

OXFORD

fourth  
edition

# English File

**Elementary**

Workbook

WITH KEY

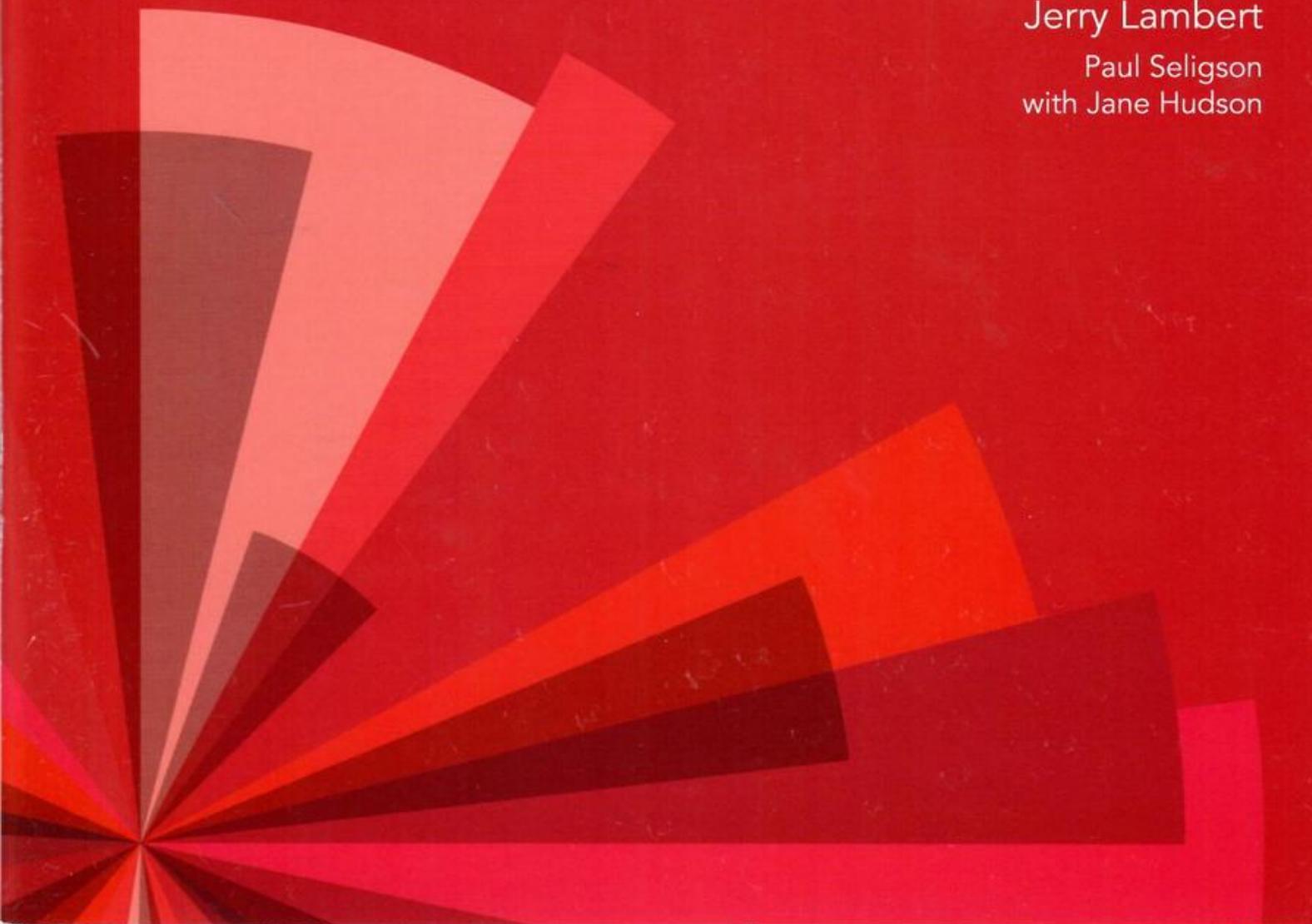
Christina Latham-Koenig

Clive Oxenden

Jerry Lambert

Paul Seligson

with Jane Hudson





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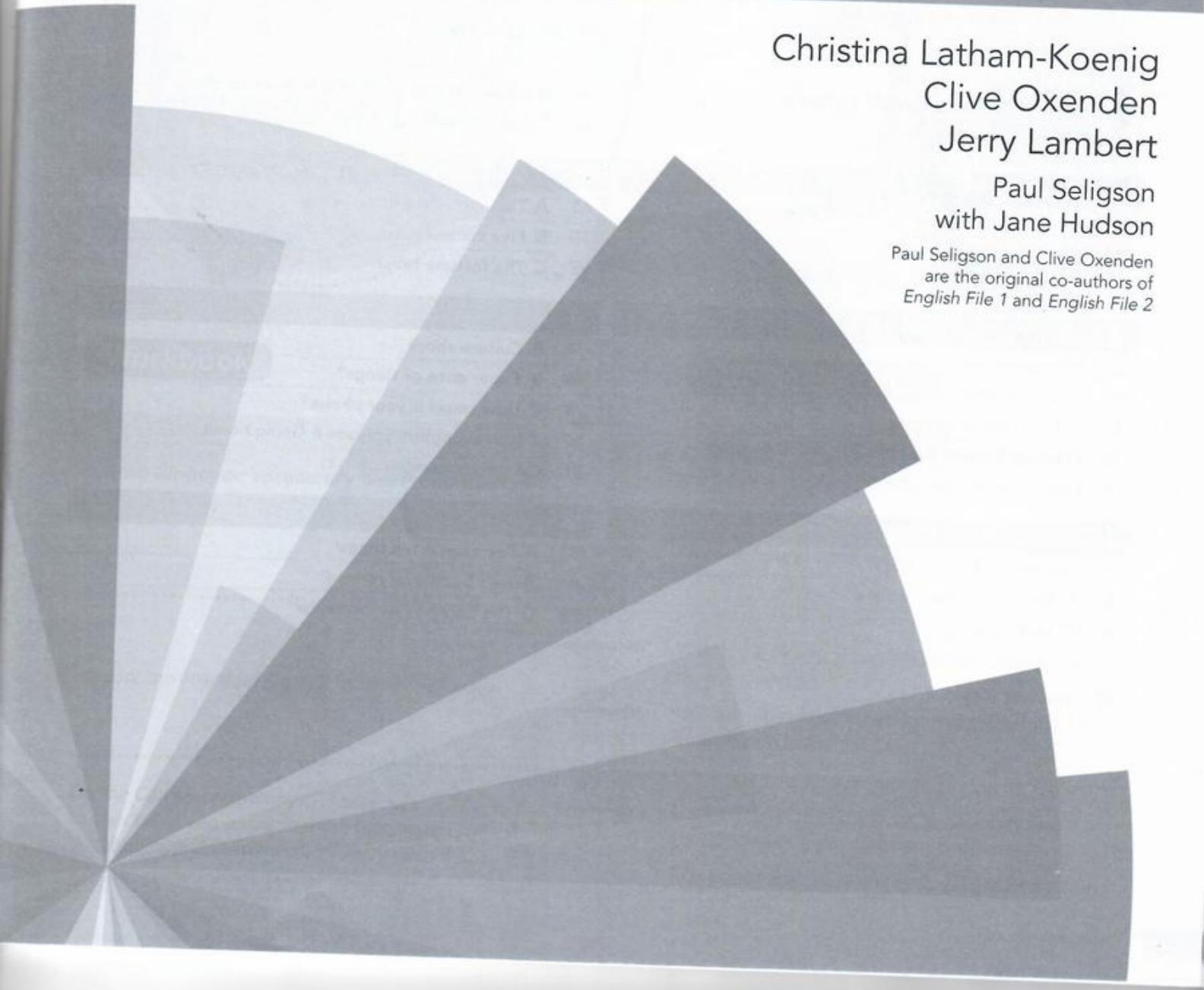
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Paul Seligson and Clive Oxenden  
are the original co-authors of  
*English File 1* and *English File 2*



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# How to use your Workbook and Online Practice

## English File

### Student's Book

Use your Student's Book in class with your teacher.



ACTIVITIES    AUDIO    VIDEO    RESOURCES



AT HOME

Go to  
[englishfileonline.com](http://englishfileonline.com)  
and use the code on  
your Access Card to  
log into the Online  
Practice.



### Workbook

Practise **Grammar**, **Vocabulary**, and **Pronunciation** for every lesson.

Practise the **Practical English** for every episode.

Do the **Can you remember...?** exercises to check that you remember the Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation every two Files.

### Online Practice

← Look again at the Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation from the Student's Book before you do the Workbook exercises.

→ Listen to the audio for the Pronunciation exercises.

→ Use the Sound Bank videos to practise English sounds.

← Watch the Practical English videos before you do the exercises.

→ Use the interactive video for more Practical English practice.

→ Look again at the Grammar, Vocabulary and Pronunciation if you have any problems.

Practise Reading, Listening, Speaking and Writing.

**G** verb be [+] subject pronouns: *I*, *you*, etc. **V** days of the week, numbers 0–20 **P** vowel sounds, word stress**1 GRAMMAR** verb be [+], subject pronouns

- a Complete column 1 with words from the list. Then write the contractions in column 2.

she are they is I are is

1 Full form	2 Contraction
1 <u>I</u> am	2 <u>I'm</u>
you <sup>3</sup> _____	4 _____
he <sup>5</sup> _____	6 _____
7 _____ is	8 _____
it <sup>9</sup> _____	10 _____
we <sup>11</sup> _____	12 _____
13 _____ are	14 _____

- b Complete the sentences with 'm, 's, or 're.

1 A man and a woman are shaking hands. The woman says: Hello. You're in my class.

2 Two people are shaking hands. One says: I'm Louise.

3 A calendar shows the days of the week: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday. A speech bubble says: It's Thursday.

4 A man and a woman are standing outside a building. The man says: We're in room 317.

5 A man is getting into a taxi. The driver says: She's in a taxi.

6 A group of people are sitting at a table. One person says: They're teachers.

- c Complete the conversations with a subject pronoun (*I*, *She*, etc.) and 'm, 's, or 're.

1 A What's your phone number?

B It's 314 892.

2 A How are you?

B \_\_\_\_\_ fine, thanks.

3 Alex and Beth are students. \_\_\_\_\_ at university in London.

4 A Is Anna in your salsa class?

B No, \_\_\_\_\_ in my English class!

5 Hi! I'm Monika. \_\_\_\_\_ my partner.

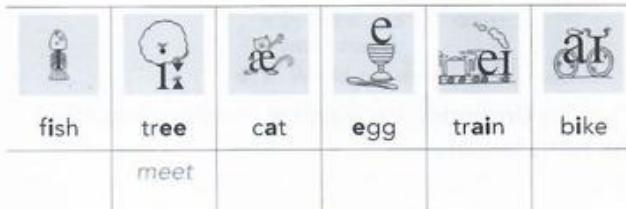
6 This is Mark. \_\_\_\_\_ your teacher.

7 A Are you and Oliver in Class 2?

B No, \_\_\_\_\_ in Class 3.

**2 PRONUNCIATION** vowel sounds, word stress

- a Write the words in the chart.

meet fine six man ten eight  
three well nice in thanks day

- b ① 1.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

- c Underline the stressed syllable in these words.

- |               |              |
|---------------|--------------|
| 1 sandwich    | 6 good bye   |
| 2 tennis      | 7 e mail     |
| 3 eighteen    | 8 in ter net |
| 4 thirteen    | 9 com pu ter |
| 5 basket ball | 10 ho tel    |

- d ① 1.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

### 3 VOCABULARY days of the week, numbers 0–20

d Complete the words with a, e, i, o, or u.

- a Put the letters in order to make days of the week.  
Remember to start with a CAPITAL LETTER.

1 arsaydut	Saturday
2 nyauds	
3 hrdytusa	
4 odnyna	
5 dfaryi	
6 dsyeeawnd	
7 euasdty	

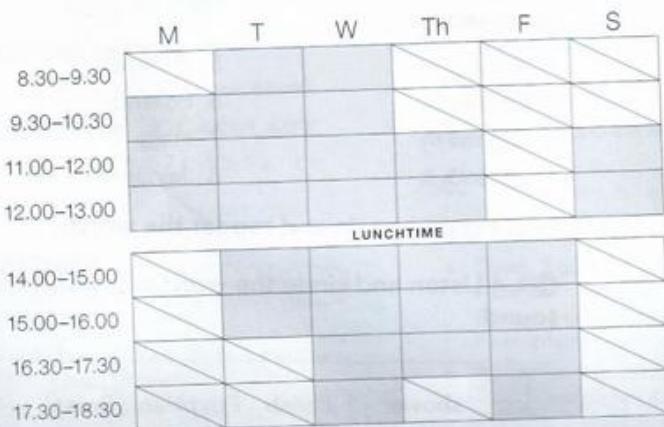
- b Continue the series.

- 1 five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten  
2 six, eight, ten, , ,  
3 sixteen, seventeen, , ,  
4 five, seven, nine, , ,

- c Complete the sentences with days of the week or numbers.



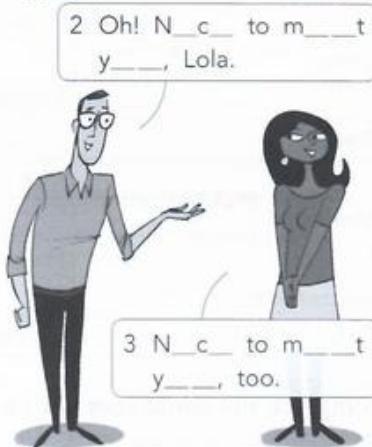
Kingsbridge Language School Class A: Blanca Martin



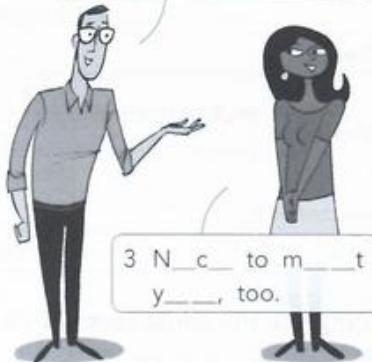
- 1 I have three classes on Monday.  
2 I have six classes on .  
3 I have classes on Wednesday.  
4 I have five classes on .  
5 I have classes on Friday.  
6 I have two classes on .



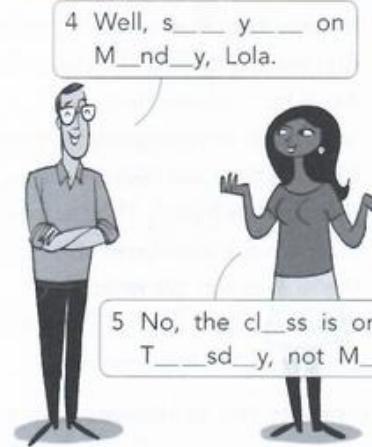
1 Hell\_o. I'm Lola. Y\_re in my English cl\_ss.



2 Oh! N\_c to m\_t y\_, Lola.



3 N\_c to m\_t y\_, too.



4 Well, s\_y on M\_nd\_y, Lola.



5 No, the cl\_ss is on T\_sd\_y, not M\_nd\_y!

6 By\_.

7 G\_dby\_.

Go online for more practice

## 1B

## One world

G verb be [ ] and [?], V countries, numbers 21–100 P /ə/, consonant sounds /tʃ/, /ʃ/, /dʒ/, word stress

I feel very comfortable in New York, in a city where there is no such thing as 'nationality'.  
Bernard Tschumi, Swiss architect

## 1 VOCABULARY countries, numbers 21–100

- a Complete the chart with countries and nationalities.

Country	Nationality
Argentina	<sup>1</sup> Argentinian
2	Brazilian
China	3
4	English
France	5
6	Irish
Mexico	7
8	Polish
Switzerland	9
10	Turkish

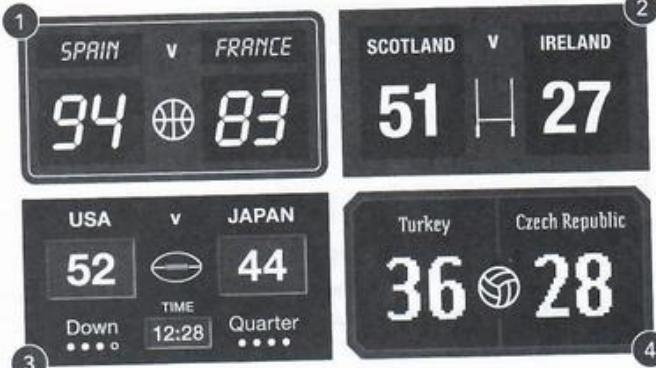
- b Complete the sentences with a country or a nationality.

- Ivana is from Russia. She's Russian.
- Bratwurst is German. It's from Germany.
- Aki is from Japan. He's .
- My friends are Hungarian. They're from .
- Chloe is from the USA. She's .
- Fiat cars are Italian. They're from .
- Gazpacho is from Spain. It's .
- We're Scottish. We're from .
- Omar and Laila are from Egypt. They're .
- I'm Czech. I'm from the .

- c Complete the sentences with a continent.

- China is in Asia.
- Argentina is in S A.
- The Czech Republic is in E .
- Egypt is in A .
- The USA is in N A.
- Sydney is in A .

- d Write the numbers in words.



- 1 Spain ninety-four,

France ,

- 2 Scotland ,

Ireland ,

- 3 the USA ,

Japan ,

- 4 Turkey ,

the Czech Republic ,

## 2 PRONUNCIATION /ə/, consonant sounds /tʃ/, /ʃ/, /dʒ/, word stress

- a ① 1.3 Listen and circle the syllable with /ə/ in these words.

- |           |          |
|-----------|----------|
| 1 Africa  | 5 Europe |
| 2 China   | 6 Poland |
| 3 Germany | 7 Italy  |
| 4 Ireland | 8 Japan  |

- b ① 1.3 Listen again and repeat the words.

- c ① 1.4 Listen and circle the word with a different sound.

	shower	1 Polish Egyptian <u>Swiss</u>
	chess	2 Czech English French
	shower	3 Turkish Russian Chinese
	jazz	4 Spanish Japanese Argentinian

- d ① 1.4 Listen again and repeat the words.

### 3 GRAMMAR verb be **-** and **?**

a Re-order the words to make questions.

1 your / 's / name / What?

What's your name?

2 she / Where / 's / from?

?

3 America / from / they / South / Are?

?

4 Spain / you / Are / from?

?

5 from / he / Poland / Is?

?

6 five / room / we / Are / in?

?

b Match these answers to the questions in a.

a Yes, he is. \_\_\_\_\_

b She's from Italy. \_\_\_\_\_

c No, I'm not. \_\_\_\_\_

d Yes, they are. \_\_\_\_\_

e Michael. \_\_\_\_\_

1

f No, we aren't. \_\_\_\_\_

c Complete B's sentences.

1 A Prague is in Hungary.

B It isn't in Hungary, it's in the Czech Republic.

2 A We're in room 219.

B We aren't in room 219, we're in room 309.

3 A He's German.

B \_\_\_\_\_ Swiss.

4 A Istanbul and Ankara are in Egypt.

B \_\_\_\_\_ Turkey.

5 A Sophie is British.

B \_\_\_\_\_ American.

6 A Parmesan is from France.

B \_\_\_\_\_ Italy.

7 A You're Scottish.

B \_\_\_\_\_ Irish.

8 A The tango is Brazilian.

B \_\_\_\_\_ Argentinian.



d Complete the conversation. Write the questions.

A <sup>1</sup> What's your name? \_\_\_\_\_

B My name's Dani. \_\_\_\_\_

A <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ ?

B No, I'm not American. \_\_\_\_\_

A <sup>3</sup> Where \_\_\_\_\_ ?

B I'm from Guadalajara in Mexico. \_\_\_\_\_

A <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ ?

B Yes, I am. I'm a student at a language school. \_\_\_\_\_

A <sup>5</sup> Where \_\_\_\_\_ ?

B My teacher is from the UK. Her name's Fiona. \_\_\_\_\_

A <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ ?

B No, she isn't English. She's Scottish. \_\_\_\_\_

e Answer the questions about you.

1 What's your name?

My name's \_\_\_\_\_.

3 Where are you from?

I'm \_\_\_\_\_.

2 Are you a student?

\_\_\_\_\_.

4 Where's your teacher from?

\_\_\_\_\_.

5 Is he / she English?

\_\_\_\_\_.



Go online for more practice

**G** possessive adjectives: my, your, etc. **V** classroom language **P /əʊ/, /u:/, /a:/, the alphabet**

## 1 VOCABULARY classroom language

- a Circle SEVEN more classroom objects.

E	W	R	D	E	S	K	T
Y	I	U	P	L	P	K	B
D	N	F	I	V	I	J	O
S	D	A	C	O	C	B	A
C	O	M	P	U	T	E	R
H	W	A	L	L	U	N	D
A	F	D	O	O	R	M	P
I	T	A	B	L	E	H	T
R	W	S	D	B	G	R	G

- b Match 1–12 to a–l to make classroom phrases.

- |             |          |                       |
|-------------|----------|-----------------------|
| 1 Answer    | <u>h</u> | a your books, please. |
| 2 Close     | <u>f</u> | b to page 25.         |
| 3 Do        | <u> </u> | c the text.           |
| 4 Go        | <u> </u> | d exercise c.         |
| 5 Listen    | <u> </u> | e down.               |
| 6 Open      | <u> </u> | f the door.           |
| 7 Read      | <u> </u> | g your mobile.        |
| 8 Sit       | <u> </u> | h the questions.      |
| 9 Stand     | <u> </u> | i at the board.       |
| 10 Turn off | <u> </u> | j up.                 |
| 11 Look     | <u> </u> | k in pairs.           |
| 12 Work     | <u> </u> | l and repeat.         |

- c Complete the classroom language sentences.

- I don't understand.
- S   I'm late.
- Can I h   a copy, pl  ?
- How do you sp   it?
- Wh   page is it?
- H   do you say 'holnap' in English?
- C   you help me, pl  ?
- Sorry, can you r   that, pl  ?
- I don't kn  .



## 2 PRONUNCIATION /əʊ/, /u:/, /a:/, the alphabet

- a ① 1.5 Listen and circle the word with a different vowel sound.

	phone	1 know don't <u>North</u>
	boot	2 two South you
	car	3 Asia France answer
	phone	4 go close do

- b ② 1.5 Listen again and repeat the words.

- c ③ 1.6 Listen and circle the letters with a different vowel sound.

train	tree	boot	egg	bike
1	2	3	4	5
H	C	Q	F	E
J	P	U	A	I
G	S	O	M	Y

- d ④ 1.6 Listen again and repeat the words / letters.

### 3 GRAMMAR possessive adjectives

a Complete the chart.

Subject pronouns	Possessive adjectives
I	<sup>1</sup> my
2	your
he	<sup>3</sup>
4	her
5	its
we	<sup>6</sup>
you	<sup>7</sup>
8	their

b Complete the sentences with a possessive adjective.

- 1 Her \_\_\_\_\_ name's Kate.
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ name's Edward. He's from Australia.
- 3 We're students. \_\_\_\_\_ teacher's from the USA.
- 4 I'm Scottish. \_\_\_\_\_ family is from Glasgow.
- 5 It's an Italian restaurant. \_\_\_\_\_ name is La Dolce Vita.
- 6 A What's \_\_\_\_\_ phone number?  
B My mobile number? It's 07800 730293.
- 7 They're Irish. \_\_\_\_\_ surname's O'Neill.

c Write sentences with possessive adjectives: *my*, *your*, etc.



1 I



2 you



3 Simon



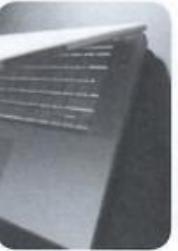
4 We



5 Rosie



6 Mark and  
Maria



7 I



8 You and your  
friends

1 It's my phone.

2 It's your \_\_\_\_\_.

3 It's \_\_\_\_\_.

4 \_\_\_\_\_.

5 \_\_\_\_\_.

6 \_\_\_\_\_.

7 \_\_\_\_\_.

8 \_\_\_\_\_.

d Circle the correct word.

A What's <sup>1</sup>you / your first name?

B Gisele.

A What's <sup>2</sup>you / your surname?

B Braga.

A Where are <sup>3</sup>you / your from?

B I'm from São Paulo.

A What's <sup>4</sup>you / your address?

B Avenida Paulista, 9800.

A What's <sup>5</sup>you / your postcode?

B 01311-300.

A What's <sup>6</sup>you / your email address?

B gisele246@braga.br

A What's <sup>7</sup>you / your phone number?

B 35233788

A How old are <sup>8</sup>you / your?

B I'm 28.

e Answer the questions in d for you.  
Write full sentences.

1 My first name is \_\_\_\_\_.

2 My surname \_\_\_\_\_.

3 I'm \_\_\_\_\_.

4 My address is \_\_\_\_\_.

5 \_\_\_\_\_.

6 \_\_\_\_\_.

7 \_\_\_\_\_.

8 \_\_\_\_\_.

# Practical English Arriving in London

checking in V in a hotel

## 1 VOCABULARY in a hotel

Complete the words.



1 the lift \_\_\_\_\_



2 a s\_\_\_\_\_ room



3 a d\_\_\_\_\_ room



4 the b\_\_\_\_\_

5 r\_\_\_\_\_



6 the gr\_\_\_\_\_ fl\_\_\_\_\_



## 2 CHECKING IN

- a Complete the sentences with words from the list.



have key lift moment right sign spell you

- 1 I have \_\_\_\_\_ a reservation.
  - 2 Can you sign here, please?
  - 3 The key is over there.
  - 4 Thank you.
  - 5 Can you spell that, please?
  - 6 That's right.
  - 7 Here's your lift.
  - 8 Just a moment.
- b Complete the conversation with the phrases in a.

A Good evening, sir.  
 B Hello. <sup>1</sup>I have a reservation. My name's Carl Zimmerman.  
 A <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_?  
 B Z-I-M-M-E-R-M-A-N.  
 A Thank you. For three nights?  
 B Yes. <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A Can I have your passport, please?  
 B <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. Here you are.  
 A Thank you. <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. Thank you.  
<sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. It's room 403, on the fourth floor.  
<sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. Enjoy your stay, Mr Zimmerman.  
 B <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.

## 3 WOULD YOU LIKE...?

Look at the pictures. Complete the conversations.

COFFEE



- 1 A Would you like a coffee ?  
 B Yes, please .

BEER



- 2 A Would you beer ?  
 B No, no thanks .

COKE



- 3 A Would coke ?  
 B no thanks .

TEA



- 4 A tea ?  
 B no thanks .

MINERAL WATER



- 5 A mineral water ?  
 B no thanks .

HOT CHOCOLATE



- 6 A hot chocolate ?  
 B no thanks .

## 4 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Complete the missing words in the conversations.

- 1 A Hello?  
 B Hello, this \_\_\_\_\_ is David Barnsley.
- 2 A Where are you from?  
 B I'm from Boston. What a \_\_\_\_\_ you?
- 3 A Sorry.  
 B No pr\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 A Hello?  
 B Is th\_\_\_\_\_ Tom?
- 5 A Are you on holiday?  
 B No. I'm here on b\_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 A Is 10.30 OK for you?  
 B Yes, that's p\_\_\_\_\_.
- 7 A Would you like another drink?  
 B No thanks. It's t\_\_\_\_\_ for bed.

# Can you remember...? 1

## 1 GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences with one word.

- 1 Are \_\_\_\_\_ you from France?
- 2 Milan \_\_\_\_\_ in the south of Italy. It's in the north.
- 3 Please turn off \_\_\_\_\_ mobile phone.
- 4 They \_\_\_\_\_ from New Zealand. They're Australian.
- 5 I'm 19. How old are \_\_\_\_\_?
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ your teacher English or American?

## 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 Monday Wednesday France Saturday
- 2 four nineteen eleven today
- 3 thirteen forty seventy ninety
- 4 Polish Mexico Italy Russia
- 5 China Europe Spain Turkey
- 6 Japanese Irish Swiss Germany
- 7 listen understand answer door
- 8 desk repeat table chair

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

 tree	1 he <b>hi</b> please meet
 train	2 bye <b>eight</b> say they
 bike	3 I five his my
 phone	4 do know <b>mobile</b> Poland
 computer	5 Asia Ireland Saturday <b>table</b>
 jazz	6 German <b>go</b> Japan page

## 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Read about the people. Circle a, b, or c.

### CLASS PROFILE: CLASS A



This is Suki Ito.<sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a student from Yokohama in Japan. Yokohama<sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a city south of Tokyo. Suki is 25.  
<sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ email address is s.ito@mail.com.



Enzo and Vitor<sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ students, too. They're<sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_, from Salvador in the east of the country. <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ surname is Oliveira.



<sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ name is Susan McGuire. I'm an English teacher, but I<sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ English. I'm from Edinburgh in<sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. Suki, Enzo and Vitor are my students, and<sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ very good!

- |              |             |            |
|--------------|-------------|------------|
| 1 a It's     | b He's      | c She's    |
| 2 a am       | b is        | c are      |
| 3 a Her      | b His       | c Its      |
| 4 a am       | b is        | c are      |
| 5 a Spain    | b Brazilian | c Brazil   |
| 6 a Their    | b Your      | c His      |
| 7 a I        | b Her       | c My       |
| 8 a 'm not   | b not be    | c am no    |
| 9 a Scotland | b Irish     | c Scottish |
| 10 a he's    | b they're   | c she's    |

# 2A

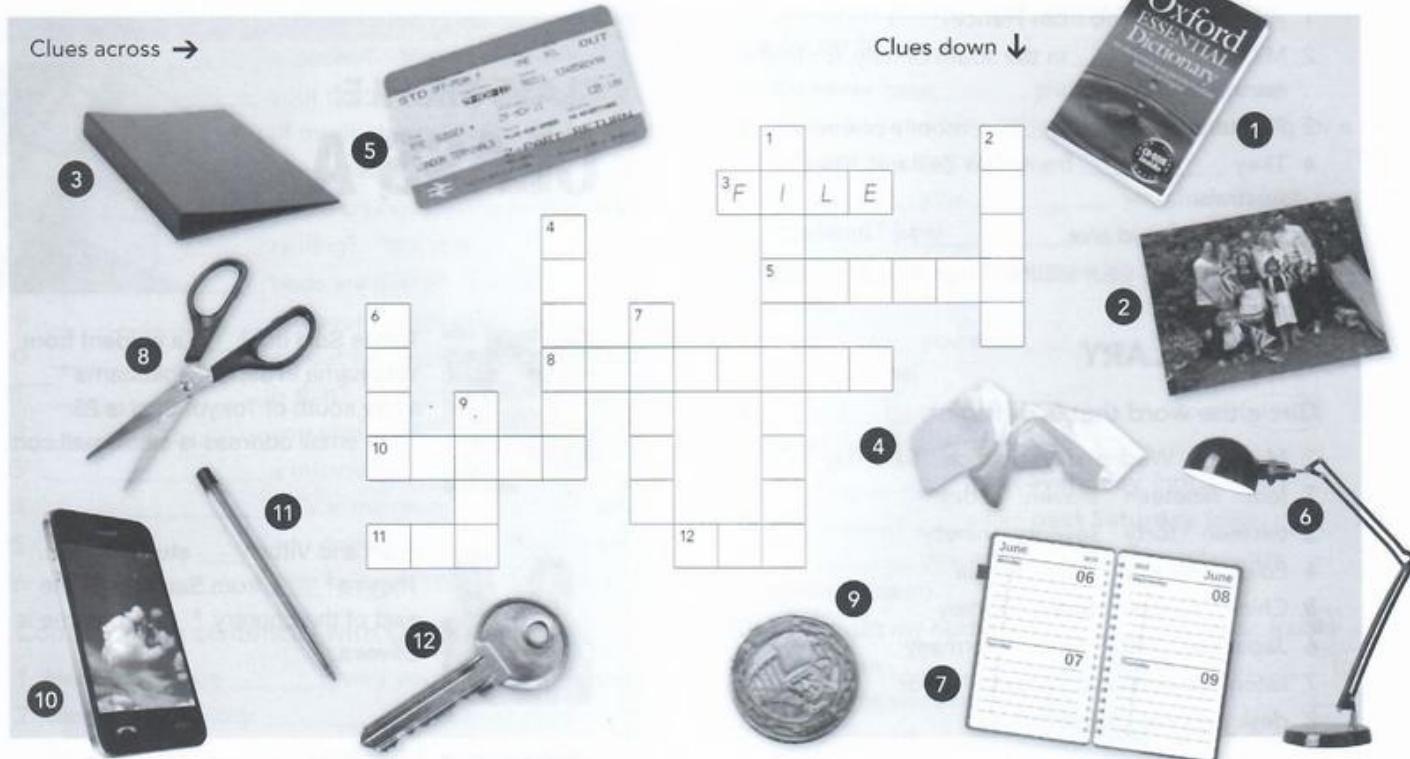
# Are you tidy or untidy?

I'm a tidy, neat person.  
But I'm not a maniac.  
Jamie Lee Curtis, American actress

**G** singular and plural nouns **V** things, in, on, under **P** final -s and -es

## 1 VOCABULARY things, in, on, under

- a Complete the crossword.



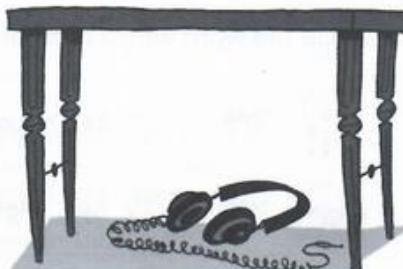
- b Complete the sentences with *in*, *on*, or *under*.



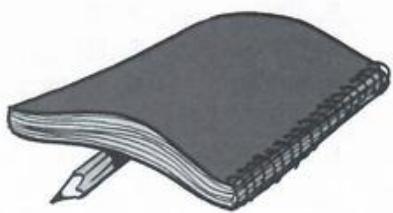
1 Your glasses are on the newspaper.



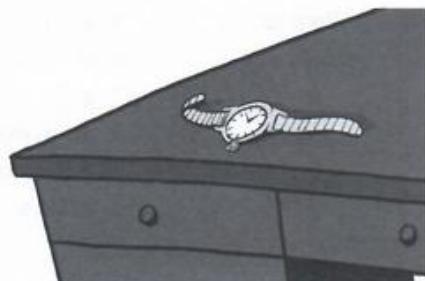
2 My laptop is in my bag.



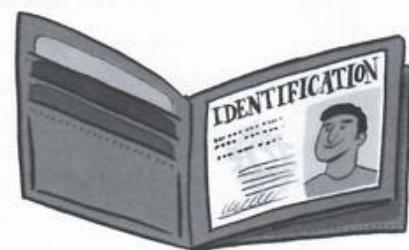
3 Her headphones are under the table.



4 Your pencil is on your notebook.



5 His watch is on the desk.



6 My identity card is in my wallet.

## 2 GRAMMAR singular and plural nouns

### a Write It's + a / an.

- 1 It's a charger.
- 2 It's an umbrella.
- 3 wallet.
- 4 identity card.
- 5 tablet.
- 6 email.
- 7 lamp.
- 8 debit card.

### b Write each word in its plural form in the correct column.

address book city class country  
diary dictionary key pencil photo  
sandwich ticket watch window

-s	-es	-ies
books	addresses	cities

### c Complete the chart.

Singular	Plural
man	1
2	women
person	3
4	children

### d Complete the sentences with a word from the chart in c.

- 1 Lucy is a very nice person.
- 2 My English teacher is a man. His name's William.
- 3 I have two children. They're three and six years old.
- 4 The lift is for six people, not seven.
- 5 Are these sunglasses for men or women?

### e Look at the picture.



#### A What are the things?

- 1 It's a phone.
- 2 They're ictionaries.
- 3 Charger.
- 4 Cable.
- 5 Bag.
- 6 Notebook.

#### B Where are the things?

- 1 The phone is on the book.
- 2 The ictionaries are on the desk.
- 3 The charger is under the book.
- 4 Bag is in my bag.
- 5 Cable is on the desk.
- 6 Notebook is on the desk.

### f Write about your bag, desk, or study. Choose five things from the list. Where are they?

book credit card headphones keys laptop  
pen phone purse sunglasses wallet

- 1 My book is in my bag.
- 2 Pen is in my purse.
- 3 Phone is on the desk.
- 4 Headphones are on the desk.
- 5 Sunglasses are in my bag.
- 6 Laptop is on the desk.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION final -s and -es

### a Circle one word in each group which ends in /ɪz/.

- |             |         |            |
|-------------|---------|------------|
| 1 coins     | wallets | purses     |
| 2 classes   | files   | scissors   |
| 3 photos    | watches | headphones |
| 4 tissues   | pens    | sandwiches |
| 5 magazines | glasses | newspapers |

### b ② Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

Go online for more practice

## 2B

## Made in America

Americans still believe in an America  
where anything is possible.  
Barack Obama, US president

G adjectives

V colours, adjectives, modifiers: very / really, quite

P long and short vowel sounds

## 1 VOCABULARY colours, adjectives, modifiers

- a Put the letters in the correct order to make colours.

- 1 ehiwt white  
 2 iknp pink  
 3 rde red  
 4 rgaone orange  
 5 ewlyol yellow  
 6 nerge green  
 7 ebul blue  
 8 bonwr brown  
 9 ryeg grey  
 10 lkabc black

- b Write the opposite adjectives.

- 1 ugly beautiful  
 2 safe dangerous  
 3 dark bright  
 4 low high  
 5 tall short  
 6 full empty  
 7 small large  
 8 rich poor  
 9 new old  
 10 wrong right  
 11 bad good  
 12 slow fast  
 13 weak strong  
 14 the same different

- c Complete the sentences with the opposite adjectives and the word in brackets.

- 1 The sandwiches aren't very expensive. (quite)  
 They're quite cheap.  
 2 This pizza isn't very hot. (really)  
 It's not really hot.  
 3 The windows are quite dirty. (very)  
 They aren't very dirty.  
 4 Your children aren't very old. (quite)  
 They're not quite old.  
 5 That film isn't very good. (really)  
 It's not really good.  
 6 This book is quite short. (very)  
 It isn't very short.

## 2 GRAMMAR adjectives

- a Are the phrases in **bold** right (✓) or wrong (✗)?  
 Correct the wrong phrases.

- 1 It's **a day long**.  a long day  
 2 They're **dirty windows**.  dirty windows  
 3 They're **good photos**.  good photos  
 4 It's **a house big**.  a big house  
 5 They're **magazines old**.  old magazines  
 6 It's a **new phone**.  a new phone  
 7 It's **an empty room**.  an empty room  
 8 They're **watches expensive**.  expensive watches  
 9 They're **white headphones**.  white headphones  
 10 They're **youths women**.  young women

- b Put the words in the correct order.

- 1 really / We / are / hungry  
We are really hungry.  
 2 expensive / an / That's / phone  
That's an expensive phone.  
 3 quite / My / long / hair / is  
My hair is quite long.  
 4 new / they / Are / students ?  
Are they new students??  
 5 boots / really / Your / dirty / are  
Your boots are really dirty.  
 6 city / It / an / old / is  
It is an old city.  
 7 very / book / good / That / isn't / a  
That is not a very good book.  
 8 near / house / quite / is / His  
His house is quite near.

- c Complete the sentences. Use two words from the list. Add a / an where necessary.



#### Nouns

animals cars city country language people

#### Adjectives

beautiful big dangerous difficult fast rich

1 Canada is a big country.

2 Venice is \_\_\_\_\_.

3 Lamborghinis are \_\_\_\_\_.

4 Crocodiles are \_\_\_\_\_.

5 Beverly Hills is a place for \_\_\_\_\_.

6 Chinese is \_\_\_\_\_.

- d Write sentences with quite or very.



	Rob	Rita	Jim
Age	25	75	95
Height	2 metres	1 metre 50	1 metre 80

#### Age (old/young)

1 Rob is quite young.

2 Rita is quite \_\_\_\_\_.

3 Jim is \_\_\_\_\_.

#### Height (tall/short)

4 Rob \_\_\_\_\_.

5 Rita \_\_\_\_\_.

6 Jim \_\_\_\_\_.

- e Write sentences about your things. Use very / really or quite. Use words from the list to help you.

#### Nouns

bike car cat computer country  
dog house phone town watch

#### Adjectives

big/small beautiful/ugly cheap/expensive  
clean/dirty fast/slow old/new young/old

1 My watch is quite expensive.

2 \_\_\_\_\_.

3 \_\_\_\_\_.

4 \_\_\_\_\_.

5 \_\_\_\_\_.

6 \_\_\_\_\_.

### 3 PRONUNCIATION long and short vowel sounds

- a Make phrases with an adjective and a noun with the same vowel sound. Use a / an with singular nouns.

#### Adjectives

big black fast good green hot new short

#### Nouns

book cat charger city dogs jeans shoes story

	fish	1 <u>a big city</u>
	tree	2 _____.
	cat	3 _____.
	car	4 _____.
	clock	5 _____.
	horse	6 _____.
	bull	7 _____.
	boot	8 _____.

- b 2.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

## 1 VOCABULARY feelings

- a Complete the adjectives with the missing vowels.

1 a_n_gry	5 s_d	9 h_ngry
2 th_rsty	6 str_ss_d	10 t_r_d
3 h_ppy	7 b_r_d	11 w_rr__d
4 c_ld	8 h_t	12 fr_gh_t_n_d

- b Complete the sentences with adjectives 1–6 in a.



1 He's stressed.



2 She's \_\_\_\_\_.



3 They're \_\_\_\_\_.



4 He's \_\_\_\_\_.



5 They're \_\_\_\_\_.



6 She's \_\_\_\_\_.

- c Complete the sentences with the correct form of be and adjectives 7–12 in a.



1 My mother is in hospital.  
We're worried.



2 Let's go home. It's very late and  
I \_\_\_\_\_.



3 That's a very big dog. I \_\_\_\_\_.



4 It's 40°C. He \_\_\_\_\_.



5 The class is very long. They \_\_\_\_\_.



6 It's time for lunch. She \_\_\_\_\_.

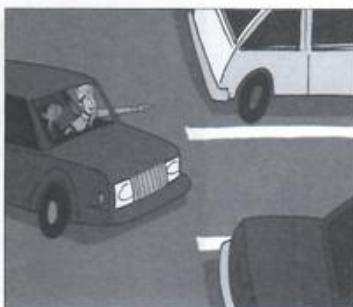
## 2 GRAMMAR imperatives, let's

- a Match the sentences to the pictures.

Let's go home. Let's go there. Let's not eat here.  
Let's open the window. Let's sit here. Let's stop here.



1 Let's go home.



2



3



4



5



6

- c Compete the conversations with a suggestion or an imperative. Use the words below.

go to a restaurant open a window  
watch TV have a drink go on holiday  
close the door go home

1 A I'm bored. (suggestion)

B Let's watch TV.

2 A I'm hot. (imperative)

B Open a window.

3 A I'm hungry! (suggestion)

B \_\_\_\_\_

4 A I'm cold. (imperative)

B \_\_\_\_\_

5 A I'm stressed. (suggestion)

B \_\_\_\_\_

6 A I'm thirsty. (imperative)

B \_\_\_\_\_

7 A I'm tired. (suggestion)

B \_\_\_\_\_

## 3 PRONUNCIATION linking

- a ②.3 Listen and complete the sentences.

1 Look        at        the board.

the TV.

2               the teacher.

the window.

4               at home.

5               the table.

6

- b ②.3 Listen again and repeat the sentences.

- b Complete the phrases with positive  or negative  imperatives.

answer close cross do look read stop turn

1 Look        at the board.

2 Don't close        the door.

3               the questions.

4               talking!

5               exercise b.

6               off your mobile.

7               the text.

8               the road there.



Go online for more practice



Go online to check your progress

# 3A

## Britain: the good & the bad

The English country house is certainly an icon of British culture.  
Julian Fellowes, British actor

**G** present simple **[+]** and **[-]** **V** verb phrases: cook dinner, etc. **P** third person **-s**

### 1 VOCABULARY verb phrases

a Circle the correct verb.

- 1 go / play tennis
- 2 take / wear an umbrella
- 3 do / make exercise
- 4 say / speak sorry
- 5 like / live animals
- 6 read / watch a book
- 7 do / want a coffee
- 8 say / speak German



5 d \_\_\_\_\_ h \_\_\_\_\_  
6 h \_\_\_\_\_ a \_\_\_\_\_  
g \_\_\_\_\_

b Match the verbs and nouns to make verb phrases.

- |         |       |                 |
|---------|-------|-----------------|
| 1 need  | f     | a homework      |
| 2 drink | _____ | b TV            |
| 3 wear  | _____ | c a car         |
| 4 go    | _____ | d mineral water |
| 5 live  | _____ | e to the cinema |
| 6 do    | _____ | f a new phone   |
| 7 watch | _____ | g in a flat     |
| 8 drive | _____ | h glasses       |



7 e \_\_\_\_\_ v \_\_\_\_\_  
8 sp \_\_\_\_\_ Ge \_\_\_\_\_

c Complete the verb phrases.



1 cook dinner



2 pl the g \_\_\_\_\_



3 w in an o \_\_\_\_\_



4 I to m \_\_\_\_\_

### 2 GRAMMAR present simple **[+]** and **[-]**

a Circle the correct answer, a or b.

- 1 A lot of British people ... animals.  
a like b likes
- 2 It ... a lot in my country.  
a don't rain b doesn't rain
- 3 Lewis ... a fast car.  
a drive b drives
- 4 People ... identity cards in Britain.  
a don't have b doesn't have
- 5 You ... a lot of books.  
a read b reads
- 6 My boyfriend ... English.  
a don't speak b doesn't speak
- 7 We ... a new computer.  
a need b needs
- 8 I ... Chinese.  
a don't speak b doesn't speak

**b** Complete the sentences.

- 1 I don't play (not play) tennis.
- 2 They \_\_\_\_\_ (not go) to the cinema.
- 3 Paul \_\_\_\_\_ (have) four young children.
- 4 Her father \_\_\_\_\_ (not work) in an office.
- 5 It \_\_\_\_\_ (rain) a lot.
- 6 We \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in a big flat.
- 7 My parents \_\_\_\_\_ (not speak) English.
- 8 My brother \_\_\_\_\_ (study) at Oxford University.
- 9 You \_\_\_\_\_ (not do) your homework.
- 10 The restaurant \_\_\_\_\_ (open) at 11.30.

**c** Complete the text with a **+** or **-** verb.

cook finish go like live study want work



Hi! I'm Catrin and I'm a student. I <sup>1</sup>live **+**  
in a flat with two other girls: Aisha and Holly. Aisha  
and I <sup>2</sup>+ history, but Holly  
<sup>3</sup>+ in an office. She isn't very  
happy because she <sup>4</sup>+ **-** her job.  
She <sup>5</sup>+ a new job! Aisha and I  
<sup>6</sup>+ to university at 8.30 in the  
morning, but we <sup>7</sup>+ **-** very late.  
In the evening, we <sup>8</sup>+ dinner  
for Holly, and she's very happy.

**d** Complete the You column in the chart. Then write **+** or **-** sentences.



	Ryan	Sarah	You
eat vegetables	✓	✗	
wear glasses	✗	✓	
drink mineral water	✓	✗	
do housework	✓	✗	
play the guitar	✗	✓	

**Ryan**

1 Ryan eats vegetables.

2 He doesn't wear

3 He

4

5

**Sarah**

6 Sarah

7 She

8

9

10

**You**

11 I

12

13

14

15

**3 PRONUNCIATION** third person -s

**a** Circle the word which ends in /ɪz/.

- |           |          |               |
|-----------|----------|---------------|
| 1 likes   | works    | <b>dances</b> |
| 2 lives   | drinks   | watches       |
| 3 drives  | finishes | plays         |
| 4 uses    | takes    | speaks        |
| 5 does    | listens  | closes        |
| 6 changes | gives    | wears         |

**b** 3.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

## 3B

## 9 to 5

G present simple [?] V jobs P /v/ and /ə/

Choose a job you love and you will never have to work a day in your life.  
Confucius, Chinese philosopher

## 1 GRAMMAR present simple [?]

- a Are the questions right (✓) or wrong (✗)?  
Correct the wrong ones.

- 1 Do you work at weekends? ✓
- 2 Do James travel to different countries? ✗  
Does James travel
- 3 Do they wear a uniform? ✗
- 4 Do Grace do a lot of overtime? ✗
- 5 Do you have special qualifications? ✗
- 6 Do your room have a desk? ✗
- 7 Do your office have big windows? ✗
- 8 Do you want a coffee? ✗
- 9 Do your girlfriend drive? ✗
- 10 Do your teacher speak Turkish? ✗

- b Complete the questions with does, do, is, or are.  
Then match the questions to the answers.

- 1 What does she do? c  
 2 What \_\_\_\_\_ they do? \_\_\_\_\_  
 3 \_\_\_\_\_ he a builder? \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 What \_\_\_\_\_ you do? \_\_\_\_\_  
 5 \_\_\_\_\_ they policemen? \_\_\_\_\_  
 6 Where \_\_\_\_\_ she work? \_\_\_\_\_  
 7 \_\_\_\_\_ she a student? \_\_\_\_\_  
 8 What \_\_\_\_\_ he do? \_\_\_\_\_

- a He's an actor.  
 b In a restaurant – she's a waitress.  
 c She's a doctor.  
 d No, they're lawyers.  
 e I'm a hairdresser.  
 f No, he's an engineer.  
 g They're pilots.  
 h No, she's a teacher.

- c Make questions using the words in brackets and verbs from the list.

do earn like live play speak wear work

- 1 Do you like your job? (you)  
 2 Does he work long hours? (he)  
 3 \_\_\_\_\_ tennis after work? (he)  
 4 \_\_\_\_\_ in a flat? (your parents)  
 5 \_\_\_\_\_ housework at weekends?  
 (you)  
 6 \_\_\_\_\_ a uniform? (Miriam)  
 7 \_\_\_\_\_ good English in your country? (people)  
 8 \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money? (they)

## 2 VOCABULARY jobs

- a Circle SIXTEEN more jobs.

A	E	T	E	M	A	N	A	G	E	R	O
M	R	E	W	Y	R	E	F	C	P	L	W
U	L	A	W	Y	E	R	A	L	I	A	E
S	D	C	P	A	M	O	D	E	L	E	A
I	R	H	N	R	C	R	T	A	O	N	W
C	G	E	A	C	T	O	R	N	T	G	A
I	U	R	E	H	W	S	A	E	V	I	I
A	I	B	U	I	L	D	E	R	E	N	T
N	D	O	C	T	O	R	P	L	T	E	E
U	E	E	N	E	S	O	L	D	I	E	R
T	S	U	L	C	H	E	F	O	D	R	I
R	D	E	N	T	I	S	T	A	U	O	L



- b** Complete the jobs with the missing vowels *a, e, i, o, or u.*

1 ad\_m\_i\_n\_i\_s\_t\_r\_a\_t\_o\_r  
 2 t\_x\_ dr\_v\_r  
 3 f\_ct\_ry w\_rk\_r  
 4 r\_c\_pt\_n\_st  
 5 fl\_ght \_tt\_nd\_nt  
 6 \_cc\_nt\_nt  
 7 h\_rdr\_ss\_r  
 8 f\_tb\_ll\_r  
 9 sh\_p\_ss\_st\_nt

- c** Complete the job descriptions with a verb from the list. You can use some verbs more than once.

drive earn have speak travel wear work

- 1 'I <sup>1</sup>work \_\_\_\_\_ inside and outside during the day or at night.  
 Sometimes I <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a car and sometimes I walk.  
 I don't <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money.  
 I <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a uniform.'
- 2 'I work in an office with a computer, or outside with other people.  
 I <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ French and Spanish and I sometimes <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to different countries. I don't wear a uniform.  
 I <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ for a newspaper.'
- 3 'I wear a uniform and I work with other people. I <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ special qualifications, but I don't <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money.  
 I work during the day or at night, but I don't work outside.  
 I <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ in a hospital.'

- d** Match the descriptions in **c** to a job.



a journalist

a nurse

a police officer

- e** Complete the sentences with words from the list.

a an at for in retired unemployed

- 1 He studies history at \_\_\_\_\_ university.  
 2 My brother is \_\_\_\_\_ engineer.  
 3 We work \_\_\_\_\_ an American company.  
 4 I don't have a job. I'm \_\_\_\_\_.  
 5 Paola is \_\_\_\_\_ receptionist.  
 6 My grandparents are 75. They're \_\_\_\_\_.  
 7 They work \_\_\_\_\_ a factory.

- f** Choose a job from **a, b, or d**, or use your own job. Answer the questions with short answers.

- 1 Do you work outside? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.  
 2 Do you work at the weekend?  
 3 Do you work long hours?  
 4 Do you have good holidays?  
 5 Do you speak foreign languages?  
 6 Do you travel to different countries?  
 7 Do you wear special clothes?  
 8 Do you like your job?

- g** Write a short paragraph about the job in **f**. Use your answers to help you.

I'm an engineer. I work outside and in an office. I don't work at the weekend...

### 3 PRONUNCIATION /ɔ:/ and /ə/

- a** Complete the chart with words from the list.

actor cleaner dirty doctor footballer  
 Germany manager nurse Thursday  
 understand university work

	bird
	computer

- b** 3.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

## 1 GRAMMAR word order in questions

- a Write the question with the word in brackets in the correct place. Remember to start with a CAPITAL LETTER.

1 how old you? (are)

How old are you?

2 you like animals? (do)

3 your dog hungry? (is)

4 how many languages you speak? (do)

5 you a vet? (are)

6 where your teacher from? (is)

7 your house have a big garden? (does)

- b Carl and Lily are new friends. They go for a coffee. Complete the questions.

C So, Lily, <sup>1</sup>where do you live?

L In North London. In a big flat.

C <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ with your parents?

L No, I live with my sister. <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

any brothers and sisters?

C I have a sister. She's 20.

L <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a student?

C No, she works. She's a shop assistant.

L What about you? <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

work?

C In a hotel.

L <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ your job?

C Yes, I do. I love it!

- c Make questions with the words in brackets.

1 Is Luciana \_\_\_\_\_ a flight attendant?

(Luciana / be)

2 Do you want \_\_\_\_\_ a coffee?

(you / want)

3 What \_\_\_\_\_?

(your phone number / be)

4 How \_\_\_\_\_ to work?

(Toni / go)

5 What sports \_\_\_\_\_?

(you / like)

6 \_\_\_\_\_ tired?

(you / be)

7 Where \_\_\_\_\_?

(my keys / be)

8 \_\_\_\_\_ dogs?

(your boyfriend / like)

## 2 VOCABULARY question words

- a Match questions 1–8 to answers a–h.

1 Where do you work? c

2 What car do you drive?  

3 When do you go to the cinema?  

4 What kind of films do you like?  

5 How many children do you have?  

6 Who's your favourite actor?  

7 Why do you like him?  

8 Which do you prefer, tea or coffee?  

a At weekends.

b Because he's great!

c In a factory.

d Leonardo DiCaprio.

e A Mini.

f Action films.

g Tea.

h Two.



**b** Circle the correct question words.

- 1 A How many / When / Who do you play the guitar?  
B In the evening.
- 2 A What kind of / Which / Why music do you like?  
B Rock.
- 3 A What / Where / Who do you do?  
B I'm an engineer.
- 4 A How many / When / Which languages do you speak?  
B Three.
- 5 A What kind of / Where / Why is it cold in here?  
B Because the window is open.
- 6 A What / When / Who is your favourite singer?  
B Adele.
- 7 A How many / What kind of / Which do you prefer, the cinema or the theatre?  
B The cinema.
- 8 A What / Where / Why do you study English?  
B At a language school.

**c** Complete the questions.

- 1 What 's your name?  
My name's Aurelian.
- 2                  do you live?  
I live in Lucerne in Switzerland.
- 3                  do you have English classes?  
On Tuesdays and Thursdays.
- 4                  students are in your class?  
Twelve.
- 5                  food do you like?  
I like Italian.
- 6                  do you prefer, basketball or football?  
I prefer basketball.
- 7                  's your favourite singer?  
Ed Sheeran.
- 8                  do you like him?  
I like him because he's a really good singer.

**d** Answer the questions in c for you.

- 1 My name's \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 I \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 \_\_\_\_\_

**3 PRONUNCIATION** question words, sentence stress

**a** Match question words 1–7 to the words with the same sounds a–g.

- |         |          |         |
|---------|----------|---------|
| 1 why   | <u>d</u> | a you   |
| 2 which | _____    | b hot   |
| 3 who   | _____    | c there |
| 4 what  | _____    | d my    |
| 5 how   | _____    | e ten   |
| 6 when  | _____    | f rich  |
| 7 where | _____    | g now   |

**b** ① 3.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

**c** Underline the stressed words.

- 1 What do you do?
- 2 Where do you live?
- 3 What car do you drive?
- 4 What kind of films do you like?
- 5 Who's your favourite singer?

**d** ② 3.4 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences.



Go online for more practice

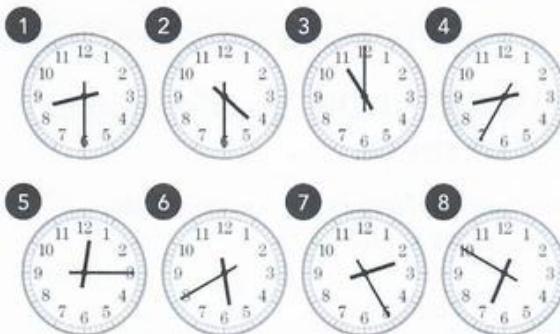
Go online to check your progress

# Practical English Coffee to take away

buying a coffee V telling the time

## 1 VOCABULARY telling the time

Complete the times.



- 1 It's half past eight.  
 2 It's \_\_\_\_\_.  
 3 It's \_\_\_\_\_.  
 4 It's \_\_\_\_\_.  
 5 It's \_\_\_\_\_.  
 6 It's \_\_\_\_\_.  
 7 It's \_\_\_\_\_.  
 8 It's \_\_\_\_\_.

## 2 BUYING A COFFEE

### a Order the conversation.

- 1 A Can I help you?  
 \_\_\_ B No thanks. How much is that?  
 \_\_\_ A Anything else?  
 \_\_\_ B Thanks.  
 \_\_\_ A £3.65. Thank you. And your change.  
 \_\_\_ B Sorry, how much?  
 \_\_\_ A Regular or large?  
 2 \_\_\_ B Yes. Can I have a latte, please?  
 \_\_\_ A That's £3.65, please.  
 \_\_\_ B To take away.  
 \_\_\_ A To have here or take away?  
 \_\_\_ B Large, please.

### b Complete the conversation with phrases from the list.

Can I have here help you how much  
or double is that take away your change

- A Can I <sup>1</sup>help you? \_\_\_\_\_  
 B Yes. <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ have an espresso, please?  
 A Single <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_?  
 B Single, please.  
 A To have here or <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_?  
 B To <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A Anything else?  
 B No thanks. How much <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A That's £2.80, please.  
 B Sorry, <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A £2.80. Thank you. And <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.  
 B Thanks.

## 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH phrases

### a Re-order the words to make phrases.

- 1 we / Here / are  
Here we are.  
 2 you / something / drink / like / Would / to  
 \_\_\_\_\_?  
 3 to / later / Talk / you  
 \_\_\_\_\_?  
 4 this / the / in / UK / your / Is / first / time  
 \_\_\_\_\_?

### b Complete the conversations with the phrases in a.

- 1 A OK. Here we are. This is your hotel.  
 B Oh, it's very nice.  
 2 A Sit down. \_\_\_\_\_?  
 B No thanks. I'm fine.  
 3 A Nice to meet you. \_\_\_\_\_?  
 B No, it isn't. I know London very well.  
 4 A \_\_\_\_\_.  
 B Bye.

# Can you remember...? 1–3

## 1 GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 I'm not                  very happy today. (not be)
- 2 Nurses                  very long hours. (work)
- 3                  the TV. I want to watch this programme. (not turn off)
- 4 It's a small town. It                  an airport. (not have)
- 5                  you hungry? It's lunch time. (be)
- 6                  your teacher                  glasses? (wear)

## 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 tablet charger mobile question
- 2 window coin purse wallet
- 3 strong bag expensive young
- 4 wrong wear tall clean
- 5 cheap worried bored angry
- 6 cook drink eat late
- 7 tissue doctor lawyer vet
- 8 who watch where which

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

 bird	1 nurse <u>short</u> thirsty work
 bull	2 blue cook footballer full
 fish	3 builder high live rich
 cat	4 actor bag black charger
 zebra	5 does drives travels watches
 shower	6 hairdresser musician Russian shop

## 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.

### My day

This is Evie Granger. She <sup>1</sup> 32, and she lives in Cornwall in the UK. Evie <sup>2</sup> with dogs, but she isn't a <sup>3</sup>. She's a dog walker. Evie works from Monday to Friday. She <sup>4</sup> at weekends. Every day, she walks two different groups of dogs. In the morning, she has a group of two or three <sup>5</sup>. She takes them for <sup>6</sup> on the beach. The dogs are very <sup>7</sup> after their walk, but they're happy. In the afternoon, Evie goes to the park with four or five small dogs. The dogs love the park and they <sup>8</sup> to go home. Does Evie like <sup>9</sup> job? Yes, she <sup>10</sup>. She loves animals, and she likes her job very much.



- |                  |             |               |
|------------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1 a has          | b is        | c have        |
| 2 a job          | b work      | c works       |
| 3 a doctor       | b vet       | c a vet       |
| 4 a doesn't work | b not work  | c don't work  |
| 5 a big dogs     | b dogs big  | c bigs dogs   |
| 6 a a long walk  | b long walk | c a walk long |
| 7 a bored        | b tired     | c stressed    |
| 8 a doesn't want | b not want  | c don't want  |
| 9 a her          | b his       | c your        |
| 10 a do          | b does      | c is          |

 Go online to check your progress

# 4A Family photos

**G** possessive 's, **Whose...?**   **V** family   **P** /W the letter c

A celebrity is a person who works hard all his life to become well-known, then wears dark glasses to avoid being recognized.  
*Fred Allen, American comedian*

## 1 GRAMMAR possessive 's, Whose...?

- a Add an apostrophe ('') in the correct place in these sentences.

- 1 Martha is my brother's girlfriend.
  - 2 Do you know Barbaras sister?
  - 3 Tims wife is Russian.
  - 4 I work in my fathers shop.
  - 5 The Volvo is my parents car.
  - 6 The childrens room is very untidy.
  - 7 Chriss friends are in Ireland.
  - 8 Where is the mens hairdresser?

- b Look at the 's in the sentences. Write A (possessive) or B (is) in the box.

- |   |                                    |   |
|---|------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | Kate's sister is a lawyer.         | A |
| 2 | His mother's very short.           | B |
| 3 | My cousin's flat is very big.      |   |
| 4 | Our grandfather's 70 today.        |   |
| 5 | Their uncle's a pilot.             |   |
| 6 | Jim's children wear glasses.       |   |
| 7 | My brother's wife plays the piano. |   |
| 8 | Her name's Lucy.                   |   |

- c Complete the sentences with *whose* or *who's*.

- 1 Whose is that bag?
  - 2 Who's the woman in the red dress?
  - 3 \_\_\_\_\_ dictionary is this?
  - 4 \_\_\_\_\_ her husband?
  - 5 \_\_\_\_\_ the man with the notebook?
  - 6 \_\_\_\_\_ pens are they?
  - 7 \_\_\_\_\_ your English teacher this year?
  - 8 \_\_\_\_\_ books are they?

- d Write questions about the photos.

- 1 Whose phone is it? \_\_\_\_\_ ?
  - 2 Whose sunglasses are \_\_\_\_\_ ?
  - 3 Whose charger \_\_\_\_\_ ?
  - 4 Whose \_\_\_\_\_ ?
  - 5 \_\_\_\_\_ ?
  - 6 \_\_\_\_\_ ?



- e Answer the questions in d.

- 1 It's my boyfriend's phone.

2 They're Ivan's \_\_\_\_\_.

3 It's \_\_\_\_\_.

4 \_\_\_\_\_.

5 \_\_\_\_\_.

6 \_\_\_\_\_.

## 2 VOCABULARY family

- a Complete the chart.

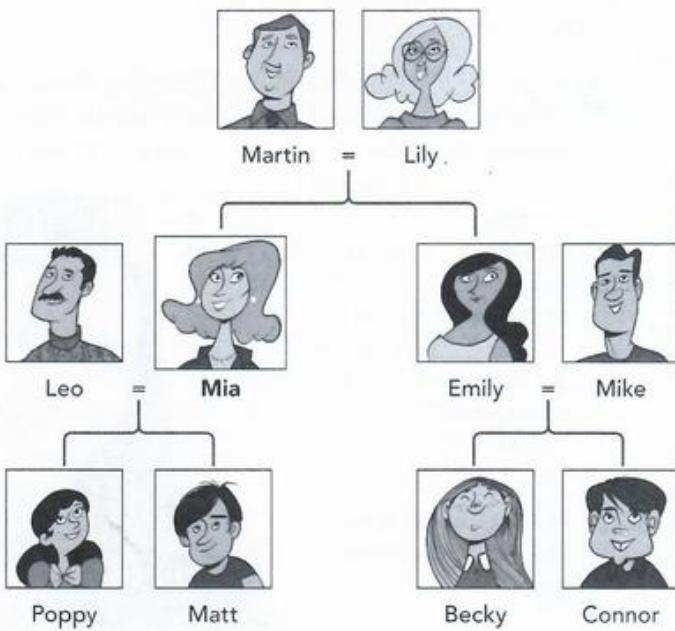


<sup>1</sup> grandmother	grandfather
mother	<sup>2</sup>
<sup>3</sup>	uncle
wife	<sup>4</sup>
<sup>5</sup>	brother
daughter	<sup>6</sup>
<sup>7</sup>	nephew
cousin	<sup>8</sup>

**b** Complete the sentences.

- 1 My father's brother is my uncle.
- 2 My sister's daughter is my granddaughter.
- 3 My mother's sister is my aunt.
- 4 My father's mother is my grandmother.
- 5 My aunt's daughter is my niece.
- 6 My mother's father is my grandfather.
- 7 My brother's son is my grandson.
- 8 My sister's husband is my brother-in-law.
- 9 My husband's mother is my mother-in-law.
- 10 My father's new wife is my stepmother.

**c** Look at the family tree. Answer the questions about Mia's family.



1 Who's Lily?

She's Mia's mother.

2 Who's Leo?

He's Mia's father.

3 Who's Emily?

She's Poppy and Matt's mother.

4 Who's Matt?

5 Who's Becky?

6 Who's Mike?

7 Who's Poppy?

8 Who's Connor?

9 Who's Martin?

**d** Think about people in your family. What are their names? Write about six people.

My mother's name is Lola.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_

**3 PRONUNCIATION /ʌ/, the letter o**

**a** Cross-out the three words with a different sound.



brother hungry son nurse  
husband uncle cousin model  
~~one couple young mother~~  
~~journalist Monday ugly~~

**b** 4.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

**c** Match sentences 1–4 to sounds a–d.



a up



b phone



c clock



d boot

1 Those mobile phones are old. \_\_\_\_\_

2 Who are you? \_\_\_\_\_

3 Their son comes every Monday. \_\_\_\_\_

4 Tom's doctor is Scottish. \_\_\_\_\_

**d** 4.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences.



Go online for more practice

# 4B

## From morning to night

3 o'clock is always too late or too early for anything you want to do.  
Jean-Paul Sartre, French philosopher

G prepositions of time (at, in, on) and place (at, in, to) V daily routine P linking

### 1 VOCABULARY daily routine

- a Circle the action which people do first.

- 1 get up / wake up
- 2 get dressed / have a shower
- 3 have lunch / have breakfast
- 4 go to work / start work
- 5 go home / get home
- 6 make dinner / go shopping



- b Complete the sentences with verbs from the list.

check do finish get have  
put on relax see take walk

- 1 I check my messages on my phone.
- 2 I work at 3 o'clock on Fridays.
- 3 We see friends on Saturday evenings.
- 4 Do you walk make-up every day?
- 5 My husband and I do the housework at the weekend.
- 6 They live near the office, so they walk to work.
- 7 How do you relax after a hard day at work?
- 8 I walk the dog for a walk three times a day.
- 9 What time do you get to work in the morning?
- 10 Do you take a shave every day?

- c Complete the article with *have*, *go*, or *get*.

## A STUDENT'S LIFE IS EASY...OR IS IT?

Many people think that students have a very easy life. We ask Helen and Rupert about their typical day.

'I <sup>1</sup>go \_\_\_\_\_ to university in Bristol, and I live about a kilometre away from the university, with two other students. Every day I <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ up at 7.30 and I <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a shower. I <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a coffee, and then I <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ to my classes. I'm at university all day, and then I <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ shopping on my way home, so I <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ home late. I do the housework and study in the evening and I <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ to bed at 11.30. I'm usually very tired!'

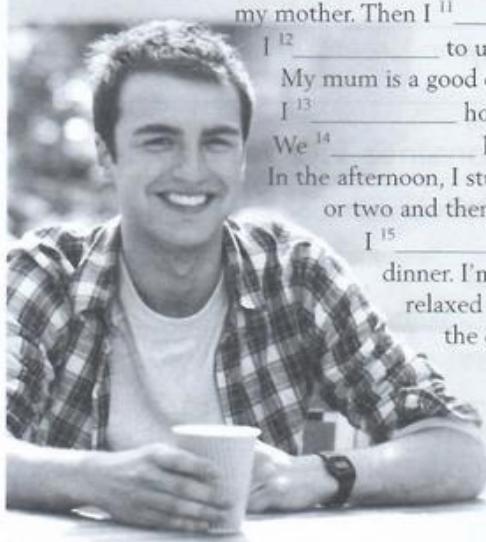
Helen Edwards, from Durham in north-east England



'I <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ to Exeter University, so I live at home with my parents. Every morning I wake up at 8 o'clock and I <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ breakfast with my mother. Then I <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ dressed. I <sup>12</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ to university by bus. My mum is a good cook, so I <sup>13</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ home for lunch. We <sup>14</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ lunch together. In the afternoon, I study for an hour or two and then I watch TV.'

I <sup>15</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a bath after dinner. I'm usually quite relaxed at the end of the day.'

Rupert Cavendish, from Exeter in south-west England



## 2 PRONUNCIATION linking

- a **4.3** Listen and write six sentences.

- 1 We get up early on Saturday. (6 words)
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ (6 words)
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ (5 words)
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ (6 words)
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ (7 words)
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ (6 words)

- b **4.3** Listen again and repeat the sentences.

## 3 GRAMMAR prepositions of time and place

- a Write the words and phrases in the correct column.

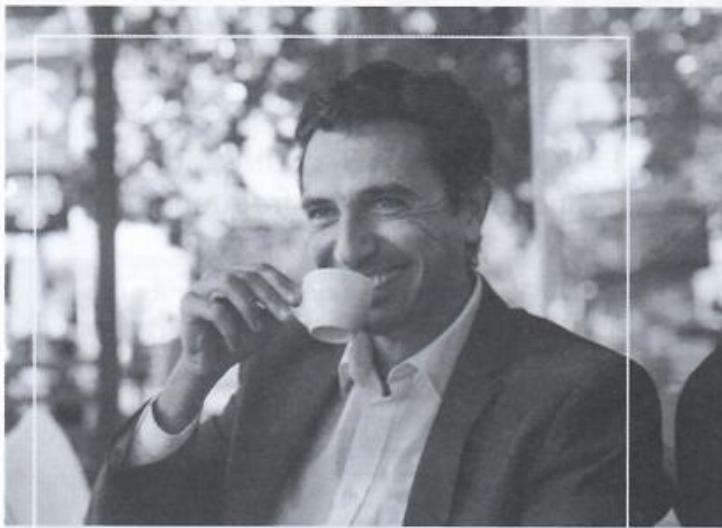
March 6th December 6.30 the winter Monday  
night the afternoon the weekend Saturday evening  
1984 Christmas 21st August

in	on	at
March	6th December	6.30

- b Circle the correct preposition.

- 1 I have a shower in / on / at the morning.
- 2 They go on holiday in / on / at August.
- 3 My sister studies economics at / in / to university.
- 4 My brother goes to bed in / on / at midnight.
- 5 Do you live at / in / to a house or flat?
- 6 We have English classes in / on / at Tuesdays and Thursdays.
- 7 The children have lunch at / in / to school.
- 8 Tina works in / on / at the weekend.
- 9 Jack goes at / in / to the gym after work.
- 10 It's very hot in / on / at the summer.

- c Complete the text with the correct prepositions.



'My name is Francesco Mancini and I work <sup>1</sup>in \_\_\_\_\_ an office in the centre of Rome. During the week, I get up <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ half past six. I go <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ work by train, but <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ Fridays I drive so I can visit my mother <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ the afternoon. I start work <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ quarter to nine and I have lunch <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ work. <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ the summer I work different hours because <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ 15th June we change to the summer timetable. It's very hot in Rome <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ August, so most people go on holiday.'

- d Answer the questions about your daily routine. Write full sentences.

1 What time do you get up?

I get up at \_\_\_\_\_.

2 Where do you have breakfast?

3 Do you go to work?

4 Do you have a coffee in the morning?

5 Where do you have lunch?

6 When do you go to English classes?

7 Do you make dinner?

8 What do you do in the evening?

9 What time do you go to bed?



Go online for more practice

## 1 VOCABULARY months, adverbs and expressions of frequency

- a Put the letters in order to make months. Write the months in order. Remember to start with a CAPITAL LETTER.

erpebsmte ilpar movrebne ugtuas  
yma anyjuar ujen cotorbe ebryfuar  
ecerdmbe ahrmc uylj

- 1 January \_\_\_\_\_  
2 \_\_\_\_\_  
3 \_\_\_\_\_  
4 \_\_\_\_\_  
5 \_\_\_\_\_  
6 \_\_\_\_\_  
7 \_\_\_\_\_  
8 \_\_\_\_\_  
9 \_\_\_\_\_  
10 \_\_\_\_\_  
11 \_\_\_\_\_  
12 December \_\_\_\_\_

- b Answer the questions.

- c Complete the sentences with an adverb or expression of frequency.

- 1 I go to the gym twice a week, on Mondays and Thursdays.  
2 He \_\_\_\_\_ eats meat. He's a vegetarian.  
3 She \_\_\_\_\_ starts work at 9.00, but on Mondays she starts at 10.00.  
4 I see my parents \_\_\_\_\_ a year at Christmas.  
5 They usually walk to work, but they \_\_\_\_\_ drive.  
6 I have English classes \_\_\_\_\_ – Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

## 2 GRAMMAR position of adverbs, expressions of frequency

- a Are the sentences right (✓) or wrong (✗)? Correct the wrong sentences.

- 1 Pilots often sleep in hotels. ✓  
2 The children every day walk to school. ✗  
*The children walk to school every day.*  
3 Mike drives sometimes to work. ✗  
4 My girlfriend is never late. ✗  
5 They every summer go to Italy. ✗  
6 Ellie three times a day drinks coffee. ✗  
7 My brother hardly ever has a shave. ✗  
8 We twice a week study English. ✗  
9 I always am stressed. ✗  
10 I see my grandparents every weekend. ✗

## THE TIME QUIZ

- 1 How many minutes in an hour? sixty  
2 How many months in a year? \_\_\_\_\_  
3 How many days in a week? \_\_\_\_\_  
4 How many seconds in a minute? \_\_\_\_\_  
5 How many weeks in a month? \_\_\_\_\_  
6 How many hours in a day? \_\_\_\_\_  
7 How many days in June? \_\_\_\_\_  
8 How many weeks in a year? \_\_\_\_\_



- b** Write sentences. Use verbs from the list and the words in brackets in the correct place.

be do get up go have see sleep take

1 We / the housework (once a week)

We do the housework once a week.

2 They / pizza for dinner. (never)

They never have pizza for dinner.

3 My mother / shopping (every morning)

4 I / for eight hours. (hardly ever)

5 We / our friends (every weekend)

6 I / at quarter to seven. (usually)

7 My children / happy. (always)

8 She / the dog for a walk (three times a day)

- c** Complete the **You** column in the chart. Then complete the sentences with a verb and an adverb of frequency.

always	✓✓✓✓✓	sometimes	✓✓
usually	✓✓✓✓	hardly ever	✓
often	✓✓✓	never	-



	Matt	Becky	You
sleep for eight hours	<sup>1</sup> ✓✓✓✓✓	<sup>6</sup> ✓✓	<sup>11</sup>
be relaxed	<sup>2</sup> ✓✓✓✓✓✓	<sup>7</sup> ✓✓✓	<sup>12</sup>
do sport or exercise	<sup>3</sup> ✓✓	<sup>8</sup> -	<sup>13</sup>
eat healthy food	<sup>4</sup> ✓✓✓	<sup>9</sup> ✓	<sup>14</sup>
be ill	<sup>5</sup> -	<sup>10</sup> ✓✓✓✓✓✓	<sup>15</sup>

### Matt

1 Matt usually sleeps for eight hours.

2 He is always \_\_\_\_\_.

3 He sometimes \_\_\_\_\_.

4 He \_\_\_\_\_.

5 \_\_\_\_\_.

### Becky

6 Becky \_\_\_\_\_.

7 She \_\_\_\_\_.

8 \_\_\_\_\_.

9 \_\_\_\_\_.

10 \_\_\_\_\_.

### You

11 I \_\_\_\_\_.

12 \_\_\_\_\_.

13 \_\_\_\_\_.

14 \_\_\_\_\_.

15 \_\_\_\_\_.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION the letter *h*

- a** Complete the sentences with words from the list.

hairdresser happy home  
hospital hour Hungary

1 Her husband is from Hungary.

2 My headphones are at \_\_\_\_\_.

3 His mother is in \_\_\_\_\_.

4 Lunch is half an \_\_\_\_\_.

5 Helen is a \_\_\_\_\_.

6 The children are healthy and \_\_\_\_\_.

- b** 4.4 Listen and check. In which word is *h* not pronounced?

- c** 4.4 Listen again and repeat the sentences.



Go online for more practice

# 5A

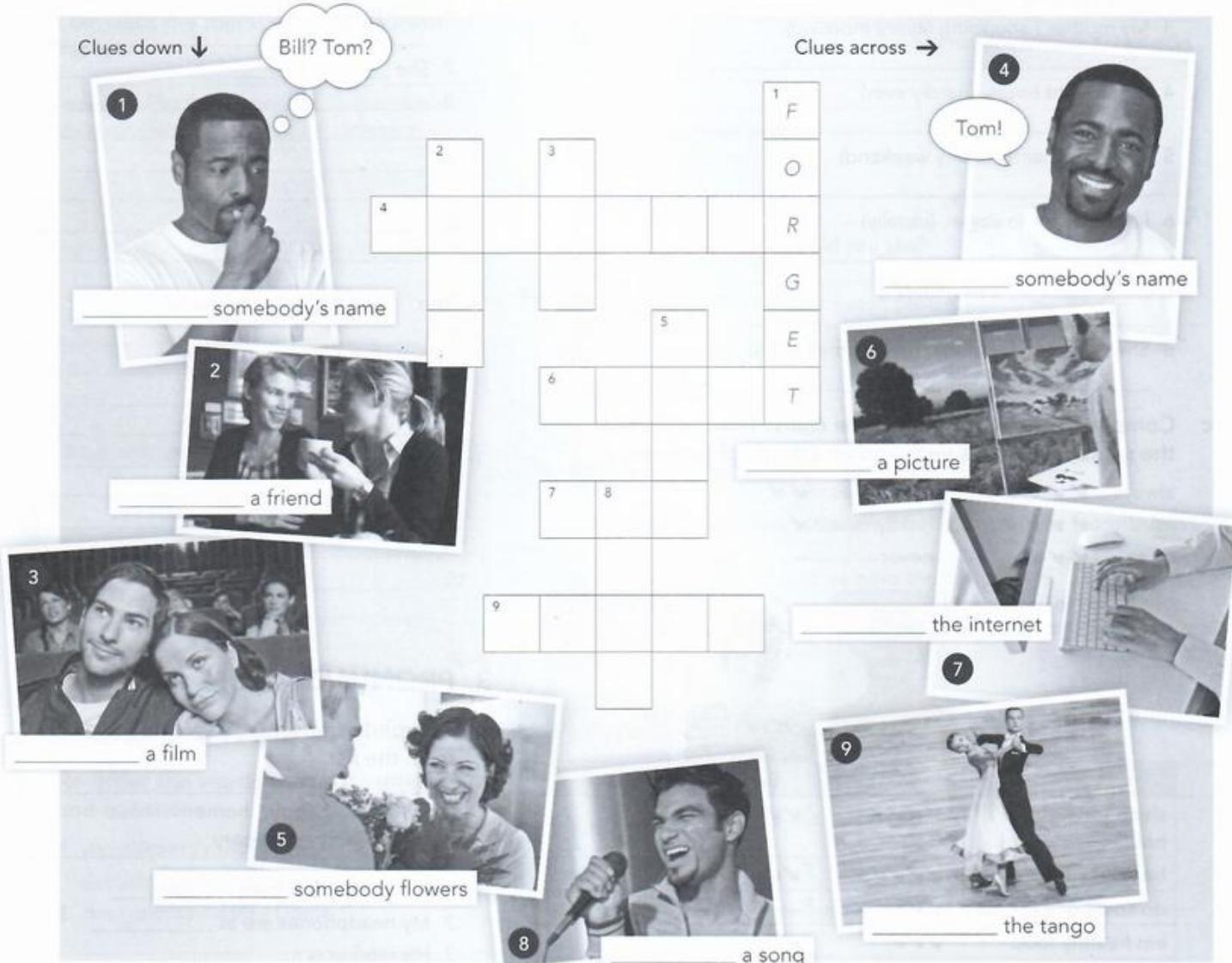
## Vote for me!

In the future everyone will be famous for fifteen minutes.  
Andy Warhol, American painter

**G** can / can't **V** verb phrases: buy a newspaper, etc. **P** sentence stress

### 1 VOCABULARY verb phrases

- a Complete the crossword with the correct verb.



- b Complete the verbs in the verb phrases.

- 1 buy a newspaper
- 2 dre a picture
- 3 le for your keys
- 4 rue a race
- 5 se a text message
- 6 swin in the sea
- 7 ta a photo
- 8 watch for a bus

- c Complete the sentences with verbs from the list.

call find hear help leave talk tell try

- 1 I want to go home now. Let's call a taxi.
- 2 Please help me. I can't open the door.
- 3 Don't leave your bag in the car. Take it with you.
- 4 Who do you usually tell your secrets to?
- 5 How often do you try to do something difficult?
- 6 Hi, this is Paul. Can you hear me?
- 7 I don't understand this. I need to talk to the teacher.
- 8 We can't find a parking space. There are a lot of cars.

## 2 GRAMMAR can / can't

a Match sentences 1–6 to a–f.

- 1 Can you help me with my homework? c
- 2 Can you give me my glasses?
- 3 Can you call my mum?
- 4 Can you speak more slowly?
- 5 Can you make dinner for 8.30?
- 6 Can you tell me your name again?

- a I can't come before then.
- b I can't see.
- c I can't do it.
- d I can't find my phone.
- e I can't understand you.
- f I can't remember it.

b Write a sentence with can / can't for each picture.

cross see talk turn



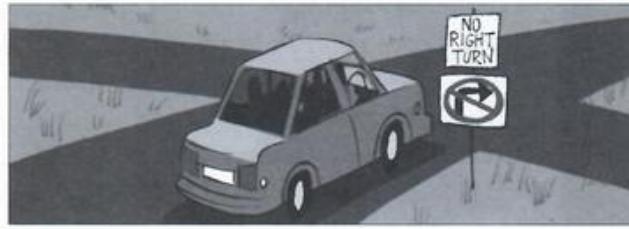
1 You can cross now.



2 I    now.



3 Dr Atkins    you now.



4 We    right here!

c Write a sentence for each picture with can / can't.



1 They can't sing.



2   



3   



4   

d Write a question with you for each picture. Then write your answer: Yes, I can. or No, I can't.

Your answer

- 1 Can    you sing ?
- 2    you    ?
- 3    you    ?
- 4    you    ?

## 3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

a ① 5.1 Listen and repeat.

- 1 A Can you speak German?  
B Yes, I can.
- 2 I can't find the keys.
- 3 She can sing.
- 4 Where can I buy a newspaper?
- 5 A Can you cook?  
B No, I can't.
- 6 He can't swim.



b ① 5.1 Listen again. Tick (✓) the sentences where can / can't is stressed.

Go online for more practice

# 5B

## A quiet life?

Hell is other people.  
Jean-Paul Sartre, French philosopher

**G** present continuous: be + verb + -ing   **V** noise: verbs and verb phrases   **P /ŋ/**

### 1 VOCABULARY noise: verbs and verb phrases

- a Complete the verbs and verb phrases with the missing letters.



1 h\_a\_v\_e the TV on



2 p\_a\_t\_s the p\_a\_o



3 b\_r\_



4 h\_v\_ a noisy p\_r\_y



5 a\_g\_e



6 p\_a\_ loud m\_s\_c



7 c\_y



8 m\_k\_ a lot of n\_i\_e

- b Complete the conversations with verbs from the list.

argue bark cry have (x2)  
make practise play

- 1 A Do you practise with your band every week?  
B Yes, every Friday night.
  - 2 A Do you \_\_\_\_\_ the TV on when you're having dinner?  
B No, we don't. We talk.
  - 3 A Does your dog \_\_\_\_\_ when you get home?  
B Yes, he does. He's always very happy.
  - 4 A Do you \_\_\_\_\_ when you're watching a sad film?  
B Yes, sometimes.
  - 5 A Does your husband \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of noise when he gets up?  
B No, he's very quiet.
  - 6 A Do you often \_\_\_\_\_ with your brothers and sisters?  
B No, never. We get on really well.
  - 7 A Do you \_\_\_\_\_ music when you want to relax?  
B Yes, I do.
  - 8 A Do you always \_\_\_\_\_ a birthday party?  
B Yes, I do, every year.
- c Answer the questions with *often*, *sometimes*, *hardly ever*, or *never*.
- How often do you...?**
- 1 play loud music \_\_\_\_\_
  - 2 argue with your family \_\_\_\_\_
  - 3 have a party \_\_\_\_\_
  - 4 cry in the cinema \_\_\_\_\_
  - 5 have the TV on very loud \_\_\_\_\_



## 2 GRAMMAR present continuous

- a Complete the sentences with the correct form of **be**. Use contractions after pronouns.

- 1  I'm waiting for a bus.
- 2  The children drawing a picture.
- 3  My brother talking to me at the moment.
- 4  The receptionist calling us a taxi.
- 5  I listening to you.
- 6  We watching the football on TV.

- b Complete the sentences with the present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 I'm looking for my purse. (look for)
- 2 My brother-in-law a new house. (buy)
- 3 We because we don't like the music. (not dance)
- 4 the waitress with our dinner? (come)
- 5 She can't read the menu. She her glasses. (not wear)
- 6 you the TV or can I turn it off? (watch)
- 7 I this week. I'm on holiday! (not work)
- 8 My niece and nephew in the sea. (swim)

- c Look at the picture. What are the people doing? Complete 1–8 with a verb or verb phrase in the present continuous.

- 1 The girl's listening to music.
- 2 The children
- 3 The couple
- 4 The dog
- 5 The baby
- 6 The boy
- 7 The girl
- 8 The girl

## 3 PRONUNCIATION /ŋ/

- a 5.2 Listen and repeat the words.



singer arguing barking crying having  
playing shouting studying talking

- b Circle the word with /ŋ/ in each pair.

- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| 1 sing   | dance    |
| 2 pink   | brown    |
| 3 long   | lunch    |
| 4 aunt   | uncle    |
| 5 drink  | find     |
| 6 France | Hungary  |
| 7 young  | engineer |
| 8 think  | want     |

- c 5.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

Go online for more practice

# 5C

## A city for all seasons

I'm leaving because the weather is too good. I hate London when it's not raining.  
Groucho Marx, American actor

**G** present simple or present continuous? **V** the weather and seasons **P** places in London

### 1 VOCABULARY the weather and seasons

- a Put the letters in the right order to make seasons.



1 pgrsin  
spring



2 irntew  
winter



3 umrmes  
summer



4 untuam  
autumn

- b Complete the words. What's the weather like?

### THE WEATHER AROUND THE WORLD



1 Beijing  
It's f \_ o \_ g \_ y .



2 Buenos Aires  
It's w \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ .



3 Cairo  
It's h \_ \_ \_ .



4 Edinburgh  
It's sn \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ .



5 Istanbul  
It's s \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ .



6 London  
It's r \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ .



7 Moscow  
It's c \_ \_ \_ .



8 Zurich  
It's cl \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ .

- c Complete the sentences with the phrases in b.

- 1 The sky is grey today. It's cloudy.
- 2 Can you open the window, please? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Take an umbrella. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Look! Everything's white. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 The trees are moving. \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 Slow down and turn on the lights. \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 Let's go to the beach. \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 Close the window. \_\_\_\_\_

### 2 GRAMMAR present simple or present continuous?

- a Circle the correct form.

- 1 A What time does the museum close?  
B It closes / It's closing at 6 p.m., I think.
- 2 A What are you doing here?  
B I'm on holiday. I sightsee / I'm sightseeing.
- 3 A Can you talk?  
B No. I have dinner / I'm having dinner.
- 4 A Where do they usually go / are they usually going on holiday?  
B To Ibiza.
- 5 A How often does your wife go abroad?  
B She travels / She's travelling to Asia four times a year.
- 6 A Does it rain / Is it raining where you are?  
B Yes, it's really wet here.
- 7 A What does your girlfriend do / is your girlfriend doing?  
B She's a travel guide.
- 8 A Do you work / Are you working this week?  
B No. I'm on holiday.

- b Complete the sentences. Use the present simple or present continuous.

- 1 Helen usually drives (drive) to work, but today it's sunny, so she's walking (walk).
- 2 Tom usually make dinner for his wife, but today it's his birthday, so he not cook.
- 3 I work (work) this evening, but I usually finish work at 5.00.
- 4 Scott and Chris often practise (practise) their guitars in the evening, but tonight, they play in a concert.
- 5 Laura usually go (go) on holiday in the summer, but this year she work in a restaurant.
- 6 I read (read) a book in English at the moment, but I usually buy books in Polish.

- c Complete the article with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use present simple or present continuous.

### What to do in

# LONDON

London <sup>1</sup>has (have) a lot of interesting museums. Most of the museums are free, so visitors <sup>2</sup>not need a ticket. This is the Natural History Museum. Today it <sup>3</sup>rain, so a lot of people <sup>4</sup>visit the museum. It's a great place to take children, because they <sup>5</sup>love the dinosaurs. In the photo, a girl <sup>6</sup>stand near a big dinosaur. She <sup>7</sup>not look at it, because her boyfriend <sup>8</sup>take a photo. Every year, more than five million people <sup>9</sup>go to the Natural History Museum, because it's very interesting, and it's a beautiful building.

### 3 PRONUNCIATION places in London

- a Underline the stressed syllable in the **bold** words.

- 1 **Buck**ing ham Pa **lace**
- 2 **West** min ster Ab **bey**
- 3 **Co**vent Gar **den**
- 4 St Paul's **Ca**the **dral**
- 5 Pi **cca** dilly Cir **cus**
- 6 Leices **ter** Square
- 7 the Hou **ses** of Par **lia** ment
- 8 Tra fal gar Square
- 9 Wem bley Sta **dium**
- 10 the Tow **er** of Lon **don**

- b 5.4 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.



# Practical English In a clothes shop

buying clothes ▶ clothes

## 1 VOCABULARY clothes

Look at the pictures. Write the words.

- 1 shoes  
2  
3  
4

- 5  
6  
7  
8



## 2 BUYING CLOTHES

a Complete the missing words in the conversation.

- A Can I <sup>1</sup>help you?  
B Yes. What <sup>2</sup>s \_\_\_\_\_ is this T-shirt?  
A It's a <sup>3</sup>m \_\_\_\_\_. What size do you need?  
B I need a <sup>4</sup>l \_\_\_\_\_.  
A Here's a large.  
B Thanks. Where can I <sup>5</sup>tr \_\_\_\_\_ it on?  
A The <sup>6</sup>c \_\_\_\_\_ rooms are over there.  
B <sup>7</sup>Th \_\_\_\_\_ you.  
A How is it?  
B It's fine. How <sup>8</sup>m \_\_\_\_\_ is it?  
A It's £15.99.

b Circle the correct answer.

1 Where's my wallet?  
2 Excuse me. Where's the lift?  
3 Where's my bag?

Don't worry.  
It's here / there.

It's here / over there.

It's here / there.  
On the chair

c Complete the sentences with *this*, *that*, *these*, or *those*.



- 1 This jacket here is a medium.  
2 \_\_\_\_\_ jacket there is a large.



- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ shoes over there are £15.99.  
4 \_\_\_\_\_ shoes here are £65.99.

## 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Complete the conversations with phrases from the list.

It's so cool Right now Wait a minute  
I have to go Have fun What's wrong No way

- 1 A Are you coming?  
B Wait a minute. I'm turning off my computer.
- 2 A What do you think of my new jacket?  
B I love it! !
- 3 A Oh no!  
B \_\_\_\_\_? Is everything OK?
- 4 A Can I wear just a T-shirt?  
B \_\_\_\_\_! It's really cold outside.
- 5 A Can I talk to you?  
B \_\_\_\_\_? OK.
- 6 A Let's have another coffee.  
B Sorry. \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7 A My friends are here. See you!  
B Bye. \_\_\_\_\_!



# Can you remember...? 1–5

## 1 GRAMMAR

Circle the correct word.

- 1 Help! I can't find / to find my keys.
- 2 We have three childs / children – one son and two daughters.
- 3 She doesn't / don't have a car.
- 4 My brothers' / brother's wife is from Japan.
- 5 Is / Are your phone new?
- 6 Don't stop / Not stop! We're late!
- 7 He cycles usually / usually cycles to work on / in Mondays.
- 8 Whose / Who's that woman? Is she your manager?
- 9 Hi, Tom. Where are you going / do you go?

## 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 aunt nephew niece sister
- 2 wife stepfather partner soldier
- 3 have children have dinner have lunch have breakfast
- 4 often never sometimes easy
- 5 run speak talk sing
- 6 cry argue bark cheap
- 7 sunny cloudy windy eighty
- 8 spring winter builder summer

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.



boot 1 use cool put nephew



clock 2 coffee mother dog watch



horse 3 warm daughter take call



up 4 son lunch hot young



house 5 help hardly hour hungry



singer 6 lunch wrong eating drink

## 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.

## How to deal with **noisy neighbours**

Noisy neighbours <sup>1</sup> a problem. They often play loud music or they <sup>2</sup> noisy parties at night. So, what can you <sup>3</sup> when you have noisy neighbours? First, try to talk to them about the noise. <sup>4</sup> go to their house when the music is on; wait until it's quiet. When you speak to them, don't be <sup>5</sup>, but say exactly how you feel, for example: 'I <sup>6</sup> your music, but I can't study when it's very loud.' If they <sup>7</sup> listen to you, write them a letter. Tell them again how you feel. If the noise doesn't stop, you <sup>8</sup> help from the police. Call the police when your neighbours are <sup>9</sup> a lot of noise. Then, they can see – and <sup>10</sup> – the problem when they get to your house.



- |               |          |         |
|---------------|----------|---------|
| 1 a am        | b is     | c are   |
| 2 a do        | b have   | c make  |
| 3 a do        | b doing  | c to do |
| 4 a Doesn't   | b Don't  | c Not   |
| 5 a angry     | b hungry | c tired |
| 6 a 'm loving | b love   | c loves |
| 7 a doesn't   | b not    | c don't |
| 8 a like      | b need   | c want  |
| 9 a making    | b makes  | c make  |
| 10 a look     | b listen | c hear  |

Go online to check your progress

## 1 GRAMMAR object pronouns

a Complete the chart.

Subject pronouns	Object pronouns
1 I	1 me
2	2 you
he	3
she	4
5	5 it
we	6
7	7 you
they	8

b Complete the sentences with object pronouns.

- 1 I have a new bag, but I can't find it.
- 2 He loves her, but she doesn't love him.
- 3 You always help them, but they never help you.
- 4 They can hear her, but she can't hear her.
- 5 We sometimes invite them for lunch, but they never invite us.
- 6 I can see you, but you can't see me.
- 7 You and your friends are nice to him, but he isn't nice to them.
- 8 She's talking to him, but he isn't listening to her.
- 9 Where's Charlie? I want to talk to him.
- 10 These shoes are new. Do you like them?

c Complete the conversations. Change the **bold** words to subject and object pronouns.

- 1 A Do **your parents** like **me**?  
B Of course **they** like **you**!
- 2 A How often do **you** call **your mother**?  
B I call **her** every day.
- 3 A Does **your husband** meet **you** after work?  
B Yes, **he** meets **me** after work on Fridays.
- 4 A Do **you** wear glasses?  
B Yes, **I** wear **them** for reading.

5 A How often does **Eve** invite **you** and **your family** to her house?

B Eve invites me once a month.

6 A When do **you** and **your wife** do the housework?

B We do housework on Saturdays.

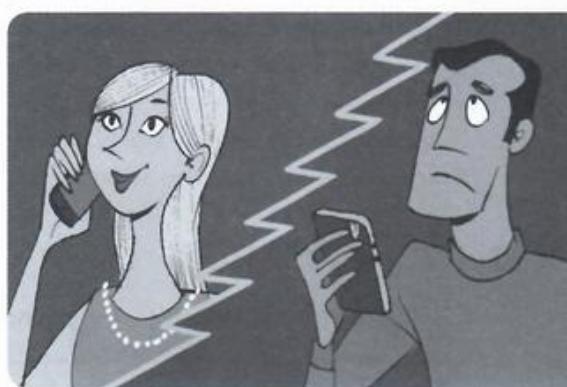
7 A Do **your friends** like **your boyfriend**?

B Yes, they like him very much.

8 A Anna, can **you** take **me** and **my girlfriend** to the airport?

B Sure, I can take you. What time?

d Complete the text with words from the list.



he her her him him she them they

Lily is worried about her boyfriend, Jamie.

She calls <sup>1</sup>**him** every day, but he doesn't call <sup>2</sup>**her**. When she wants to talk to Jamie, <sup>3</sup>**he** always says he's busy. She waits for <sup>4</sup>**him** after work, but he's often with some friends.

Jamie's friends don't like Lily, and she doesn't like <sup>5</sup>**them**. Lily says hello, but <sup>6</sup>**they** don't look at her. Now she knows that Jamie doesn't love <sup>7</sup>**her**. But she's happy because she knows that <sup>8</sup>**she** can find a new boyfriend.

## 2 VOCABULARY words in a story

a Match words 1–8 to definitions a–h. Use a dictionary to help you.

- 1 arrive b
- 2 towards —
- 3 sell —
- 4 through —
- 5 valuable —
- 6 village —
- 7 desert —
- 8 comfortable —

a nice to sit in, to be in, or to wear

b to come to a place

c a large dry area with very few plants

d in the direction of somebody or something

e to give something to somebody who pays you money for it

f worth a lot of money

g from one side of something to the other side

h a very small town in the countryside

b Complete the sentences with words in a.



- 1 I don't like dogs when they run towards me.
- 2 When do they usually leave home?
- 3 It's usually hot in the desert, but it can be very cold at night.
- 4 I love these new boots. They're really comfortable.
- 5 My wife is a sales assistant at Gucci. She sells handbags and shoes.
- 6 This is my grandfather's watch. It's very valuable.
- 7 The river Thames goes through London.
- 8 I live in a small village about thirty minutes from Paris.

c Complete the sentences with words from the list.

decide inside into leave mountain  
palace strange surprised

- 1 The prince in the story lives in a palace.
- 2 What's inside that box?
- 3 I can't decide what to have for dinner.
- 4 What's that? I can hear a strange noise.
- 5 Kilimanjaro is a very high mountain in Africa.
- 6 What time does your train leave?
- 7 Go into my office and wait for me there.
- 8 You're usually late, but not today. I'm surprised!

## 3 PRONUNCIATION /aɪ/, /ɪ/, and /i:/

a 6.1 Listen and repeat the sentences. Stress the **bold** words.

- 1 Call me **tonight**.
- 2 Can you **help** us?
- 3 **Don't** listen to her.
- 4 See you **later**.
- 5 I **don't** like them.
- 6 **Don't** think about it.
- 7 Give it to **him**.

b Circle the word with a different sound.

	<b>fish</b>	1 him live <u>nice</u>
	<b>tree</b>	2 she this <u>meet</u>
	<b>bike</b>	3 me I my
	<b>fish</b>	4 these his ring
	<b>tree</b>	5 we leave it
	<b>bike</b>	6 smile niece buy

c 6.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

# 6B

## The third Friday in June

**G** like + (verb + -ing)

**V** the date, ordinal numbers

**P** /ð/ and /θ/, saying the date

I write in the morning, I walk in the afternoon and I read in the evening.

It's a very easy, lovely life.

Margaret Forster, British writer

### 1 VOCABULARY the date, ordinal numbers

- a Complete the ordinal numbers.

- 1 1st first
- 2 2nd s
- 3 3rd th
- 4 5th f
- 5 12th tw
- 6 13th th
- 7 20th tw
- 8 21st tw

- b Continue the series.

- 1 first, second, third, fourth
- 2 second, fourth,       ,
- 3 fifth, seventh,       ,
- 4 tenth, fourteenth,       ,
- 5 fifth, tenth,       ,
- 6 seventh, fourteenth,       ,
- 7 twenty-fifth, twenty-fourth,       ,
- 8 twenty-eighth, twenty-ninth,       ,

- c Complete the chart.

1/1 14/2 4/7 31/10 25/12

Day	Date	You say...
Christmas Day	12/25	the twenty-fifth of December
Halloween	2	
New Year's Day	3	
US Independence Day	4	
Valentine's Day	5	

### 2 PRONUNCIATION /ð/ and /θ/, the date

- a **6.3** Listen and circle the dates you hear.

- |           |         |
|-----------|---------|
| 1 a 1/4   | b 3/4   |
| 2 a 12/7  | b 20/7  |
| 3 a 2/1   | b 7/1   |
| 4 a 4/9   | b 14/9  |
| 5 a 13/12 | b 30/12 |
| 6 a 21/5  | b 23/5  |
| 7 a 5/2   | b 15/2  |
| 8 a 20/10 | b 30/10 |

- b **6.4** Listen to both dates in a and repeat.

### 3 GRAMMAR like + (verb + -ing)

- a Label the activities with the + -ing form of the verbs from the list.



cook dance draw paint  
play run study swim write

- 1 drawing
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 \_\_\_\_\_
- 9 \_\_\_\_\_

- b Complete the chart for you. Then complete the sentences.



William



Amanda

= love    = like    = don't mind  
 = don't like    = hate

	William	Amanda	You
dance at parties	1	6	11
drive at night	2	7	12
sit in cafés	3	8	13
swim in the sea	4	9	14
watch football	5	10	15

### William

- 1 William hates dancing at parties.  
 2 He likes \_\_\_\_\_.  
 3 He \_\_\_\_\_.  
 4 \_\_\_\_\_.  
 5 \_\_\_\_\_.

### Amanda

- 6 Amanda \_\_\_\_\_.  
 7 She \_\_\_\_\_.  
 8 \_\_\_\_\_.  
 9 \_\_\_\_\_.  
 10 \_\_\_\_\_.

### You

- 11 I \_\_\_\_\_.  
 12 \_\_\_\_\_.  
 13 \_\_\_\_\_.  
 14 \_\_\_\_\_.  
 15 \_\_\_\_\_.

- c Read about Justin's favourite day and answer the questions.

## My Favourite Day

25th December is my favourite day of the year because it's Christmas Day. My family like celebrating Christmas together. We all go to my aunt's house on the 24th and we sleep there. On Christmas Day we get up quite early, because my cousins have small children. The children love opening their presents! We have eggs for breakfast. After breakfast we go for a long walk. It's usually very cold, and it sometimes snows! I don't like walking in the snow, but the children love it! When we get home, we cook lunch, and the children play with their toys. We have a big lunch, and then we watch a film on TV. We like watching comedies. In the evening we play games together. We go to bed very late and we're all very happy.

- 1 What's Justin's favourite day?

Justin's favourite day is Christmas Day.

- 2 When is it?

It's on 25th December.

- 3 When does he get up?

- 4 What do they have for breakfast?

- 5 Where do they have lunch?

- 6 What do they do in the afternoon?

- 7 What do they do in the evening?

- 8 When do they go to bed?

- d Write about your favourite day of the year. Complete the sentences. Use your answers in c to help you.

My favourite day of the year is \_\_\_\_\_.

I get up \_\_\_\_\_.

In the morning, we \_\_\_\_\_.

We have lunch \_\_\_\_\_.

In the afternoon, we \_\_\_\_\_.

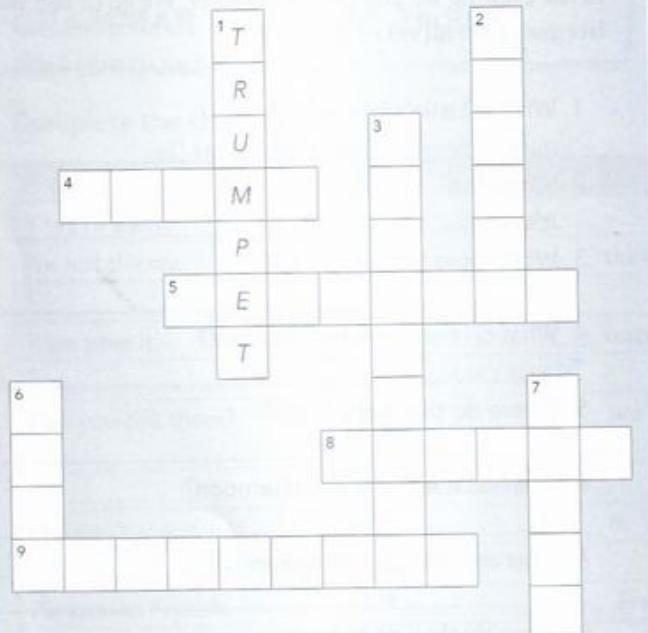
In the evening, we \_\_\_\_\_.

We go to bed \_\_\_\_\_.

## 1 VOCABULARY music

- a Complete the crossword with the instruments.

Clues down ↓



Clues across →



- b Write the name for the musicians who play the instruments in a.

1 trumpeter \_\_\_\_\_

2 g \_\_\_\_\_

3 a \_\_\_\_\_

4 dr \_\_\_\_\_

5 k \_\_\_\_\_ pl \_\_\_\_\_

6 b \_\_\_\_\_ pl \_\_\_\_\_

7 p \_\_\_\_\_

8 v \_\_\_\_\_

9 s \_\_\_\_\_

- c Look at the quiz. Choose a, b, or c.



- 1 Which instrument did 60s rock musician Jimi Hendrix play?

a the guitar b the saxophone c the violin

- 2 Which instrument does singer Elton John play?

a the drums b the guitar c the piano

- 3 Which instrument can you often hear when you're listening to folk music?

a the accordion b the trumpet c the keyboard

- 4 Which instrument does Dave Grohl of Foo Fighters play?

a the keyboard b the bass c the guitar

- 5 Which instrument can you often hear when you're listening to classical music?

a the accordion b the violin c the bass

- 6 Which instrument did the jazz musician Louis Armstrong play?

a the piano b the saxophone c the trumpet

## 2 GRAMMAR revision: be or do?

- a Circle the correct word.

- 1 Are / Do the tickets expensive?
- 2 My boyfriend isn't / doesn't like this song.
- 3 Is / Does the music very loud?
- 4 We aren't / don't walking, we're on the bus.
- 5 Are / Do you play an instrument?
- 6 My friends aren't / don't listen to the radio.
- 7 Laura isn't / doesn't dancing at the moment.
- 8 Is / Does the concert finish late?

- b Complete the sentences with the correct form of be or do.

- 1 What are you listening to?
- 2 Which instrument do you play?
- 3 The singer is Spanish. She's Argentinian.
- 4 I don't buy CDs. All my music is on my phone.
- 5 We are watching a film. We're watching the news.
- 6 Does your boyfriend like reggae?
- 7 Which song is Mark singing now?
- 8 He can sing in a group. He's a solo artist.
- 9 They can't go to concerts because it's too expensive.
- 10 Are you a heavy metal fan?

- c Look at the chart and complete the questions.

- 1 Where are Gray and Jason from?  
The UK.
- 2 What do Adam and Chris play?  
The guitar.
- 3 How old is Fiona?  
31.
- 4 Where does Harriet live?  
In Manchester city centre.
- 5 When was Chris born?  
43.
- 6 What does Jason play?  
The drums.
- 7 Where is Scott from?  
Middleton.
- 8 What country is Fiona from?  
Ireland.
- 9 What instruments do the band play?  
Violin and piano.
- 10 Where is Gray from?  
North Manchester.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION /j/, giving opinions

- a Circle the word which doesn't have a /j/ sound.



yacht

- 1 use beautiful umbrella
- 2 young journalist yellow
- 3 nurse new music
- 4 musician lunch usually
- 5 January student summer

- b 6.5 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

- c 6.6 Listen and underline the stressed words.

- 1 I like them. They're great.
- 2 I really like it. It's fantastic.
- 3 I don't like him. He's awful.
- 4 I don't like her. She's terrible.

- d 6.6 Listen again and repeat the opinions.

**FROM CARBON**  
A ROCK BAND FROM MANCHESTER

Scott (41)	Lead singer, Guitar	Irish, lives in Middleton
Gray (43)	Bass	British, lives in North Manchester
Jason (45)	Drums	British, lives in North Manchester
Adam (35)	Guitar	British, lives in Rossendale Valley
Fiona (31)	Backing singer, Piano	British, lives in Middleton
Harriet (26)	Violin and Piano	British, lives in Manchester city centre
Chris (43)	Guitar	British, lives in North Manchester

Go online for more practice

Go online to check your progress

45

My life is a simple thing that would interest nobody. It is a known fact that I was born, and that is all that is necessary.  
Albert Einstein, German scientist

## 1 GRAMMAR past simple of be

### a Circle the correct word.

- 1 This watch was / were a present.
- 2 Was / Were those headphones expensive?
- 3 I wasn't / weren't hungry this morning.
- 4 We was / were at Laura's party last night.
- 5 The teacher wasn't / weren't here yesterday.
- 6 Was / Were you late for work this morning?
- 7 It was / were really cold last night.
- 8 Matt and Alice wasn't / weren't at the meeting last week.

### b Complete the sentences with was, were, wasn't, or weren't.



- A Who's that woman?  
 B It's Louise Élisabeth Vigée Le Brun.  
 A Why <sup>1</sup>was she famous?  
 B She <sup>2</sup>was a painter. This self-portrait  
 is in the National Gallery in London.  
 A <sup>3</sup>Was she English?  
 B No, she <sup>4</sup>wasn't. She <sup>5</sup>was French. She <sup>6</sup>was born in Paris.  
 A And <sup>7</sup>was her paintings popular in  
 her lifetime?  
 B Yes, they <sup>8</sup>were very popular.

### c Complete the conversations with present or past forms of be. Use contractions where possible.

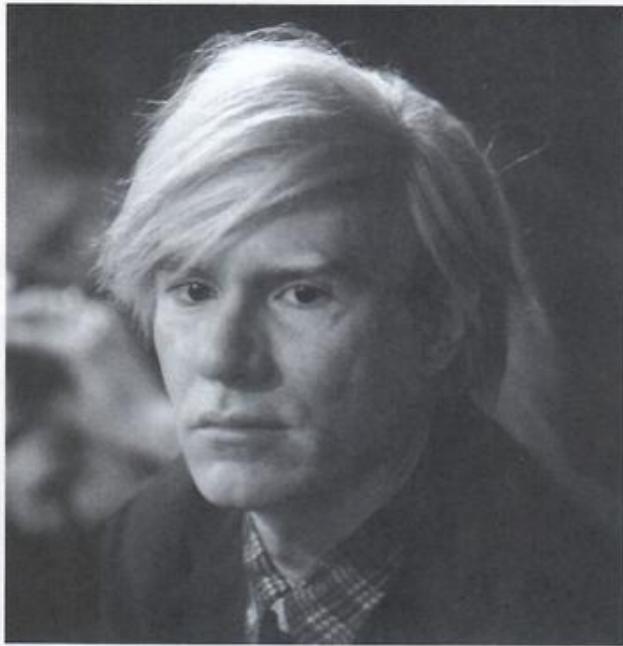
- 1 A What day is it today?  
 B Monday. Yesterday was Sunday.
- 2 A Hi. Is your sister at home?  
 B No, she isn't. She was here this morning, but now she is at work.
- 3 A I can't find my keys. Where are they?  
 B I don't know. They were on your desk this morning.
- 4 A Where is your new boyfriend from?  
 B He was born in England, but his parents were born in Singapore.
- 5 A Why was your boss angry yesterday?  
 B Because I was very late for work.

### d Answer the questions about you.

- 1 Where were you born?  
I was born in \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 Where were you last August?  
I was \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 Were you at a party at the weekend?  
\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 Were you tired yesterday morning?  
\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 Where were you this time yesterday?  
\_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 Were you at home last night?  
\_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 Were you late for school / work today?  
\_\_\_\_\_.

## 2 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

- a 7.1 Listen and repeat. Copy the rhythm.



- A Who was Andy Warhol?  
B He was an artist.  
A Was he English?  
B No, he wasn't. He was American.  
A When was he born?  
B He was born in 1928.  
A Were his parents American?  
B No, they weren't.

- b 7.2 Listen. Say the sentences in the past simple.

1 I'm at work. (I was at work.)

## 3 VOCABULARY word formation

- a Make jobs from words in the list and write them in the chart.

act art compose dance direct invent music  
novel paint piano politics science sing write

-er	-or	-ist	-ian
composer			

- b Complete the sentences with was / were and a noun from a.

- 1 Rudolf Nureyev was a dancer.  
2 Beethoven and Mozart were composers.  
3 James Dean  .  
4 Marie Curie  .  
5 Janis Joplin  .  
6 The Wright brothers  .  
7 Agatha Christie  .  
8 Degas and Toulouse-Lautrec  .

- c Write questions and answers.



- 1 Richard Burton and Elizabeth Taylor / actors? ✓  
Were Richard Burton and Elizabeth Taylor actors?  
Yes, they were.
- 2 Alexander Graham Bell / artist? ✗ (inventor)  
Was Alexander Graham Bell an artist?  
No, he wasn't. He was an inventor.
- 3 Charlotte Bronte / novelist? ✓  
\_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 4 Frida Kahlo / pianist? ✗ (artist)  
\_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 5 J.R.R. Tolkien and C.S. Lewis / musicians? ✗ (writers)  
\_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 6 David Bowie / singer? ✓  
\_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 7 Vivaldi and Bach / composers? ✓  
\_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 8 Dante Alighieri / politician? ✗ (poet)  
\_\_\_\_\_ ?



Go online for more practice



## 2 PRONUNCIATION -ed endings

- a ⑦.3 Listen to the past simple verbs. Underline the verb where -ed is pronounced /ɪd/.

1 booked	checked	wanted	walked
2 painted	arrived	finished	travelled
3 asked	waited	looked	stopped
4 called	played	posted	listened
5 missed	watched	cooked	started
6 followed	decided	lived	relaxed

- b ⑦.3 Listen again and repeat the verbs.

## 3 VOCABULARY past time expressions

- a Circle the correct words.

- I chatted to my friends for an hour last night / yesterday night.
- My girlfriend finished university ago two years / two years ago.
- They travelled abroad last month / the last month.
- Did you call me last morning / yesterday morning?
- It stopped raining two hours ago / two ago hours.
- My brother worked in Greece last July / the last July.
- We watched that film before two weeks / two weeks ago.
- David booked the tickets yesterday afternoon / last afternoon.
- Steve was born in 1990 / on 1990.
- I played golf before yesterday / the day before yesterday.

- b Complete the sentences with *ago*, *in*, *last*, or *yesterday*.

- My husband changed his job in 2016.
- I called a taxi five minutes ago.
- We talked to our bank manager last month.
- She posted her holiday photos on Facebook yesterday morning.
- They arrived in Venice the day before yesterday.
- I booked the restaurant three days ago.
- Jack and Diane lived in San Francisco in 2010.
- We travelled to Asia last summer.

- c Look at the activities. When was the last time you did them? Write six sentences in the past simple. Use time expressions with *ago*, *in*, *last*, or *yesterday*.

arrive home late check emails  
cook dinner stay in a hotel  
study for an exam travel by bus



1 I cooked dinner last night.



2 \_\_\_\_\_.



3 \_\_\_\_\_.



4 \_\_\_\_\_.



5 \_\_\_\_\_.



6 \_\_\_\_\_.

The new year stands before us, like a chapter in a book, waiting to be written.  
Melody Beattie, American writer

**G** past simple: irregular verbs **V** go, have, get **P** sentence stress

## 1 GRAMMAR past simple: irregular verbs

- a Write the past simple form of the verbs.

- 1 come came
- 2 drink
- 3 buy
- 4 know
- 5 find
- 6 think
- 7 take
- 8 say
- 9 put on

- b Change the sentences from the present to the past.

- 1 He comes home late. (last night)  
He came home late last night.
- 2 Max goes shopping after work. (last night)  
He
- 3 Emily wears jeans. (yesterday)  
She
- 4 We don't have dinner at home. (last night)  
We
- 5 They buy a lot of things. (yesterday)  
They
- 6 Alex doesn't get up early. (yesterday morning)  
He
- 7 My daughter feels ill. (yesterday)  
She
- 8 Helen doesn't go out during the week. (last week)  
She
- 9 I have breakfast. (yesterday)  
I
- 10 Lucy can't come to my party. (last year)  
She

- c Complete the questions in the conversation.



- A Where <sup>1</sup>did you go last night?  
B I went to that new sushi bar in town.  
A <sup>2</sup>Was it good?  
B Yes, it was great.  
A Who <sup>3</sup>  with?  
B I went with my boyfriend.  
A What <sup>4</sup> ?  
B I wore jeans and my new black shirt.  
A What time <sup>5</sup>  home?  
B We got home at about midnight.  
A <sup>6</sup>  a taxi home?  
B Yes. We didn't want to drive.  
A <sup>7</sup>  a good time?  
B Yes, we had a great time. The food was fantastic!  
A <sup>8</sup>  it expensive?  
B Yes, very expensive.

## 2 VOCABULARY go, have, get

- a Cross out the incorrect expression.

- 1 GO to the beach out to a restaurant a bus
- 2 HAVE lunch a sandwich for a walk a drink
- 3 GET dressed a good time up an email
- 4 GO to bed a car home on holiday
- 5 HAVE breakfast a bike a shower by train
- 6 GET shopping home a newspaper a taxi

b Complete the text with went, had, or got.



It was my wife's birthday last Saturday, so we went to Ibiza for the weekend. I booked a hotel on the internet, and on Friday we <sup>1</sup>got a taxi to the airport. When we <sup>2</sup>went to the airport, we waited for our flight and we <sup>3</sup>had a sandwich. It was late when we arrived at our hotel, so we <sup>4</sup>went to bed.

The next day, we <sup>5</sup>went up early and we <sup>6</sup>had breakfast in the hotel. It was a beautiful day, so we <sup>7</sup>went to the beach. We <sup>8</sup>had a swim in the morning, and in the afternoon we <sup>9</sup>went for a walk. In the evening, we <sup>10</sup>had dinner in a local restaurant. The food was delicious! The next day was Sunday, so we visited the old town before we <sup>11</sup>went home. The weekend was very short, but we <sup>12</sup>had a great time.

c Read the text in b again. Write the questions.

- 1 Where did he go? \_\_\_\_\_  
To Ibiza.
- 2 Who did he \_\_\_\_\_?  
With his wife.
- 3 How did they \_\_\_\_\_?  
By plane.
- 4 When \_\_\_\_\_?  
Late on Friday night.
- 5 What was \_\_\_\_\_?  
The weather was very good.
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_?  
They went for a swim and a walk.
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_?  
In an expensive restaurant.
- 8 \_\_\_\_\_?  
Yes, they had a great time.

d Write a paragraph about a weekend away. Use the questions in c to help you.

A weekend away

I went to \_\_\_\_\_.

### 3 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

7.4 Listen and repeat the questions. Copy the rhythm.

- 1 What did you **do** last **night**?
- 2 Who did you **go** with?
- 3 What did you **wear**?
- 4 Where did you **have** dinner?
- 5 What time did you **get** home?
- 6 Did you **have** a good time?

Go online for more practice

Go online to check your progress

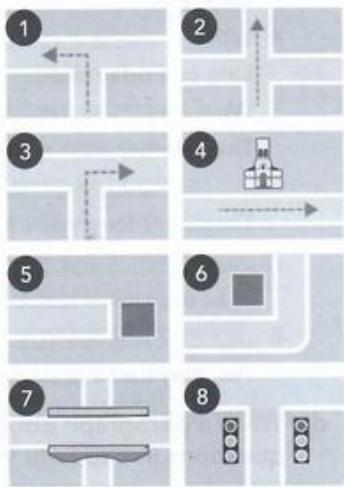
# Practical English Getting lost

asking the way V directions

## 1 VOCABULARY directions

Complete the words.

- 1 turn left  
 2 go str\_\_\_\_\_ on  
 3 turn r\_\_\_\_\_  
 4 go p\_\_\_\_\_ the church  
 5 at the e\_\_\_\_\_ of the str\_\_\_\_\_  
 6 on the c\_\_\_\_\_  
 7 a br\_\_\_\_\_  
 8 at the tr\_\_\_\_\_  
 I \_\_\_\_\_



## 2 ASKING THE WAY

- a Put the words in order to make phrases for asking for and giving directions.

- 1 here / don't / I / live  
*I don't live here.*
- 2 left / lights / at / the / Turn / traffic  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 the / here / station / Is / near  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 4 you / again / say / Could / that  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 5 street / the / at / end / of / the / It's  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 can't / it / You / miss  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 don't / I / exactly / where / know  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 the / way / you / station / tell / me / Can / to / the  
 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

- b Complete the conversations with the phrases in a.

A Excuse me, please. Where's the station?  
 B Sorry, I don't live here.

A Excuse me. 2 ?  
 C The station? It's near here, but  
3. Sorry.

- A Excuse me. 4 , please?  
 D Yes, of course. 5 and then go past the hotel. It's at the end of the street.  
 A 6 , please?  
 D Yes. Turn left at the traffic lights and go past the hotel. 7. 8 !  
 A Thank you.

## 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

- a Complete the sentences with words from the list.

could course Maybe meet  
 nice there What would

- 1 What a view!  
 2 We \_\_\_\_\_ go to the British Museum.  
 3 \_\_\_\_\_ another time?  
 4 What \_\_\_\_\_ you like to visit?  
 5 That's really \_\_\_\_\_ of you.  
 6 What is \_\_\_\_\_ to see?  
 7 Yes, of \_\_\_\_\_.  
 8 Would you like to \_\_\_\_\_ for lunch?

- b Complete the sentences with the phrases in a.

- 1 A I'm free tomorrow.  
 B Great! Would you like to meet for lunch?
- 2 A It's great to be here!  
 B It's nice to see you. Now, \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 3 A Would you like some help with your bags?  
 B Thanks. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 A Let's go to Liverpool for the day.  
 B OK. \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 5 A Would you like to go to the cinema tonight?  
 B Sorry, I'm busy. \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 6 A I'm tired. Can we go home now?  
 B \_\_\_\_\_. Let's call a taxi.
- 7 A Look at that! You can see for miles.  
 B Wow! \_\_\_\_\_ !
- 8 A What would you like to do tomorrow?  
 B \_\_\_\_\_.

# Can you remember...? 1–7

## 1 GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use present simple or continuous, or past simple.

- 1 My brother plays \_\_\_\_\_ the electric guitar, and he practises in his bedroom. (play)
- 2 Can I phone you tonight? I \_\_\_\_\_ at the moment. (work)
- 3 I \_\_\_\_\_ my sunglasses. They \_\_\_\_\_ under your jacket! (find, be)
- 4 We \_\_\_\_\_ dinner. Can I call you later? (have)
- 5 They \_\_\_\_\_ a taxi to the station; they went by bus. (not get)
- 6 I \_\_\_\_\_ jazz, so I'm not going to the concert. (not like)

## 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word or phrase that is different.

- 1 noisy village mountain palace
- 2 third twelfth fourteen twenty-first
- 3 sixteen fourth ten twenty
- 4 violin guitarist drums bass
- 5 singer actor musician weather
- 6 every day last week yesterday a year ago
- 7 morning night month evening
- 8 have lunch have a shave have a coffee have a garden

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

 bike	1 died inside <u>lived</u> night
 mother	2 father the them three
 thumb	3 fourth third those through
 yacht	4 jacket newspaper student year
 dog	5 arrived changed needed phoned
 tie	6 dressed parked started stopped

## 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Complete the text. Write one word in each space.



### The History of the Selfie Stick

Selfie sticks are very useful when you want to take a photo. But <sup>1</sup>do \_\_\_\_\_ you know who invented them?

Two men say that they are the inventors of the selfie stick; the <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ is Japanese and the second is from Canada. In the 1980s, Hiroshi Ueda worked <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ the Minolta camera company. He liked going on holiday to Europe, and he always <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of photos.

One day, he gave his camera to a child, because he wanted a photo with his wife. But the child ran away with the camera. When Hiroshi went <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to Japan, he made a kind of selfie stick. He was very happy with it, but other people <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ like it, and he couldn't sell it.

Twenty years later, Wayne Fromm <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ on holiday in Europe with his daughter. He wanted a photo with <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_, but they couldn't speak the language of the country. They waited to ask a person who <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ English. After the holiday, Wayne made a kind of selfie stick called the Quik Pod. People liked it very much and he sold a lot of them.

Hiroshi's selfie stick was too early, so people <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ interested in it. But Wayne's selfie stick was popular because he invented it at the right time.

# 8A

## A murder mystery

Elementary, my dear Watson.  
Attributed to Sherlock Holmes  
(but he never said it)

**G** past simple: regular and irregular   **V** irregular verbs   **P** past simple verbs

### 1 PRONUNCIATION past simple verbs

- a Match the verbs with the same vowel sound.

bought could drove had learned lost made said

- 1 came made  
2 left \_\_\_\_\_  
3 got \_\_\_\_\_  
4 ran \_\_\_\_\_  
5 saw \_\_\_\_\_  
6 spoke \_\_\_\_\_  
7 took \_\_\_\_\_  
8 heard \_\_\_\_\_

- b 8.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat.

### 2 GRAMMAR past simple: regular and irregular

- a Complete the chart.

Present	Past
They're early.	<sup>1</sup> <u>They were early.</u>
I'm not thirsty.	<sup>2</sup> _____ thirsty.
<sup>3</sup> _____ ill?	Was he ill?
I can hear it.	<sup>4</sup> _____ hear it.
<sup>5</sup> _____ find it.	He couldn't find it.
Can you see them?	<sup>6</sup> _____ see them?
<sup>7</sup> _____ a lot.	She studied a lot.
We don't like it.	<sup>8</sup> _____ it.
<sup>9</sup> _____ late?	Did it finish late?
He speaks French.	<sup>10</sup> _____ French.
<sup>11</sup> _____ a car.	She didn't have a car.
Do you feel tired?	<sup>12</sup> _____ tired?

- b Read this police report. Are the **bold** phrases right (✓) or wrong (✗). Correct the wrong phrases.

## POLICE REPORT

### Bank robbery

On the evening of 1st March, <sup>1</sup>**we arrived at the bank** at 9.36 p.m. and <sup>2</sup>**we park the police car outside**. The bank was closed and <sup>3</sup>**all the lights was off**. When we looked through the window, <sup>4</sup>**we saw a man** inside the bank. At first <sup>5</sup>**we didn't can see who it was**, but then he opened the door. <sup>6</sup>**It is Steven Potter.** <sup>7</sup>**He didn't run to his car**, he walked, and then he drove away. The next day, <sup>8</sup>**we go to his house at 6.00 a.m.** We found him in bed. <sup>9</sup>**He didn't wanted to speak to us**, so <sup>10</sup>**we took him to the police station** for questioning.

- <sup>1</sup> ✓  
<sup>2</sup> ✗ we parked the police car outside  
<sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
<sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
<sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
<sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
<sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
<sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
<sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
<sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_



- c Complete the questions with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

**INSPECTOR** Where <sup>1</sup>were you at about 9.30 yesterday evening? (be)  
**STEVEN POTTER** I was at the cinema. The film <sup>2</sup>started at 9.00. (start)  
**I** What film <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_? (see)  
**SP** I can't remember. It wasn't very good.  
**I** Hmm. Very interesting. And who <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ to the cinema with? (go)  
**SP** With my girlfriend.  
**I** <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ the film? (like)  
**SP** Yes, she thought it was very good.  
**I** What time <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ the film \_\_\_\_\_? (finish)  
**SP** At about 10.30.  
**I** And what <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ after you left the cinema? (do)  
**SP** We went to a restaurant – Mamma Mia on the High Street.  
**I** Mamma Mia? I know it. Very good spaghetti. What time <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ the restaurant? (leave)  
**SP** At about 12.00.  
**I** That's very late. <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ home after that? (go)  
**SP** No, we went to a nightclub – Flanagan's. Then we went home.  
**I** How? <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a taxi? (get)  
**SP** No, we got a bus.  
**I** And what time <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ to bed? (go)  
**SP** At about 4.00 a.m. Can I go home now? I'm tired.  
**I** No, I'd like to ask you some more questions...

### 3 VOCABULARY irregular verbs

- a Complete the infinitive and past forms of these irregular verbs with a, e, i, o, or u.

Infinitive	Past
1 beg <u>i</u> n	beg <u>a</u> n
2 c <u>e</u> me	c <u>e</u> me
3 dr <u>u</u> nk	dr <u>u</u> nk
4 dr <u>u</u> ve	dr <u>u</u> ve
5 g <u>e</u> ve	g <u>e</u> ve
6 kn <u>u</u> w	kn <u>u</u> w
7 p <u>t</u>	p <u>t</u>
8 s <u>t</u>	s <u>t</u>
9 sw <u>m</u>	sw <u>m</u>
10 w <u>e</u> ke (up)	w <u>e</u> ke (up)
11 w <u>n</u>	w <u>n</u>
12 wr <u>u</u> te	wr <u>u</u> te

- b Complete the sentences with the past simple form of the verbs from the list.

break buy can find hear  
lose make meet take think

- Last night we heard a noise downstairs.
- They met their friends outside the restaurant.
- The police found the man's daughter was the murderer.
- The policeman put the money in an old bag.
- I read a detective story in the bookshop.
- My girlfriend lost her mobile phone last night.
- The man opened a window and went into the house.
- Somebody stole my laptop when I was out of the room.
- I was thirsty so I drank a cup of tea.
- We were worried because we saw a police car outside our house.

- c Complete the story with the past simple form of the verbs in brackets.



Rob Jones <sup>1</sup>worked (work) at a post office. Every day he <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (drive) from the post office to the bank with a bag full of money. Two men on motorbikes <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (know) about Rob. They <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (want) the money from the post office. The two men <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (watch) Rob for a week. Then, on Friday morning, they <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (wait) for him on their motorbikes. When they <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (see) Rob's car, they <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (follow) him. Rob <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (be) frightened, so he <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (stop) the car. The men <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (open) the door and they <sup>12</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (take) the bag next to Rob. Then they <sup>13</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (leave) on their motorbikes. The two men <sup>14</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (have) a big surprise when they <sup>15</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (look) inside the bag at home. It <sup>16</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (not be) full of money; it <sup>17</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (be) a first aid kit!

# 8B

# A house with a history

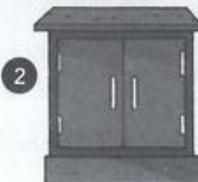
If you want breakfast in bed,  
sleep in the kitchen.  
Allison Pearson, British writer

G there is / there are, some / any + plural nouns V the house P /ea/ and /a/

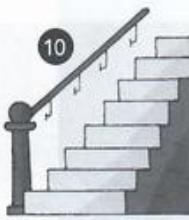
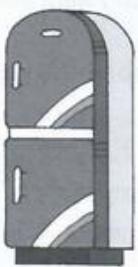
## 1 VOCABULARY the house

- a Complete the crossword.

Clues across →



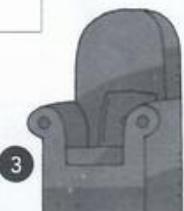
1  
2 C U P B O A R D  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10



Clues down ↓



10



## 2 GRAMMAR *there is / there are, some / any + plural nouns*

a Circle the correct words.

- A Hello Stef. How do you like your new flat?

B Hi Trisha. It's great! I love it!

A What's it like? Tell me about it.

B Well, it has a large living room and <sup>1</sup>there's / there are a nice kitchen.

A <sup>2</sup>Is there / Are there a table in the kitchen?

B No, <sup>3</sup>there isn't / there aren't. But <sup>4</sup>there's / there are a dining room with a table and some chairs.

A Nice. How about bedrooms? How many bedrooms <sup>5</sup>is there / are there?

B <sup>6</sup>There is / There are three bedrooms and a bathroom.

A Is there <sup>7</sup>a / any shower in the bathroom?

B Yes, <sup>8</sup>there is / there are.

A Are there <sup>9</sup>any / some wardrobes in the bedroom?

B No, there aren't <sup>10</sup>any / some wardrobes. But there are <sup>11</sup>any / some shelves and there's a cupboard.

A It sounds perfect. When can I come and see it?

b Write the sentences in the plural using *some* or *any*.

- 1 There's an armchair in the living room.  
There are some armchairs in the living room.
  - 2 Is there a carpet downstairs?  
\_\_\_\_\_ downstairs?
  - 3 There isn't a plant on the balcony.  
\_\_\_\_\_ on the balcony.
  - 4 There's a book on the shelf.  
\_\_\_\_\_ on the shelf.
  - 5 Is there a glass in the cupboard?  
\_\_\_\_\_ in the cupboard?
  - 6 There isn't a file in the study.  
\_\_\_\_\_ in the study.

c Complete the text with *it* / *they* or *there*.

My sister is renting a flat in the city centre.  
1 It 's a nice flat and 2 it isn't very expensive. 3 There are two rooms but 4 they aren't very big. 5 There 's a small kitchen and a bathroom. 6 There isn't a bath in the bathroom, but 7 there 's a new shower. The flat is on the 10th floor, so 8 there 's a fantastic view of the city. And 9 there 's a very large balcony with a lot of flowers. 10 They are beautiful in the summer!

d Use the words to describe the room.



- |                      |                                    |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 bike / wall        | <u>There's a bike on the wall.</u> |
| 2 sofa / bike        |                                    |
| 3 boxes / shelves    |                                    |
| 4 small table / sofa |                                    |
| 5 carpet / floor     |                                    |
| 6 window / corner    |                                    |

e Answer the questions about your house / flat.

- 1 Do you live in a house or a flat? \_\_\_\_\_
  - 2 Who do you live with? \_\_\_\_\_
  - 3 How many rooms are there? What are they? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
  - 4 What is there in the living room? \_\_\_\_\_
  - 5 Do you like your house / flat? \_\_\_\_\_
  - 6 Why do / don't you like it?

f Now write a paragraph about your home. Use your answers in e to help you.

I live in a flat with my parents. Our flat has three bedrooms, a living room,

### 3 PRONUNCIATION /ə/ and /ɪ/

a Circle the word with a different sound.

	chair	1 they're there dear
	ear	2 beer stairs near
	chair	3 where wear we're
	ear	4 here hair hear

**b** 8.2 Listen and repeat the words.

I'm not frightened of death. I just don't want to be there when it happens.  
Woody Allen, American film director

**G** there was / there were **V** prepositions: place and movement **P** silent letters

## 1 GRAMMAR there was / there were

- a Write the sentences and questions in the past simple.

1 There's a microwave.

There was a microwave.

2 There aren't any chairs.

3 Is there a dishwasher?

?

4 There are some cupboards.

There were some cupboards.

5 Are there any glasses?

?

6 There isn't a table.

There wasn't a table.

- b Complete the text. Use was, were, wasn't, or weren't.

I went on holiday to Brazil last summer, and I stayed in an amazing hotel. My room was great. There <sup>1</sup>was \_\_\_\_\_ a large bed, and there <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ some big cupboards to put my clothes in. There <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a really good shower in the bathroom, but there <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a bath. There <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ three different restaurants to choose from. There <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a beautiful swimming pool in the hotel, and there <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ also an amazing beach. There <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ any tourists on the beach, but there <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ some baby turtles. They were really beautiful!

- c Complete the conversation with a form of there was / there were.

A Did you have a good holiday?

B Not really. <sup>1</sup>There was \_\_\_\_\_ a problem with my hotel.

A Oh dear. What happened?

B Well, we couldn't swim because the swimming pool was closed. And <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ any restaurants near the hotel.

A <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a minibar in your room?

B No, <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a minibar and <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a television. The only thing in my room was the bed!

A Oh. <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ a bathroom?

B Yes, but <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ any clean towels. Everything was very dirty.

A <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ any nice people in the hotel?

B Yes, <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ some great people, but they all felt the same as me – very angry!

## 2 VOCABULARY prepositions: place and movement

- a Match the prepositions of place to the pictures.

behind between in in front of  
next to on opposite over under



1 in \_\_\_\_\_



2 in \_\_\_\_\_



3 in \_\_\_\_\_



4 in \_\_\_\_\_



5 in \_\_\_\_\_



6 in \_\_\_\_\_



7 in \_\_\_\_\_



8 in \_\_\_\_\_



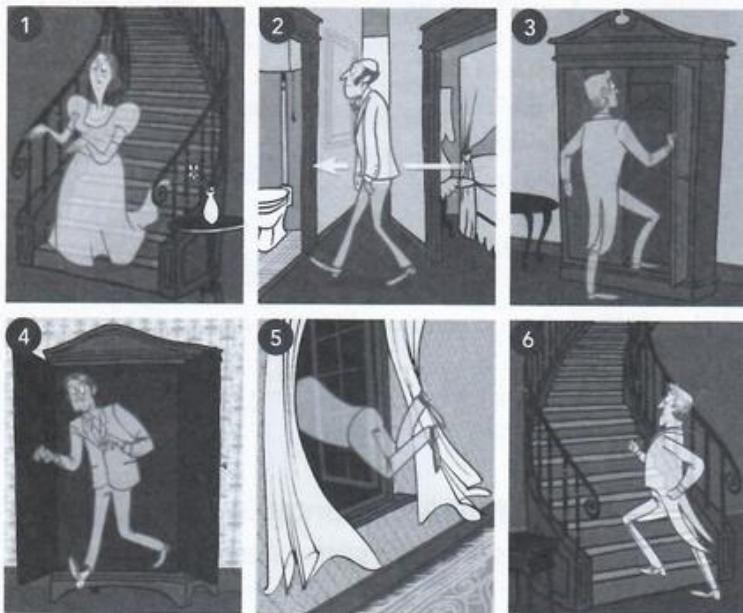
9 in \_\_\_\_\_

- b Look at the picture. Complete the sentences with the words in a.



- 1 There's a family in the dining room.  
 2 The boy is sitting between the girl.  
 3 The woman is next to the man.  
 4 There's a ghost behind the woman.  
 5 There's a bag on the table.  
 6 There are some tables near the family and the kitchen.  
 7 There's a ghost near the waiter.  
 8 There isn't any food on the table.  
 9 There's a clock near the kitchen door.

- c Complete the sentences with words from the list.



down from ... to into out of through up

- 1 The ghost is going down the stairs.  
 2 The ghost is going from the bedroom to the bathroom.  
 3 The ghost is going into a wardrobe.  
 4 The ghost is coming out of a wardrobe.  
 5 The ghost is going up a window.  
 6 The ghost is going up the stairs.

- d Complete the review of a hotel. Write sentences with a form of there was / there were.

- 1 a bed / the room
- 2 some boxes / the bed
- 3 not shelves or cupboards
- 4 a window
- 5 not curtains
- 6 not shower / the bathroom
- 7 only a bath
- 8 three spiders / the bath



### Awful old hotel



We booked this hotel on the internet, and it was awful.

<sup>1</sup>There was a bed in the room, but it was very old.  
<sup>2</sup>There were some boxes on the bed and <sup>3</sup>there were not shelves or cupboards for our clothes. <sup>4</sup>There was not a window, but we couldn't open it, so the room was very hot. <sup>5</sup>There was a spider in the bathroom, <sup>6</sup>there was not a shower, and it was very dirty. <sup>7</sup>There was not a bath, and it was very dirty. <sup>8</sup>There were not curtains. When we saw the spiders, we left the room and we went to look for another hotel.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION silent letters

- a Cross-out the silent letters.

- |            |           |
|------------|-----------|
| 1 ghost    | 5 autumn  |
| 2 cupboard | 6 walk    |
| 3 white    | 7 builder |
| 4 know     | 8 wrong   |

- b 8.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

Go online for more practice

Go online to check your progress

# 9A

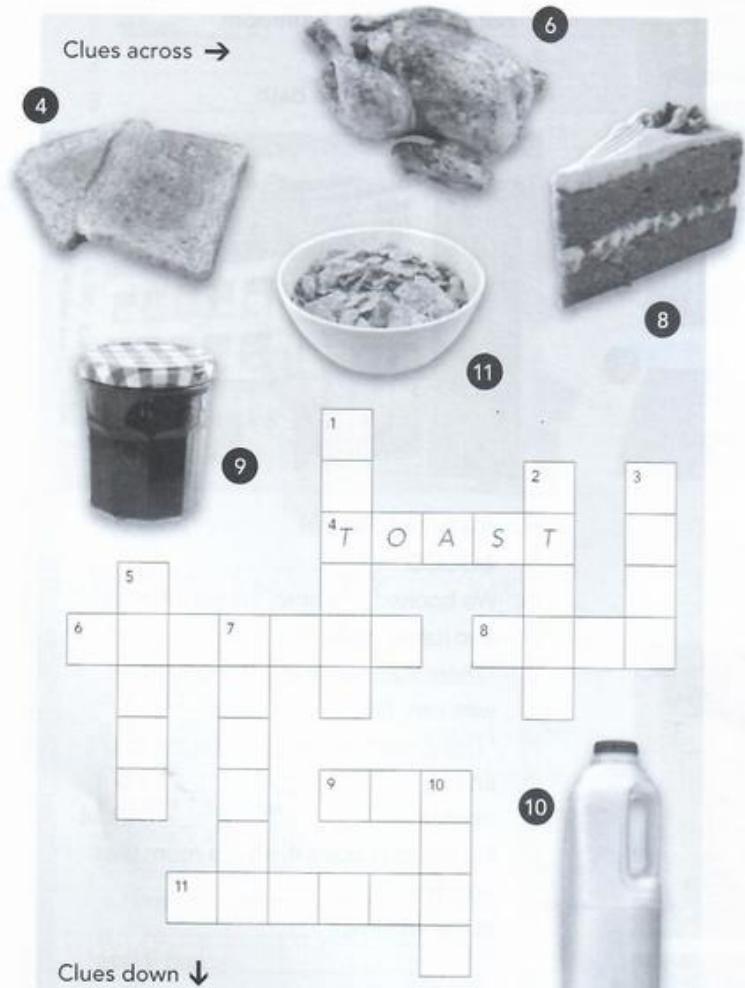
## #mydinnerlastnight

To eat well in England, have breakfast three times a day.  
W. Somerset Maugham, British writer

**G** countable / uncountable nouns, **a / an, some / any** **V** food and drink **P** the letters ea

### 1 VOCABULARY food and drink

- a Complete the crossword.



Clues down ↓



- b Write the words in the correct column.

apples bananas biscuits carrots chocolate crisps  
mushrooms nuts onions oranges peas pineapple  
potatoes strawberries sweets

Vegetables	Snacks	Fruit
		apples

- c Complete the sentences with food words.

- Can I have some cheese \_\_\_\_\_ on my pasta, please?
- There's i \_\_\_\_\_ cr \_\_\_\_\_ or fruit salad for dessert.
- I prefer f \_\_\_\_\_ to meat. Salmon is my favourite.
- Do you take s \_\_\_\_\_ in your tea?
- There isn't any br \_\_\_\_\_, so you can't have a sandwich.
- We have e \_\_\_\_\_ for breakfast every morning.
- Do you cook with butter or o \_\_\_\_\_ o \_\_\_\_\_?
- There's a l \_\_\_\_\_, but there aren't any tomatoes so I can't make a salad.

### 2 GRAMMAR countable / uncountable nouns, **a / an, some / any**

- a What did Sarah and Martin buy when they went shopping yesterday? Write **a**, **an**, or **some** in the gaps.

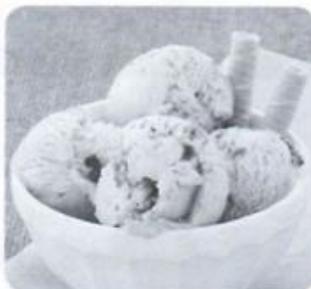
They bought

- |   |       |          |   |       |           |
|---|-------|----------|---|-------|-----------|
| 1 | some  | sausages | 6 | _____ | orange    |
| 2 | _____ | lettuce  | 7 | _____ | pineapple |
| 3 | _____ | ham      | 8 | _____ | onion     |
| 4 | _____ | apple    | 9 | _____ | seafood   |
| 5 | _____ | peppers  |   |       |           |

b Look at the pictures. Write *a* / *an* or *some*.



1 an ice cream



2 some ice cream



3        coffee



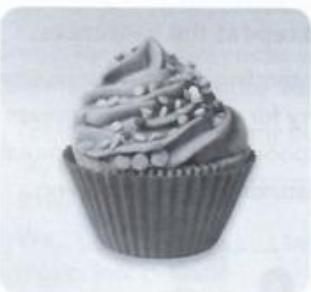
4        coffee



5        chicken



6        chicken



7        cake



8        cake

c Write the sentences in the positive  or negative  form.

1 There's some milk in the fridge.

There isn't any milk in the fridge.

2 There are some herbs in our garden.

There                         .

3 I didn't have an egg for breakfast.

I                         .

4 There isn't any sugar in my coffee.

There                         .

5 I didn't eat any snacks yesterday.

I                         .

6 There weren't any spices in the cupboard.

There                         .

7 She made a cake for his birthday.

She                         .

8 There was some bread on the table.

There                         .

d Complete the conversation with *a*, *an*, *some*, or *any*.

A What do we need to buy for our dinner party?  
Let's make a list.

B Well, I want to make <sup>1</sup>a lasagne, so we need  
<sup>2</sup>       pasta and <sup>3</sup>       meat.

A Pasta...and meat. What about tomatoes? Are there <sup>4</sup>       tomatoes in the fridge?

B Let's have a look. There's <sup>5</sup>       onion,  
but there aren't <sup>6</sup>       tomatoes. Put  
those on the list, too.

A Right...tomatoes. Is there <sup>7</sup>       cheese?

B Yes, there's <sup>8</sup>       mozzarella cheese, so  
that's perfect.

A Let's have <sup>9</sup>       salad with the lasagne.

B OK. Then we need to buy <sup>10</sup>       lettuce.

A What about dessert? Is there <sup>11</sup>        
fruit?

B No, there isn't. Let's get <sup>12</sup>        
strawberries.

e Write ten things that you think are in your fridge.

1 There is a lettuce. 6                         

2 There are some eggs. 7                         

3                          8                         

4                          9                         

5                          10                         

### 3 PRONUNCIATION the letters ea

a Circle the word with a different sound.

 tree 1 meat breakfast tea

 egg 2 bread healthy ice cream

 train 3 eat great steak

b 9.1 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat  
the words.

 Go online for more practice

**G** quantifiers: how much / how many, a lot of, etc.

**V** food containers

**P** linking, /j/ and /s/

## 1 VOCABULARY food containers

- a Re-order the letters to make words for food containers.

1 rja	<u>jar</u>	5 cpeatk	<u>packet</u>
2 bxo	<u>bottle</u>	6 nca	<u>can</u>
3 rocnat	<u>carton</u>	7 totble	<u>tin</u>
4 nit	<u>jar</u>		

- b Complete the sentences with a container from a.

- 1 She was thirsty, so she bought a can of fizzy drink.
- 2 I gave her a box of chocolates to say thank you.
- 3 He took the tin of strawberry jam out of the cupboard.
- 4 I sometimes have a packet of crisps when I'm hungry.
- 5 We always take a bottle of water when we go for a walk.
- 6 They made some sandwiches with a box of tuna.
- 7 Do you need the scissors to open that can of juice?

- c Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with the items in the pictures.

- 1 There's a jar of herbs on the shelf, but we never use them.
- 2 I was hungry, so I ate a packet of chips before dinner.
- 3 Can you buy a box of milk for breakfast on your way home?
- 4 I often drink a can of soda when I'm thirsty.
- 5 It was Dave's birthday yesterday, so he took a box of chocolates to work.
- 6 Did you buy a bottle of oil? I want to make a salad.
- 7 We don't have any fresh vegetables, but there's a tin of peas in the cupboard.



## 2 PRONUNCIATION linking, /j/ and /s/

- a **9.2** Listen and repeat the phrases.

- 1 a box of chocolates
- 2 a carton of juice
- 3 a packet of biscuits
- 4 a bottle of water
- 5 a can of drink
- 6 a jar of jam
- 7 a tin of tomatoes

- b Circle the word with a different sound.

	snake	1 <u>sugar</u> salad cereal
	shower	2 <u>sure</u> fresh salt
	snake	3 rice shopping science
	shower	4 <u>short</u> information centre

- c **9.3** Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.

- d **9.4** Listen and repeat the sentences.

- 1 She saw Susan standing outside the cinema.
- 2 Sharon said sorry for singing in the shower.
- 3 Steve puts six spoons of sugar on his cereal.
- 4 Sylvia spends Saturdays in the shopping centre.

### 3 GRAMMAR quantifiers

- a Look at the phrases in bold. Are they right (✓) or wrong (✗)? Correct the wrong phrases.

1 We eat **a lot of** vegetables. ✓

2 A How much fruit did you buy?  
B **Quite a lot of.** ✗  
Quite a lot.

3 I **don't use much** salt when I'm cooking. ✗

4 I only have **a few** milk on my cereal. ✗

5 A How much coffee do you drink?  
B **Any.** I don't like it. ✗

6 I always have **a little** biscuits with my tea. ✗

7 We **don't eat much** snacks between meals. ✗

8 They **don't have any** butter on their toast. ✗

- b Complete the questions. Then complete the sentences.

**How much** salt do you have with your meals?



1 He doesn't have **much** salt with his meals.

**sugar** do you put in your tea?



2 She puts **A lot.**

**biscuits** do you eat?



3 He doesn't eat **many**.

**sweets** did you buy?



4 He bought **Quite a lot.**

**exercise** do you do?



5 He doesn't do **much**.

**cups of coffee** do you drink?



6 She doesn't drink **any.**

- c Read the information and write questions.

### FOOD FACTS

- There are 23 grams of sugar in an orange.
- There are about 125 calories in a banana.
- There are about 18 oranges in a carton of orange juice.
- There are 1.2 grams of salt in a bowl of cereal.
- There are six eggs in a box.
- There are 454 grams of jam in a jar.
- There are about five tomatoes in a bottle of ketchup.
- There are at least four spices in a curry.
- There are about 12 grams of butter in a croissant.
- There's usually one potato in a small packet of crisps.

1 How much sugar is there in an orange?

Answer: 23 grams.

2 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

Answer: About 125.

3 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

Answer: About 18.

4 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

Answer: 1.2 grams.

5 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

Answer: Six.

6 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

Answer: 454 grams.

7 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

Answer: About five.

8 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

Answer: At least four.

9 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

Answer: About 12 grams.

10 \_\_\_\_\_ ?

Answer: One.



Go online for more practice

**G** comparative adjectives **V** high numbers **P** /a/, sentence stress**1 VOCABULARY** high numbers**a** Write the numbers.

- 1 a hundred and fifty 150  
 2 five hundred and twenty \_\_\_\_\_  
 3 one thousand eight hundred and thirty \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 two thousand eight hundred \_\_\_\_\_  
 5 thirty thousand six hundred and forty \_\_\_\_\_  
 6 four hundred and seventy-five thousand \_\_\_\_\_  
 7 one million seven hundred thousand \_\_\_\_\_  
 8 eight million two hundred and fifty thousand \_\_\_\_\_

**b** Complete the numbers in the chart.

City	Population (numbers)	Population (words)
Tokyo, Japan	37,833,000	thirty-seven <sup>1</sup> <u>million</u> eight hundred and thirty-three thousand
Shanghai, China	22,991,000	<sup>2</sup> <u>                </u> million nine hundred <u>                </u> ninety-one thousand
Mexico City, Mexico	20,843,000	twenty million eight hundred and <sup>3</sup> <u>                </u>
São Paulo, Brazil	20,831,000	twenty million <sup>4</sup> <u>                </u> and thirty-one thousand
New York, USA	18,591,000	<sup>5</sup> <u>                </u> five hundred and thousand
Cairo, Egypt	18,419,000	eighteen million <sup>6</sup> <u>                </u>
Buenos Aires, Argentina	15,024,000	fifteen million <sup>7</sup> <u>                </u> thousand
Istanbul, Turkey	13,954,000	<sup>8</sup> <u>                </u> million <u>                </u>

**c** Write the numbers in words.

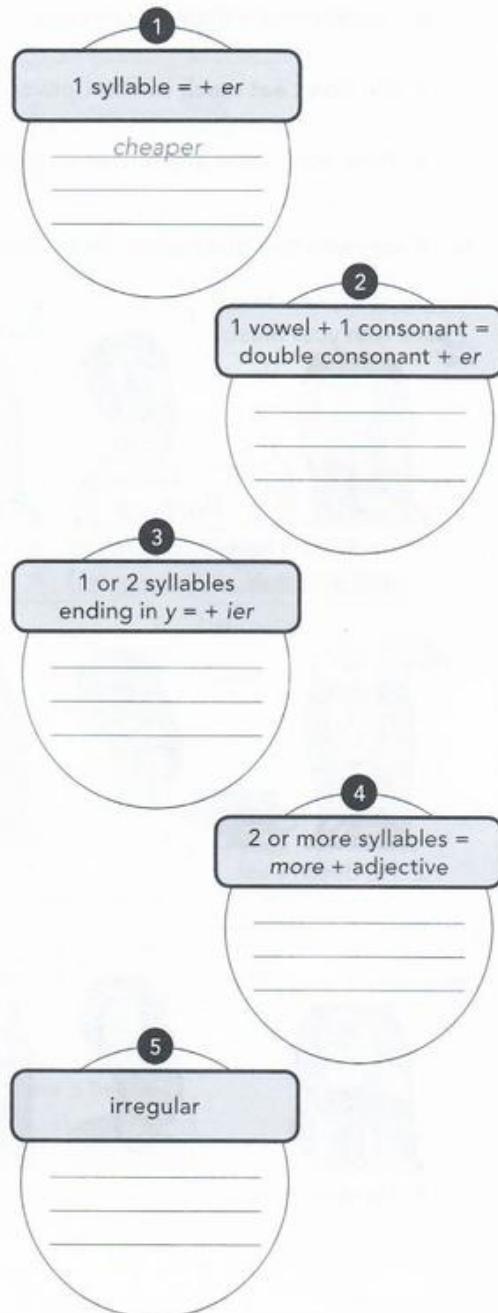
- 1 125 a hundred and twenty-five  
 2 895 \_\_\_\_\_  
 3 4,500 \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 12,470 \_\_\_\_\_  
 5 33,930 \_\_\_\_\_  
 6 575,600 \_\_\_\_\_  
 7 6,250,000 \_\_\_\_\_  
 8 34,860,000 \_\_\_\_\_

**2 GRAMMAR**

## comparative adjectives

**a** Write the comparative forms of these adjectives in the correct circle.

bad beautiful cheap cold  
 comfortable difficult dirty  
 dry far good high hungry  
 sad thin wet



**b** Rewrite the sentences using the opposite adjective.

1 A lion is slower than a cheetah.

A cheetah is faster than a lion.

2 China is smaller than Russia.

Russia \_\_\_\_\_.

3 Manchester is wetter than London.

London \_\_\_\_\_.

4 January is longer than February.

February \_\_\_\_\_.

5 Skiing is more dangerous than swimming.

Swimming is \_\_\_\_\_.

6 Fridays are better than Mondays.

Mondays \_\_\_\_\_.

7 Spain is hotter than the UK.

The UK \_\_\_\_\_.

8 Spanish is easier to learn than Japanese.

Japanese \_\_\_\_\_.

**c** Look at the pictures. Use the adjective to compare the two items.



flight London to Venice:  
3 hours



train journey: 2 days

**1 short**

The flight from London to Venice is shorter than the train journey.



Istanbul: 805mm rain



Barcelona: 640mm rain

**2 dry**

Barcelona is \_\_\_\_\_.



men's watch: £35,750



women's watch: £28,700

**3 expensive**

The men's watch \_\_\_\_\_.



country house:

10 bedrooms



town house: 7 bedrooms

**4 big**

The country house \_\_\_\_\_.



Lamborghini Aventador:

350 km/h



Mercedes AMG S:

300 km/h

**5 fast**

The \_\_\_\_\_.

**d** Compare your country with Britain. Write three sentences about the food, the weather, and the people.

The food in Spain is better than the food in Britain.

**3 PRONUNCIATION /ə/, sentence stress**

**a** 9.5 Listen and complete the sentences.

1 A pencil is cheaper than a pen.

2 June July.

3 The kitchen the living room.

4 Apples biscuits.

5 Switzerland France.

6 Everest Kilimanjaro.

**b** 9.5 Listen again and repeat the sentences.  
Copy the rhythm.



Go online for more practice



Go online to check your progress

# Practical English At a restaurant

ordering a meal understanding a menu

## 1 VOCABULARY understanding a menu

Complete the menu with words from the list.

courses Desserts grilled home-made  
Main courses sauce soup Starters

*Menu*

Three <sup>1</sup>courses \_\_\_\_\_ for £18.00 or two for £13.50

2 \_\_\_\_\_

Chicken <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_  
Melon with Parma ham

4 \_\_\_\_\_

Steak with mushroom <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_  
with vegetables

Vegetable lasagne with garlic bread

6 \_\_\_\_\_ salmon with chips and peas

7 \_\_\_\_\_

Chocolate brownie with vanilla ice cream  
8 \_\_\_\_\_ cheesecake

## 2 ORDERING A MEAL

a Re-order the words to make sentences and questions.

1 you / order / ready / Are / to

Are you ready to order?

2 this / please / way, / Come

3 you / Do / reservation / have / a

?

4 like / please / the / I'd / lasagne,

5 water / Just / me / for

6 sparkling / Still / or

?

7 to / would / What / drink / you / like

?

8 table / please / two, / A / for

b Complete the conversation with the questions and sentences in a.

- A Good evening. <sup>1</sup>Do you have a reservation?  
 B Yes. <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. My name's Miriam Kieslowski.  
 A <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_?  
 A <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_?  
 B Yes. The steak, please.  
 A And for you, sir?  
 C <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_?  
 A One lasagne... <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_?  
 B I'm not sure. What would you like?  
 C <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_?  
 B OK. A bottle of mineral water, please.  
 A <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_?  
 B Is sparkling OK?  
 C Yes, sparkling.

## 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Complete the conversations with the sentences from the list.

A-decaf espresso. Could we have the bill, please? Good news? Not for me, thanks. Nothing special. The same for me, please. Would you like a dessert? Yes, go ahead.

- 1 A A-decaf espresso.  
 B Single or double?
- 2 A \_\_\_\_\_  
 B Yes, I'd like the cheesecake, please.
- 3 A Coffee?  
 B \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 A What did you do last weekend?  
 B \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 A I'd like the salmon.  
 B \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 A Can I use your phone?  
 B \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 A \_\_\_\_\_  
 B Yes. I got the job!
- 8 A \_\_\_\_\_  
 B Yes, of course, sir.



# Can you remember...? 1–9

## 1 GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences with ONE word.

- 1 Jack was at work yesterday. I saw him there.
- 2 We couldn't sit down because there weren't any chairs.
- 3 I love your shoes! Where did you buy them?
- 4 They aren't playing football because it's raining.
- 5 My wife is an engineer. She works for a German company.
- 6 Can you help me? I can't understand the homework.

## 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 thought swim found came
- 2 spoke went saw find
- 3 fridge microwave dishwasher housework
- 4 kitchen tablet bedroom hall
- 5 usually between opposite behind
- 6 sandwich milk juice tea
- 7 bottle carton packet spring
- 8 a million a hundred a month a thousand

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

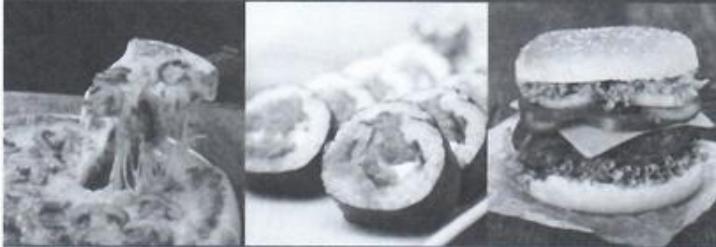
Circle the word with a different sound.

e 	egg      1 bread <u>leave</u> said ten
i 	tree      2 great meat niece three
ai 	train      3 came learn steak waiter
ɔ 	shower      4 delicious shopping see sugar
dʒ 	jazz      5 engineer fridge garden June
tʃ 	chess      6 armchair chef Czech kitchen

## 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.

### FOOD PHOTOS around the world



Do you like <sup>1</sup> to restaurants? How often <sup>2</sup> photos of your dinner? *Instagram* has millions of food photos from all over the world, some <sup>3</sup> than others. There are <sup>4</sup> photos of pizza. A company called CEWE Photoworld <sup>5</sup> these *Instagram* photos and made a world map of where people took them. The results are quite surprising. The pizza map shows that *Instagram* has more photos of pizza from people <sup>6</sup> New York than from the city of Naples, its Italian home. The same is true of the popular <sup>7</sup> food, sushi. Sushi is cooked rice with <sup>8</sup>, for example salmon or tuna, vegetables and sometimes tropical fruit! The sushi map shows <sup>9</sup> more photos of sushi from New York, Bangkok and Milan than from Tokyo, the capital of sushi. But burgers are a different story. The burger map shows that *Instagram* has more photos of <sup>10</sup> American food from London, UK than from the USA, the home of the burger. To find out more, take a look at the company's website.

- |                 |             |               |
|-----------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1 a go          | b goes      | c going       |
| 2 a do you take | b you take  | c you do take |
| 3 a good        | b best      | c better      |
| 4 a a lot       | b a lot of  | c any         |
| 5 a study       | b did study | c studied     |
| 6 a in          | b on        | c to          |
| 7 a China       | b Japanese  | c Japan       |
| 8 a fish        | b meat      | c snacks      |
| 9 a there's     | b it is     | c there are   |
| 10 a these      | b this      | c those       |

# 10A

## The most dangerous place...

The most dangerous food is wedding cake,  
James Thurber,  
American writer

**G** superlative adjectives **V** places and buildings **P** consonant groups

### 1 VOCABULARY places and buildings

- a Circle EIGHT more places and buildings.



- b Complete the sentences with a word from each list.

A car department police post  
railway shopping town

B centre hall office park  
station (x2) store

- Where can you visit different shops?  
At a shopping centre.
- Where can you get a train?  
At a railway station.
- Where can you buy a stamp?  
At a post office.
- Where can you talk to a policeman?  
At a police department.
- Where can you buy clothes, food, furniture and other things?  
In a shop store.
- Where can you leave your car?  
In a car park.
- Where do local politicians have meetings?  
In the town hall.

- c Label the pictures with the name of the place or building.



1 *post office*



2 \_\_\_\_\_



3 \_\_\_\_\_



4 \_\_\_\_\_



5 \_\_\_\_\_



6 \_\_\_\_\_



7 \_\_\_\_\_



8 \_\_\_\_\_

## 2 GRAMMAR superlative adjectives

a Complete the chart.

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
1 high	higher	<i>the highest</i>
2 cold		
3 expensive		
4 sunny		
5 dangerous		
6 hot		
7 beautiful		
8 tired		
9 good		
10 bad		

b Complete the sentences with the superlative form of the adjectives in brackets and a word from the list.

the Antarctic the Atacama Australia India  
the Pacific Russia Shanghai Singapore

- 1 *The coldest* place in the world is *the Antarctic*. (cold)
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ ocean in the world  
is \_\_\_\_\_. (big)
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ desert in the world  
is \_\_\_\_\_. (dry)
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ continent in the world  
is \_\_\_\_\_. (small)
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ city in the world is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(expensive)
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ country in the world  
is \_\_\_\_\_. (large)
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ city in the world is \_\_\_\_\_.  
(populated)
- 8 \_\_\_\_\_ place in the world is  
in \_\_\_\_\_. (wet)

c Read the text about Bristol in the UK. Write the headings in the list in the correct place.

Where to shop What to see What to do

## Bristol, UK

1

The most famous place is the Clifton Bridge.  
The most beautiful building is Bristol Museum.  
The tallest building is St Mary Redcliffe church.

2

The oldest theatre is the Old Vic. The best place for children is the zoo. The biggest park is Ashton Court.

3

The largest shopping centre is The Mall. The most expensive department store is Harvey Nichols.



d Write FIVE sentences about your town or city.

---

---

---

---

---

## 3 PRONUNCIATION consonant groups

a 10.1 Listen and complete the sentences.

- 1 It's the cheapest place to live.
- 2 It's the \_\_\_\_\_ mountain in the world.
- 3 He's the \_\_\_\_\_ person in the family.
- 4 It's the \_\_\_\_\_ village in the country.
- 5 It's the \_\_\_\_\_ language to learn.
- 6 It's the \_\_\_\_\_ city in the area.
- 7 They're the \_\_\_\_\_ couple I know.
- 8 She's the \_\_\_\_\_ person in the class.

b 10.1 Listen again and repeat the sentences.  
Copy the rhythm.



Go online for more practice

# 10B

## Five continents in a day

To travel hopefully is a better thing than to arrive.  
Robert Louis Stevenson,  
British writer

**G** be going to (plans), future time expressions **V** city holidays **P** sentence stress

### 1 GRAMMAR be going to (plans)

a Re-order the words to make sentences.

1 A What are you going to do tonight?

B I'm going to see a film.

('m / see / going / I / to)

2 A What's Amy going to do at university?

B \_\_\_\_\_ languages.

(going / 's / to / study / She)

3 A How are you going to get to Scotland?

B \_\_\_\_\_ there.

(drive / going / 're / We / to)

4 A What are you going to get Kate for her birthday?

B \_\_\_\_\_ her some flowers.

(to / I / give / 'm / going)

5 A What are they going to have for dinner?

B \_\_\_\_\_ takeaway pizza.

('re / to / They / order / going)

6 A Where's Tom going to live when he goes to university?

B \_\_\_\_\_ a flat.

(rent / 's / going / He / to)

b Complete the sentences with the correct form of *going to* and the words in brackets.

1 Are they going to leave early? (they / leave)

2 \_\_\_\_\_ our friends the city. (we / show)

3 \_\_\_\_\_ nice meals in expensive restaurants. (they / have)

4 \_\_\_\_\_ with a friend? (you / stay)

5 \_\_\_\_\_ the museum. (they / not visit)

6 \_\_\_\_\_ the sights? (they / see)

7 \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of people. (he / meet)

8 \_\_\_\_\_ on holiday this year. (she / not go)

9 \_\_\_\_\_ on the sofa? (I / sleep)

10 \_\_\_\_\_ alone? (David / go)

11 \_\_\_\_\_ there. (I / not fly)

12 \_\_\_\_\_ four days with us. (Sarah / spend)

c Complete the conversation. Use the correct form of *going to* and the verbs in brackets.



A So, where <sup>1</sup>are you going to go (go) on holiday?

B I <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (travel) around Europe for a few weeks.

A Really? Where <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (stay)?

B Well, this year I <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (not / stay) in hotels. Instead, I <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (rent) rooms on Airbnb.

A Airbnb? That's a good idea!

B Yeah, I <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (have) a great time.

A <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ your girlfriend <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (go) with you?

B No, she doesn't like this kind of holiday. She <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (drive) to Cornwall with some friends. They <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (spend) all day on the beach and they <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (dance) all night. I don't like that kind of holiday. I <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (meet) lots of new people and see lots of new places.

A Which countries <sup>12</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ ? (visit)

B Italy first, and then Croatia, Greece, and Bulgaria.

### 2 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

a **10.2** Listen and underline the stressed words.

1 How are you going to get there?

2 Where are you going to stay?

3 We're going to stay for a week.

4 I'm going to see the sights.

5 We aren't going to go by car.

6 I'm not going to stay in a hotel.

b **10.2** Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.

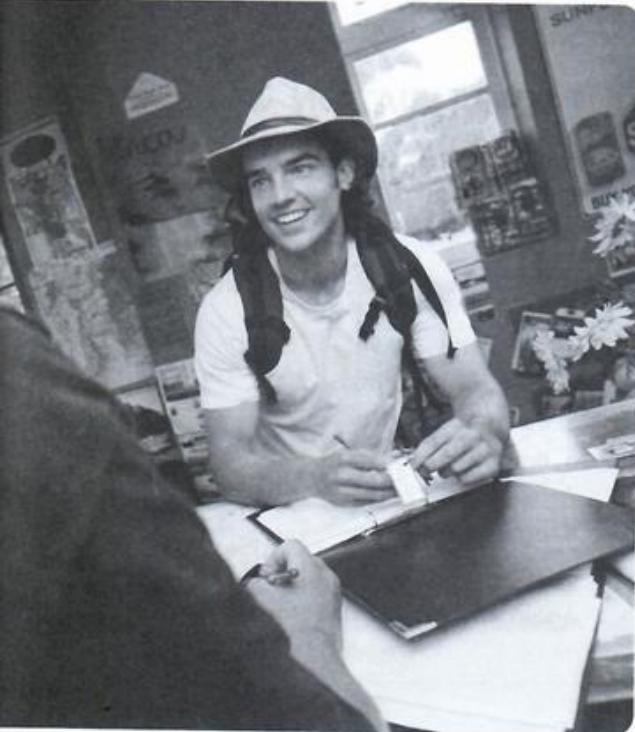
### 3 VOCABULARY city holidays

a Match the words to make phrases.

- |                 |   |                        |
|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| 1 stay _____    | c | a in local restaurants |
| 2 visit _____   |   | b souvenirs            |
| 3 eat out _____ |   | c in a hostel          |
| 4 rent _____    |   | d a good time          |
| 5 buy _____     |   | e a flat               |
| 6 have _____    |   | f accommodation        |
| 7 go by _____   |   | g museums              |
| 8 book _____    |   | h train                |

b Complete the sentences with the phrases in a.

- 1 Jamie doesn't want to spend a lot of money, so he's going to stay in a hostel.
- 2 I really don't like flying, so I'm going to \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 My friends aren't going to cook this holiday; they're going to \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 Ruby couldn't find a nice hotel last year, so this year she's going to \_\_\_\_\_ before she leaves.
- 5 There are a lot of activities in the hotel, so they're going to \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 It's cheaper to \_\_\_\_\_ at the market than at the airport.
- 7 We're going to go to the beach when it's sunny and \_\_\_\_\_ when it rains.
- 8 There are six of us, so we're going to \_\_\_\_\_ together.



c Complete the You column in the chart about your next holiday. Then write  or  sentences.



	Max	Owen and Clara	You
go on holiday with friends	<sup>1</sup> ✓	<sup>6</sup> ✗	<sup>11</sup> _____
go by car	<sup>2</sup> ✓	<sup>7</sup> ✗	<sup>12</sup> _____
rent a house	<sup>3</sup> ✗	<sup>8</sup> ✓	<sup>13</sup> _____
eat out	<sup>4</sup> ✓	<sup>9</sup> ✗	<sup>14</sup> _____
visit different places	<sup>5</sup> ✗	<sup>10</sup> ✓	<sup>15</sup> _____

Max

1 Max is going to go on holiday with friends.

2 He's going to \_\_\_\_\_.

3 He isn't \_\_\_\_\_.

4 He \_\_\_\_\_.

5 \_\_\_\_\_.

Owen and Clara

6 Owen and Clara \_\_\_\_\_.

7 They \_\_\_\_\_.

8 \_\_\_\_\_.

9 \_\_\_\_\_.

10 \_\_\_\_\_.

You

11 I \_\_\_\_\_.

12 \_\_\_\_\_.

13 \_\_\_\_\_.

14 \_\_\_\_\_.

15 \_\_\_\_\_.

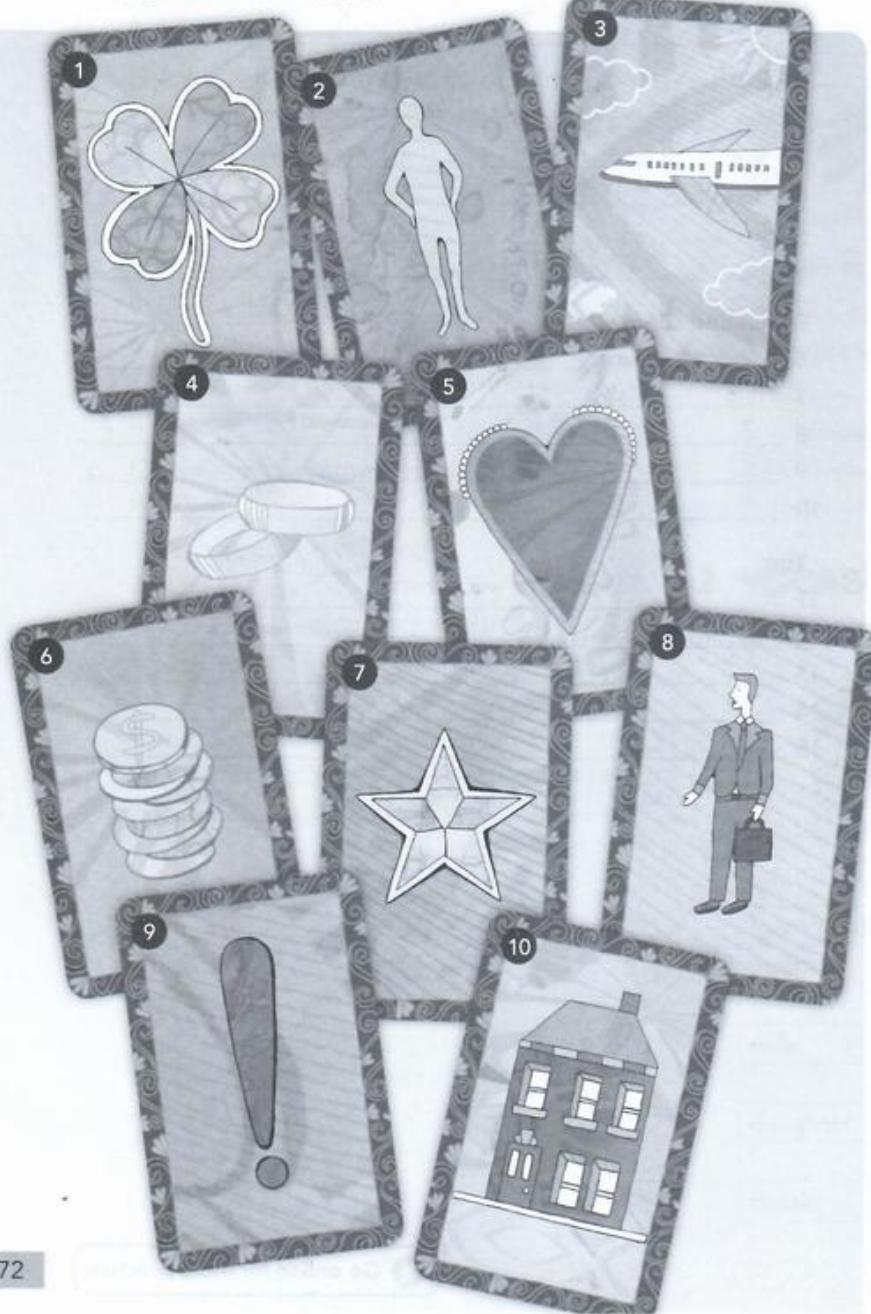
**G** be going to (predictions) **V** verb phrases **P** word stress

## 1 VOCABULARY verb phrases

- a Look at the pictures. Complete the phrases with verbs from the list.

be become fall get get get have meet move travel

1 <u>be</u>	lucky	6	_____ a lot of money
2 _____	somebody new	7	_____ famous
3 _____	to different countries	8	_____ a new job
4 _____	married	9	_____ a surprise
5 _____	in love	10	_____ house



- b Complete the sentences with the verb phrases in a.

- Jack isn't very happy at work. I think he's going to get a new job.
- Susie has a new job with a multinational company. She thinks she's going to \_\_\_\_\_ once a month.
- Eddie is going to \_\_\_\_\_ when his parents give him his birthday present. It's a new car!
- I'm sorry that Tom's girlfriend left him. But I'm sure he's going to \_\_\_\_\_.
- Freda's uncle is very rich. She's going to \_\_\_\_\_ when he dies.
- They live in a very small flat. If they have a baby, I think they're going to \_\_\_\_\_.
- Lisa's daughter is a very good singer. I think she's going to \_\_\_\_\_ one day.
- My sister and her boyfriend are very happy together. I think they're going to \_\_\_\_\_ soon.
- Let's buy a lottery ticket. I think we're going to \_\_\_\_\_ today.
- I really like John, but I don't think I'm going to \_\_\_\_\_ with him.

## 2 PRONUNCIATION word stress

- a Are the words stressed on the same syllable or on different syllables? Write **S** (the same) or **D** (different).

1 argue	question	<u>S</u>
2 believe	fortune	<u>D</u>
3 boy friend	travel	<u>S</u>
4 surprise	famous	<u>S</u>
5 married	today	<u>S</u>
6 money	future	<u>S</u>
7 question	idea	<u>S</u>
8 problem	worry	<u>S</u>

- b ① 10.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

### 3 GRAMMAR be going to (predictions)

- a Are the sentences right (✓) or wrong (✗)? Correct the wrong sentences.

1 She's going to have a baby next month. ✓

2 Is going to be sunny tomorrow? ✗

Is it going to be

3 I'm not going to finish work late tonight. ✗

4 I'm sure Paul going to have a great time. ✗

5 Be careful! You're going fall.

6 Am I going to like this book? ✗

7 You not going to remember my birthday. ✗

8 I think she's going to get the job. ✗

9 I think they're to be famous one day. ✗

10 What he is going to do? ✗

- b Complete the sentences with the correct form of *be going to*. Use the words in brackets.

1 The film starts in five minutes. I think they're going to be late. (they / be)

2 James moved to the USA last month, but I don't think he happy there. (he / be)

3 I slept all afternoon. I tonight. (I / not sleep)

4 How was the exam? you pass? (you / pass)

5 That restaurant is always empty. I think it close. (it / close)

6 Our team are terrible! we today. (we / not win)

7 The film was amazing. You enjoy it. (You / enjoy)

8 Do you have an umbrella? I think it rain. (it / rain)

- c Look at the pictures. Write sentences with *be going to* and a phrase from the list.

become famous get a lot of money

get married have a surprise move house  
travel to different countries



1 They're going to move house.



2 She's going to \_\_\_\_\_.



3 \_\_\_\_\_.



4 \_\_\_\_\_.



5 \_\_\_\_\_.



6 \_\_\_\_\_.

11A

## Culture shock

You can fall in love at first sight  
with a place, as with a person.  
*Alec Waugh, British writer*

**G** adverbs (manner and modifiers)   **V** common adverbs   **P** connected speech

## 1 GRAMMAR adverbs

- a Complete the chart.

Adjective	Adverb
1 bad	badly
careful	2
3	easily
fast	4
5	well
healthy	6
7	incredibly
possible	8
9	quietly
real	10

- b Are the words in **bold** adjectives or adverbs?  
Write **adj** (adjective) or **adv** (adverb).

- |   |            |
|---|------------|
| 1 Please drive <b>carefully</b> .         | <i>adv</i> |
| 2 I had a <b>bad</b> day yesterday.       | <i>adj</i> |
| 3 Her daughter works <b>hard</b> .        |            |
| 4 Tim plays the piano quite <b>well</b> . |            |
| 5 This road is very <b>dangerous</b> .    |            |
| 6 He's a <b>fast</b> learner.             |            |
| 7 You speak <b>beautiful</b> English.     |            |
| 8 Dave speaks <b>fast</b> .               |            |
| 9 That's a <b>hard</b> question.          |            |
| 10 Elen's pizzas are <b>incredible</b> .  |            |

- c Circle the correct option.

- 1 Frank cooks real / really well.
  - 2 I love my phone. It's easy / easily to use.
  - 3 We walked quick / quickly to the station.
  - 4 He's very quiet / quietly. He never says anything!
  - 5 My French is bad / badly.
  - 6 Come here! The view is incredible / incredibly.
  - 7 Can you speak more slow / slowly, please?
  - 8 Diego speaks good / well English.
  - 9 He's a good / well footballer.
  - 10 I eat a lot of healthy / healthily food.

- d Complete the sentences with the words in brackets as an adjective or adverb.



- 1 They don't eat healthily . (healthy)
  - 2 She wears expensive clothes. (expensive)
  - 3 I can't swim very                 . (good)
  - 4 My wife and I have quite                  jobs. (stressful)
  - 5 Oliver plays the guitar                 . (beautiful)
  - 6 I play football                 . (bad)
  - 7 She never speaks                  to me. (polite)
  - 8 Was it a                  party? (good)
  - 9 Martina opened the door                 . (quiet)
  - 10 I think this exercise is very                 . (easy)

## 2 PRONUNCIATION connected speech

- a 11.1 Listen and complete the sentences.

- I did it quickly.
  - I went to \_\_\_\_\_ the morning.
  - We often \_\_\_\_\_ air.
  - Wow! \_\_\_\_\_ sky.
  - It's \_\_\_\_\_ raining.
  - He \_\_\_\_\_ day.
  - She \_\_\_\_\_ tickets.
  - I \_\_\_\_\_ mornings.

- b 11.1 Listen again and repeat. Copy the rhythm.



### 3 VOCABULARY common adverbs

a Complete the chart.

Adjective	Adverb
calm	<sup>1</sup> calmly
beautiful	2
fluent	3
good	4
hard	5
loud	6
patient	7
polite	8
serious	9

b Complete the sentences with the adverbs in a.

- 1 He asked me politely to move my car.
- 2 Emma sings beautifully. She wants to be an opera singer.
- 3 My father never gets stressed and he always behaves calmly in a crisis.
- 4 Colette's mother is from Paris, so she speaks French fluently.
- 5 I find it hard to wait patiently in a queue.
- 6 My grandmother talks loudly when she wants my grandfather to hear her.
- 7 I work hard during the week, so I like to relax at the weekend.
- 8 My sister dresses beautifully, but her husband always wears old clothes.
- 9 They don't laugh a lot, because they take life seriously.

c Look at the picture. Describe the actions. Use the verbs from A and adverbs formed from the adjectives from B.

A cycle drive sing speak  
talk wait walk work

B beautiful dangerous fast  
hard loud patient polite slow

1 He's driving slowly.

2 They're working \_\_\_\_\_.

3 She's \_\_\_\_\_.

4 \_\_\_\_\_.

5 \_\_\_\_\_.

6 \_\_\_\_\_.

7 \_\_\_\_\_.

8 \_\_\_\_\_.



Go online for more practice

I'd love to live like a poor man,  
but with lots of money.  
Pablo Picasso, Spanish painter

**G** verbs + to + infinitive **V** verbs that take the infinitive **P** weak to, sentence stress

### 1 GRAMMAR verbs + to + infinitive

- a Complete the sentences with to + a verb from the list.

arrive buy call get put sell speak turn-off

- 1 I sometimes forget to turn off the lights before I go to bed.
- 2 They decided to turn off their car because they didn't use it.
- 3 I tried to call my sister but she didn't answer.
- 4 You forgot to put sugar in my tea.
- 5 He promised to arrive early, but then he was late.
- 6 She chose to buy a job and not to go to university.
- 7 He wanted to buy some new clothes so he went to the shopping centre.
- 8 She learned to speak Spanish when she lived in Mexico.

- b Look at the pictures and complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use to + infinitive or verb + -ing.



- 1 He's trying to sleep. (sleep)



- 2 They like doing sport. (do)



- 3 She needs to buy a new phone. (buy)



- 4 They're planning to go to Italy. (go)



- 5 She doesn't mind cooking. (cook)



- 6 He'd like to have a coffee. (have)



- 7 She's learning to read. (read)



- 8 He loves playing tennis. (play)

- c Complete the conversations with the present simple form of the verbs in brackets and the correct form of the verbs from the list. Use to + infinitive or verb + -ing.

be become buy call drive get up go watch

- 1 A Why are you angry with your boyfriend?  
B Because he always forgets to call me. (forget)

- 2 A Why are you calling a taxi?  
B Because I haven't got home. (want)

- 3 A Does Nicky like shopping?  
B Yes, she loves clothes. (love)

- 4 A Is your brother in a band?  
B Yes, he is. He is famous. (hope)

- 5 A Why are you going to bed now?  
B Because I need early. (need)

- 6 A Why do you like your neighbours?  
B Because they always try friendly. (try)

- 7 A Why are you turning on the TV?  
B Because I want to the news. (would like)

- 8 A Why does your wife get the train to work?  
B Because she hates in the city centre. (hate)

- d Write sentences or questions with *would like*. Use contractions where possible.

1 he / move abroad □

He wouldn't like to move abroad.

2 you / climb a mountain □

- b Complete the sentences with verbs from the list.

decide forget hope leave  
need promise try want

3 we / go to Canada □

4 I / learn to fly a plane □

5 she / do karaoke □

6 they / get married next year □

- 1 I'm tired. I want to go to bed.  
2 Everything's dirty. We need to do the housework.  
3 I feel awful. I always try to call my aunt on her birthday.  
4 I'm sorry I was late last night. I hope to come home early tonight.  
5 We don't buy snacks. We decide to eat healthily.  
6 I didn't promise be an actor until I was 30 years old.  
7 We're going to drive to Germany tomorrow. We need to leave home very early.  
8 Goodbye. I want to see you again soon.

## 2 PRONUNCIATION weak to, sentence stress

- a ⑩ 11.2 Listen and complete the sentences.

- 1 They're \_\_\_\_\_ Paris.  
2 I \_\_\_\_\_ you again.  
3 She \_\_\_\_\_ the answer.  
4 You \_\_\_\_\_ here at 8.00.  
5 I \_\_\_\_\_ the TV.  
6 Did you \_\_\_\_\_ some milk?

- b ⑩ 11.2 Listen again and repeat. Copy the rhythm.



## 3 VOCABULARY verbs that take the infinitive

- a Match sentences 1–8 to sentences a–h.

- 1 My parents gave me a car. f  
2 Our washing machine is broken. —  
3 I have a lot of dresses. —  
4 I'm going to play tennis tomorrow. —  
5 Please be quiet. —  
6 We are looking at hotels in the South of France. —  
7 I don't have time to do my homework now. —  
8 I'm in love with my boyfriend. —

- a I'm trying to study.  
b I promise to do it later.  
c I hope to win the match.  
d We want to get married.  
e We're planning to go there on holiday.  
f I'm learning to drive.  
g We need to buy a new one.  
h I decided to wear the red one.

- c Use the words to write questions. Use the present simple form of the verbs.

- 1 where / want / go / next summer ?  
Where do you want to go next summer? \_\_\_\_\_?  
2 which / places / want / visit  
\_\_\_\_\_?  
3 when / hope / retire  
\_\_\_\_\_?  
4 what / sometimes forget / take / on holiday  
\_\_\_\_\_?  
5 what / need / buy / this week  
\_\_\_\_\_?  
6 when / try / do English homework  
\_\_\_\_\_?

- d Answer the questions in c about you.

- 1 I want to go \_\_\_\_\_.  
2 \_\_\_\_\_.  
3 \_\_\_\_\_.  
4 \_\_\_\_\_.  
5 \_\_\_\_\_.  
6 \_\_\_\_\_.



Go online for more practice

G definite article: the or no the V phones and the internet P the

## 1 VOCABULARY phones and the internet

- a Complete the sentences with words from the list.

app attachments broadband log in search Skype tweet

- 1 I Skype my sister in Australia every weekend.
- 2 I have a great weather \_\_\_\_\_. It tells me exactly when it's going to rain.
- 3 If you get an email from somebody you don't know, don't open any \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 Our \_\_\_\_\_ is really slow – we can't watch films online.
- 5 My friend posted a really funny \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday.
- 6 I can't \_\_\_\_\_ to my email account. I can't remember the password.
- 7 If I need information, I always \_\_\_\_\_ online.

- b Cross-out the word in each group you can't use with the verb.

1 download	an app	a friend	a photo
2 message	a friend	your sister	a video
3 post	a photo	a book	a tweet
4 send	an email	a phone call	a text message
5 Skype	an app	a friend	your brother
6 upload	a photo	a tweet	a video

- c Complete the sentences with the past simple form of the verbs from the list.

download log in post search send share Skype upload

- 1 When my brother wanted to get fitter, he downloaded an app that tracked how many steps he walked.
- 2 When my niece was in Australia, she and my sister \_\_\_\_\_ three or four times a week.
- 3 When the actor died, his son \_\_\_\_\_ a tweet to tell everyone.
- 4 When Tom arrived in New York, he \_\_\_\_\_ his girlfriend a text message.
- 5 When I found the video of my favourite song, I \_\_\_\_\_ it with my friends on Facebook.
- 6 When she got back, she \_\_\_\_\_ her best holiday photos to Facebook.
- 7 When I \_\_\_\_\_, I typed the wrong password three times, so I couldn't use the website.
- 8 When they \_\_\_\_\_ for her name on the internet, they discovered she was a famous scientist.

## 2 GRAMMAR definite article

- a Circle the correct words.

- 1 Can you open fridge / the fridge for me, please?
- 2 Did you go to bed / the bed early last night?
- 3 I usually have dinner / the dinner at half past six.
- 4 I don't like romantic films / the romantic films. They're boring.
- 5 Excuse me, how much are shoes / the shoes in the window?
- 6 Hamburgers / The hamburgers in this restaurant are amazing.
- 7 Did you see moon / the moon last night? It was really beautiful.
- 8 She's nicest / the nicest person I know.
- 9 Vegetarians / The vegetarians don't eat meat.
- 10 I never go to work by bus / the bus.

- b Correct the mistakes in B's answers.

- 1 A Where were you yesterday?  
B At the work.
- 2 A What do you do?  
B I'm engineer.
- 3 A Where's the milk?  
B In a fridge.
- 4 A What's that?  
B A identity card.
- 5 A How often do you go?  
B Twice the week.
- 6 A What music do you like?  
B The rock music.
- 7 A How did you get there?  
B By a car.
- 8 A Where did you find it?  
B On internet.

c Complete the sentences with the or – (no article).

- 1 We had \_\_\_\_\_ lunch at a nice Japanese restaurant.
- 2 I learned to swim in the \_\_\_\_\_ sea.
- 3 It's \_\_\_\_\_ newest model on the market.
- 4 I don't think \_\_\_\_\_ young children need smartphones.
- 5 Did you see \_\_\_\_\_ match? Manchester City won.
- 6 Did you read \_\_\_\_\_ my boyfriend's tweet?
- 7 Can you open \_\_\_\_\_ door for me, please?
- 8 We travelled by \_\_\_\_\_ train when we were in Italy.

d Complete the conversation with the or – (no article).

- A How often do you change your phone?  
 B Quite often. I like having <sup>1</sup>the \_\_\_\_\_ most recent model. I usually only keep my phone for about a year.
- A What do you use your phone for most?  
 B Probably <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ internet. And messaging. You know, things like WhatsApp and Messenger.
- A So you don't use it much to talk to <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ people?  
 B No, not very often. I prefer to send <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ messages.
- A What other apps do you use a lot?  
 B I have a sports news app because I love <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ football and Formula 1. I use that quite a lot. And I have some games I like playing. I also use Skype because <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ my brother is living in Germany at <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ moment, so I sometimes use Skype to talk to him.
- A Do you like reading on your phone?  
 B It depends. I don't like reading <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ books on my phone, but I read sports articles on <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ BBC website on my way to <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ work.
- A Do you have any unusual apps that you sometimes use?  
 B I have a 'sleep tracker' app.
- A What does <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ app do?  
 B It tells me when to go to <sup>12</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ bed and when to wake up. I also have an app that counts <sup>13</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ calories. It helps me plan what to have for <sup>14</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ breakfast, lunch and dinner.

e What do you use your phone for? Complete the sentences for you. Write an adverb of frequency (*sometimes*, *usually*, etc.) in the first space.

- 1 I sometimes share *photos of my cats on Facebook*.
- 2 I \_\_\_\_\_ upload \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 I \_\_\_\_\_ message \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 I \_\_\_\_\_ Skype \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 I \_\_\_\_\_ send \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 I \_\_\_\_\_ post \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7 I \_\_\_\_\_ download \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8 I \_\_\_\_\_ search \_\_\_\_\_.

### 3 PRONUNCIATION the

a Say the pairs of words and decide if *the* is pronounced the same or different. Write **S** (same) or **D** (different).

1 the song	the video	<u>S</u>
2 the letter	the email	<u>D</u>
3 the message	the tweet	_____
4 the art gallery	the museum	_____
5 the app	the internet	_____
6 the milk	the orange juice	_____
7 the architect	the engineer	_____
8 the keys	the umbrella	_____

b ① 11.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.



# Practical English Going home

getting to the airport V public transport

## 1 VOCABULARY public transport

- a Look at the pictures. Write the words.



1 taxi \_\_\_\_\_



2 \_\_\_\_\_



3 \_\_\_\_\_



4 \_\_\_\_\_



5 \_\_\_\_\_



6 \_\_\_\_\_

- b Complete the paragraphs.

- 1 You can get a taxi or a <sup>1</sup>cab \_\_\_\_\_ at a taxi <sup>2</sup>r \_\_\_\_\_. People usually give the driver a <sup>3</sup>t \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 Before you get a plane, you have to <sup>4</sup>ch \_\_\_\_\_ in online or at the airport. Then you go through Security to the <sup>5</sup>d \_\_\_\_\_ lounge. Finally you go to your <sup>6</sup>g \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 You get a train at a railway <sup>7</sup>st \_\_\_\_\_. First you get a <sup>8</sup>t \_\_\_\_\_ and then you find the right <sup>9</sup>pl \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 You get a bus or a <sup>10</sup>c \_\_\_\_\_ at a bus station. You can also get a bus at a bus <sup>11</sup>st \_\_\_\_\_. You can buy a ticket in advance or sometimes you can pay the <sup>12</sup>dr \_\_\_\_\_.

## 2 GETTING TO THE AIRPORT

Complete the conversations with a phrase from the list.

And could I have a receipt? Can I pay by credit card?  
Could I have a ticket to Luton Airport, please?  
Could you call me a taxi, please? How much is it?  
Now, please. Single, please.  
Standard, please. To St Pancras station.

- 1 A <sup>1</sup>Could you call me a taxi, please? \_\_\_\_\_  
B Yes, of course. Where to?  
A <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
B And when would you like it for?  
A <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 A <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
C That's £18.50, please.  
A Make it £20.  
C Thank you very much, sir.  
A <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 3 A <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
D Single or return?  
A <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
D Standard or first class?  
A <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
D That's £25.50.  
A <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
D Yes, of course.

## 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Complete the conversations with a phrase from the list.

I can't believe it Thank you so much I'm so happy  
Have a good journey See you in London

- 1 A Bye for now.  
B Goodbye. See you in London \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 A Is this your wallet? It was on the floor.  
B Yes! \_\_\_\_\_, I need to be more careful!
- 3 A \_\_\_\_\_! There are no trains!  
B How are you going to get home?
- 4 A Are you OK?  
B Yes, life's great. \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 A Goodbye. I'm leaving now.  
B Bye. \_\_\_\_\_.



# Can you remember...? 1-11

## 1 GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

- 1 We drove \_\_\_\_\_ to the restaurant and parked right outside. (drive)
- 2 I promise \_\_\_\_\_ you when I arrive at my hotel. (call)
- 3 She doesn't usually dress casually at work, but today she \_\_\_\_\_ jeans and a T-shirt. (wear)
- 4 Is New York \_\_\_\_\_ than London? (big)
- 5 Ana's husband \_\_\_\_\_ football on TV every evening. (watch)
- 6 I hate \_\_\_\_\_ shopping on Saturday mornings, because there are always a lot of people. (go)

## 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 theatre museum balcony town hall
- 2 bridge street square rice
- 3 forget your bag meet somebody new fall in love get married
- 4 seriously ugly calmly patiently
- 5 download share post fog
- 6 need attachment want like
- 7 pianist footballer daughter policeman
- 8 chemist's supermarket souvenir department store

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

 train	1 great behave <u>meat</u> stay
 bike	2 police surprise decide <u>flight</u>
 chair	3 careful where share <u>were</u>
 ear	4 here cereal theatre <u>there</u>
 phone	5 post coach come <u>hope</u>
 computer	6 comfortable table vegetable cereal

## 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Complete the text. Write ONE word in each space.



# WATCH OUT!

Many people use their phones when <sup>1</sup>they \_\_\_\_\_ are walking in the street. This can be very dangerous, especially when they need <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ cross a road. Some cities have trams, and these are worse <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ cars because they are quieter. People don't hear <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ when they are crossing the tram lines and looking at their phones. In some cities in Germany, <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ are now special lights in the ground next to tram crossings. They are similar to traffic lights: they're green when people <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ cross safely and red when a tram <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ coming. Augsburg and Cologne had these lights first, but now other cities <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ also trying to help. In Munich, some tram crossings send <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ message when a tram is coming. People with a special app receive <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ message. Some cities in the USA have talking buses. When the buses are going to turn a corner, they tell people in the street that they are coming. In the city of Chongqing in China, people can choose where they <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ to walk on the pavement: on the side for people with phones or on the side for people without them. The important thing in all these places is that people <sup>12</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ safe.

# 12A

# I've seen it ten times!

**G** present perfect **V** irregular past participles **P** sentence stress

Films should have a beginning,  
a middle, and an end – but not  
necessarily in that order.  
Jean-Luc Godard, French film director

## 1 GRAMMAR present perfect

### a Circle the correct word.

- 1 Sorry I'm late. Has / Have the match started?
- 2 She hasn't / haven't seen this film before.
- 3 Has / Have you checked your emails this morning?
- 4 Anna has / have seen all the Harry Potter films.
- 5 I hasn't / haven't read this book.
- 6 Has / Have Susan booked the tickets for tonight?
- 7 We hasn't / haven't used Netflix before.
- 8 Can you open the door? Phil and Judith has / have arrived.

### b Write sentences with the present perfect and the words in **bold**.

- 1 **you / read** / *Elizabeth is Missing*? It's fantastic!  
Have you read Elizabeth is Missing?
- 2 **my brother / decide / to get a new job**. He isn't very happy at work.

- 3 **I / not study / for the exam**. I didn't have time.  
\_\_\_\_\_

- 4 **they / see / the film**, but they didn't like it.  
\_\_\_\_\_

- 5 **he / not answer / my email**. Perhaps he's on holiday.  
\_\_\_\_\_

- 6 **you / call / your brother**? It's his birthday today.  
\_\_\_\_\_?

- 7 **I / finish / the first series**. Now I'm going to start the second.  
\_\_\_\_\_

- 8 **they / post / their holiday photos on Facebook**? I want to see them.  
\_\_\_\_\_?

### c Complete the conversation with the present perfect form of the verbs in brackets.

- A <sup>1</sup>Have you heard (you / hear) of Rosamund Lupton?  
B Yes, I <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (read) one of her books.  
A Really? Which book <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (you / read)?  
B *The Quality of Silence*. I thought it was great!  
A <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (you / see) the film?  
B No, but my friend Lara <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (see) it. She loved it! Was it Lupton's first book?  
A No, I think it was *Sister*, but <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (I / not read) it.  
B Oh yes! <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (I / hear) of it. I think there's a film, too.

## 2 PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

### a 12.1 Listen and complete the sentences.

- 1 I \_\_\_\_\_ twice.
- 2 We \_\_\_\_\_ that TV series.
- 3 They \_\_\_\_\_ abroad.
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ his homework?
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ what to do?
- 6 Paul \_\_\_\_\_ the exam.

### b 12.2 Listen and underline the stressed words.



- A Have you read *The Hunger Games* books?

- B No, I haven't.

- A Have you seen the films?

- B Yes, I have. I've seen all of them.

### c 12.2 Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.

### 3 VOCABULARY irregular past participles

- a Write the past simple forms and past participles of these irregular verbs in the chart.

Infinitive	Past simple	Past participle
1 buy	bought	bought
2 fall		
3 give		
4 hear		
5 leave		
6 read		
7 see		
8 tell		

- b Use past participles from the chart in a to complete the sentences.

- 1 My sister's very happy. She's fallen in love.
- 2 Oh no! I've left my jacket in the restaurant.
- 3 Sorry, I can't make you a coffee. I haven't got any milk.
- 4 A This is a great book.  
B I know. I've already read it.
- 5 I remember this film now. I've seen it before.
- 6 My boyfriend has got us tickets to see *The Lion King* at the theatre.
- 7 A Have you heard Jason's good news?  
B Yes, he's going to get married.
- 8 A Has Isabel told you about her party?  
B Yes, it's on Saturday but I can't go.

- c Complete the You column in the chart. Then use the information to write questions and answers.



	Leanne	Corina and Neil	You
meet a famous person	<sup>1</sup> ✓	<sup>5</sup> ✗	<sup>9</sup> _____
leave a bag in the cinema	<sup>2</sup> ✗	<sup>6</sup> ✓	<sup>10</sup> _____
buy a film on DVD	<sup>3</sup> ✗	<sup>7</sup> ✓	<sup>11</sup> _____
fall asleep during a film	<sup>4</sup> ✓	<sup>8</sup> ✗	<sup>12</sup> _____

#### Leanne

1 Has Leanne met a famous person?

Yes, she has.

2 Has she \_\_\_\_\_?

No, she \_\_\_\_\_.

3 Has \_\_\_\_\_?

No, \_\_\_\_\_.

4 \_\_\_\_\_?

\_\_\_\_\_.

#### Corina and Neil

5 Have \_\_\_\_\_?

\_\_\_\_\_.

6 \_\_\_\_\_?

\_\_\_\_\_.

7 \_\_\_\_\_?

\_\_\_\_\_.

8 \_\_\_\_\_?

\_\_\_\_\_.

#### You

9 Have you \_\_\_\_\_?

\_\_\_\_\_.

10 \_\_\_\_\_?

\_\_\_\_\_.

11 \_\_\_\_\_?

\_\_\_\_\_.

12 \_\_\_\_\_?

\_\_\_\_\_.



Go online for more practice

# 12B

# He's been everywhere!

I want to go somewhere I have never been, and I'd like to go there with you.  
Douglas Adams, British writer

**G** present perfect or past simple? **V** learning irregular verbs **P** irregular past participles

## 1 GRAMMAR present perfect or past simple?

- a Underline examples of the present perfect form and circle examples of the past simple.

A <sup>1</sup>Have you been on holiday recently?

B Yes, last month.

A <sup>2</sup>Where did you go?

B <sup>3</sup>We went to Ibiza for a week.

A <sup>4</sup>Has Jessie gone out?

B Yes, I think so.

A <sup>5</sup>Where's she gone?

B <sup>6</sup>I think she's gone to a friend's house.

A <sup>7</sup>What time did she go?

B <sup>8</sup>She went about an hour ago.

A <sup>9</sup>Have you ever tried Greek food?

B No, never.

- b Complete the sentences with *been* or *gone*.

1 Has Paul gone home? He isn't at his desk.

2 Have you ever been to Disneyland?

3 It's late so the children have \_\_\_\_\_ to bed.

4 Kerry isn't here. She's \_\_\_\_\_ for a walk.

5 Your hair's shorter. Have you \_\_\_\_\_ to the hairdresser's?

6 We've \_\_\_\_\_ shopping, so the fridge is full.

7 I've \_\_\_\_\_ to the gym, so I need to have a shower.

8 My parents are out. They've \_\_\_\_\_ to the supermarket.

9 My parents are away. They've \_\_\_\_\_ on holiday.

10 My girlfriend has never \_\_\_\_\_ abroad.

- c Complete the questions with the present perfect or past simple form of the verbs in brackets. Then complete the short answers.



A Have <sup>1</sup>you ever been to Australia? (you / ever / be)

B Yes, I <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_.

A When <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ there? (you / go)

B I <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ to Sydney a few years ago. (go)



A Where's Megan? <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_? (she / go out)

B I think so. She <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ about five minutes ago. (leave)

A Where <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_? (she go)

B I don't know. She <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. (not say)



A <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ to the new Italian restaurant? (you / be)

B Yes, we <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_.

A <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ it? (you / like)

B Yes, we <sup>12</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. The food was great!

## 2 VOCABULARY learning irregular verbs

- a Write the past simple forms and past participles of these irregular verbs in the chart.

Infinitive	Past simple	Past participle
1 be	was / were	been
2 do		
3 eat		
4 get		
5 have		
6 lose		
7 meet		
8 speak		
9 sing		
10 win		

- b Complete the sentences with past participles from the chart in a.

- Sorry, I've eaten \_\_\_\_\_ all the biscuits. Can you buy some more?
- She needs to sit down because she's \_\_\_\_\_ a shock!
- I'm going to be late. I've \_\_\_\_\_ the car keys.
- I've \_\_\_\_\_ my boyfriend's mother, but not his father.
- She's nervous because she's never \_\_\_\_\_ a song in public before.
- Matt's \_\_\_\_\_ his homework, so he's going out.
- I haven't \_\_\_\_\_ to Charlotte recently. Is she OK?
- I've \_\_\_\_\_ to Spain, but not Portugal.
- I can't believe it! I've \_\_\_\_\_ £10,000!
- Have you heard about Jenny and Steve? They've \_\_\_\_\_ married!



- c Use the words to write two questions: the first present perfect, the second past simple.

1 see a Fellini film

Have you ever seen a Fellini film?

What film did you see?

2 take a selfie

Have you ever \_\_\_\_\_?

Where did \_\_\_\_\_?

3 eat Japanese food

Have \_\_\_\_\_?

What \_\_\_\_\_?

4 win any money

How much \_\_\_\_\_?

5 get lost

Where \_\_\_\_\_?

6 meet a famous person

Who \_\_\_\_\_?

- d Answer the questions in c for you.

1 I've seen a Fellini film. I saw La Dolce Vita.  
OR I've never seen a Fellini film.

2 \_\_\_\_\_

3 \_\_\_\_\_

4 \_\_\_\_\_

5 \_\_\_\_\_

6 \_\_\_\_\_

## 3 PRONUNCIATION irregular past participles

- a Circle the word with a different vowel sound.

fish	horse	egg	up	train	phone
1 given	2 found	3 left	4 come	5 taken	6 broken
written	thought	heard	done	made	known
<b>seen</b>	caught	said	drunk	read	lost
driven	worn	sent	got	paid	spoken

- b 12.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.



Go online for more practice

**G** revision: question formation, tenses**V** revision: word groups**P** revision: sounds

## 1 GRAMMAR revision

### a Complete the questions. Write TWO words.

- 1 Who do you live with? With my parents.
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ a doctor? Yes, I am.
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ your brother do? He's a builder.
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ of music do you like? Soul.
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ hear a noise? No, I can't.
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ Annie crying? Because she's sad.
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ raining? Yes, it is.
- 8 \_\_\_\_\_ beds are there? Six.
- 9 \_\_\_\_\_ did your friends see? Star Wars.
- 10 \_\_\_\_\_ go out last night? No, I didn't.
- 11 \_\_\_\_\_ is that? It's Amy's phone.
- 12 \_\_\_\_\_ you yesterday? At university.
- 13 \_\_\_\_\_ a microwave? Yes, there is.
- 14 \_\_\_\_\_ a TV in the room? Yes, there was.
- 15 \_\_\_\_\_ you going to move? Next week.
- 16 \_\_\_\_\_ ever fallen in love? Yes, I have.

### b Complete the sentences with ONE word.

- 1 Her children are very young, five and seven.
- 2 Jim lives in the city. His flat is very big.
- 3 Be quiet! Don't say a word!
- 4 We always go on holiday in August.
- 5 Who's that girl over there? I've never seen her before.
- 6 I'm sorry. I can't hear you. It's very noisy here.
- 7 My uncle is late. I'm waiting for him.
- 8 I don't like flying, so I never go by plane.
- 9 We can't make chips. There aren't any potatoes.
- 10 The hotel was full. There were a lot of German tourists.
- 11 I'm vegetarian. I don't eat meat.
- 12 I'm 25 and you're 23. I'm older than you.
- 13 He chose the most expensive shoes in the shop. All the other shoes were cheaper.
- 14 They played really well and won the match. 4–1.
- 15 My sister has a good job. She's an actress.

c Look at the time expressions in **bold** and complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs. Use the present simple, present continuous, past simple, present perfect, or be going to.

- 1 We **never** have pizza for dinner. (have)
- 2 Nicole loves walking. She takes the dog for a walk **twice a day**. (take)
- 3 Do you see your friends **last weekend**? (see)
- 4 They are **tomorrow** because Jack is ill. (not come)
- 5 Have you **ever** been to South America? (be)
- 6 Does your son plan to drive **next year**? (learn)
- 7 We eat meat **every day**. (not eat)
- 8 We are **a film next Saturday**. (see)
- 9 Have you **ever** met a famous person? (meet)
- 10 **Last night** my husband cooked dinner. (cook)
- 11 What time do you **usually** go to bed at the weekend? (go)
- 12 My boyfriend is football **at the moment**. (play)
- 13 We walked to work **yesterday**. (not walk)
- 14 I haven't **read** that book, but I'd like to. (read)

## 2 VOCABULARY revision: word groups

### a Circle the word that is different.

- 1 Hungary Japanese Turkey China
- 2 Egypt Switzerland Asia Mexico
- 3 awful fantastic great nice
- 4 builder hairdresser cooker waiter
- 5 aunt daughter niece brother
- 6 spring cloudy snowy windy
- 7 fireplace cupboard sofa kitchen
- 8 mushroom strawberries onion peas
- 9 chemist's department store bridge shopping centre

**b** Continue the series.

- 1 one, two, three, four
- 2 ten, twenty, \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Monday, Tuesday, \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 first, second, \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 morning, afternoon, \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 once, twice, \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 summer, autumn, \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 June, July, \_\_\_\_\_
- 9 second, minute, \_\_\_\_\_
- 10 day, week, \_\_\_\_\_

**c** Complete the phrases with a verb.

- |                          |                           |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 <u>listen</u> to music | 6 <u>t</u> photos         |
| 2 <u>d</u> exercise      | 7 <u>m</u> a lot of noise |
| 3 <u>s</u> sorry         | 8 <u>g</u> dressed        |
| 4 <u>h</u> a shower      | 9 <u>w</u> glasses        |
| 5 <u>g</u> shopping      | 10 <u>u</u> a computer    |

**d** Complete the text. Write ONE word in each space.

Mr Holmes is very different from all the other films about <sup>1</sup>the famous detective. In this film, Holmes is 93 years old. He <sup>2</sup>live at 221B Baker Street in London, but on a farm <sup>3</sup>in the country. He has retired from his work as <sup>4</sup>a detective, and he now spends his days with his bees. He lives with a new housekeeper, Mrs Munro, and her son Roger. Roger likes Holmes, and he often helps him with the bees. But Holmes is worried about two things. First,

he knows he <sup>5</sup>is losing his memory. Second, he can't remember why he decided <sup>6</sup>to retire. Some medicine helps him remember what happened. In the past, he and <sup>7</sup>his friend Dr Watson received a call from a man called Thomas. Thomas was worried about his wife Ann, because she was never at home and he <sup>8</sup>didn't know where she went. Holmes followed Ann to a music teacher's house where she played a strange instrument, a glass harmonica. After the class, she <sup>9</sup>was shopping. When Holmes saw what she bought at the shop, he thought she wanted to kill <sup>10</sup>her husband. The case ended very badly, and Holmes retired. Soon after he remembers this, Holmes has a new problem. Mrs Munro finds Roger nearly dead next to the bees. She wants to kill the bees. In the end, Holmes finds the answer to the mystery, and he saves his bees. *Mr Holmes* is a good film, but it's a lot slower <sup>11</sup>than normal detective movies. The <sup>12</sup>best thing about it is Ian McKellen's fantastic performance as Sherlock Holmes.

**3 PRONUNCIATION** revision: sounds**a** Circle the word with a different sound.

	fish	1 rich <u>dirty</u> big
	tree	2 bread peas tea
	cat	3 safe black fat
	car	4 dark day far
	clock	5 money watch doctor
	horse	6 found short bought
	bull	7 cook food good
	boot	8 who do go
	bird	9 tired thirsty nurse
	egg	10 eat healthy breakfast
	train	11 paid steak said
	bike	12 buy nice ring

**b** 12.4 Listen and check.**c** Underline the stressed syllable.

- |                 |             |
|-----------------|-------------|
| 1 hospital      | 7 Italian   |
| 2 expensive     | 8 August    |
| 3 magazine      | 9 difficult |
| 4 headphones    | 10 musician |
| 5 administrator | 11 garage   |
| 6 engineer      | 12 bananas  |

**d** 12.5 Listen and check.

# ANSWER KEY

## 1A

### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 3 are, 4 you're, 5 is, 6 he's, 7 she's, 8 she's, 9 is, 10 it's, 11 are, 12 we're, 13 they, 14 they're
- b 2'm, 3's, 4're, 5's, 6're
- c 2 I'm, 3 They're, 4 she's, 5 You're, 6 He's, 7 we're

### 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a /ɪ/ six, in  
/i:/ three  
/æ/ man, thanks  
/e/ ten, well  
/ɛ/ eight, day  
/aɪ/ fine, nice
- c 2 tenni<sup>s</sup>, 3 eigh<sup>t</sup>een, 4 thir<sup>tee</sup>n,  
5 bas<sup>ket</sup>ball, 6 good bye, 7 e<sup>mai</sup>l,  
8 in<sup>te</sup>net, 9 com<sup>pu</sup>ter, 10 ho<sup>tel</sup>

### 3 VOCABULARY

- a 2 Sunday, 3 Thursday, 4 Monday, 5 Friday, 6 Wednesday, 7 Tuesday
- b 2 twelve, fourteen, sixteen  
3 eighteen, nineteen, twenty  
4 eleven, thirteen, fifteen
- c 2 Tuesday, 3 eight, 4 Thursday, 5 four, 6 Saturday
- d 1 Hello. I'm Lola. You're in my English class.  
2 Oh! Nice to meet you, Lola.  
3 Nice to meet you, too.  
4 Well, see you on Monday, Lola.  
5 No, the class is on Tuesday, not Monday!  
6 Bye.  
7 Goodbye.

## 1B

### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 Brazil, 3 Chinese, 4 England, 5 French, 6 Ireland, 7 Mexican, 8 Poland, 9 Swiss, 10 Turkey
- b 3 Japanese, 4 Hungary, 5 American, 6 Italy, 7 Spanish, 8 Scotland, 9 Egyptian, 10 Czech Republic
- c 2 South America, 3 Europe, 4 Africa, 5 North America, 6 Australia
- d 1 eighty-three  
2 fifty-one, twenty-seven  
3 fifty-two, forty-four  
4 thirty-six, twenty-eight

### 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 China, 3 German<sup>y</sup>, 4 Ireland,  
5 Europe, 6 Poland, 7 Italy, 8 Japan
- c 1 Swiss, 2 English, 3 Chinese, 4 Spanish

### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2 Where's she from?  
3 Are they from South America?  
4 Are you from Spain?  
5 Is he from Poland?  
6 Are we in room five?
- b a 5, b 2, c 4, d 3, f 6

- c 3 He isn't German, he's  
4 They aren't in Egypt, they're in  
5 She isn't British, she's  
6 It isn't from France, it's from  
7 I'm not Scottish, I'm  
8 It isn't Brazilian, it's
- d 2 Are you American?  
3 are you from  
4 Are you a student?  
5 is / 's your teacher from  
6 Is she English?
- e Students' own answers

## 1C

### 1 VOCABULARY

- a board, computer, door, picture, table, wall, window
- b 3 d, 4 b, 5 l, 6 a, 7 c, 8 e, 9 j, 10 g, 11 i, 12 k
- c 2 Sorry, 3 have, please, 4 spell, 5 What, 6 How, 7 Can, please, 8 repeat, please, 9 know

### 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 South, 3 Asia, 4 do
- c 2 S, 3 O, 4 A, 5 E

### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2 you, 3 his, 4 she, 5 it, 6 our, 7 your, 8 they
- b 2 His, 3 Our, 4 My, 5 Its, 6 your, 7 Their
- c 2 book  
3 his bike  
4 It's our classroom.  
5 It's her chair.  
6 It's their pizza.  
7 It's my laptop/computer.  
8 It's your house.
- d 2 your, 3 you, 4 your, 5 your, 6 your, 7 your, 8 you
- e Students' own answers

## Practical English

### 1 VOCABULARY

- 2 single, 3 double, 4 bar, 5 reception, 6 ground floor

### 2 CHECKING IN

- a 2 sign, 3 lift, 4 you, 5 spell, 6 right, 7 key, 8 moment
- b 2 Can you spell that, please?  
3 That's right.  
4 Just a moment.  
5 Can you sign here, please?  
6 Here's your key.  
7 The lift is over there.  
8 Thank you.

### 3 WOULD YOU LIKE...?

- 2 Would you like a beer?  
No, thanks.
- 3 Would you like a Coke?  
No, thanks.
- 4 Would you like a tea?  
Yes, please.
- 5 Would you like a mineral water?  
Yes, please.

- 6 Would you like a hot chocolate?  
No, thanks.

### 4 SOCIAL ENGLISH

- 2 about, 3 problem, 4 that, 5 business, 6 perfect, 7 time

## Can you remember...? 1

### 1 GRAMMAR

- 2 isn't, 3 your, 4 aren't, 5 you, 6 is

### 2 VOCABULARY

- 2 today, 3 thirteen, 4 Polish, 5 Europe, 6 Germany, 7 door, 8 repeat

### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- 2 bye, 3 his, 4 do, 5 table, 6 go

### 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

- 2 b, 3 a, 4 c, 5 b, 6 a, 7 c, 8 a, 9 a, 10 b

## 2A

### 1 VOCABULARY

- a Across: 5 ticket, 8 scissors, 10 phone, 11 pen, 12 key  
Down: 1 dictionary, 2 photo, 4 tissue, 6 lamp, 7 diary, 9 coin
- b 2 in, 3 under, 4 under, 5 on, 6 in

### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 3 It's a, 4 It's an, 5 It's a, 6 It's an, 7 It's a, 8 It's a

- b -s: keys, pencils, photos, tickets, windows  
-es: classes, sandwiches, watches  
-ies: countries, diaries, dictionaries

- c 1 men, 2 woman, 3 people, 4 child

- d 2 man, 3 children, 4 people, 5 women

### e A

- 2 dictionaries  
3 It's a charger.  
4 They're magazines.  
5 They're glasses.  
6 It's a pen.

### B

- 2 on the desk.  
3 is under the desk.  
4 The magazines are in the bag.  
5 The glasses are on the laptop.  
6 The pen is in the notebook.

- f Students' own answers

### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 classes, 3 watches, 4 sandwiches, 5 glasses

## 2B

### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 pink, 3 red, 4 orange, 5 yellow, 6 green, 7 blue, 8 brown, 9 grey, 10 black

- b 3 light, 4 high, 5 short, 6 empty, 7 big, 8 poor, 9 old, 10 right, 11 good, 12 fast, 13 strong, 14 different

- c 2 really cold, 3 very clean, 4 quite young, 5 really bad, 6 very long

# ANSWER KEY

## 2 GRAMMAR

- a 3 ✓, 4 ✗ a big house, 5 ✗ old magazines, 6 ✓, 7 ✓, 8 ✗ expensive watches, 9 ✓, 10 ✗ young women
- b 2 That's an expensive phone.  
3 My hair is quite long.  
4 Are they new students?  
5 Your boots are really dirty.  
6 It is an old city.  
7 That isn't a very good book.  
8 His house is quite near.
- c 2 a beautiful city, 3 fast cars,  
4 dangerous animals, 5 rich people,  
6 a difficult language
- d 2 old, 3 very old, 4 is very tall,  
5 is quite short, 6 is quite tall
- e Students' own answers

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 green jeans, 3 a black cat,  
4 a fast charger, 5 hot dogs,  
6 a short story, 7 a good book,  
8 new shoes

# 2C

## 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 thirsty, 3 happy, 4 cold, 5 sad,  
6 stressed, 7 bored, 8 hot, 9 hungry,  
10 tired, 11 worried, 12 frightened
- b 2 thirsty, 3 sad, 4 angry, 5 happy, 6 cold
- c 2 am / 'm tired, 3 am / 'm frightened,  
4 is / 's hot, 5 are / 're bored,  
6 is / 's hungry

## 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 Let's stop here.  
3 Let's sit here.  
4 Let's not eat here.  
5 Let's go there.  
6 Let's open the window.
- b 3 Answer, 4 Stop, 5 Don't do, 6 Turn off,  
7 Don't read, 8 Don't cross
- c 3 Let's go to a restaurant.  
4 Close the door.  
5 Let's go on holiday.  
6 Have a drink.  
7 Let's go home.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 Turn off, 3 Let's ask, 4 Don't open,  
5 Let's eat, 6 Don't sit on

# 3A

## 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 take, 3 do, 4 say, 5 like, 6 read,  
7 want, 8 speak
- b 2 d, 3 h, 4 e, 5 g, 6 a, 7 b, 8 c
- c 2 play the guitar, 3 work in an office,  
4 listen to music, 5 do homework,  
6 have a garden, 7 eat vegetables,  
8 speak German

## 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 b, 3 b, 4 a, 5 a, 6 b, 7 a, 8 a

- b 2 don't go, 3 has, 4 doesn't work,  
5 rains, 6 live, 7 don't speak, 8 studies,  
9 don't do, 10 opens
- c 2 study, 3 works, 4 doesn't like, 5 wants,  
6 go, 7 don't finish, 8 cook
- d 2 glasses  
3 drinks mineral water  
4 He does housework  
5 He doesn't play the guitar.  
6 doesn't eat vegetables  
7 wears glasses  
8 She doesn't drink mineral water.  
9 She doesn't do housework.  
10 She plays the guitar.  
11–15 Students' own answers

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 watches, 3 finishes, 4 uses, 5 closes,  
6 changes

# 3B

## 1 GRAMMAR

- a 3 ✓, 4 ✗ Does Grace do, 5 ✓, 6 ✗ Does your room have, 7 ✗ Does your office have, 8 ✓, 9 ✗ Does your girlfriend drive?, 10 ✗ Does your teacher speak
- b 2 do, 3 Is, 4 do, 5 Are, 6 does, 7 Is, 8 does, a
- c 3 Does he play  
4 Do your parents live  
5 Do you do  
6 Does Miriam wear  
7 Do people speak  
8 Do they earn

## 2 VOCABULARY

- a architect, builder, chef, cleaner, dentist, doctor, engineer, guide, lawyer, manager, model, pilot, soldier, teacher, waiter, vet
- b 2 taxi driver, 3 factory worker, 4 receptionist, 5 flight attendant, 6 accountant, 7 hairdresser, 8 footballer, 9 shop assistant
- c 2 drive, 3 earn, 4 wear, 5 speak, 6 travel, 7 work, 8 have, 9 earn, 10 work
- d a journalist 2, a nurse 3, a police officer 1
- e 2 an, 3 for, 4 unemployed, 5 a, 6 retired, 7 in
- f Students' own answers
- g Students' own answers

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a /ɜ:/ dirty, Germany, nurse, Thursday, university, work
- /ə/ actor, cleaner, doctor, footballer, manager, understand

# 3C

## 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 Do you like animals?  
3 Is your dog hungry?  
4 How many languages do you speak?  
5 Are you a vet?  
6 Where is your teacher from?  
7 Does your house have a big garden?

- b 2 Do you live, 3 Do you have, 4 Is she, 5 Where do you, 6 Do you like
- c 3 is / 's your phone number  
4 does Toni go  
5 do you like  
6 Are you  
7 are my keys  
8 Does your boyfriend like

## 2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 e, 3 a, 4 f, 5 h, 6 d, 7 b, 8 g
- b 2 What kind of, 3 What, 4 How many, 5 Why, 6 Who, 7 Which, 8 Where
- c 2 Where, 3 When, 4 How many, 5 What kind of, 6 Which, 7 Who, 8 Why
- d Students' own answers

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 f, 3 a, 4 b, 5 g, 6 e, 7 c
- c 2 Where do you live?  
3 What car do you drive?  
4 What kind of films do you like?  
5 Who's your favourite singer?

## Practical English

### 1 VOCABULARY

- 2 half past, 3 eleven o'clock,  
4 twenty-five to nine, 5 quarter past twelve,  
6 twenty to six, 7 twenty-five past two,  
8 ten to seven

### 2 BUYING A COFFEE

- a 3 A Regular or large?  
4 B Large, please.  
5 A To have here or take away?  
6 B To take away.  
7 A Anything else?  
8 B No thanks. How much is that?  
9 A That's £3.65, please.  
10 B Sorry, how much?  
11 A £3.65. Thank you. And your change.  
12 B Thanks.
- b 2 Can I, 3 or double, 4 take away,  
5 have here, 6 is that, 7 how much,  
8 your change

### 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

- a 2 Would you like something to drink?  
3 Talk to you later.  
4 Is this your first time in the UK?
- b 2 Would you like something to drink?  
3 Is this your first time in the UK?  
4 Talk to you later.

## Can you remember...? 1–3

### 1 GRAMMAR

- 2 work, 3 Don't turn off, 4 doesn't have,  
5 Are, 6 Does, wear

### 2 VOCABULARY

- 2 window, 3 bag, 4 wear, 5 cheap,  
6 late, 7 tissue, 8 watch

### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- 2 blue, 3 high, 4 charger, 5 watches,  
6 hairdresser

**4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY**

2 c, 3 b, 4 a, 5 a, 6 a, 7 b, 8 c, 9 a, 10 b

**4A****1 GRAMMAR**

- a 2 Do you know **Barbara's** sister?
- 3 **Tim's** wife is Russian.
- 4 I work in my **father's** shop.
- 5 The **Volvo** is my **parents'** car.
- 6 The **children's** room is very untidy.
- 7 **Chris's** friends are in Ireland.
- 8 Where is the **men's** hairdresser?
  
- b 3 A, 4 B, 5 B, 6 A, 7 A, 8 B
  
- c 3 Whose, 4 Who's, 5 Who's, 6 Whose, 7 Who's, 8 Whose
  
- d 2 they
  - 3 is it
  - 4 keys are they
  - 5 Whose umbrella is it?
  - 6 Whose headphones are they?
  
- e 2 sunglasses
  - 3 Sandra's charger
  - 4 They're my sister's keys.
  - 5 It's my father's umbrella.
  - 6 They're Amy's headphones.

**2 VOCABULARY**

- a 2 father, 3 aunt, 4 husband, 5 sister, 6 son, 7 niece, 8 cousin
- b 2 niece, 3 aunt, 4 grandmother, 5 cousin, 6 grandfather, 7 nephew, 8 brother-in-law, 9 mother-in-law, 10 stepmother
- c 2 husband
  - 3 Mia's sister
  - 4 He's Mia's son.
  - 5 She's Mia's niece.
  - 6 He's Mia's brother-in-law.
  - 7 She's Mia's daughter.
  - 8 He's Mia's nephew.
  - 9 He's Mia's father.
- d Students' own answers

**3 PRONUNCIATION**

- a nurse, model, journalist
- c 1 b, 2 d, 3 a, 4 c

**4B****1 VOCABULARY**

- a 2 have a shower, 3 have breakfast, 4 go to work, 5 go home, 6 go shopping
- b 2 finish, 3 see, 4 put on, 5 do, 6 walk, 7 relax, 8 take, 9 get, 10 have
- c 2 get, 3 have, 4 have, 5 go, 6 go, 7 get, 8 go, 9 go, 10 have, 11 get, 12 go, 13 go, 14 have, 15 have

**2 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 2 I have a shower at eight.
- 3 He starts work at eleven.
- 4 He has a shave after breakfast.
- 5 They speak on the phone every evening.
- 6 I write a lot of emails.

**3 GRAMMAR**

- a in the winter, the afternoon, 1984
- on Monday, Saturday evening, 21st August
- at night, the weekend, Christmas
  
- b 2 in, 3 at, 4 at, 5 in, 6 on, 7 at, 8 at, 9 to, 10 in
  
- c 2 at, 3 to, 4 on, 5 in, 6 at, 7 at, 8 in, 9 on, 10 in
  
- d Students' own answers

**4C****1 VOCABULARY**

- a 2 February, 3 March, 4 April, 5 May, 6 June, 7 July, 8 August, 9 September, 10 October, 11 November
- b 2 twelve, 3 seven, 4 sixty, 5 four, 6 twenty-four, 7 thirty, 8 fifty-two
- c 2 never, 3 usually, 4 once, 5 sometimes, 6 three times a week

**2 GRAMMAR**

- a 3 X Mike sometimes drives to work.  
4 ✓, 5 X They go to Italy every summer.  
6 X Ellie drinks coffee three times a day.  
7 ✓, 8 X We study English twice a week.  
9 X I am always stressed. 10 ✓
- b 3 My mother goes shopping every morning.  
4 I hardly ever sleep for eight hours.  
5 We see our friends every weekend.  
6 I usually get up at quarter to seven.  
7 My children are always happy.  
8 She takes the dog for a walk three times a day.
- c 2 relaxed  
3 does sport or exercise  
4 often eats healthy food  
5 He is never ill.  
6 sometimes sleeps for eight hours  
7 is often relaxed  
8 She never does sport or exercise.  
9 She hardly ever eats healthy food.  
10 She is always ill.  
11-15 Students' own answers

**3 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 2 home, 3 hospital, 4 hour, 5 hairdresser, 6 happy
- b h is not pronounced in hour.

**5A****1 VOCABULARY**

- a Down: 2 meet, 3 see, 5 give, 8 sing  
Across: 4 remember, 6 paint, 7 use, 9 dance
- b 2 draw, 3 look, 4 run, 5 send, 6 swim, 7 take, 8 wait
- c 2 help, 3 leave, 4 tell, 5 try, 6 hear, 7 talk, 8 find

**2 GRAMMAR**

- a 2 b, 3 d, 4 e, 5 a, 6 f
- b 2 can't talk, 3 can see, 4 can't turn

- c 2 She can't paint.
- 3 He can't swim.
- 4 He can cook.
  
- d 2 Can you paint?  
3 Can you swim?  
4 Can you cook?

**3 PRONUNCIATION**

- b 1 A Can you speak German?  
B Yes, I can. ✓
- 2 I can't find the keys. ✓
- 3 She can sing.
- 4 Where can I buy a newspaper?
- 5 A Can you cook?  
B No, I can't. ✓
- 6 He can't swim. ✓

**5B****1 VOCABULARY**

- a 2 practise the piano, 3 bark, 4 have a noisy party, 5 argue, 6 play loud music, 7 cry, 8 make a lot of noise
- b 2 have, 3 bark, 4 cry, 5 make, 6 argue, 7 play, 8 have
- c Students' own answers

**2 GRAMMAR**

- a 2 are, 3 isn't, 4 is, 5 'm not, 6 aren't
- b 2 is buying, 3 aren't dancing, 4 ls, coming, 5 isn't wearing, 6 Are, watching, 7 'm not working, 8 are swimming
- c 2 are playing football
- 3 are arguing
- 4 is / 's barking
- 5 is / 's crying
- 6 is / 's playing the guitar
- 7 is / 's singing
- 8 is / 's talking on her phone

**3 PRONUNCIATION**

- b 2 pink, 3 long, 4 uncle, 5 drink, 6 Hungary, 7 young, 8 think

**5C****1 VOCABULARY**

- a 2 winter, 3 summer, 4 autumn
- b 2 windy, 3 hot, 4 snowing, 5 sunny, 6 raining, 7 cold, 8 cloudy
- c 2 It's hot. 3 It's raining. 4 It's snowing. 5 It's windy. 6 It's foggy. 7 It's sunny. 8 It's cold.

**2 GRAMMAR**

- a 2 I'm sightseeing.
- 3 I'm having dinner.
- 4 do they usually go
- 5 She travels
- 6 Is it raining
- 7 does your girlfriend do?
- 8 Are you working
  
- b 2 makes, isn't cooking
- 3 am / 'm working, finish
- 4 practise, are / 're playing
- 5 goes, is / 's working
- 6 am / 'm reading, buy

# ANSWER KEY

- c 2 don't need, 3 is / 's raining,  
4 are visiting, 5 love, 6 is standing,  
7 isn't looking, 8 is taking, 9 go

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 Westminster Abbey  
3 Covent Garden  
4 St Paul's Cathedral  
5 Piccadilly Circus  
6 Leicester Square  
7 the Houses of Parliament  
8 Trafalgar Square  
9 Wembley Stadium  
10 the Tower of London

## Practical English

### 1 VOCABULARY

- 2 jacket, 3 jeans, 4 shirt, 5 sweater,  
6 trousers, 7 T-shirt, 8 skirt

### 2 BUYING CLOTHES

- a 2 size, 3 medium, 4 large, 5 try,  
6 changing, 7 Thank, 8 much  
b 2 over there, 3 there  
c 2 That, 3 Those, 4 These

### 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

- 2 It's so cool! 3 What's wrong? 4 No way!,  
5 Right now? 6 I have to go. 7 Have fun!

## Can you remember...? 1–5

### 1 GRAMMAR

- 2 children, 3 doesn't, 4 brother's, 5 is,  
6 Don't stop, 7 usually cycles, on, 8 Who's,  
9 are you going

### 2 VOCABULARY

- 2 soldier, 3 have children, 4 easy, 5 run,  
6 cheap, 7 eighty, 8 builder

### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- 2 mother, 3 take, 4 hot, 5 hour, 6 lunch

### 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

- 2 b, 3 a, 4 b, 5 a, 6 b, 7 c, 8 b, 9 a, 10 c

## 6A

### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 you, 3 him, 4 her, 5 it, 6 us, 7 you,  
8 them  
b 2 him, 3 you, 4 them, 5 us, 6 me, 7 you,  
8 her, 9 him, 10 them  
c 3 he, me, 4 I, them, 5 She, us, 6 We, it,  
7 they, him, 8 I, you  
d 2 her, 3 he, 4 him, 5 them, 6 they, 7 her,  
8 she

### 2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 d, 3 e, 4 g, 5 f, 6 h, 7 c, 8 a  
b 2 arrive, 3 desert, 4 comfortable, 5 sells,  
6 valuable, 7 through, 8 village  
c 2 inside, 3 decide, 4 strange,  
5 mountain, 6 leave, 7 into, 8 surprised

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

- b 2 this, 3 me, 4 these, 5 it, 6 niece

## 6B

### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 second, 3 third, 4 fifth, 5 twelfth,  
6 thirteenth, 7 twentieth, 8 twenty-first  
b 2 sixth, eighth  
3 ninth, eleventh  
4 eighteenth, twenty-second  
5 fifteenth, twentieth  
6 twenty-first, twenty-eighth  
7 twenty-third, twenty-second  
8 thirtieth, thirty-first  
c 2 31/10, the thirty-first of October  
3 1/1, the first of January  
4 4/7, the fourth of July  
5 14/2, the fourteenth of February

### 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 a, 3 a, 4 b, 5 a, 6 b, 7 b, 8 a

### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2 painting, 3 dancing, 4 running,  
5 cooking, 6 swimming, 7 studying,  
8 writing, 9 playing  
b 2 driving at night  
3 doesn't mind sitting in cafés  
4 He loves swimming in the sea.  
5 He doesn't like watching football.  
6 loves dancing at parties  
7 hates driving at night  
8 She likes sitting in cafés.  
9 She doesn't like swimming in the sea.  
10 She doesn't mind watching football.  
11–15 Students' own answers  
c 2 the twenty-fifth of December  
3 He gets up quite early.  
4 They have eggs.  
5 They have lunch at home.  
6 They watch a film (on TV).  
7 They play games together.  
8 They go to bed very late.  
d Students' own answers

## 6C

### 1 VOCABULARY

- a Down: 2 guitar, 3 accordian, 6 bass,  
7 piano  
Across: 4 drums, 5 keyboard, 8 violin,  
9 saxophone  
b 2 guitarist, 3 accordianist, 4 drummer,  
5 keyboard player, 6 bass player,  
7 pianist, 8 violinist, 9 saxophonist  
c 1 a, 2 c, 3 a, 4 c, 5 b, 6 c

### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 doesn't, 3 ls, 4 aren't, 5 Do, 6 don't,  
7 isn't, 8 Does  
b 2 do, 3 isn't, 4 don't, 5 aren't, 6 Does,  
7 is, 8 doesn't, 9 don't, 10 Are  
c 2 play  
3 is Fiona  
4 does Harriet live  
5 How old are Chris and Gray?  
6 What does Jason play?  
7 Where do Scott and Fiona live?

- 8 Where is / 's Scott from?

- 9 What does Harriet play?

- 10 Where do Gray, Jason, and Chris live?

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 journalist, 3 nurse, 4 lunch, 5 summer  
c 2 I really like it. It's fantastic.  
3 I don't like him. He's awful.  
4 I don't like her. She's terrible.

## 7A

### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 Were, 3 wasn't, 4 were, 5 wasn't,  
6 Were, 7 was, 8 weren't  
b 2 was, 3 Was, 4 wasn't, 5 was, 6 was,  
7 were, 8 were  
c 2 Is, isn't, was, 's / is  
3 are, were  
4 's / is, was, were  
5 was, was  
d Students' own answers

### 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a A Who was Andy Warhol?  
B He was an artist.  
A Was he English?  
B No, he wasn't. He was American.  
A When was he born?  
B He was born in 1928.  
A Were his parents American?  
B No, they weren't.  
b 2 She was Swiss.  
3 He wasn't rich.  
4 They weren't expensive.  
5 Where were you?  
6 Was she a vet?  
7 He was wrong.

### 3 VOCABULARY

- a -er dancer, painter, singer, writer  
-or actor, director, inventor  
-ist artist, novelist, pianist, scientist  
-ian musician, politician  
b 3 was an actor, 4 was a scientist,  
5 was a singer, 6 were inventors,  
7 was a writer / novelist,  
8 were painters / artists  
c 3 Was Charlotte Bronte a novelist?  
Yes, she was.  
4 Was Frida Kahlo a pianist?  
No, she wasn't. She was an artist.  
5 Were J.R.R. Tolkien and C.S. Lewis  
musicians?  
No, they weren't. They were writers.  
6 Was David Bowie a singer?  
Yes, he was.  
7 Were Vivaldi and Bach composers?  
Yes, they were.  
8 Was Dante Alighieri a politician?  
No, he wasn't. He was a poet.

## 7B

### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 called, didn't call  
3 liked, didn't like  
4 looked, didn't look  
5 checked, didn't check  
6 booked, didn't book  
7 played, didn't play

- b** 2 What time did the match finish?  
 3 Did you like your birthday presents?  
 4 What did your brother study at university?  
 5 Did your parents arrive last night?  
 6 Where did your friends live in Germany? / Where in Germany did your friends live?  
 7 Did you cry at the end of the film?  
 8 What time did Sandra start work yesterday?
- c** 2 When did Amy Winehouse die?  
 She died in 2011.  
 3 When did Spotify start?  
 It started in 2008.  
 4 When did Neil Armstrong walk on the moon?  
 He walked on the moon in 1969.  
 5 When did the satellite Juno arrive at Jupiter?  
 It arrived in 2016.  
 6 When did the first tablets appear?  
 They appeared in 2002.  
 7 When did Tim Berners-Lee create the World Wide Web?  
 He created it in 1990.

**2 PRONUNCIATION**

- a** 2 painted, 3 waited, 4 posted,  
 5 started, 6 decided

**3 VOCABULARY**

- a** 2 two years ago  
 3 last month  
 4 yesterday morning  
 5 two hours ago  
 6 last July  
 7 two weeks ago  
 8 yesterday afternoon  
 9 in 1990  
 10 the day before yesterday
- b** 2 ago, 3 last, 4 yesterday, 5 yesterday,  
 6 ago, 7 in, 8 last
- c** Students' own answers

**7C****1 GRAMMAR**

- a** 2 drank, 3 bought, 4 knew, 5 found,  
 6 thought, 7 took, 8 said, 9 put on
- b** 2 went shopping after work last night  
 3 wore jeans yesterday  
 4 didn't have dinner at home last night  
 5 bought a lot of things yesterday  
 6 didn't get up early yesterday morning  
 7 felt ill yesterday  
 8 didn't go out last week  
 9 didn't have breakfast yesterday  
 10 couldn't come to my party last year
- c** 3 did you go, 4 did you wear,  
 5 did you get, 6 Did you get / take,  
 7 Did you have, 8 Was

**2 VOCABULARY**

- a** 2 for-a-walk, 3 a-good-time, 4 a-car,  
 5 by-train, 6 shopping
- b** 2 got, 3 had, 4 went, 5 got, 6 had,  
 7 went, 8 had, 9 went, 10 had, 11 went,  
 12 had

- c** 2 go with  
 3 travel  
 4 did they arrive  
 5 the weather like  
 6 What did they do?  
 7 Where did they have dinner?  
 8 Did they have a good time?  
**d** Students' own answers

**Practical English****1 VOCABULARY**

2 straight, 3 right, 4 past, 5 end, street,  
 6 corner, 7 bridge, 8 traffic lights

**2 ASKING FOR DIRECTIONS**

- a** 2 Turn left at the traffic lights.  
 3 Is the station near here?  
 4 Could you say that again?  
 5 It's at the end of the street.  
 6 You can't miss it!  
 7 I don't know exactly where.  
 8 Can you tell me the way to the station?
- b** 2 Is the station near here?  
 3 I don't know exactly where.  
 4 Can you tell me the way to the station?  
 5 Turn left at the traffic lights  
 6 Could you say that again  
 7 It's at the end of the street.  
 8 You can't miss it!

**3 SOCIAL ENGLISH**

- a** 2 could, 3 Maybe, 4 would, 5 nice,  
 6 there, 7 course, 8 meet
- b** 2 what would you like to visit?  
 3 That's really nice of you.  
 4 What is there to see?  
 5 Maybe another time?  
 6 Yes, of course.  
 7 What a view!  
 8 We could go to the British Museum.

**Can you remember...? 1–7****1 GRAMMAR**

2 I'm working, 3 found, were,  
 4 are / 're having, 5 didn't get, 6 don't like

**2 VOCABULARY**

2 fourteen, 3 fourth, 4 guitarist, 5 weather,  
 6 every day, 7 month, 8 have a garden

**3 PRONUNCIATION**

2 three, 3 those, 4 jacket, 5 needed,  
 6 started

**4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY**

2 first, 3 for, 4 took, 5 back, 6 didn't, 7 was,  
 8 her, 9 spoke, 10 weren't

**8A****1 PRONUNCIATION**

- a** 2 said, 3 lost, 4 had, 5 bought, 6 drove,  
 7 could, 8 learned

**2 GRAMMAR**

- a** 2 I wasn't, 3 Is he, 4 I could,  
 5 He can't, 6 Could you, 7 She studies,  
 8 We didn't like, 9 Does it finish,  
 10 He spoke, 11 She doesn't have,  
 12 Did you feel

- b** 3 X all the lights were off, 4 ✓,  
 5 X we couldn't see who it was,  
 6 X It was Steven Potter, 7 ✓,  
 8 X we went to his house at 6.00 a.m.,  
 9 X He didn't want to speak to us, 10 ✓

- c** 3 did you see, 4 did you go,  
 5 Did she like, 6 did, finish,  
 7 did you do, 8 did you leave,  
 9 Did you go, 10 Did you get,  
 11 did you go

**3 VOCABULARY**

- a** 2 come, came, 3 drink, drank,  
 4 drive, drove, 5 give, gave,  
 6 know, knew, 7 put, put, 8 sit, sat,  
 9 swim, swam, 10 wake, woke,  
 11 win, won, 12 write, wrote

- b** 2 met, 3 thought, 4 found, 5 bought,  
 6 lost, 7 broke, 8 took, 9 made,  
 10 could

- c** 2 drove, 3 knew, 4 wanted, 5 watched,  
 6 waited, 7 saw, 8 followed, 9 was,  
 10 stopped, 11 opened, 12 took,  
 13 left, 14 had, 15 looked, 16 wasn't,  
 17 was

**8B****1 VOCABULARY**

- a** Across: 4 mirror, 7 shelf, 9 fridge,  
 10 stairs  
 Down: 1 carpet, 2 cooker, 3 armchair,  
 5 fireplace, 6 bed, 7 shower, 8 lamp

- b** 2 bathroom, 3 dining room, 4 study,  
 5 garage, 6 kitchen, 7 living room,  
 8 bedroom, 9 garden

- c** 2 balcony, 3 wardrobe, 4 microwave,  
 5 wall, 6 bath, 7 dishwasher, 8 plant

**2 GRAMMAR**

- a** 2 Is there, 3 there isn't, 4 there's,  
 5 are there, 6 There are, 7 a, 8 there is,  
 9 any, 10 any, 11 some

- b** 2 Are there any carpets?

- 3 There aren't any plants

- 4 There are some books

- 5 Are there any glasses

- 6 There aren't any files

- c** 2 it, 3 There, 4 they, 5 There, 6 There,  
 7 there, 8 there, 9 there, 10 They

- d** 2 There's a sofa under the bike.

- 3 There are some boxes on the shelves.

- 4 There's a small table in front of the sofa.

- 5 There's a small carpet on the floor.

- 6 There's a window in the corner.

- e** Students' own answers

- f** Students' own answers

**3 PRONUNCIATION**

- a** 2 stairs, 3 we're, 4 hair

## 8C

## 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 There weren't any chairs.  
 3 Was there a dishwasher?  
 4 There were some cupboards.  
 5 Were there any glasses?  
 6 There wasn't a table.
- b 2 were, 3 was, 4 wasn't, 5 were, 6 was,  
 7 was, 8 weren't, 9 were
- c 2 there weren't, 3 Was there,  
 4 there wasn't, 5 there wasn't,  
 6 Was there, 7 there weren't,  
 8 Were there, 9 there were

## 2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 next to, 3 in front of, 4 on, 5 under,  
 6 between, 7 opposite, 8 over, 9 behind
- b 2 next to, 3 opposite, 4 behind, 5 under,  
 6 between, 7 in front of, 8 on, 9 above
- c 2 from...to, 3 into, 4 through, 5 out of,  
 6 up
- d 3 there weren't any shelves or  
 cupboards  
 4 There was a window  
 5 There weren't any curtains  
 6 There wasn't a shower in the  
 bathroom  
 7 There was only a bath  
 8 There were three spiders in the bath

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 cupboard, 3 white, 4 know, 5 autumn,  
 6 walk, 7 builder, 8 wrong

## 9A

## 1 VOCABULARY

- a Across: 6 chicken, 8 cake, 9 jam,  
 11 cereal  
 Down: 1 butter, 2 steak, 3 rice, 5 chips,  
 7 coffee, 10 milk
- b Vegetables: carrots, mushrooms, onions,  
 peas, potatoes  
 Snacks: biscuits, chocolate, crisps, nuts,  
 sweets  
 Fruit: bananas, oranges, pineapple,  
 strawberries
- c 2 ice cream, 3 fish, 4 sugar, 5 bread,  
 6 eggs, 7 olive oil, 8 lettuce

## 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 a, 3 some, 4 an, 5 some, 6 some, 7 a,  
 8 an, 9 some
- b 3 a, 4 some, 5 a, 6 some, 7 a, 8 some
- c 2 aren't any herbs in our garden  
 3 had an egg for breakfast  
 4 is some sugar in my coffee  
 5 ate some snacks yesterday  
 6 were some spices in the cupboard  
 7 didn't make a cake for his birthday  
 8 wasn't any bread on the table
- d 2 some, 3 some, 4 any, 5 an, 6 any,  
 7 any, 8 some, 9 a, 10 a, 11 any,  
 12 some
- e Students' own answers

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 ice cream, 3 eat

## 9B

## 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 box, 3 carton, 4 tin, 5 packet, 6 can,  
 7 bottle
- b 2 box, 3 jar, 4 packet, 5 bottle, 6 tin,  
 7 carton
- c 2 packet, nuts, 3 carton, milk,  
 4 can, Coke/cola, 5 box, cakes,  
 6 bottle, oil, 7 tin, peas

## 2 PRONUNCIATION

- b 2 salt, 3 shopping, 4 centre

## 3 GRAMMAR

- a 3 ✓, 4 X a little milk, 5 X None,  
 6 X a few biscuits, 7 X We don't  
 eat many snacks, 8 ✓
- b 2 How much, a lot of sugar in her tea  
 3 How many, many biscuits  
 4 How many, quite a lot of sweets  
 5 How much, much exercise  
 6 How many, any (cups of) coffee
- c 2 How many calories are there in a  
 banana?  
 3 How many oranges are there in a  
 carton of orange juice?  
 4 How much salt is there in a bowl of  
 cereal?  
 5 How many eggs are there in a box?  
 6 How much jam is there in a jar?  
 7 How many tomatoes are there in a  
 bottle of ketchup?  
 8 How many spices are there in a  
 curry?  
 9 How much butter is there in a  
 croissant?  
 10 How many potatoes are there in a  
 small packet of crisps?

## 9C

## 1 VOCABULARY

- |          |             |
|----------|-------------|
| a 2 520  | 6 475,000   |
| 3 1,830  | 7 1,700,000 |
| 4 2,800  | 8 8,250,000 |
| 5 30,640 |             |
- b 2 twenty-two, and  
 3 forty-three thousand  
 4 eight hundred  
 5 eighteen million, ninety-one  
 6 four hundred and nineteen thousand  
 7 twenty-four  
 8 thirteen, nine hundred and fifty-four  
 thousand
- c 2 eight hundred and ninety-five  
 3 four thousand five hundred  
 4 twelve thousand four hundred and  
 seventy  
 5 thirty-three thousand nine hundred  
 and thirty  
 6 five hundred and seventy-five  
 thousand six hundred  
 7 six million two hundred and fifty  
 thousand  
 8 thirty-four million eight hundred and  
 sixty thousand

## 2 GRAMMAR

- a 1 cheaper, colder, higher  
 2 sadder, thinner, wetter  
 3 dirtier, drier, hungrier  
 4 more beautiful, more difficult,  
 more comfortable  
 5 further, better
- b 2 is bigger than China  
 3 is drier than Manchester  
 4 is shorter than January  
 5 is safer than skiing  
 6 are worse than Fridays  
 7 is colder than Spain  
 8 is harder to learn than Spanish
- c 2 drier than Istanbul  
 3 is more expensive than the women's  
 watch  
 4 is bigger than the townhouse  
 5 Lamborghini is faster than the  
 Mercedes
- d Students' own answers

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 is shorter than, 3 is dirtier than,  
 4 are healthier than, 5 is colder than,  
 6 is higher than

## Practical English

## 1 VOCABULARY

- 2 Starters, 3 soup, 4 Main courses, 5 sauce,  
 6 Grilled, 7 Desserts, 8 Home-made

## 2 ORDERING A MEAL

- a 2 Come this way, please.  
 3 Do you have a reservation?  
 4 I'd like the lasagne, please.  
 5 Just water for me.  
 6 Still or sparkling?  
 7 What would you like to drink?  
 8 A table for two, please.
- b 2 A table for two, please.  
 3 Come this way, please.  
 4 Are you ready to order?  
 5 I'd like the lasagne, please.  
 6 What would you like to drink?  
 7 Just water for me.  
 8 Still or sparkling?

## 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

- 2 Would you like a dessert?  
 3 Not for me, thanks.  
 4 Nothing special.  
 5 The same for me, please.  
 6 Yes, go ahead.  
 7 Good news?  
 8 Could we have the bill, please?

## Can you remember...? 1–9

## 1 GRAMMAR

- 2 weren't, 3 did, 4 aren't, 5 an, 6 don't

## 2 VOCABULARY

- 2 find, 3 housework, 4 tablet, 5 usually,  
 6 sandwich, 7 spring, 8 a month

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

- 2 great, 3 learn, 4 see, 5 garden, 6 chef

**4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY**

- a 2 a, 3 c, 4 b, 5 c, 6 a, 7 b, 8 a, 9 c, 10 b

**10A****1 VOCABULARY**

- a hospital, park, museum, road, river, bridge, church, castle
- b 2 railway station, 3 post office, 4 police station, 5 department store, 6 car park, 7 town hall
- c 2 zoo, 3 supermarket, 4 art gallery, 5 bus station, 6 market, 7 theatre, 8 chemist's

**2 GRAMMAR**

- a 2 colder, the coldest  
3 more expensive, the most expensive  
4 sunnier, the sunniest  
5 more dangerous, the most dangerous  
6 hotter, the hottest  
7 more beautiful, the most beautiful  
8 more tired, the most tired  
9 better, the best  
10 worse, the worst
- b 2 The biggest, the Pacific  
3 The driest, the Atacama  
4 The smallest, Australia  
5 The most expensive, Singapore  
6 The largest, Russia  
7 The most populated, Shanghai  
8 The wettest, India
- c 1 What to see, 2 What to do,  
3 Where to shop
- d Students' own answers

**3 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 2 highest, 3 healthiest, 4 prettiest,  
5 most difficult, 6 most polluted,  
7 most attractive, 8 most intelligent

**10B****1 GRAMMAR**

- a 2 She's going to study  
3 We're going to drive  
4 I'm going to give  
5 They're going to order  
6 He's going to rent
- b 2 We're going to show  
3 They're going to have  
4 Are you going to stay  
5 They aren't going to visit  
6 Are they going to see  
7 He's going to meet  
8 She isn't going to go  
9 Am I going to sleep  
10 Is David going to go  
11 I'm not going to fly  
12 Sarah's going to spend
- c 2 am / 'm going to travel  
3 are you going to stay  
4 am / 'm not going to stay  
5 am / 'm going to rent  
6 am / 'm going to have  
7 Is, going to go  
8 is / 's going to drive  
9 are / 're going to spend

- 10 are / 're going to dance  
11 am / 'm going to meet  
12 are you going to visit

**2 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 1 How are you going to get there?  
2 Where are you going to stay?  
3 We're going to stay for a week.  
4 I'm going to see the sights.  
5 We aren't going to go by car.  
6 I'm not going to stay in a hotel.

**3 VOCABULARY**

- a 2 g, 3 a, 4 e, 5 b, 6 d, 7 h, 8 f
- b 2 go by train  
3 eat out in local restaurants  
4 book accommodation  
5 have a good time  
6 buy souvenirs  
7 visit museums  
8 rent a flat
- c 2 go by car  
3 going to rent a house  
4 's going to eat out  
5 He isn't going to visit different places.  
6 aren't going to go on holiday with friends  
7 aren't going to go by car  
8 They are going to rent a house.  
9 They aren't going to eat out.  
10 They are going to visit different places.
- 11-15 Students' own answers

**10C****1 VOCABULARY**

- a 2 meet, 3 travel, 4 get, 5 fall, 6 get,  
7 become, 8 get, 9 have, 10 move
- b 2 travel to different countries  
3 have a surprise  
4 meet somebody new  
5 get a lot of money  
6 move house  
7 become famous  
8 get married  
9 be lucky  
10 fall in love

**2 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 3 S, 4 D, 5 D, 6 S, 7 D, 8 S

**3 GRAMMAR**

- a 3 ✓, 4 X Paul is going to have,  
5 X You're going to fall, 6 ✓, 7 X You  
are not / aren't going to remember,  
8 ✓, 9 X they're going to be, 10 X is he  
going to do
- b 2 he's / he is going to be  
3 I'm not / am not going to sleep  
4 Are you going to pass  
5 it's / it is going to close  
6 We aren't / are not going to win  
7 You're going to enjoy  
8 it's / it is going to rain
- c 2 have a surprise  
3 He's going to get a lot of money.  
4 He's going to become famous.  
5 She's going to get married.  
6 They're going to travel to different  
countries.

**11A****1 GRAMMAR**

- a 2 carefully, 3 easy, 4 fast, 5 good,  
6 healthily, 7 incredible, 8 possibly,  
9 quiet, 10 really
- b 3 adv, 4 adv, 5 adj, 6 adj, 7 adj, 8 adv,  
9 adj, 10 adj
- c 2 easy, 3 quickly, 4 quiet, 5 bad,  
6 incredible, 7 slowly, 8 good, 9 good,  
10 healthy
- d 3 well, 4 stressful, 5 beautifully, 6 badly,  
7 politely, 8 good, 9 quietly, 10 easy

**2 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 2 bed at eight in, 3 eat outside in  
the open, 4 Look at the, 5 cold and,  
6 studies eight hours a, 7 gave us our,  
8 love early

**3 VOCABULARY**

- a 2 beautifully, 3 fluently, 4 well, 5 hard,  
6 loudly, 7 patiently, 8 politely,  
9 seriously
- b 2 beautifully, 3 calmly, 4 fluently,  
5 patiently, 6 loudly, 7 hard, 8 well,  
9 seriously
- c 2 hard  
3 cycling dangerously  
4 They're walking fast.  
5 She's waiting patiently.  
6 He's talking loudly.  
7 He's speaking politely.  
8 It's singing beautifully.

**11B****1 GRAMMAR**

- a 2 to sell, 3 to call, 4 to put, 5 to arrive,  
6 to get, 7 to buy, 8 to speak
- b 3 to buy, 4 to go, 5 cooking, 6 to have,  
7 to read, 8 playing
- c 2 want to go, 3 loves buying,  
4 hopes to become, 5 need to get up,  
6 try to be, 7 'd like to watch,  
8 hates driving
- d 2 Would you like to climb a mountain?  
3 We'd like to go to Canada.  
4 I'd like to learn to fly a plane.  
5 She wouldn't like to do karaoke.  
6 Would they like to get married next  
year?

**2 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 1 planning to drive to, 2 hope to see,  
3 wants to know, 4 promised to be,  
5 forgot to turn off, 6 remember to buy

**3 VOCABULARY**

- a 2 g, 3 h, 4 c, 5 a, 6 e, 7 b, 8 d
- b 2 need, 3 forget, 4 promise, 5 try,  
6 decide, 7 leave, 8 hope
- c 2 Which places do you want to visit?  
3 When do you hope to retire?  
4 What do you sometimes forget to  
take on holiday?  
5 What do you need to buy this week?  
6 When do you try to do English  
homework?

# ANSWER KEY

d Students' own answers

## 11C

### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 app, 3 attachments, 4 broadband, 5 tweet, 6 log in, 7 search
- b 2 a-video, 3 a-book, 4 a-phone-call, 5 an-app, 6 a-tweet
- c 2 Skyped, 3 posted, 4 sent, 5 shared, 6 uploaded, 7 logged in, 8 searched

### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 bed, 3 dinner, 4 romantic films, 5 the shoes, 6 The hamburgers, 7 the moon, 8 the nicest, 9 Vegetarians, 10 bus
- b 2 I'm an engineer. 3 In the fridge. 4 An identity card. 5 Twice a week. 6 The Rock music. 7 By a car. 8 On the internet.
- c 3 the, 4 -, 5 the, 6 -, 7 the, 8 -
- d 2 the, 3 -, 4 -, 5 -, 6 -, 7 the, 8 -, 9 the, 10 -, 11 the 12 - 13 -, 14 -
- e Students' own answers

### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 3 S, 4 D, 5 S, 6 D, 7 S, 8 D

## Practical English

### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 coach, 3 tram, 4 bus, 5 plane, 6 train
- b 2 rank, 3 tip, 4 check, 5 departure, 6 gate, 7 station, 8 ticket, 9 platform, 10 coach, 11 stop, 12 driver

### 2 GETTING TO THE AIRPORT

- 2 To St Pancras station.
- 3 Now, please.
- 4 How much is it?
- 5 And could I have a receipt?
- 6 Could I have a ticket to Luton Airport, please?
- 7 Single, please.
- 8 Standard, please.
- 9 Can I pay by credit card?

### 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

- 2 Thank you so much. 3 I can't believe it!
- 4 I'm so happy. 5 Have a good journey.

## Can you remember...? 1-11

### 1 GRAMMAR

- 2 to call, 3 is / 's wearing, 4 bigger, 5 watches, 6 going

### 2 VOCABULARY

- 2 rice, 3 forget your bag, 4 ugly, 5 fog, 6 attachment, 7 daughter, 8 souvenir

### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- 2 police, 3 were, 4 there, 5 come, 6 table

### 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

- 2 to, 3 than, 4 them, 5 there, 6 can, 7 is, 8 are, 9 a, 10 the, 11 want, 12 are

## 12A

### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 hasn't, 3 Have, 4 has, 5 haven't, 6 Has, 7 haven't, 8 have
- b 2 My brother has decided to get a new job.  
3 I haven't studied for the exam.  
4 They've seen the film.  
5 He hasn't answered my email.  
6 Have you called your brother?  
7 I've finished the first series.  
8 Have they posted their holiday photos on Facebook?
- c 2 have / 've read, 3 have you read,  
4 Have you seen, 5 has seen,  
6 I haven't read, 8 I have / I've heard

### 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 1 I've read the book  
2 haven't watched  
3 I've never travelled  
4 Has he finished  
5 Have you decided  
6 hasn't passed
- b A Have you read The Hunger Games?  
B No, I haven't.  
A Have you seen the films?  
B Yes, I have. I've seen all of them.

### 3 VOCABULARY

- a 2 fell, fallen, 3 gave, given, 4 heard, heard, 5 left, left, 6 read, read, 7 saw, seen, 8 told, told
- b 2 left, 3 bought, 4 read, 5 seen, 6 given, 7 heard, 8 told
- c 2 left a bag in the cinema, hasn't  
3 she bought a film on DVD, she hasn't  
4 Has she fallen asleep during a film?  
Yes, she has.  
5 they met a famous person?  
No, they haven't.  
6 Have they left a bag in the cinema?  
Yes, they have.  
7 Have they bought a film on DVD?  
Yes, they have.  
8 Have they fallen asleep during a film?  
No, they haven't.
- 9-12 Students' own answers

## 12B

### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 3 We went  
4 Has Jessie gone out  
5 Where's she gone?  
6 She's gone  
7 What time did she go?  
8 She went  
9 Have you ever
- b 3 gone, 4 gone, 5 been, 6 been, 7 been, 8 gone, 9 gone, 10 been
- c 2 have, 3 did you go, 4 went,  
5 Has she gone out, 6 left, 7 did she go,  
8 didn't say, 9 Have you been, 10 have,  
11 Did you like, 12 did

### 2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 did, done, 3 ate, eaten, 4 got, got, 5 had, had, 6 lost, lost, 7 met, met, 8 spoke, spoken, 9 sang, sung, 10 won, won
- b 2 had, 3 lost, 4 met, 5 sung, 6 done, 7 spoken, 8 been, 9 won, 10 got
- c 2 taken a selfie  
you take a selfie  
3 you ever eaten Japanese food  
did you eat  
4 Have you ever won any money?  
did you win  
5 Have you ever got lost?  
did you get lost  
6 Have you ever met a famous sports person?  
did you meet
- d Students' own answers

### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 found, 3 heard, 4 got, 5 read, 6 lost

## 12C

### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 Are you, 3 What does, 4 What kind, 5 Can you, 6 Why is / Why's, 7 Is it, 8 How many, 9 What film, 10 Did you, 11 Whose phone, 12 Where were, 13 Is there, 14 Was there, 15 When are, 16 Have you
- b 2 His, 3 Don't, 4 in, 5 that, 6 can't, 7 him, 8 flying, 9 any, 10 were, 11 any / much, 12 older, 13 most, 14 well, 15 an
- c 2 takes, 3 Did, see, 4 aren't going to come, 5 Have, been, 6 Is, going to learn, 7 don't eat, 8 are / 're going to see, 9 Have, met, 10 cooked, 11 do, go, 12 is playing, 13 didn't walk, 14 have / 've, read

### 2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 Asia, 3 awful, 4 cooker, 5 brother, 6 spring, 7 kitchen, 8 strawberries, 9 bridge
- b 2 thirty, 3 Wednesday, 4 third, 5 evening, 6 three times, 7 winter, 8 August, 9 hour, 10 month
- c 2 do, 3 say, 4 have, 5 go, 6 take, 7 make, 8 get, 9 wear 10 use
- d 2 doesn't, 3 in, 4 a, 5 is, 6 to, 7 his, 8 didn't, 9 went, 10 her, 11 than 12 best

### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 bread, 3 safe, 4 day, 5 money, 6 found, 7 food, 8 go, 9 tired, 10 eat, 11 said, 12 ring
- c 1 hos pital      7 Itali an  
2 ex pen sive      8 Au gust  
3 ma ga zine      9 dif fficult  
4 head phones      10 mu sician  
5 ad min is tra tor      11 ga rage  
6 en gineer      12 ba na nas

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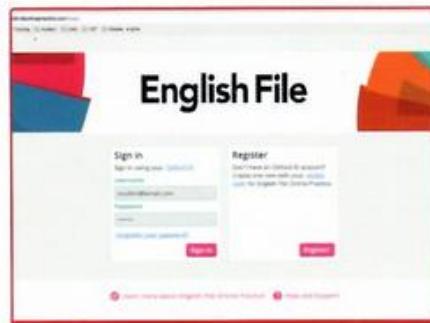
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