

CONTROL DESIGN

T. Bretl

AE 483

Fall 2021



Write equations of motion in standard form:

$$\dot{s} = f(s, i, p)$$

↑ ↑ ↖
state input parameter

← ordinary differential equations

Choose an equilibrium point:

$$0 = f(s_{eq}, i_{eq}, p_{eq})$$

↖ this is unconventional — parameter values are usually given and not chosen — but it makes the notation easier when we implement with code

Linearize equations of motion about equilibrium point:

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

↑ ↑ ↖
x = s - s_{eq} u = i - i_{eq} ← input
← state

Constant:

A, B, s_{eq}, i_{eq}

Functions of time:

x, u, s, i

$$A = \left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \right|_{(s_{eq}, i_{eq}, p_{eq})}$$

$$B = \left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial i} \right|_{(s_{eq}, i_{eq}, p_{eq})}$$

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$$

$$x = s - s_{eq}$$

$$u = i - i_{eq}$$

Design linear state feedback that makes the state go to zero

$$u = -Kx$$

$$\dot{x} = Ax + B(-Kx) = (A - BK)x$$

if all eigenvalues of $A - BK$ have negative real part, then $x(t) \rightarrow 0$ as $t \rightarrow \infty$

THIS MEANS: $s(t) \rightarrow s_{eq}$

LQR is a standard way to choose K

$$\begin{aligned} & \underset{u}{\text{minimize}} && \int_0^{\infty} (x(t)^T Q x(t) + u(t)^T R u(t)) dt \\ & \text{subject to} && \dot{x}(t) = Ax(t) + Bu(t), \quad x(0) = x_0 \end{aligned}$$

$$K = \text{lqr}(A, B, Q, R)$$

Q big $\Rightarrow x$ small

R big $\Rightarrow u$ small

SYSTEM $\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$ $x = s - s_{eq}$ $u = i - i_{eq}$

CONTROLLER $u = -Kx$

Add reference tracking

$x(t) \rightarrow x_{des}$ as $t \rightarrow \infty$

$u = -K(x - x_{des})$

desired value of x (what you want x to become, if not zero)

If you could have chosen any value for the j th element of s_{eq} and

- ① still have an equilibrium point
- ② still have produced the same A and B

then the j th element of x_{des} can be any non-zero number you want - all other elements of x_{des} must be zero.

SYSTEM $\dot{x} = Ax + Bu$ $x = s - s_{eq}$ $u = i - i_{eq}$

CONTROLLER $u = -K(x - x_{des})$

IMPLEMENTATION

$$u = -K(x - x_{des})$$

$$\begin{aligned} i - i_{eq} &= -K((s - s_{eq}) - (s_{des} - s_{eq})) \\ &= -K(s - s_{des}) \end{aligned}$$

SOLVE FOR i

$$i = i_{eq} - K(s - s_{des})$$

a 4x12 matrix

$$\dot{i} = i_{eq} - K(s - s_{des})$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \ddot{r}_x \\ \ddot{r}_y \\ \ddot{r}_z \\ f_z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ mg \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0_x \\ 0_y \\ 0_z \\ \psi \\ \phi \\ \phi \\ v_x \\ v_y \\ v_z \\ \omega_x \\ \omega_y \\ \omega_z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0_{x,des} \\ 0_{y,des} \\ 0_{z,des} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

CONTROL LOOP

get $\underbrace{O_x, O_y, O_z, \Psi, \Theta, \Phi, v_x, v_y, v_z, \omega_x, \omega_y, \omega_z}_{\text{state}}$ and $\underbrace{O_{x\text{des}}, O_{y\text{des}}, O_{z\text{des}}}_{\text{desired position}}$

choose $\underbrace{\tau_x, \tau_y, \tau_z, f_z}_{\text{input}} \leftarrow i = i_{eq} - K(s - s_{eq})$

choose $\underbrace{m_1, m_2, m_3, m_4}_{\text{motor power commands}} \leftarrow \begin{bmatrix} m_1 \\ m_2 \\ m_3 \\ m_4 \end{bmatrix} = \bar{P}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} \tau_x \\ \tau_y \\ \tau_z \\ f_z \end{bmatrix}$