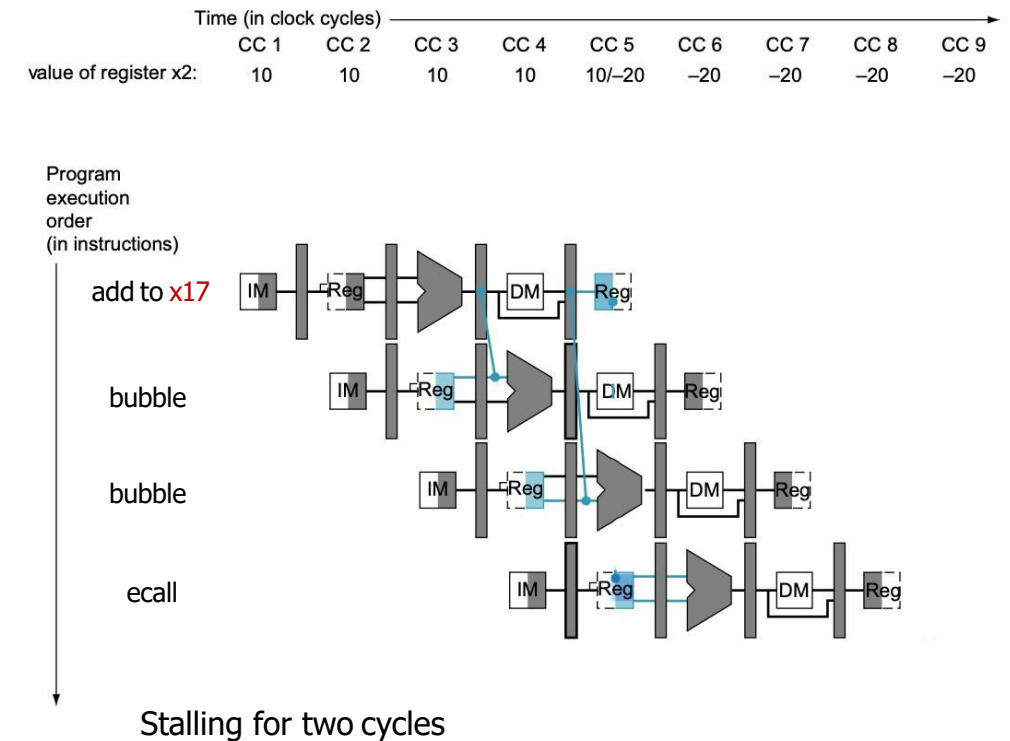
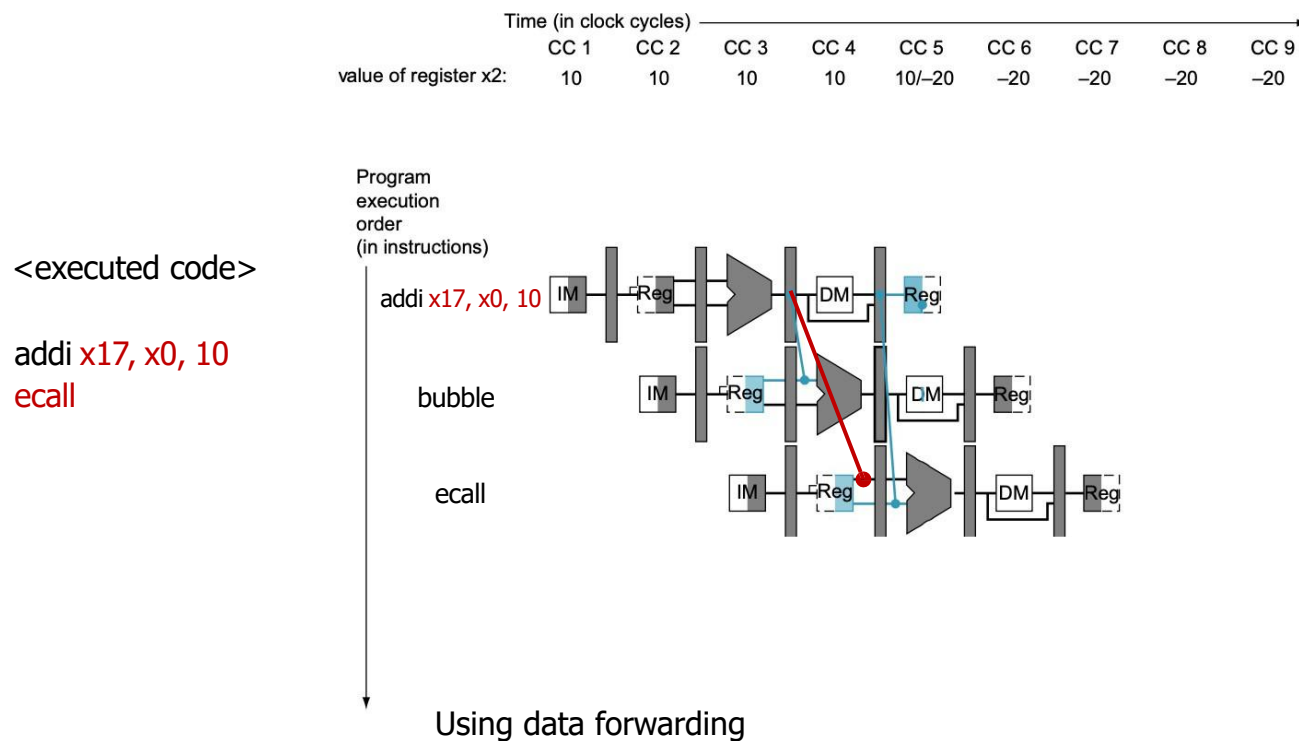
- You need to pipeline the halt signal



Handling ECALL instruction

■ Hazard and forwarding

- Also, data hazard should be handled properly by stalls or data forwarding



Submission

- Implementation (Deadline: 4/29 9:00 am)
 - 5-stage pipelined CPU
 - Data hazard
 - Stall (no extra credit)
 - Data forwarding
 - necessary for 3-person team
 - optional for 2-person team (extra credit +10)
 - You don't have to handle control hazard
 - Control flow instructions will not be used in this implementation
 - You need to follow the rules described in lab_guideline.pdf
 - Do not modify these files: top.v, RegisterFile.v, DataMemory.v, and InstMemory.v
 - If you wish to present a **demo in the Lab 4-1b session**, please submit your code by April 22nd 9 a.m.
 - (Optional submission) **Code: 2025. 4. 22. 09:00 a.m.**
 - Code resubmitted after the demo will not be accepted.

Submission

- Report (Deadline: 4/29 18:00)
- The report should include **(1) introduction, (2) design, (3) implementation, (4) discussion, and (5) conclusion sections.**
- Key points:
 - How does your pipelined CPU work?
 - Compare total cycles between the single cycle and pipelined CPU
 - Non-control flow input file
 - How to implement hazard detection?
 - When detected?
 - How to implement data forwarding?
 - When forwarded?

Submission

■ File format

- pdf file name: `Lab4_{team_id}_{student1_id}_{student2_id}.pdf`
 - ascending order of student IDs
 - PDF file of your report
 - code file name: `Lab4_{team_id}_{student1_id}_{student2_id}.zip`
 - **ascending order** of student IDs
 - Contents of the zip file (only *.v):
 - cpu.v
 - ...
 - **Do not** include top.v, DataMemory.v, InstMemory.v, and RegisterFile.v
 - **Do not** create a folder within the zip file
- One directory including all codes** when unzipped

ETC.

- In this lab, even if the same register is read from and written to at the same cycle, the internal forwarding mentioned in the textbook is not needed, because the write is done first at the at the negative edge.

Questions?