

CE221295 – PSoC 6 MCU Cryptography: True Random Number Generation

Objective

This code example demonstrates generating a One-Time Password (OTP) using the True Random Number generation feature of PSoC® 6 MCU cryptography block.

Overview

This example demonstrates generating a One-Time-Password (OTP) of eight characters in length. Using the True Random Number generation feature of PSoC 6 MCU crypto block, a random number corresponding to each character of the OTP is generated. The generated random number is such that it corresponds to alpha-numeric and special characters of the ASCII code. The generated OTP is then displayed on a UART terminal emulator.

Requirements

Tool: PSoC Creator™ 4.2; Peripheral Driver Library (PDL) 3.0.1

Programming Language: C (Arm® GCC 5.4.1 and Arm MDK 5.22)

Associated Parts: All PSoC 6 MCU parts

Related Hardware: CY8CKIT-062-BLE PSoC 6 BLE Pioneer Kit

Hardware Setup

This example uses the kit's default configuration. See the kit guide to ensure that the kit is configured correctly.

Software Setup

This example uses Tera Term as the UART terminal for displaying the generated OTP. Set the UART configuration settings as the same as that used by the UART SCB on PSoC 6 MCU.

Operation

- 1. Plug the CY8CKIT-062-BLE kit board into your computer's USB port.
- Build the project and program it into the PSoC 6 MCU device. Choose **Debug** > **Program**. For more information on device programming, see PSoC Creator Help. Flash for both CPUs is programmed in a single program operation.

Note: If during the build process, if the PSoC Creator prompts you to replace stdio_user.h file, DO NOT replace the file.

- 3. Open your terminal software and select the KitProg COM port. Set the other serial port parameters as follows:
 - a. Baud rate: 115200 bps
 - b. Data: 8 bitc. Parity: None
 - d. Stop: 1 bit
 - e. Flow control: None
- 4. Press **Enter** to generate an OTP. The generated OTP will be displayed on the UART terminal. Note that you must press **Enter** every time when you need to generate an OTP.

Figure 1 shows a sample output as displayed on Tera Term UART Terminal.



Figure 1. Sample Output as Displayed on Tera Term

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* CE221295 PSoC 6 MCU Cryptography: True Random Number Generation

* This code example demonstrates generating a One-Time Password (OTP)

* using the True Random Number generation feature of PSoC 6 MCU

* cryptography block

* UART Terminal SettingsBaud Rate : 115200 bps 8N1

* Press Enter to Generate OTP

One-Time Password: ZAhp+Vs-

Press Enter to Generate OTP
```

Design and Implementation

Random number generation is the generation of a sequence of numbers or symbols that cannot be predicted based on the previous knowledge of the generated sequence. Random number generators have applications in cryptography, statistical sampling, gambling and other areas where producing an unpredictable result is desirable.

A true random number is generated using a hardware random number generator that generates random numbers from a physical process. The true random number generator (TRNG) in PSoC 6 MCU generates true random numbers of programmable bit size ranging from 0–32 bits. The TRNG relies on up to six ring oscillators to provide physical noise sources namely:

- Two fixed ring oscillators consisting of 11 and 15 inverters (RO11 and RO15).
- A fixed Galois-based ring oscillator (GARO15) and a fixed Fibonacci-based ring oscillator (FIRO15) each consisting of 15 inverters.
- A flexible Galois-based (GARO31) and a flexible Fibonacci-based oscillator (FIRO31) consisting of 31 inverters with a programmable polynomial of up to order 31.

A ring oscillator consists of a series of inverters connected in a feedback loop to form a ring. Due to (temperature) sensitivity of the inverter delays, jitter is introduced on a ring's oscillating signal. The jittered oscillating signal is sampled to produce a digitized analog signal (DAS). This is done for all multiple ring oscillators. To increase entropy and to reduce bias in DAS bits, the DAS bits are further post-processed. Post-processing produces bit samples that are considered true random bit samples. The true random bit samples are shifted into a register to provide random values of up to 32 bits. Figure 2 shows an overview of how generation of true random generation is implemented in PSoC 6 MCU.



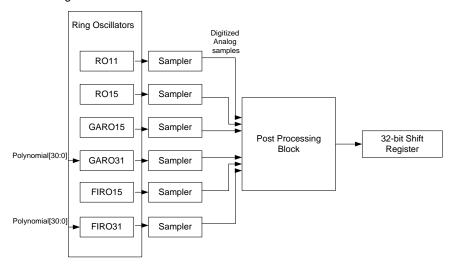


Figure 2. True Random Number Generation in PSoC 6 MCU

Cryptographic operation, in this example, is based on a Client-Server model. In this example, both the Crypto Server and the Crypto Client runs on the CM4 CPU. The firmware initializes and starts the Crypto Server. The firmware then provides the configuration data required for generation of true random numbers and requests the Crypto Server to run the cryptographic operation.

In this example, an OTP of eight characters in length is generated. Using the true random number generator, a random number is generated corresponding to each character of the OTP. The generated random number is such that it corresponds to alphanumeric and special characters of the ASCII code. The generated OTP is then displayed on a UART terminal emulator. Each time, the firmware waits for the user to press the "Enter" key to generate a new OTP.

Initialize the Crypto Server

Initialize the Crypto Client and Enable Crypto Block Start UART Component

"Enter" key pressed?

Generate OTP Using the TRNG Hardware and Display on the UART Terminal

Figure 3. Firmware Flowchart



Components and Settings

Table 1 lists the PSoC Creator Components used in this example, how they are used in the design, and the non-default settings required so they function as intended.

Table 1. PSoC Creator Components

Component	Instance Name	Purpose	Non-default Settings	
UART	UART	Facilitates printing on to a UART terminal	Default settings only	

For information on the hardware resources used by a Component, see the Component datasheet.

In order to use the Crypto block of PSoC 6 MCU in your design, the Crypto driver must be enabled. To enable the drivers, check the crypto option under **Project > Build Settings > Peripheral Driver Library** as shown in Figure 4.

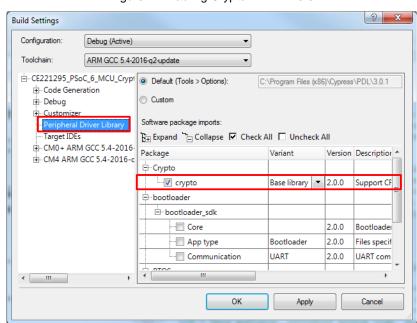


Figure 4. Enabling Crypto PDL Drivers

Reusing This Example

This example is designed for the CY8CKIT-062-BLE Pioneer Kit. To port the design to a different PSoC 6 MCU device and/or kit, change the target device using Device Selector and update the pin assignments in the Design-Wide Resources Pins settings as needed.

Table 2. Device and Pin Mapping Table Across PSoC 6 MCU Kits

Kit Name	Device Used	KIT_UART_RX	KIT_UART_TX
CY8CKIT-062-BLE	CY8C6347BZI-BLD53	P5[0]	P5[1]
CY8CKIT-062-WiFi-BT	CY8C6247BZI-D54	P5[0]	P5[1]

In some cases, a resource used by a code example (for example, an IP block) is not supported on another device. In that case, the example will not work. If you build the code targeted at such a device, you will get errors. See the device datasheet for information on what a particular device supports.



Related Documents

For a comprehensive list of PSoC 6 MCU resources, see KBA223067 in the Cypress community.

Application Notes					
AN210781 – Getting Started with PSoC 6 MCU with Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) Connectivity	Describes PSoC 6 MCU with BLE Connectivity devices and how to build your first PSoC Creator project				
AN215656 – PSoC 6 MCU: Dual-CPU System Design	Describes the dual-CPU architecture in PSoC 6 MCU, and shows how to build a simple dual-CPU design				
AN219434 – Importing PSoC Creator Code into an IDE for a PSoC 6 MCU Project	Describes how to import the code generated by PSoC Creator into your preferred IDE				
PSoC Creator Component Datasheets					
UART	Supports standard UART interface				
Device Documentation					
PSoC 6 MCU Datasheets	PSoC 6 Technical Reference Manuals				
Development Kit Documentation					
CY8CKIT-062-BLE PSoC 6 BLE Pioneer Kit					
CY8CKIT-062-WiFi-BT PSoC 6 WiFi-BT Pioneer Kit					
CY8CPROTO-062-4343W PSoC 6 Wi-Fi BT Prototyping Kit					
CY8CPROTO-063 BLE PSoC 6 BLE Prototyping Kit					
Tool Documentation					
PSoC Creator	Look in the downloads tab for Quick Start and User Guides				
Peripheral Driver Library (PDL)	Get the latest version for use with PSoC Creator. Look in the <pdl folder="" install="">/doc for the User Guide and the API Reference</pdl>				



Document History

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Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	6006857	VKVK	12/27/2017	New code example
*A	6514273	VKVK	03/19/2019	Updated for PDL 3.1.0



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