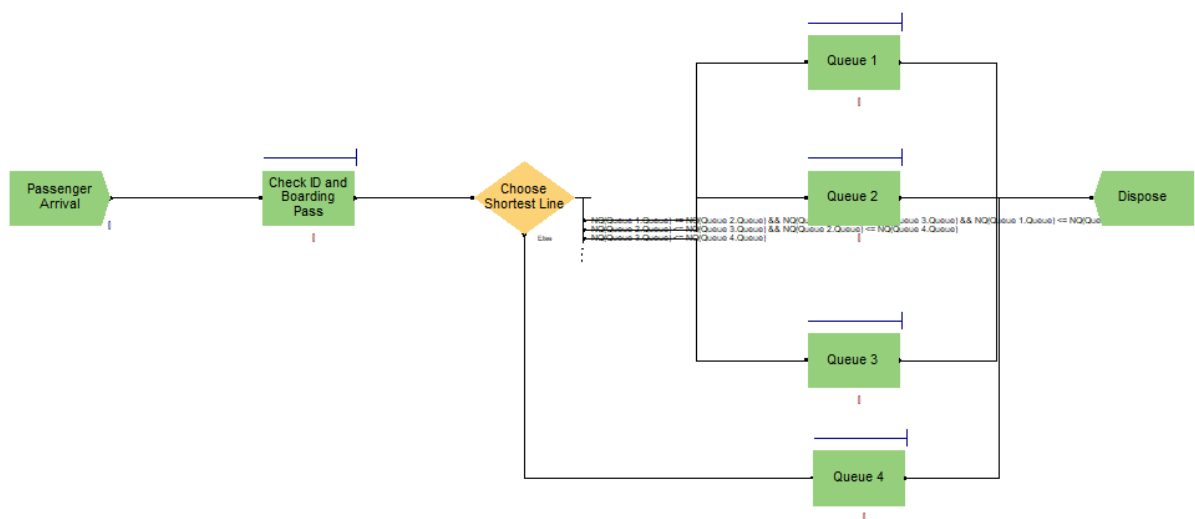


Question 13.2

In this problem you, can simulate a simplified airport security system at a busy airport. Passengers arrive according to a Poisson distribution with $\lambda_1 = 5$ per minute (i.e., mean interarrival rate $\mu_1 = 0.2$ minutes) to the ID/boarding-pass check queue, where there are several servers who each have exponential service time with mean rate $\mu_2 = 0.75$ minutes. [Hint: model them as one block that has more than one resource.] After that, the passengers are assigned to the shortest of the several personal-check queues, where they go through the personal scanner (time is uniformly distributed between 0.5 minutes and 1 minute).

Use the Arena software (PC users) or Python with SimPy (PC or Mac users) to build a simulation of the system, and then vary the number of ID/boarding-pass checkers and personal-check queues to determine how many are needed to keep average wait times below 15 minutes. [If you're using SimPy, or if you have access to a non-student version of Arena, you can use $\lambda_1 = 50$ to simulate a busier airport.]

To solve this problem, I developed a simulation using Arena. I used trial and error to land on the following model with an average wait time of 4.6 minutes.



Component	Details
Create Block (Passenger Arrival)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Time Between Arrivals Type: Random(Expo) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value: 0.2 minutes Entities per Arrival: 1
Process Block (Check ID and Boarding Pass)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Action: Seize Delay Release Delay Type: Expression <ul style="list-style-type: none"> EXPO(0.75) Number of Resources: 1 Resource Capacity: 4
Decision Block (Choose Shortest Line)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Type: N-way by Condition Conditions:

Component	Details
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ $NQ(\text{Queue 1.Queue}) \leq NQ(\text{Queue 2.Queue}) \ \&\& \ NQ(\text{Queue 1.Queue}) \leq NQ(\text{Queue 3.Queue}) \ \&\& \ NQ(\text{Queue 1.Queue}) \leq NQ(\text{Queue 4.Queue})$ ○ $NQ(\text{Queue 2.Queue}) \leq NQ(\text{Queue 3.Queue}) \ \&\& \ NQ(\text{Queue 2.Queue}) \leq NQ(\text{Queue 4.Queue})$ ○ $NQ(\text{Queue 3.Queue}) \leq NQ(\text{Queue 4.Queue})$
Process Block (Queue 1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Action: Seize Delay Release • Delay Type: Uniform <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Minimum: 0.5 ○ Maximum: 1 • Number of Resources: 1 • Resource Capacity: 1
Process Block (Queue 2)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Action: Seize Delay Release • Delay Type: Uniform <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Minimum: 0.5 ○ Maximum: 1 • Number of Resources: 1 • Resource Capacity: 1
Process Block (Queue 3)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Action: Seize Delay Release • Delay Type: Uniform <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Minimum: 0.5 ○ Maximum: 1 • Number of Resources: 1 • Resource Capacity: 1
Process Block (Queue 4)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Action: Seize Delay Release • Delay Type: Uniform <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Minimum: 0.5 ○ Maximum: 1 • Number of Resources: 1 • Resource Capacity: 1
Dispose Block (Dispose)	N/A

Key statistics from my simulation are included below:

Name	Type	Source	Average Of Replication Averages
Entity 1	NVA Time	Entity	0
	Other Time	Entity	0
	Total Time	Entity	0.102624463
	Transfer Tin	Entity	0
	VA Time	Entity	0.025185882
	Wait Time	Entity	0.07743858
Check ID and Boarding Pass.Queue	Waiting Tim	Queue	0.051904327
Queue 1.Queue	Waiting Tim	Queue	0.028569461
Queue 2.Queue	Waiting Tim	Queue	0.025940633
Queue 3.Queue	Waiting Tim	Queue	0.024033874
Queue 4.Queue	Waiting Tim	Queue	0.023084842

I have also included a summary of results from my other trials:

#	Check ID and Boarding Pass Resource Capacity	Number of Queues	Did the Simulation Fail?	Average Wait Time
1	3	3	Yes	N/A
2	3	4	Yes	N/A
3	4	4	No	4.6 minutes
4	5	4	No	1.8 minutes

Since the goal is to keep wait time under 15 minutes with as few resources as possible, trial #3 is the best simulation.