## coloring

## November 7, 2023

This file is part of CasADi.

CasADi -- A symbolic framework for dynamic optimization.

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```
[1]: from casadi import *
```

Read all about coloring in the seminal paper "What color is your Jacobian?" http://www.cs.odu.edu/~pothen/Papers/sirev2005.pdf

```
[2]: def color(A):
    print("="*80)
    print("Original:")
    print(repr(DM(A,1)))
    print("Colored: ")
    print(repr(DM(A.uni_coloring(),1)))
```

```
[3]: A = Sparsity.diag(5) color(A)
```

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Original:

DM(

```
[[1, 00, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 1, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 1, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 00, 1, 00],
     [00, 00, 00, 00, 1]
    Colored:
    DM([1, 1, 1, 1, 1])
    One direction needed to capture all
[4]: color(Sparsity.dense(5,10))
    Original:
    DM(
    [[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
     [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
     [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
     [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
     [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]])
    Colored:
    DM(
    [[1, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 1, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 1, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 00, 1, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 00, 00, 1, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 1, 00, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 1, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 1, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 1, 00],
     [00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 1]])
    We need 5 directions. The colored response reads: each row corresponds to a direction; each column
    correspond to a row of the original matrix.
[5]: color(A+Sparsity.triplet(5,5,[0],[4]))
    Original:
    DM(
    [[1, 00, 00, 00, 1],
     [00, 1, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 1, 00, 00],
```

[00, 00, 00, 1, 00], [00, 00, 00, 00, 1]])

Colored: DM(

[[1, 00],

```
[1, 00],
     [1, 00],
     [1, 00],
     [00, 1]])
    First 4 rows can be taken together, the fifth row is taken separately
[6]: color(A+Sparsity.triplet(5,5,[4],[0]))
    Original:
    DM(
    [[1, 00, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 1, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 1, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 00, 1, 00],
     [1, 00, 00, 00, 1]])
    Colored:
    DM(
    [[1, 00],
     [1, 00],
     [1, 00],
     [1, 00],
     [00, 1]])
    First 4 rows can be taken together, the fifth row is taken separately
    color(A+Sparsity.triplet(5,5,[0]*5,list(range(5))))
    Original:
    DM(
    [[1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
     [00, 1, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 1, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 00, 1, 00],
     [00, 00, 00, 00, 1]])
    Colored:
    DM(
    [[1, 00, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 1, 00, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 1, 00, 00],
     [00, 00, 00, 1, 00],
```

The first row is taken separately. The remainding rows are lumped together in one direction.

[00, 00, 00, 00, 1]])

```
[8]: color(A+Sparsity.triplet(5,5,list(range(5)),[0]*5))
```

\_\_\_\_\_

```
Original:
     DM(
     [[1, 00, 00, 00, 00],
      [1, 1, 00, 00, 00],
      [1, 00, 1, 00, 00],
      [1, 00, 00, 1, 00],
      [1, 00, 00, 00, 1]])
     Colored:
     DM(
     [[1, 00],
      [00, 1],
      [00, 1],
      [00, 1],
      [00, 1]])
     We need 5 directions.
     Next, we look at star_coloring
 [9]: def color(A):
        print("="*80)
        print("Original:")
        print(repr(DM(A,1)))
        print("Star colored: ")
        print(repr(DM(A.star_coloring(1),1)))
[10]: color(A)
     Original:
     DM(
     [[1, 00, 00, 00, 00],
      [00, 1, 00, 00, 00],
      [00, 00, 1, 00, 00],
      [00, 00, 00, 1, 00],
      [00, 00, 00, 00, 1]])
     Star colored:
     DM([1, 1, 1, 1, 1])
     One direction needed to capture all
[11]: color(Sparsity.dense(5,5))
     Original:
     DM(
     [[1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
      [1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
      [1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
      [1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
```

```
DM(
     [[1, 00, 00, 00, 00],
      [00, 1, 00, 00, 00],
      [00, 00, 1, 00, 00],
      [00, 00, 00, 1, 00],
      [00, 00, 00, 00, 1]])
     We need 5 directions.
[12]: color(A+Sparsity.triplet(5,5,[0]*5,list(range(5)))+Sparsity.
        \hookrightarrowtriplet(5,5,list(range(5)),[0]*5))
     Original:
     DM(
     [[1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
      [1, 1, 00, 00, 00],
      [1, 00, 1, 00, 00],
      [1, 00, 00, 1, 00],
      [1, 00, 00, 00, 1]])
     Star colored:
     DM(
     [[1, 00],
      [00, 1],
      [00, 1],
      [00, 1],
      [00, 1]])
     The first row/col is taken separately. The remainding rows/cols are lumped together in one direc-
     tion.
     Let's take an example from the paper
[13]: A = ___
       DM([[1,1,0,0,0,0],[1,1,1,0,1,1],[0,1,1,1,0,0],[0,0,1,1,0,1],[0,1,0,0,1,0],[0,1,0,1]])
      A = sparsify(A)
      color(A.sparsity())
     Original:
     DM(
     [[1, 1, 00, 00, 00, 00],
      [1, 1, 1, 00, 1, 1],
      [00, 1, 1, 1, 00, 00],
      [00, 00, 1, 1, 00, 1],
      [00, 1, 00, 00, 1, 00],
       [00, 1, 00, 1, 00, 1]])
     Star colored:
```

[1, 1, 1, 1, 1]])

Star colored:

```
DM(
[[00, 1, 00],
[1, 00, 00],
[00, 1, 00],
[00, 00, 1],
[00, 1, 00],
[00, 1, 00]])
```