

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
# import dask.dataframe as dd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from datetime import datetime
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectFromModel
```

```
In [2]: pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)

train = pd.read_csv('train_data.csv', low_memory=False)
```

```
In [3]: # # Reading test and validation dataset to transform categorical values on those as we
# test = pd.read_csv('test_data.csv')
# val_set = pd.read_csv('val_set_data.csv')
```

```
In [4]: train.head()
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	date	customer_code	employee_index	country	female	age	new_cust	seniority_in_months
0	2015-07-28	664160	N	1	0	0.632653	0	0.402344
1	2016-01-28	1076784	N	1	0	0.214286	0	0.152344
2	2015-12-28	672465	N	1	0	0.387755	0	0.417969
3	2015-10-28	774528	N	1	0	0.397959	0	0.343750
4	2016-05-28	569598	N	1	0	0.459184	0	0.496094

```
In [5]: train['date'] = pd.to_datetime(train['date'])
```

```
In [7]: # Initialize LabelEncoder
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()

# Apply LabelEncoder on the customer_code column
train['customer_code_encoded'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(train['customer_code'])

# Apply the same encoding to the test and validation set
# test['customer_code_encoded'] = label_encoder.transform(test['customer_code'])
# val_set['customer_code_encoded'] = label_encoder.transform(val_set['customer_code'])

# Display the first few rows in test and val_set to verify the encoding
```

```
# print(test[['customer_code', 'customer_code_encoded']].head())  
# print(val_set[['customer_code', 'customer_code_encoded']].head())  
print(train[['customer_code', 'customer_code_encoded']].head())
```

	customer_code	customer_code_encoded
0	664160	263662
1	1076784	459750
2	672465	266890
3	774528	300528
4	569598	227731

```
In [8]: # Convert all boolean columns (True/False) to integers (1/0)  
train = train.map(lambda x: int(x) if isinstance(x, bool) else x)  
# test = test.map(lambda x: int(x) if isinstance(x, bool) else x)  
# val_set = val_set.map(lambda x: int(x) if isinstance(x, bool) else x)  
  
# Display the first few rows to check the changes  
print(train.head())  
# print(test.head())  
# print(val_set.head())
```

	date	customer_code	employee_index	country	female	age	\
0	2015-07-28	664160	N	1	0	0.632653	
1	2016-01-28	1076784	N	1	0	0.214286	
2	2015-12-28	672465	N	1	0	0.387755	
3	2015-10-28	774528	N	1	0	0.397959	
4	2016-05-28	569598	N	1	0	0.459184	

	new_cust	seniority_in_months	cust_type	residency_spain	birth_spain	\
0	0	0.402344	1	1	0	
1	0	0.152344	1	1	0	
2	0	0.417969	1	1	0	
3	0	0.343750	1	1	0	
4	0	0.496094	1	1	0	

	join_channel	province_name	active_cust	income	segment	\
0	KAR	MADRID	0	1.989686	02 - PARTICULARES	
1	KHE	LERIDA	0	-0.306603	03 - UNIVERSITARIO	
2	KFC	SEVILLA	1	-0.148205	02 - PARTICULARES	
3	KFA	MURCIA	1	-0.228531	02 - PARTICULARES	
4	KAT	MADRID	1	0.588748	02 - PARTICULARES	

	savings_acct	guarantees	current_acct	derivada_acct	payroll_acct	\
0	0	0	1	0	0	
1	0	0	1	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	1	
3	0	0	1	0	0	
4	0	0	1	0	0	

	junior_acct	mas_particular_acct	particular_acct	particular_plus_acct	\
0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	

	short_term_depo	medium_term_depo	long_term_depo	e_acct	funds	mortgage	\
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	pension	loans	taxes	credit_card	securities	home_acct	pensions_2	\
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	direct_debt	total_products	01 - TOP	02 - PARTICULARES	\
0	0	1	0	1	
1	0	1	0	0	
2	1	4	0	1	
3	1	2	0	1	
4	0	1	0	1	

	03 - UNIVERSITARIO	join_channel_encoded	province_name_encoded	\
0	0	1.424185	1.749698	
1	1	0.886876	1.006139	
2	0	1.559984	1.382030	

3	0	1.850124	1.075147
4	0	1.942077	1.749698

	employee_index_encoded	customer_code_encoded
0	1.407278	263662
1	1.407278	459750
2	1.407278	266890
3	1.407278	300528
4	1.407278	227731

```
In [9]: train = train.rename(columns={'country': 'country_spain'})
```

```
In [10]: df_encoded = train
```

```
In [11]: # List of columns you want to drop
columns_to_drop = ['customer_code', 'employee_index', 'join_channel', 'province_name',

# Drop the columns from the DataFrame
df_encoded = df_encoded.drop(columns=columns_to_drop)

# Display the first few rows to confirm the columns were dropped
df_encoded.head()
```

```
Out[11]:
```

	date	country_spain	female	age	new_cust	seniority_in_months	cust_type	residency_spain
0	2015-07-28	1	0	0.632653	0	0.402344	1	1
1	2016-01-28	1	0	0.214286	0	0.152344	1	1
2	2015-12-28	1	0	0.387755	0	0.417969	1	1
3	2015-10-28	1	0	0.397959	0	0.343750	1	1
4	2016-05-28	1	0	0.459184	0	0.496094	1	1

New variables

Customers with higher income relative to the number of products they hold may indicate a propensity for wealth management.

```
In [12]: # 1. Income to Product Ratio
df_encoded['income_to_product_ratio'] = df_encoded['income'] / df_encoded['total_products']
df_encoded['income_to_product_ratio']
```

```
Out[12]: 0          1.989686
          1         -0.306603
          2         -0.037051
          3         -0.114266
          4          0.588748
          ...
        6579712      1.700197
        6579713     -0.402519
        6579714      0.954580
        6579715     -0.010249
        6579716     -0.214432
        Name: income_to_product_ratio, Length: 6579717, dtype: float64
```

Income to Age Ratio: This metric helps identify customers who might have high disposable income.

```
In [13]: # 2. Income to Age Ratio
df_encoded['income_to_age'] = train['income'] / (df_encoded['age'] + 1e-5) # Avoid di
df_encoded['income_to_age']
```

```
Out[13]: 0          3.144938
          1         -1.430748
          2         -0.382203
          3         -0.574243
          4          1.282133
          ...
        6579712      2.031918
        6579713     -0.730484
        6579714      1.670486
        6579715     -0.118158
        6579716     -0.525345
        Name: income_to_age, Length: 6579717, dtype: float64
```

```
In [14]: df_encoded['total_savings'] = (df_encoded['savings_acct'] + df_encoded['short_term_dep
df_encoded['medium_term_depo'] + df_encoded['long_term_depo
```

```
In [15]: #Create function to calculate the probability

def calculate_product_probabilities(df, product_columns):
    product_counts = df_encoded[product_columns].sum()

    # Calculate total number of observations
    total_observations = len(df_encoded)

    # Calculate probabilities
    product_probabilities = product_counts / total_observations

    # Create a DataFrame to return
    probabilities_df = product_probabilities.reset_index()
    probabilities_df.columns = ['Product', 'Probability']

    probabilities_df = probabilities_df.sort_values(by='Probability', ascending=False)

    return probabilities_df
```

```
In [16]: product_columns = ['savings_acct', 'guarantees', 'current_acct', 'derivada_acct', 'pay
        'junior_acct', 'mas_particular_acct', 'particular_acct', 'particular_plus_
        'short_term_depo', 'medium_term_depo', 'long_term_depo', 'e_acct', 'funds'
        'mortgage', 'pension', 'loans', 'taxes', 'credit_card', 'securities',
```

```

        'home_acct', 'payroll_acct', 'pensions_2', 'direct_debt']

# Call the function with your DataFrame
probabilities = calculate_product_probabilities(df_encoded, product_columns)

# Display the resulting DataFrame
print(probabilities)

```

	Product	Probability
2	current_acct	0.618343
23	direct_debt	0.130519
7	particular_acct	0.126079
12	e_acct	0.085384
22	pensions_2	0.061948
4	payroll_acct	0.056727
21	payroll_acct	0.056727
17	taxes	0.055590
18	credit_card	0.045349
8	particular_plus_acct	0.043026
11	long_term_depo	0.042750
19	securities	0.025600
13	funds	0.018571
5	junior_acct	0.009495
15	pension	0.009374
6	mas_particular_acct	0.008207
14	mortgage	0.005955
20	home_acct	0.003935
16	loans	0.002400
10	medium_term_depo	0.001523
9	short_term_depo	0.001260
3	derivada_acct	0.000398
0	savings_acct	0.000102
1	guarantees	0.000023

We will use this as a guidance to recommend the product.

```
In [17]: df_encoded.shape
```

```
Out[17]: (6579717, 45)
```

Feature Engineering

```

In [18]: # Compute the correlation matrix
corr = df_encoded.corr()

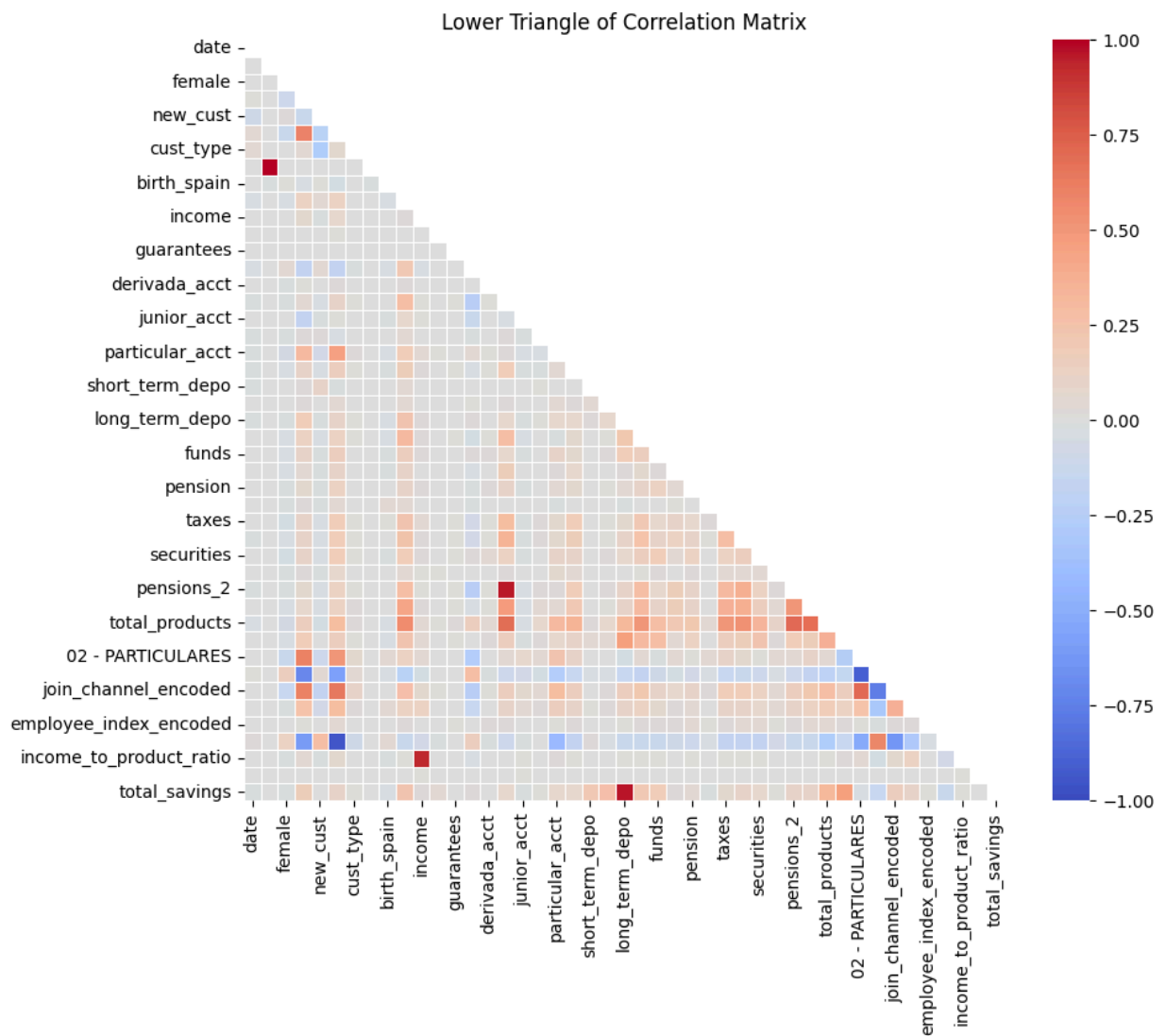
# Generate a mask for the upper triangle
mask = np.triu(np.ones_like(corr, dtype=bool))

# Set up the matplotlib figure
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))

# Create a seaborn heatmap with the mask for the upper triangle
sns.heatmap(corr, mask=mask, annot=False, cmap='coolwarm', vmin=-1, vmax=1, square=True)

# Display the plot
plt.title('Lower Triangle of Correlation Matrix')
plt.show()

```



Since these are vaguely correlated, it might not help to use PCA for dimension reduction

PCA

```
In [17]: ## Select numerical features
         ## numerical_features = train.select_dtypes(include=['float64', 'int64'])

         ## Standardizing the features
         ## scaler = StandardScaler()
         ## numerical_features_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(numerical_features)

         ## PCA Implementation
         ## pca = PCA(n_components=0.95) # Retain 95% of variance
         ## principal_components = pca.fit_transform(numerical_features_scaled)
```

```
In [18]: ## Create a DataFrame for the PCA components
         ## pca_columns = [f'pca_{i+1}' for i in range(principal_components.shape[1])]
         ## train_pca = pd.DataFrame(data=principal_components, columns=pca_columns)
```

```
In [19]: ## Combine PCA components back with original DataFrame
         ## train_pca1 = pd.concat([train.reset_index(drop=True), train_pca.reset_index(drop=True)], axis=1)
```

```
# train.head()
```

```
In [20]: # #print the eigen values
# print("Explained variance ratio of each component:", pca.explained_variance_ratio_)
```

```
In [21]: # plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
# plt.scatter(train_pca1['pca_1'], train_pca1['pca_2'], alpha=0.5)
# plt.title('PCA Component 1 vs Component 2')
# plt.xlabel('PCA Component 1')
# plt.ylabel('PCA Component 2')
# plt.grid()
# plt.show()
```

Feature selection

```
In [19]: product_features = df_encoded[product_columns]
```

```
In [20]: user_features = df_encoded.drop(columns=product_columns)
user_features.drop('date', axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [21]: print("User Features Shape: ", user_features.shape)
print("Product Features Shape: ", product_features.shape)
```

```
User Features Shape: (6579717, 21)
Product Features Shape: (6579717, 24)
```

```
In [22]: X = user_features
y = product_features
```

```
In [23]: # Store feature importances for all products
feature_importances = pd.DataFrame(index=X.columns)

for product in y.columns:
    X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y[product], test_size=0.2,

    # RF with parallel processing
    rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=50, random_state=42, n_jobs=-1)
    rf.fit(X_train, y_train)

    # Store feature importances for the current product
    feature_importances[product] = rf.feature_importances_

# Print top features for each product
for product in feature_importances.columns:
    print(f"Top features for {product}:")
    top_features = feature_importances[product].sort_values(ascending=False).head(10)
    print(top_features)
    print("\n")
```


Top features for savings_acct:

income	0.150026
customer_code_encoded	0.145615
income_to_product_ratio	0.134967
active_cust	0.131859
income_to_age	0.122386
age	0.059167
seniority_in_months	0.056159
total_products	0.051564
province_name_encoded	0.043833
total_savings	0.038495

Name: savings_acct, dtype: float64

Top features for guarantees:

income	0.219881
customer_code_encoded	0.204270
income_to_product_ratio	0.183386
income_to_age	0.177039
seniority_in_months	0.056700
age	0.055959
total_products	0.041000
female	0.015331
join_channel_encoded	0.015092
total_savings	0.013095

Name: guarantees, dtype: float64

Top features for current_acct:

total_products	0.481619
customer_code_encoded	0.074443
age	0.064783
income_to_product_ratio	0.063346
income	0.057294
income_to_age	0.055301
active_cust	0.043672
join_channel_encoded	0.043264
seniority_in_months	0.040608
province_name_encoded	0.028459

Name: current_acct, dtype: float64

Top features for derivada_acct:

income	0.207479
income_to_product_ratio	0.184919
customer_code_encoded	0.184267
income_to_age	0.164446
age	0.072552
seniority_in_months	0.055015
province_name_encoded	0.041464
total_products	0.040045
join_channel_encoded	0.029849
total_savings	0.005193

Name: derivada_acct, dtype: float64

Top features for payroll_acct:

total_products	0.536286
income_to_product_ratio	0.085550
income_to_age	0.058419

```
customer_code_encoded    0.056871
income                   0.056316
age                      0.051787
seniority_in_months      0.039896
active_cust              0.038681
join_channel_encoded     0.020124
total_savings            0.016661
Name: payroll_acct, dtype: float64
```

Top features for junior_acct:

```
age                      0.782805
total_products           0.083060
income_to_age            0.058719
active_cust              0.016471
join_channel_encoded     0.012058
customer_code_encoded    0.011977
income_to_product_ratio  0.007391
seniority_in_months      0.006929
income                   0.006484
new_cust                 0.005340
Name: junior_acct, dtype: float64
```

Top features for mas_particular_acct:

```
customer_code_encoded    0.265559
seniority_in_months      0.153728
income_to_product_ratio  0.095696
income                   0.092929
income_to_age            0.088706
total_products           0.088699
age                      0.072574
join_channel_encoded     0.046050
province_name_encoded    0.039559
active_cust              0.015595
Name: mas_particular_acct, dtype: float64
```

Top features for particular_acct:

```
seniority_in_months      0.178946
total_products           0.178607
customer_code_encoded    0.177448
income_to_product_ratio  0.091419
income                   0.083074
age                      0.082105
income_to_age            0.080537
join_channel_encoded     0.035153
province_name_encoded    0.033288
active_cust              0.027269
Name: particular_acct, dtype: float64
```

Top features for particular_plus_acct:

```
customer_code_encoded    0.201030
total_products           0.129670
seniority_in_months      0.125185
income_to_product_ratio  0.119368
income                   0.111244
income_to_age            0.104906
age                      0.077333
```

```

province_name_encoded      0.040592
join_channel_encoded       0.039423
active_cust               0.018318
Name: particular_plus_acct, dtype: float64

```

Top features for short_term_depo:

```

total_savings      0.334159
seniority_in_months 0.102058
customer_code_encoded 0.094495
income            0.081934
income_to_product_ratio 0.080532
income_to_age     0.077346
age              0.067829
join_channel_encoded 0.035363
total_products    0.032061
province_name_encoded 0.031593
Name: short_term_depo, dtype: float64

```

Top features for medium_term_depo:

```

total_savings      0.388705
income            0.105810
customer_code_encoded 0.104587
income_to_product_ratio 0.098489
income_to_age     0.096999
age              0.058526
seniority_in_months 0.046620
join_channel_encoded 0.028844
province_name_encoded 0.027295
total_products    0.023775
Name: medium_term_depo, dtype: float64

```

Top features for long_term_depo:

```

total_savings      0.801103
01 - TOP          0.072204
total_products    0.024375
02 - PARTICULARES 0.016546
active_cust       0.016341
age              0.011355
customer_code_encoded 0.010558
seniority_in_months 0.010087
income_to_product_ratio 0.009313
income_to_age     0.007631
Name: long_term_depo, dtype: float64

```

Top features for e_acct:

```

total_products    0.152858
customer_code_encoded 0.132103
income_to_product_ratio 0.119507
income           0.107342
income_to_age     0.101691
age              0.091362
seniority_in_months 0.076319
join_channel_encoded 0.047845
active_cust       0.044392
province_name_encoded 0.041876
Name: e_acct, dtype: float64

```

Top features for funds:

customer_code_encoded	0.148714
income	0.141107
income_to_product_ratio	0.139097
income_to_age	0.131653
age	0.092453
total_products	0.085708
seniority_in_months	0.075338
province_name_encoded	0.048089
01 - TOP	0.041367
join_channel_encoded	0.038511

Name: funds, dtype: float64

Top features for mortgage:

customer_code_encoded	0.160195
income	0.155460
income_to_product_ratio	0.153717
income_to_age	0.141241
age	0.087063
total_products	0.081423
seniority_in_months	0.075101
province_name_encoded	0.055274
join_channel_encoded	0.046578
female	0.012386

Name: mortgage, dtype: float64

Top features for pension:

customer_code_encoded	0.166026
income	0.159026
income_to_product_ratio	0.154290
income_to_age	0.145950
age	0.092795
seniority_in_months	0.072714
total_products	0.069665
province_name_encoded	0.047206
join_channel_encoded	0.034225
female	0.013580

Name: pension, dtype: float64

Top features for loans:

join_channel_encoded	0.171391
customer_code_encoded	0.151088
income	0.145957
income_to_product_ratio	0.143202
income_to_age	0.122515
age	0.072709
province_name_encoded	0.056720
seniority_in_months	0.050123
total_products	0.039852
birth_spain	0.014895

Name: loans, dtype: float64

Top features for taxes:

total_products	0.187044
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income_to_product_ratio    0.136643
customer_code_encoded      0.130083
income                     0.122971
income_to_age              0.115140
age                        0.080697
seniority_in_months        0.071173
province_name_encoded      0.044298
join_channel_encoded       0.041436
active_cust                0.032692
Name: taxes, dtype: float64

```

```

Top features for credit_card:
total_products             0.251439
income_to_product_ratio    0.128461
customer_code_encoded      0.116539
income                     0.109145
income_to_age              0.103685
seniority_in_months        0.075451
age                        0.074473
province_name_encoded      0.040497
join_channel_encoded       0.036119
active_cust                0.031333
Name: credit_card, dtype: float64

```

```

Top features for securities:
customer_code_encoded      0.150649
income_to_product_ratio    0.139164
income                     0.136940
income_to_age              0.128634
total_products             0.104252
age                        0.092613
seniority_in_months        0.080837
province_name_encoded      0.049161
join_channel_encoded       0.038594
01 - TOP                   0.023625
Name: securities, dtype: float64

```

```

Top features for home_acct:
income                     0.183951
income_to_product_ratio    0.176212
customer_code_encoded      0.173810
income_to_age              0.160687
age                        0.071120
seniority_in_months        0.065040
total_products             0.046384
province_name_encoded      0.044355
join_channel_encoded       0.036430
female                    0.015797
Name: home_acct, dtype: float64

```

```

Top features for pensions_2:
total_products             0.509767
income_to_product_ratio    0.094730
income                     0.069637
customer_code_encoded      0.060335
income_to_age              0.056505

```

```
seniority_in_months    0.043584
age                    0.043224
active_cust            0.041302
join_channel_encoded   0.021970
province_name_encoded  0.017967
Name: pensions_2, dtype: float64
```

```
Top features for direct_debt:
total_products          0.347449
active_cust            0.114795
income_to_product_ratio 0.106846
customer_code_encoded  0.080131
income                 0.075471
income_to_age          0.067558
age                   0.054427
seniority_in_months    0.050823
join_channel_encoded   0.031087
province_name_encoded  0.027168
Name: direct_debt, dtype: float64
```