

Container Classes

Nested Collections

COMP2603

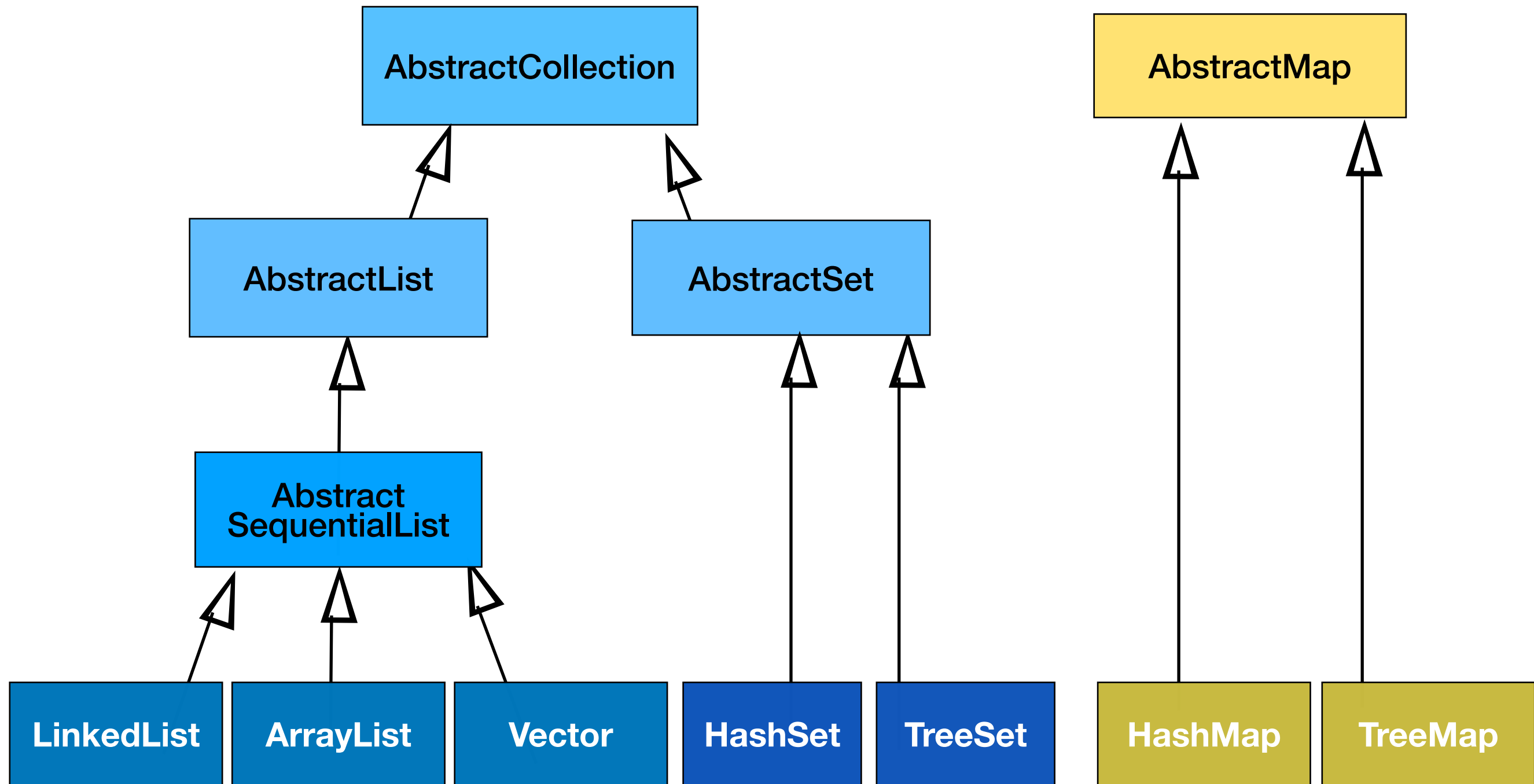
Object Oriented Programming 1

Week 10

Outline

- Nested Collections
 - Sets
 - Maps
- Choosing collections
- Scenarios

Classes in the Java Collections Framework



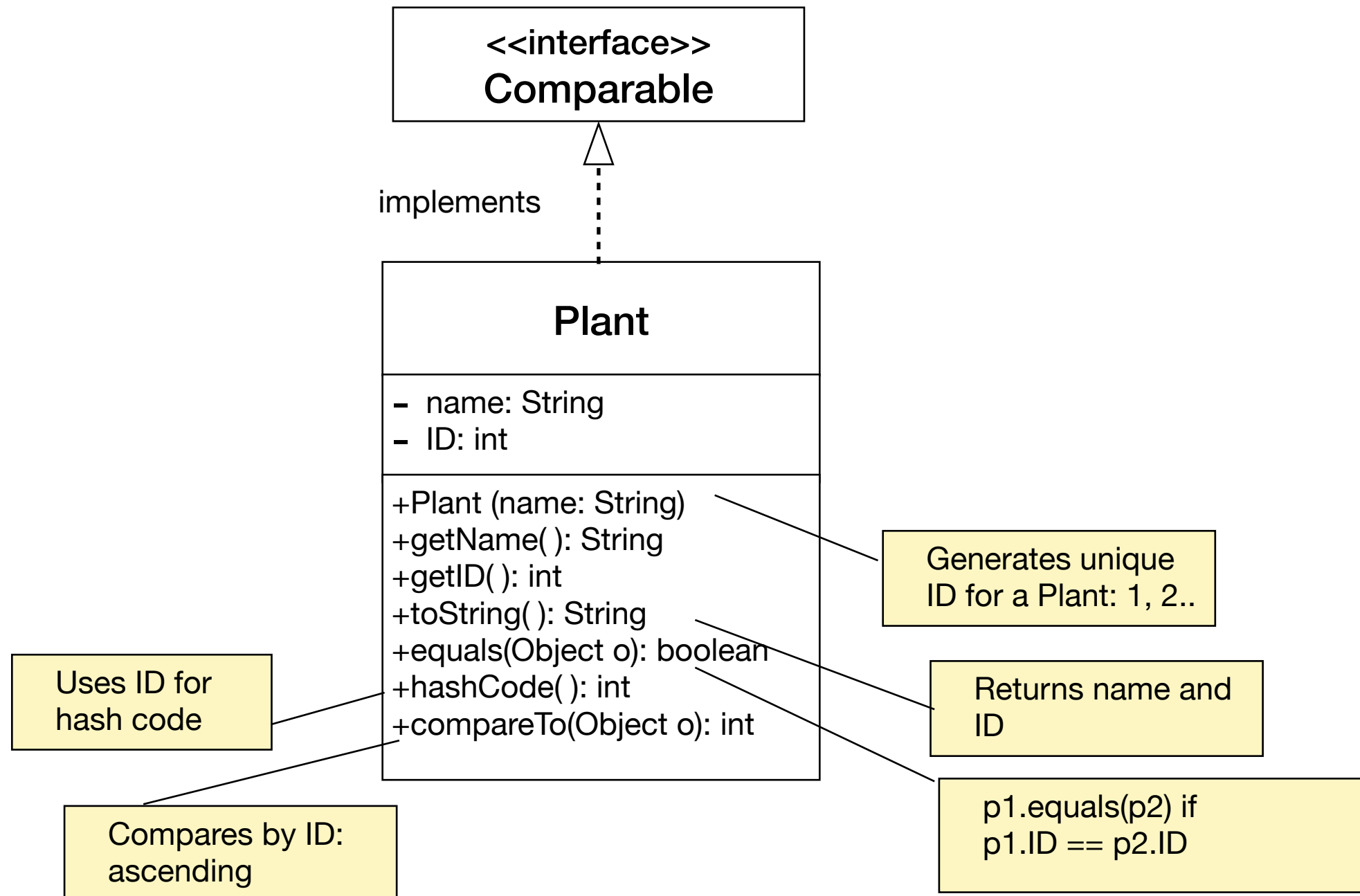
Comparing Collections

Collection	Ordering Possible	Random Access	Key-Value	Duplicate Elements	Null Element	Thread Safe
ArrayList	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
LinkedList	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No
HashSet	No	No	No	No	Yes	No
TreeSet	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
HashMap	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
TreeMap	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Vector	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

Source: <http://www.journaldev.com/1260/java-collections-framework-tutorial>

Plant Class

Suppose we have a Plant class as follows:



Choosing Collections

Suppose we want to store Plant objects such that:

- The appropriate **Plant** object is retrieved in a thread-safe manner across a distributed application.

Options:

- ♦ **Vector**, Plant equality based on ID

Choosing Collections

Suppose we want to store Plant objects **efficiently** such that **no duplicates are stored** and the objects are **iterable**

Options:

- ♦ **HashSet**, Plant equality based on ID, override hashCode() to use IDs. (More efficient retrieval, no traversal is done).

Choosing Collections

Suppose we want to store Plant objects such that **no duplicates are stored** and **sorted is ascending order by ID**.

Options:

- ♦ **TreeSet**, Plant equality based on ID, String class implements Comparable interface, compareTo() method based on ID.

Choosing Collections

Suppose we want to store Plant objects such that:

- Given [any \(plant\) name](#), the appropriate [Plant](#) object is retrieved [efficiently](#).

Options:

- ♦ [HashMap](#), Store names as keys, Plant equality based on name, override hashCode() method to use name. (More efficient retrieval, no traversal is done).

Choosing Collections

Suppose we want to store Plant objects in sorted order such that:

- Given any name, the appropriate Plant object is retrieved efficiently.

Options:

- ♦ TreeMap, Store names as keys (String implements Comparable), Plant equality based on name. (More efficient retrieval, no traversal is done).

Nested Collection Exercises

Exercise 1

- A competition stores a list of winners for first, second and third place in order.
- The competition has 10 races identified by a number from 1... 10
- A race is not modelled as an object but only by a unique race numbers
- A winner is modelled by a String
- Given a race number, any of winners for first, second or third place can be *randomly accessed*.

Write Java code for the Collection used in the Competition class to model this data.

Exercise 2

A cinema stores a list of movies, **movies**, that are now showing. The list is in alphabetical order. For any movie, the cinema is able to tell a customer how many seats are available.

Write Java code for the Cinema class that has either a Collection or a Map for ordering the movies.

Write Java code for a method *getNumSeats(String movie): int* that returns the number of seats left for the given movie if found, otherwise it returns -1.

Exercise 3

- A hotel stores a list of reservations where each reservation can have up to 3 rooms associated with it.
- A reservation is modelled by a Reservation class that has only a guest name.
- A room is modelled by a Room class with only a unique room num.
- A hotel is modelled by a Hotel class with only 1 Map in it and a no-args constructor
- Given a reservation, the list of rooms can be *efficiently* retrieved

Write Java code for the Hotel class.

Exercise 4

Leading from Exercise 3:

In the Hotel class:

Write Java code for a method *verifyRoomReservation(String name): int* which accepts a guest name and returns the number of rooms reserved if there is a reservation found, 0 otherwise.

State any assumptions made about the Reservation class

Exercise 5

A chef is compiling a recipe book of recipes that will be modelled by a RecipeBook.

Each recipe is sorted by title. However, given any recipe, the list of ingredients sorted by their quantities can be retrieved.

Assume that a Recipe class and an Ingredient class exist with the following class signatures:

```
public class Recipe{ }  
public class Ingredient{ }
```

Write Java code for the RecipeBook class stating any assumptions made. A map called `recipesAndIngredients` should be declared and initialised in this class.