

COMP 2611 – Data Structures

Lab #7

Heaps

Download the Lab7-Files.zip file from myeLearning. The zipped file contains a Dev-C++ project, MaxHeap.dev. The project contains the code for all the functions from Lab #6, Part 2 as well as the code for the following functions discussed in Lectures 13-14:

Function	Description
void buildMaxHeap(MaxHeap * heap);	Converts <i>heap</i> to a max-heap.
int maximum (MaxHeap * heap);	Returns the biggest value in the max-heap.
int deleteMaxHeap (MaxHeap * heap, int i);	Deletes the node at index <i>i</i> from the max-heap. The value stored at index <i>i</i> is returned.
void insertMaxHeap (MaxHeap * heap, int data);	Inserts a new value, <i>data</i> , in the max-heap.
void deleteAllMaxHeap (MaxHeap * heap);	Deletes all the nodes from a max-heap.
void heapSort (int A[], int numElements);	Sorts array <i>A</i> using the heap sort algorithm.

- (1) Write the code for the *maxHeapify* function in MaxHeap.cpp. The prototype for *maxHeapify* is as follows:

```
void maxHeapify (MaxHeap * heap, int i);
```

Use the algorithm that was given in Lecture 13:

```
maxHeapify (MaxHeap * heap, int i) {
    left = i * 2;
    right = i * 2 + 1;
    largest = index of largest of:
                heap->A[i],
                heap->A[left],
                heap->A[right]

    if (largest != i) {
        swap heap->A[largest] with heap->A[i];
        maxHeapify(heap, largest);
    }
}
```

When finding the largest of the values stored at location *i*, *left*, and *right*, remember to deal with the case where Node *i* does not have a left child or a right child.

(2) The field, A, of a 'max-heap' contains the following values:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	99	47	84	68	76	80	51	66	52	70	71	57

- Draw the nodes of the 'max-heap'.
- All the nodes of the 'max-heap' except two satisfy the max-heap property. Find the nodes that do not satisfy the max-heap property.
- Draw the max-heap after the *maxHeapify* algorithm has executed on the parent of the nodes from (b).
- The file, MaxHeap-Q2.txt, contains the values to be stored in the array A. In UsingMaxHeap.cpp, create the 'max-heap' from the values in the file (use the function, *initMaxHeapFromFile*).
- In UsingMaxHeap.cpp, call the *maxHeapify* function with the parent of the nodes from (b). Display the values in the max-heap after the call to *maxHeapify*. Verify that it is the same max-heap that you obtained in (c).

(3) The field, A, of a max-heap contains the following values:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	85	81	72	63	75	70	65	50	60	74	40

- Draw the nodes of the max-heap.
- Draw the max-heap after Node 2 is deleted.
- In UsingMaxHeap.cpp, create the max-heap using the function, *initMaxHeapFromArray*.
- In UsingMaxHeap.cpp, call the *deleteMaxHeap* function with Node 2. Display the values in the max-heap after the call to *deleteMaxHeap*. Verify that it is the same max-heap you obtained in (b).

(4) The field, A, of a max-heap contains the following values:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	50	48	40	41	33	22	38	35	28	30	25	15

- Draw the nodes of the max-heap.
- Draw the max-heap after inserting the value 75.
- In UsingMaxHeap.cpp, create the max-heap using the function, *initMaxHeapFromArray*.
- In UsingMaxHeap.cpp, call the *insertMaxHeap* function with the value 75. Display the values in the max-heap after the call to *insertMaxHeap*. Verify that it is the same max-heap you obtained in (b).

(5) An integer array, *A*, contains the following values:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
60	20	41	15	25	75	30	35	50	23	38	45

In `UsingMaxHeap.cpp`, sort the values in *A* using the function, *heapSort*. Display the values in the array after the function is called to verify that the values have been sorted.

NB: The values in array *A* start from location 0 but the values in the max-heap start from location 1.

End of Lab #7