

# Ticket To Tech

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# Problem Overview

- Problem:
  - Finding Optimal Path to Classes
- Algorithms Implemented in Python & C++:
  - Breadth First Search (BFS)
  - Depth First Search(DFS)
  - A\* Search
  - Bidirectional Search
- The goal is to find the most efficient algorithm to solve this problem.

# Objective & Research:

- Objective: Determine which algorithm is the most efficient for finding the optimal path between two places.
- Time complexity :
  - BFS, DFS, and A\*:  $O(|n|^2)$
  - Bidirectional:  $O(|b|^{d/2})$
- Expected Results: Bidirectional will be the most efficient algorithm

# Description of Experiment:

- Real World Datasets of Tennessee Tech’s Campus
  - Small, medium, & large unweighted graphs
- Tested code on Makenzie’s MacBook Pro five times for:
  - Each algorithm on each graph
  - Brute force on small and medium graphs
- Routes we tested
- Comparisons

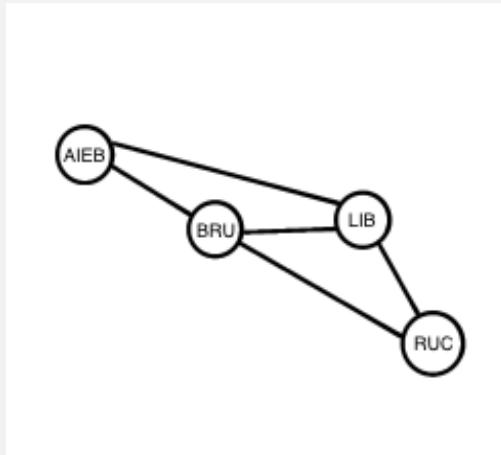
# Input Matrices and Graphs

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[1, 0, 1, 1]

[1, 1, 0, 1]

[0, 1, 1, 0]



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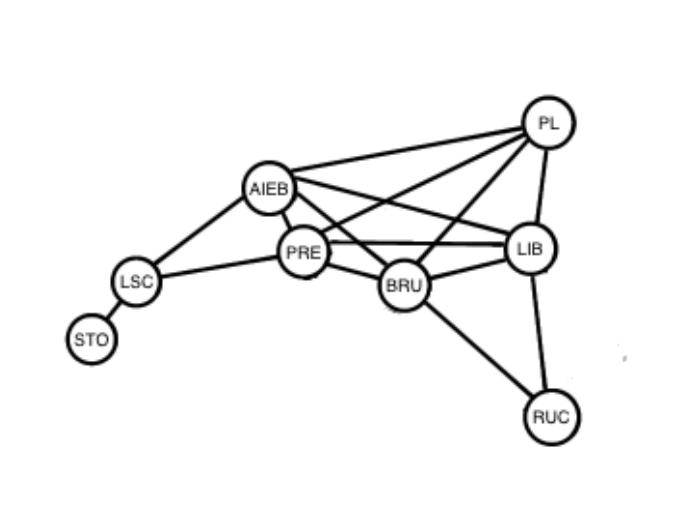
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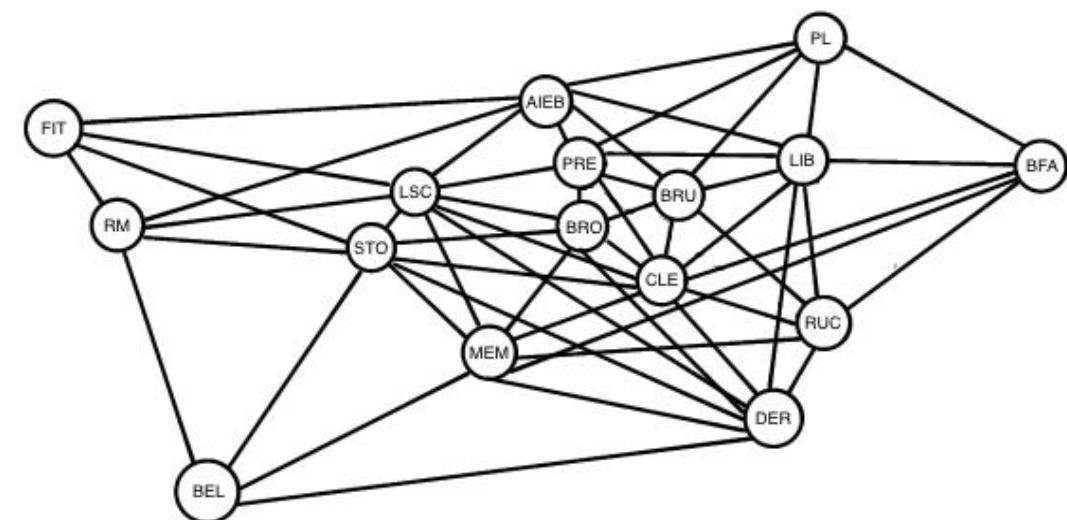
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# Input Matrices and Graphs

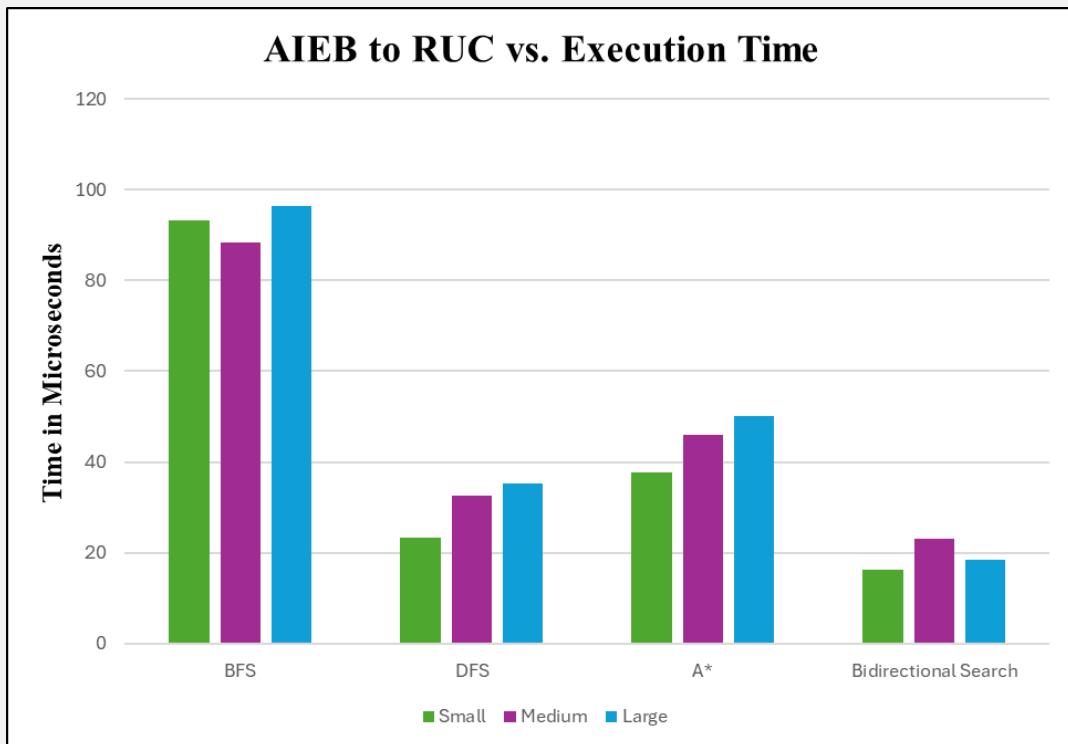
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# Results:

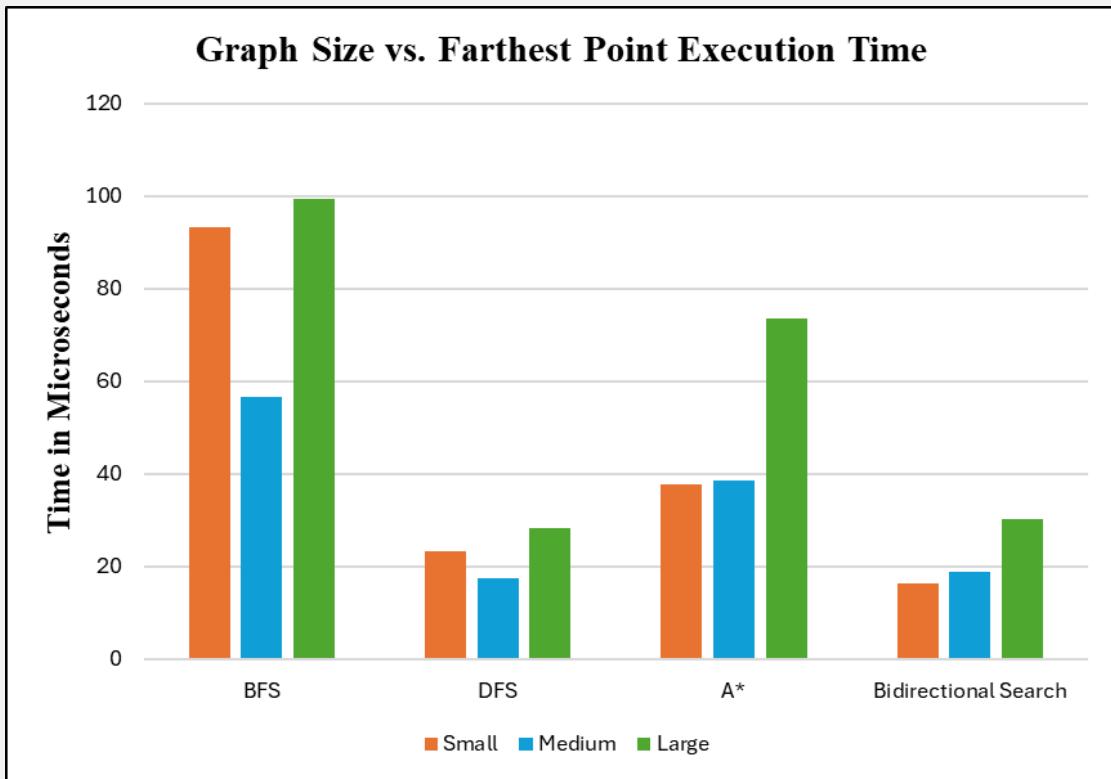
- Execution times ranked from lowest to highest:
  - Bidirectional
  - DFS
  - A\*
  - BFS
- Most consistent algorithms:
  - BFS
  - Bidirectional

# Figure 1 and Table 1



AIEB to RUC vs. Execution Time ( $\mu$ s)			
Algorithm	Small	Medium	Large
BFS	93.2	88.4	96.4
DFS	23.4	32.6	35.4
A*	37.8	46	50.2
Bidirectional Search	16.4	23.2	18.4

# Figure 2 & Table 2

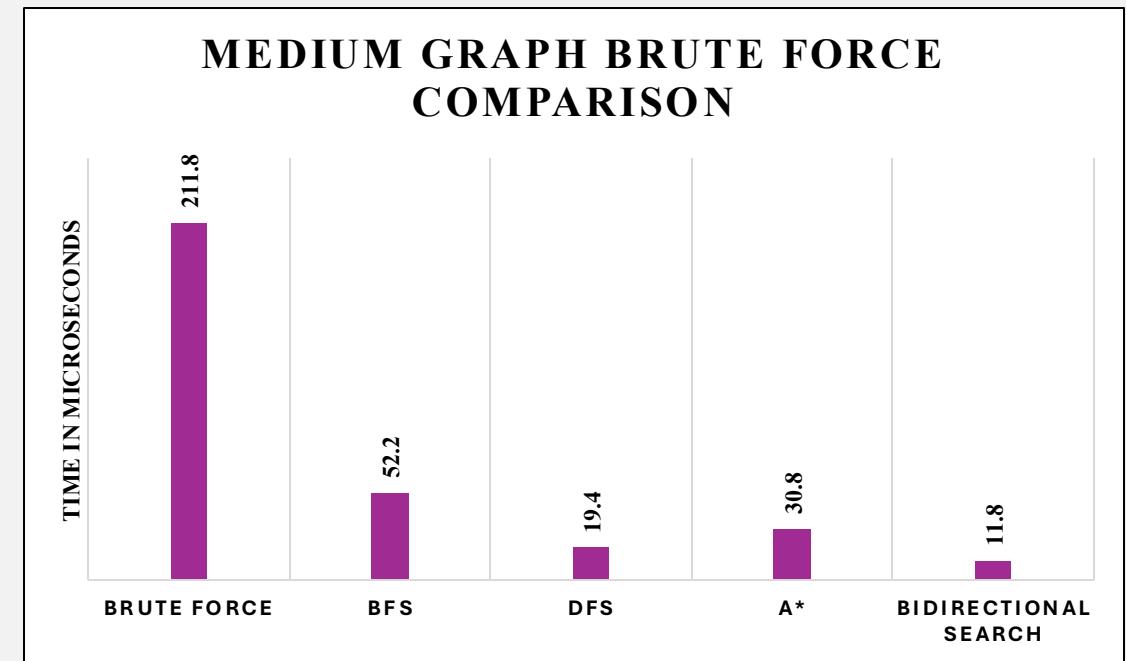
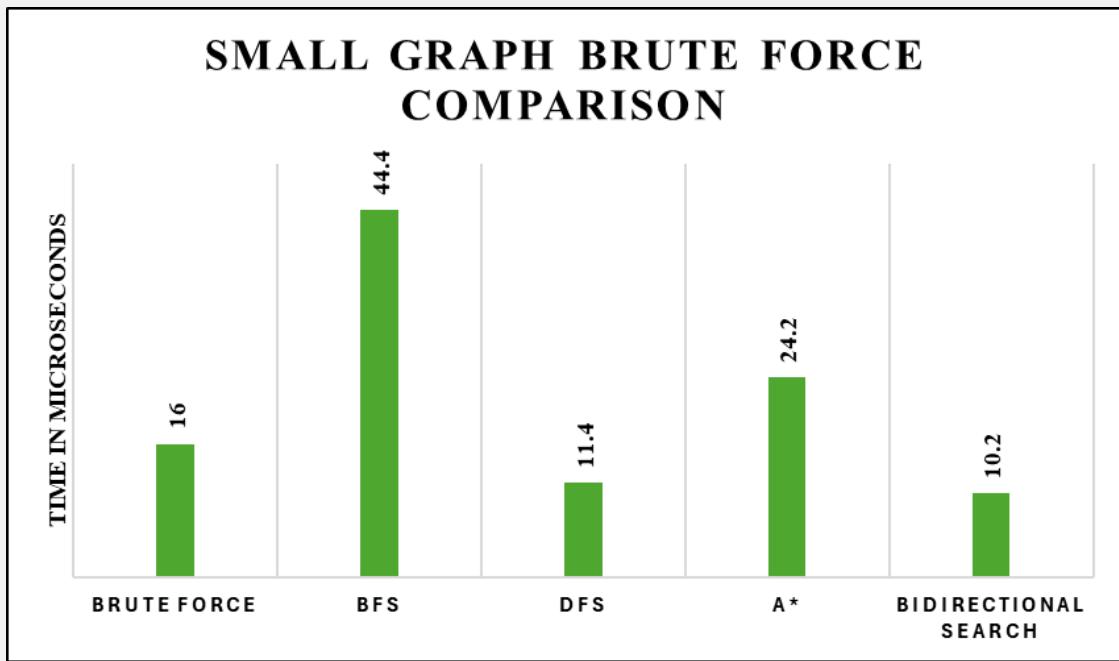


Graph Size vs. Farthest Point Execution Time ( $\mu$ s)			
Algorithm	Small	Medium	Large
BFS	93.2	56.6	99.4
DFS	23.4	17.6	28.2
A*	37.8	38.6	73.6
Bidirectional Search	16.4	18.8	30.2

# Table 3:

<b>Average of Brute Force Method vs. Path Planning Algorithms</b>		
<b>Algorithm</b>	<b>Small</b>	<b>Medium</b>
<b>Brute Force</b>	16 $\mu$ s	211.8 $\mu$ s
<b>BFS</b>	44.4 $\mu$ s	52.2 $\mu$ s
<b>DFS</b>	11.4 $\mu$ s	19.4 $\mu$ s
<b>A*</b>	24.2 $\mu$ s	30.8 $\mu$ s
<b>Bidirectional Search</b>	10.2 $\mu$ s	11.8 $\mu$ s

# Figures 3 & 4



# Interpretation Summary:

- Ran the program 5 times per input
- Larger number of vertices → longer execution times
- Bidirectional was most efficient when searching for the path between the furthest points; BFS was least efficient
- Brute force is most efficient with small input sizes

# Limitations & Next Steps:

- Limited input size, graph structure, limited time
- Larger input size, sparser graph, implement a weighted graph, measure different outputs

# QR Code:



# References:

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<https://chat.openai.com> -experimentation
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