



The Carpentries Incubator

The Web is not the Internet

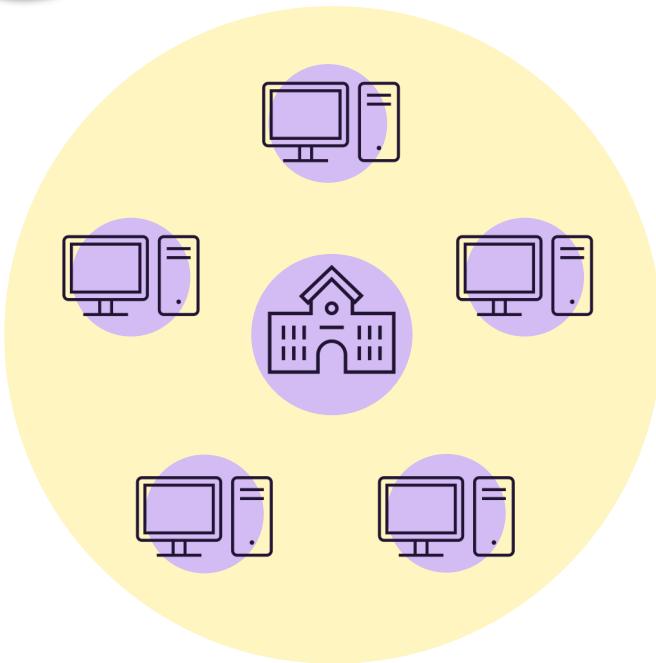
A Brief History of the World Wide Web

Fundamentals of Scientific Metadata: Why Context Matters



Advent of the internet

1960s

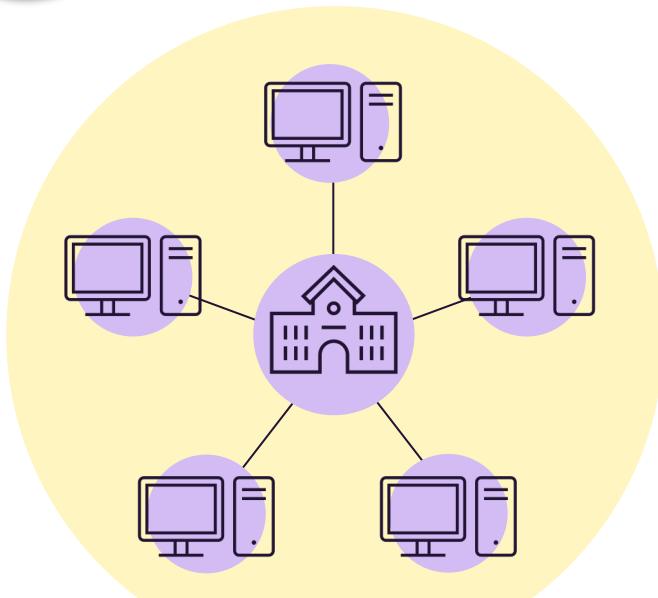


NEAC 2204 transistorized computer
[Image: <https://www.computerhistory.org>]



Advent of the internet

1960s



Local Area Network (LAN)

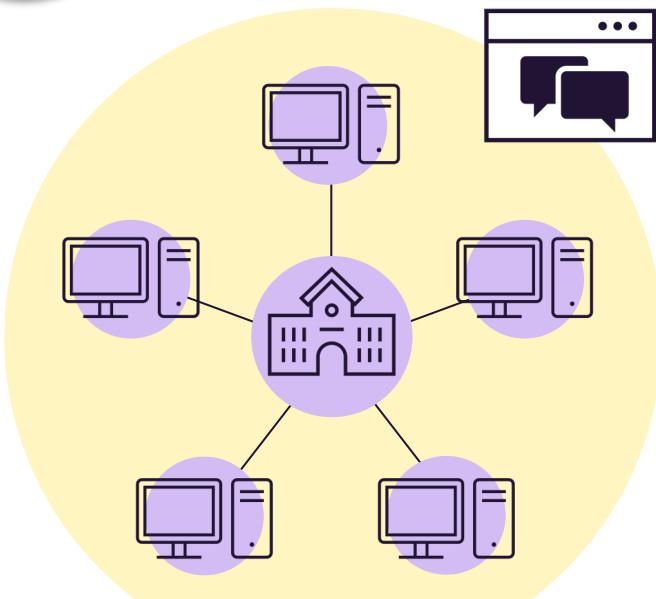


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Advent of the internet

1960s



Local Area Network (LAN)

Communication
Protocols

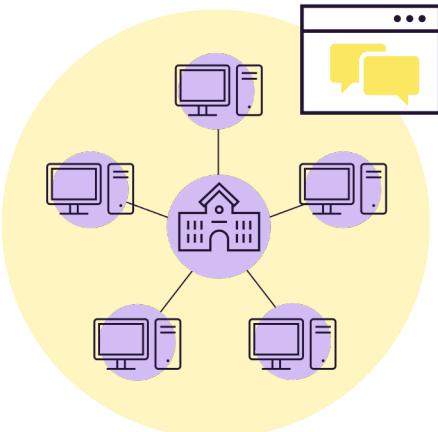
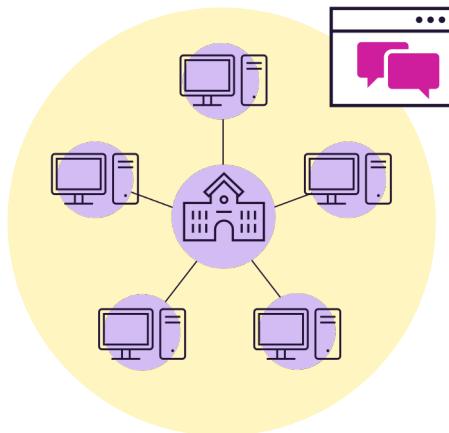
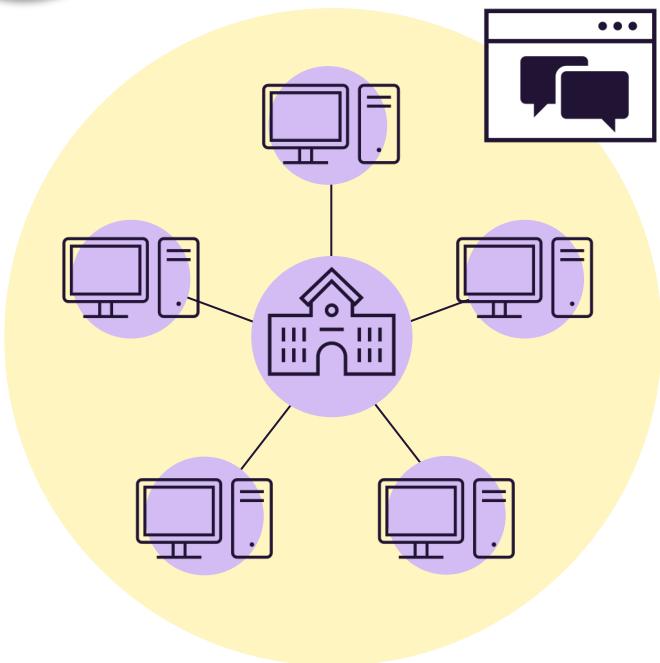


NEAC 2204 transistorized computer
[Image: <https://www.computerhistory.org>]

Advent of the internet



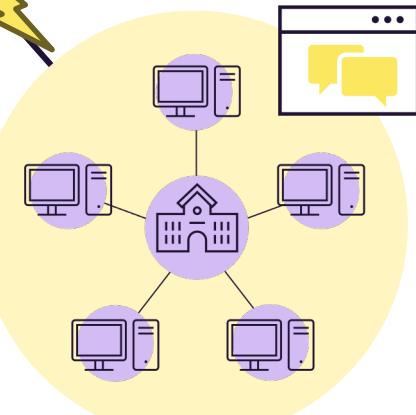
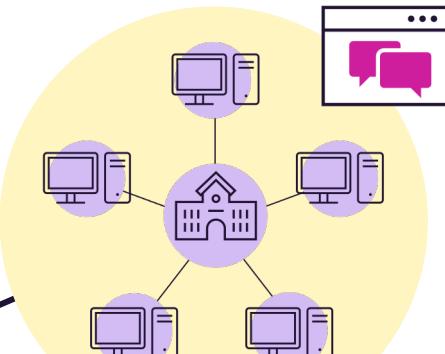
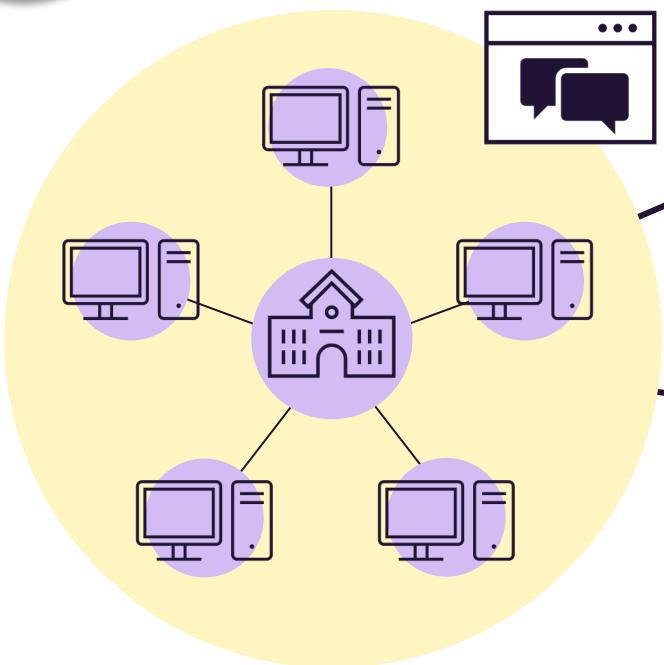
1960s



Advent of the internet



1960s





The internet

1970s

Vint Cerf & Bob Kahn
developed Internet Protocol Suite at the
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency
(DARPA)

TCP/IP
(Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol)

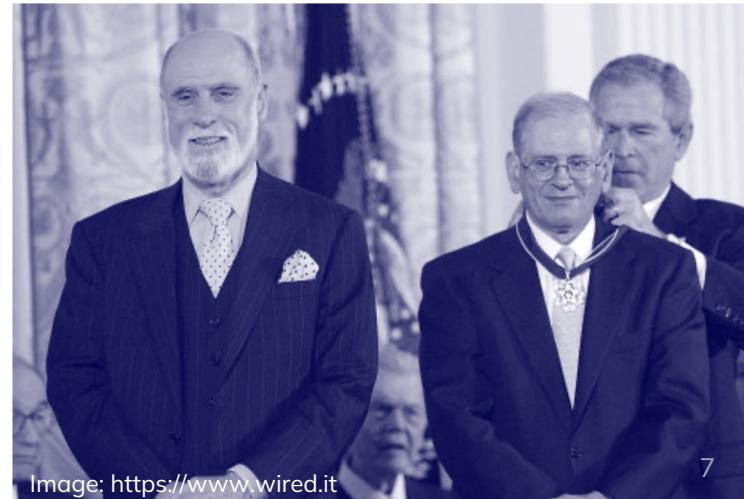
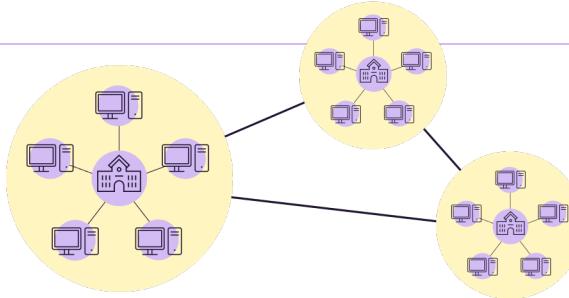


Image: <https://www.wired.it>



The internet

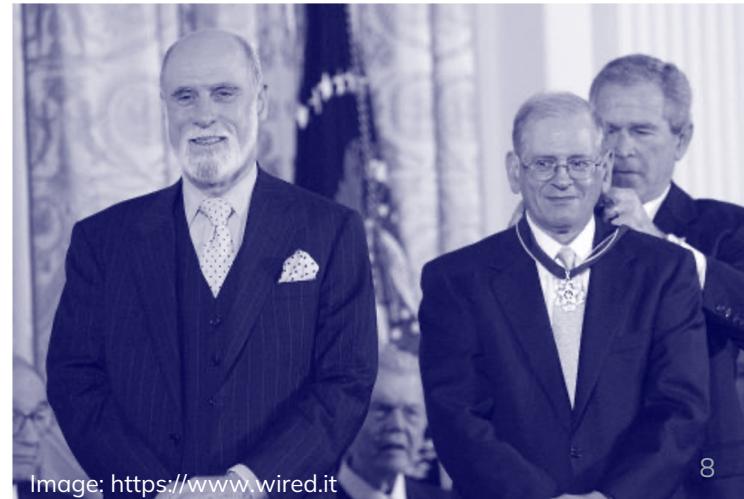
1970s



Vint Cerf & Bob Kahn
developed Internet Protocol Suite at the
Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency
(DARPA)

TCP/IP
(Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol)

→ enabled communication between networks





1980s

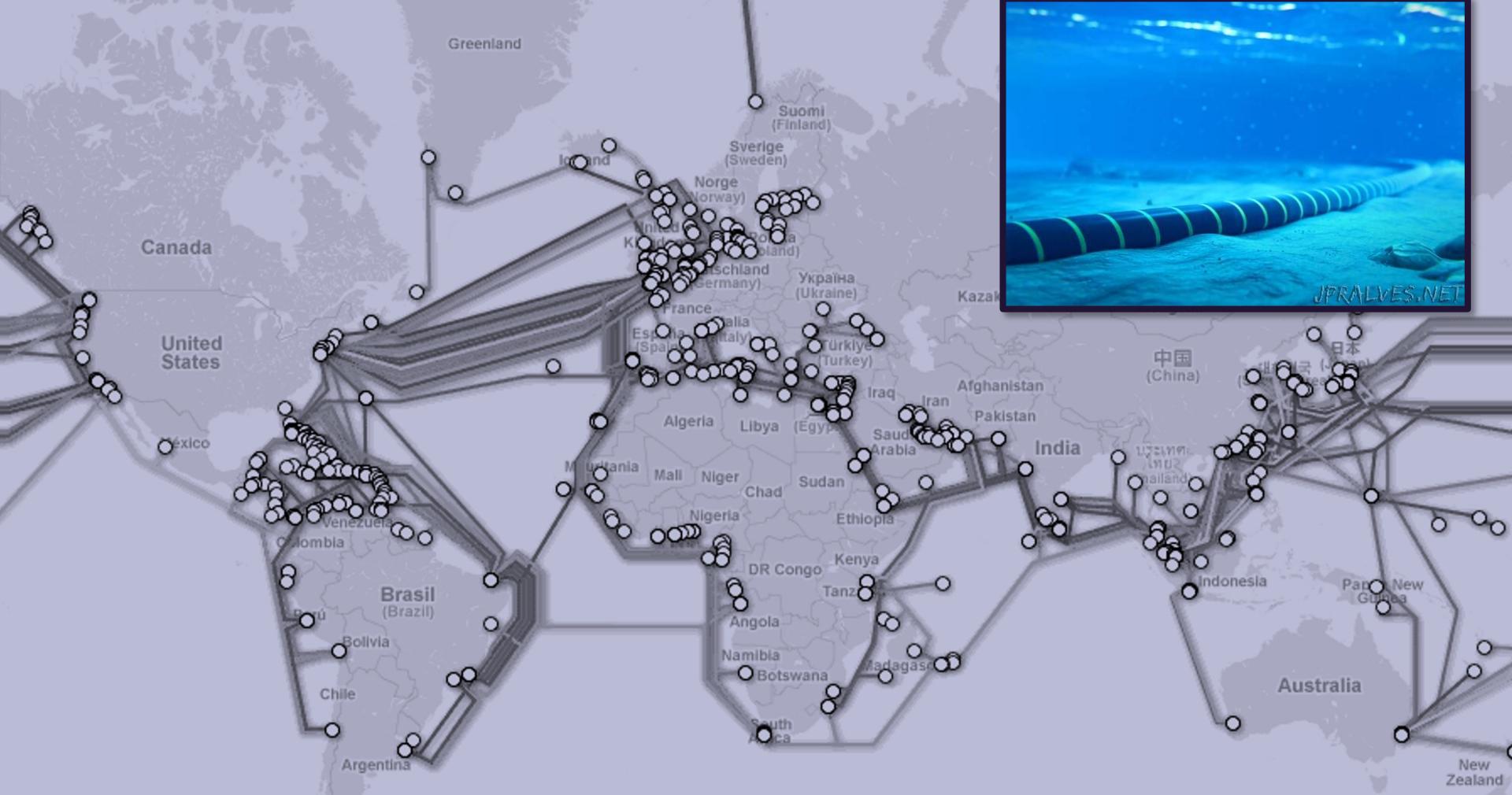


University of California, Berkley, puts one
TCP/IP code under public domain.



The Internet – Network of Networks

Image: <https://www.tuinstitutoonline.com>



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Image: <https://www.tuinstitutoonline.com>



The internet

1980s



University of California, Berkley, puts one
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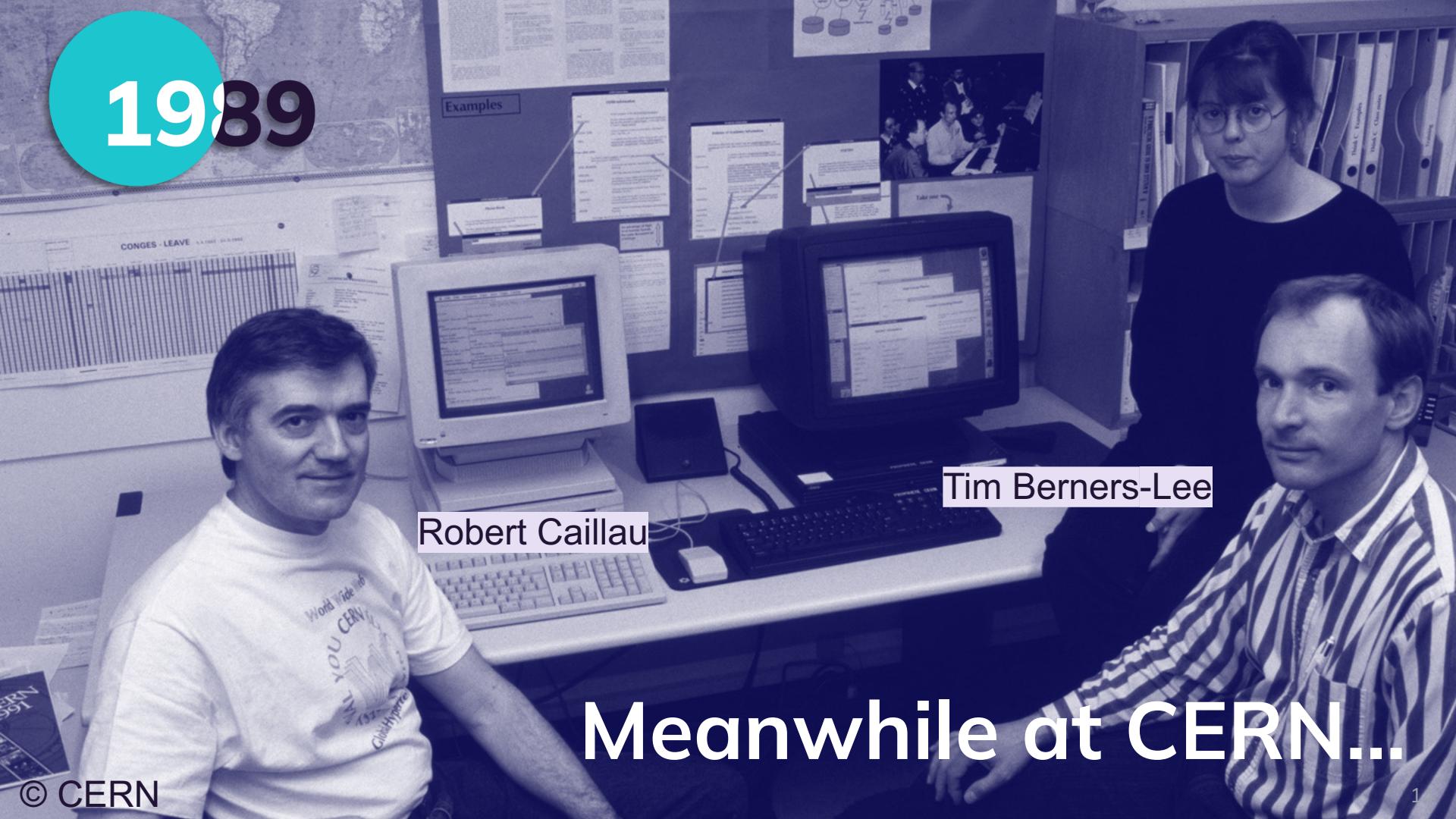
(Simple) Mail Transfer Protocol [(S)MTP] are developed at University of California, LA, by Jon Postel and Suzanne Sluizer

1989



Meanwhile at CERN...

1989



Robert Caillau

Tim Berners-Lee

Meanwhile at CERN...



Science created the World Wide Web

- **CERN research centre** in Geneva, Switzerland
- researchers Tim Berners-Lee and Robert Cailliau
- joint proposal for **World-Wide Web**
- developed to “meet the demand for **automated information-sharing between scientists** in universities and institutes around the world”. [1], [2]

[1] <http://info.cern.ch/hypertext/WWW/Proposal.html>

[2] <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1701.04765.pdf>



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The World Wide Web is a service,
that runs on the internet
which allows to search, get and share data.

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[2] <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1701.04765.pdf>

Robert Caillau

„During some sessions in the CERN cafeteria, Tim and I try to find a catching name for the system. [...] Tim proposes "World-Wide Web".

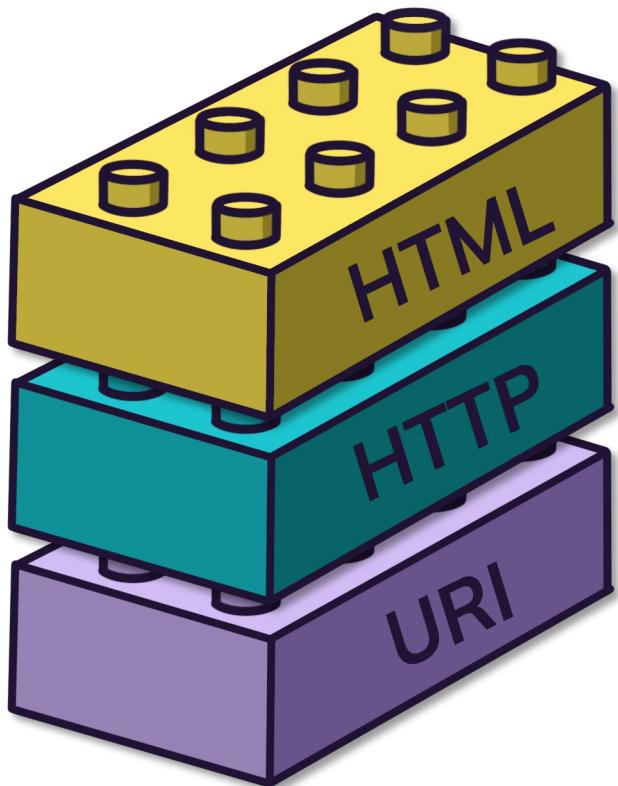
I like this very much, except that it is difficult to pronounce in French...“



Quote: http://www.netvalley.com/archives/mirrors/robert_caillau_speech.htm

Image: © juliadeboer.com / TheNextWeb.com

World Wide Web building blocks

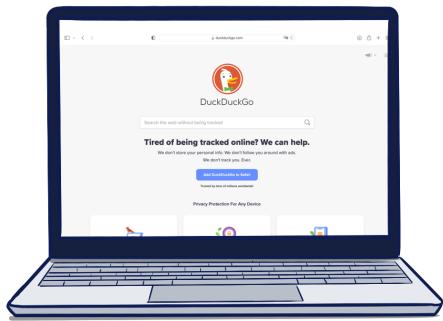


HyperText Markup Language

HyperText Transfer Protocol

Uniform Resource Identifiers

Outlook: HTTP GET request in client-server communication



HTTP Request

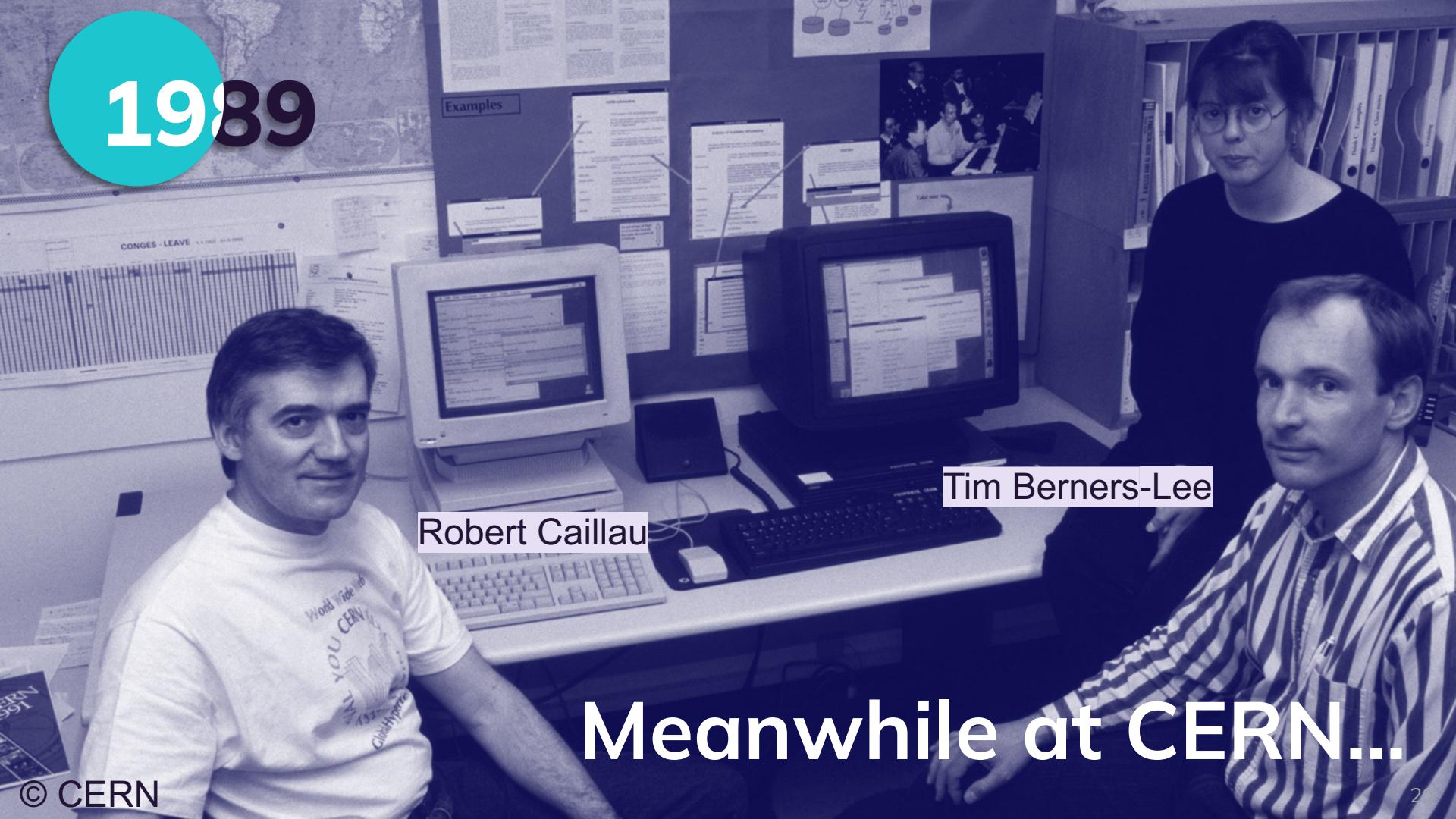
GET Path HTTP/1.0

Host: Host
User-Agent: Mozilla
...



More on this
later

1989

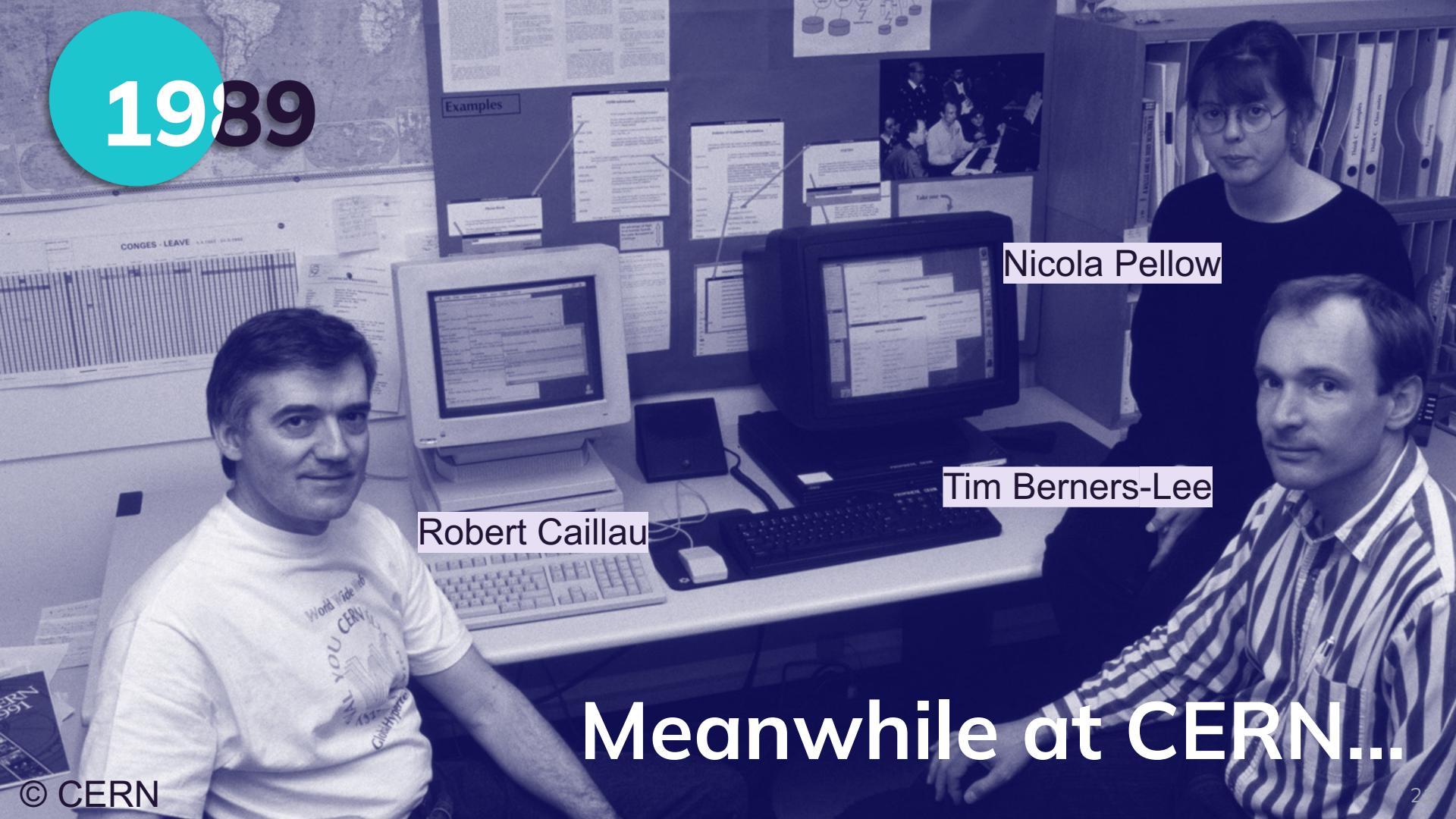


Robert Caillau

Tim Berners-Lee

Meanwhile at CERN...

1989



CERN

The European Laboratory for Particle Physics, located near Geneva[1] in Switzerland[2] and France[3]. Also the birthplace of the World-Wide Web[4].

This is the CERN laboratory main server. The support team provides a set of Services[5] to the physics experiments and the lab. For questions and suggestions, see WWW Support Contacts[6] at CERN

[About the Laboratory\[7\]](#) - [Hot News\[8\]](#) - [Activities\[9\]](#) - [About Physics\[10\]](#) - [Other Subjects\[11\]](#) - [Search\[12\]](#)

About the Laboratory

[Help\[13\]](#) and [General information\[14\]](#), divisions, groups and activities[15] (structure), [Scientific committees\[16\]](#)

[Directories\[17\]](#) (phone & email, services & people), [Scientific Information Service\[18\]](#) (library, archives or Alice), [Preprint\[19\]](#) Server

1-45, Back, Up, <RETURN> for more, Quit, or Help: ■



Early web servers & repositories

- early 1990s **arXiv preprint repository** switches from email to HTTP access for manuscript transmission.
- **1992** Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron DESY in Hamburg connects a web server to the WWW.
- **Web repositories** store and publish (scholarly) digital objects – like paper publications and research data – and their metadata records. They aim to **improve the persistent findability and accessibility of research output on the Web**.



The arXiv preprint server in the 1990s (© Paul Ginsparg)



Registries of repositories

Repositories are indexed for findability in registry services.

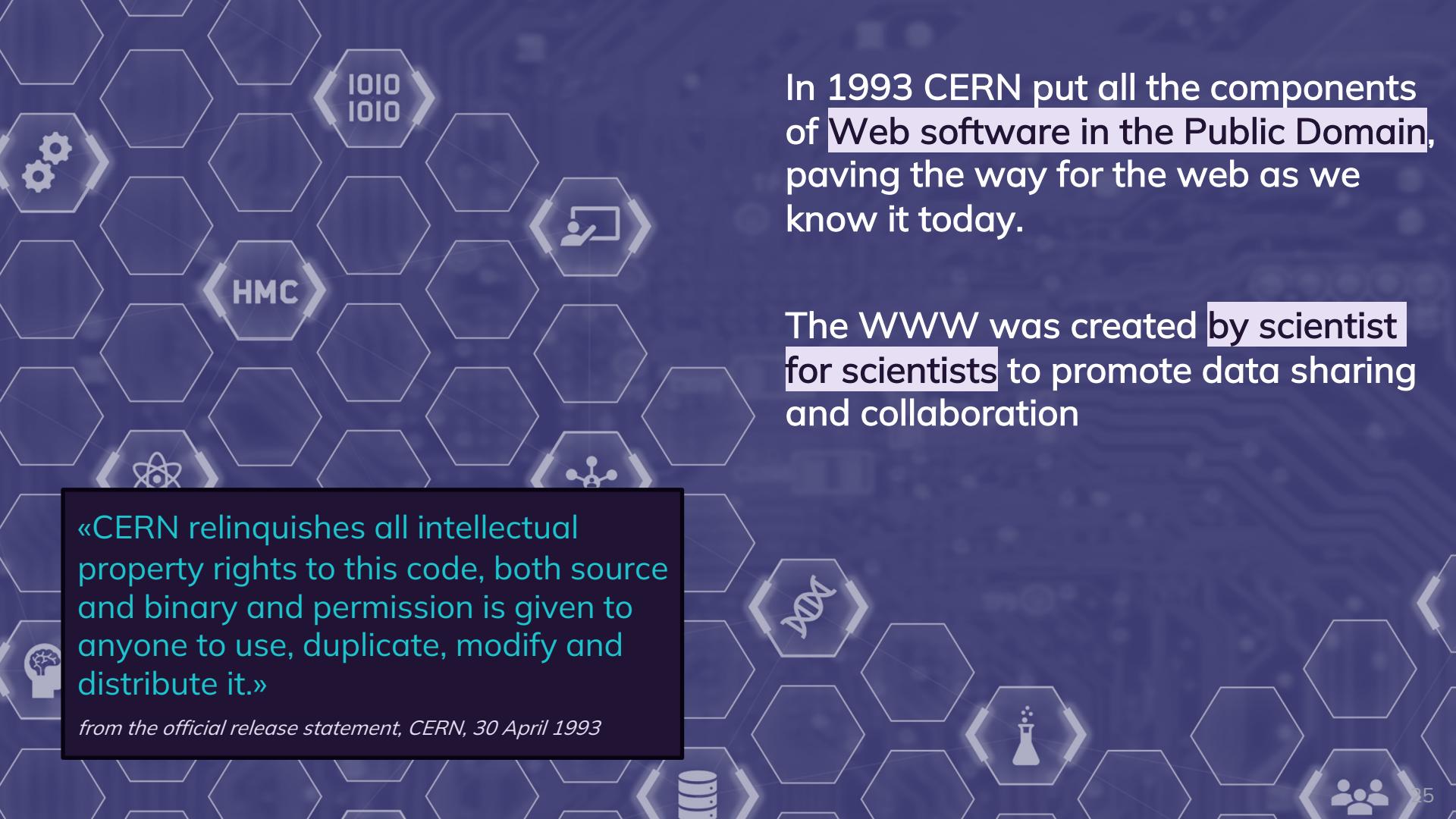
www.re3data.org

v2.sherpa.ac.uk/opendoar

risources.dfg.de



Screenshot of re3data.org search box



In 1993 CERN put all the components of Web software in the Public Domain, paving the way for the web as we know it today.

The WWW was created by scientist for scientists to promote data sharing and collaboration

«CERN relinquishes all intellectual property rights to this code, both source and binary and permission is given to anyone to use, duplicate, modify and distribute it.»

from the official release statement, CERN, 30 April 1993

DISCLAIMER

This slide deck is part of the Lesson

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Why Context Matters**

published on **The Carpentries Incubator**.

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You can find more information about this course on **Github**.



image:
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