

Overview

Casibase is an open-source Domain Knowledge Database & IM & Forum Software powered by ChatGPT.

You need to enable JavaScript to run this app.		
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Casibase features

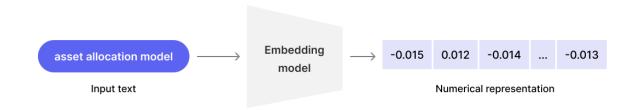
- With a separate front-end and back-end architecture developed in Golang, Casibase supports high concurrency, provides web-based management UI and supports multiple languages (Chinese, English).
- 2. Casibase supports third-party application login, such as GitHub, Google, QQ, WeChat, etc., and supports the extension of third-party login with plugins.
- 3. Based on embedding and prompt engineering for knowledge management, Casibase supports customized embedding methods and language models.
- 4. Casibase supports integration with existing systems by db sync, so users can transition to Casibase smoothly.
- 5. Casibase supports mainstream databases: MySQL, PostgreSQL, SQL Server, etc., and supports the extension of new databases with plugins.
- 6. Casibase is a powerful tool for asset management, enabling easy connection to assets via RDP, VNC, and SSH protocols and efficient handling of remote connections to machines.
- 7. Casibase's Security Log Auditing feature allows you to effortlessly track and monitor remote connections with detailed audit logging, recording connection start time, duration, and other relevant details, and also enables you to capture and analyze API logs for Casdoor operations, enhancing security and operational transparency.
- 8. Casibase supports database management. Casibase's Database Management feature allows you to easily connect, manage, and organize databases while controlling access and simplifying user management and authorization for

database resources.

How it works

Step 0 (Pre-knowledge)

Casibase's knowledge retrieval process is based on embedding and prompt engineering, so it is highly recommended that you take a brief look at how embedding works. An introduction to Embedding.



Step 1 (Importing Knowledge)

To get started with Casibase, users need to follow these steps to import knowledge and create a domain-specific knowledge database:

- Configure Storage: In the Casibase dashboard, users should first configure
 the storage settings. This involves specifying the storage system to be used
 for storing knowledge-related files, such as documents, images, or any other
 relevant data. Users can choose from a variety of storage options based on
 their preferences and requirements.
- 2. Upload Files to Storage: Once the storage is set up, users can proceed to upload files containing domain-specific knowledge into the configured

- storage system. These files can be in various formats, such as text documents, images, or structured data files like CSV or JSON.
- 3. Select Embedding Method for Knowledge Generation: After the files are uploaded, users have the option to choose the embedding method for generating knowledge and corresponding vectors. Embeddings are numerical representations of textual or visual content, which facilitate efficient similarity search and data analysis.



How knowledge is embedded?

- For textual data: Users can choose from various embedding methods, such as Word2Vec, GloVe, or BERT, to convert the textual knowledge into meaningful vectors.
- For visual data: If the uploaded files contain images or visual content, users can select image embedding techniques like CNN-based feature extraction to create representative vectors.
- More methods coming soon...

By following these steps, users can populate their domain knowledge database with relevant information and corresponding embeddings, which will be used for effective searching, clustering, and retrieval of knowledge within Casibase. The embedding process allows the system to understand the context and relationships between different pieces of knowledge, enabling more efficient and insightful knowledge management and exploration.

Step 2 (Retrieving Knowledge)

After importing your domain knowledge, Casibase transforms it into vectors and stores these vectors in a vector database. This vector representation enables powerful functions like similarity search and efficient retrieval of related information. You can quickly find relevant data based on context or content, enabling advanced querying and uncovering valuable insights within your domain knowledge.

Step 3 (Building the Prompt)

Casibase performs a similarity search on the stored knowledge vectors to find the closest match to the user's query. Using the search results, it creates a prompt template to frame a specific question for the language model. This ensures accurate and contextually relevant responses, delivering comprehensive answers based on the domain knowledge in Casibase.

Step 4 (Achieving the Goal)

At this stage, using Casibase, you have successfully acquired the knowledge you sought. Through the innovative combination of domain knowledge transformed into vectors and powerful language models like ChatGPT, Casibase provides you with accurate and relevant responses to your inquiries. This enables you to efficiently access and utilize the domain-specific information stored in Casibase, meeting your knowledge requirements with ease.

Step 5 (Optional Fine-tuning)

If you find that the results are not entirely satisfactory, you can try to get better results by doing the following:

- Tweaking Language Model Parameters
- Asking multiple questions
- Optimizing the original files

By utilizing these fine-tuning options, you can improve the efficiency of your knowledge management in Casibase, ensure that the system is better aligned with your goals, and provide more accurate and insightful information.

(i) HINTS

Other ways to optimize results (may require source code changes):

- Updating Embedding Results: Refine the knowledge representation by adjusting the embedding results of your domain knowledge.
- Modifying Prompt Templates: By customizing the prompts, you can elicit more precise responses from the language model.
- Exploring Different Language Models: Experiment with different models to find the one that best suits your requirements for generating responses.

Online demo

Read-only site (any modification operation will fail)

- Chat bot (https://ai.casibase.com)
- Admin UI (https://ai-admin.casibase.com)

Writable site (original data will be restored for every 5 minutes)

• Chat bot (https://demo.casibase.com)

• Admin UI (https://demo-admin.casibase.com)

Global admin login:

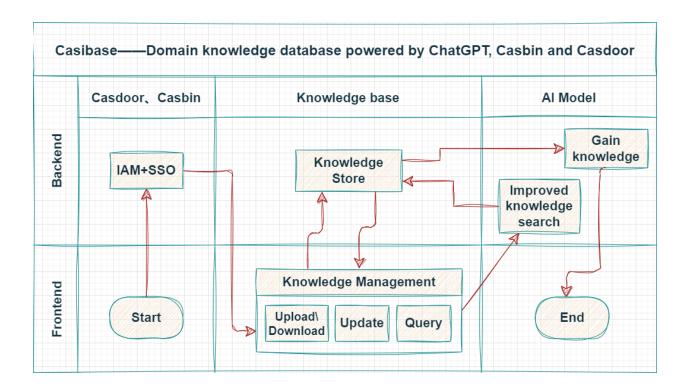
• Username: admin

• Password: 123

Architecture

Casibase contains 2 parts:

Name	Description	Language	Source code
Frontend	User interface for the casibase application	JavaScript + React	https://github.com/ casibase/casibase/tree/ master/web
Backend	Server-side logic and API for casibase	Golang + Beego + MySQL	https://github.com/ casibase/casibase



Supported Models

Language Model

Model	Sub Type	Link
OpenAl	gpt-4-32k-0613&gpt-4-32k-0314&gpt-4-32k&gpt-4-0613&gpt-4-0314&gpt-4&gpt-3.5-turbo-0613&gpt-3.5-turbo-0301&gpt-3.5-turbo-16k&gpt-3.5-turbo-16k-0613&gpt-3.5-turbo&text-davinci-003&text-davinci-002&text-curie-001&text-babbage-001&text-ada-001&text-davinci-001&davinci-instruct-beta&davinci&curie-instruct-beta&curie&ada&babbage	OpenAl

Model	Sub Type	Link
Hugging Face	meta-llama/Llama-2-7b, tiiuae/falcon-180B, bigscience/bloom, gpt2, baichuan-inc/ Baichuan2-13B-Chat, THUDM/chatglm2-6b	Hugging Face
Claude	claude-2, claude-v1, claude-v1-100k, claude-instant-v1, claude-instant-v1-100k, claude-v1.3, claude-v1.3-100k, claude-v1.2, claude-v1.0, claude-instant-v1.1, claude-instant-v1.1-100k, claude-instant-v1.0	Claude
OpenRouter	google/palm-2-codechat-bison, google/palm-2-chat-bison, openai/gpt-3.5-turbo, openai/gpt-3.5-turbo-16k, openai/gpt-4, openai/gpt-4-32k, anthropic/claude-2, anthropic/claude-instant-v1, meta-llama/llama-2-13b-chat, meta-llama/llama-2-70b-chat, palm-2-codechat-bison, palm-2-chat-bison, gpt-3.5-turbo, gpt-3.5-turbo-16k, gpt-4, gpt-4-32k, claude-2, claude-instant-v1, llama-2-13b-chat, llama-2-70b-chat	OpenRouter
Ernie	ERNIE-Bot, ERNIE-Bot-turbo, BLOOMZ-7B, Llama-2	Ernie
iFlytek	spark-v1.5, spark-v2.0	iFlytek
ChatGLM	chatglm2-6b	ChatGLM

Model	Sub Type	Link
MiniMax	abab5-chat	MiniMax
Local	custom-model	Local Computer

Embedding Model

Model	Sub Type	Link
OpenAl	AdaSimilarity, BabbageSimilarity, CurieSimilarity, DavinciSimilarity, AdaSearchDocument, AdaSearchQuery, BabbageSearchDocument, BabbageSearchQuery, CurieSearchDocument, CurieSearchQuery, DavinciSearchDocument, DavinciSearchQuery, AdaCodeSearchCode, AdaCodeSearchText, BabbageCodeSearchCode, BabbageCodeSearchText, AdaEmbeddingV2	OpenAl
Hugging Face	sentence-transformers/all-MiniLM-L6-v2	Hugging Face
Cohere	embed-english-v2.0, embed-english-light-v2.0, embed-multilingual-v2.0	Cohere
Ernie	default	Ernie
Local	custom-embedding	Local Computer

Core Concepts

As Casibase's user, you should get familiar with at least 4 core concepts:

```
Provider, Storage, Chat and Vector.
```

Providers

Providers are the backbone of Casibase, offering essential services and integration with external systems. The Provider class definition is shown as follows:

```
type Provider struct {
               string `xorm:"varchar(100) notnull pk"
   Owner
json:"owner"`
   Name
               string `xorm:"varchar(100) notnull pk" json:"name"`
    CreatedTime string `xorm:"varchar(100)" json:"createdTime"`
    DisplayName string `xorm:"varchar(100)" json:"displayName"`
    Category
                string `xorm:"varchar(100)" json:"category"`
                string `xorm:"varchar(100)" json:"type"`
   Type
                string `xorm:"varchar(100)" json:"clientId"`
   ClientId
   ClientSecret string `xorm:"varchar(2000)" json:"clientSecret"`
    ProviderUrl string `xorm:"varchar(200)" json:"providerUrl"`
}
```

There are two primary types of providers in Casibase:

• Storage Providers. The Storage Providers facilitates the storage and

retrieval of data within Casibase. It supports various storage options, including:

- AWS
- Azure
- Local File System
- Al Providers. The Al Providers are responsible for handling Al-related tasks and services in Casibase. It supports multiple Al models and technologies, including:
 - OpenAl
 - ChatGLM
 - InternLM

Vectors

Vectors in Casibase represent numerical representations of different types of data. These vectors enable efficient processing and analysis of information. Some of the vector types available are:

- Text Vector
- Image Vector
- ... (other vector types)

The Vector class definition is shown as follows:

```
type Vector struct {
   Owner string `xorm:"varchar(100) notnull pk"
```

Chats

Chats are at the core of interactive communication between users and the Al models in Casibase. They consist of three essential components:

- Question: The user's input or query, seeking information or assistance.
- Query Prompt: A formatted version of the user's question, prepared for processing by the Al models.
- Answer: The Al-generated response to the user's question, providing relevant information or solutions.

The Chat class definition is shown as follows:

```
type Chat struct {
                          `xorm:"varchar(100) notnull pk"
                 string
    0wner
json:"owner"`
    Name
                          `xorm:"varchar(100) notnull pk"
                 string
json:"name"`
    CreatedTime
                 string
                          `xorm:"varchar(100)" json:"createdTime"`
                          `xorm:"varchar(100)" json:"updatedTime"`
    UpdatedTime
                 string
    DisplayName
                          `xorm:"varchar(100)" json:"displayName"`
                 string
                          `xorm:"varchar(100)" json:"category"`
    Category
                 string
    Type
                          `xorm:"varchar(100)" json:"type"`
                 string
                          `xorm:"varchar(100)" json:"user1"`
    User1
                 string
                          `xorm:"varchar(100)" json:"user2"`
    User2
                 string
    Users
                 []string `xorm:"varchar(100)" json:"users"`
                          `json:"messageCount"`
    MessageCount int
}
```

Embedding

Embedding is the process of transforming various types of data, such as text and images, into dense vector representations. This step is crucial for facilitating efficient data processing and analysis within Casibase.

- By embedding, the questions in chat and the knowledge files in storage will be turned into vectors and used in the next step of knowledge search.
- Casibase's default embedding method is provided by OpenAl at a rate
 of up to three calls per minute. We recommend minimizing coupling
 between knowledge files to facilitate embedding and further
 processing.

Server Installation

Requirements

OS

All major operating systems including Windows, Linux and macOS are supported.

Environment

- Go 1.20+
- Node.js LTS (18)
- Yarn 1.x

(!) INFO

The use of Casibase is divided into two steps:

- step1: Deploy and run Casdoor
- step2: Deploy and run Casibase (this docs)

We strongly suggest you use Yarn 1.x to run & build Casdoor&Casibase frontend, using NPM might cause UI styling issues, see more details at: casdoor#294



A CAUTION

For Chinese users, in order to download the Go dependency packages successfully, you need to use a Go proxy by Configuring the GOPROXY environment variable. We strongly recommend: https://goproxy.cn/

Database

Casibase uses XORM to talk to the database. Based on Xorm Drivers Support, Casibase currently provides support for the following databases:

- MySQL
- MariaDB
- PostgreSQL
- CockroachDB
- SQL Server
- Oracle
- SQLite 3
- TiDB

guacd

Casibase uses guacamole-server to provide remote desktop access. If you want to use this feature, you need to install guacamole-server first. If you haven't installed guacamole-server, please refer to guacamole-server Installation.

You can also run guacd in docker with the following command:

```
docker run -d --name guacd -p 4822:4822 guacamole/guacd
```

Download

The source code of Casibase is hosted at GitHub: https://github.com/casibase/casibase. Both the Go backend code and React frontend code are inside the

single repository.

Name	Description	Language	Source code
Frontend	Web frontend UI for Casibase	JavaScript + React	https://github.com/casibase/ casibase/tree/master/web
Backend	RESTful API backend for Casibase	Golang + Beego + XORM	https://github.com/casibase/ casibase

Casibase supports Go Modules. To download the code, you can just simply clone the code via git:

```
cd path/to/folder
git clone https://github.com/casibase/casibase
```

Configuration

Configure Casdoor

Please refer to Casdoor-SSO section to configure Casdoor.

Remember your clientId, clientSecret, organization, application and so on in Casdoor configuration, we will use them later.

Configure Database

Casibase supports mysql, mssql, sqlite3, postgres. Casibase uses mysql by

default.

MySQL

Casibase will store its users, nodes and topics information in a MySQL database named: casibase. If the database does not exist, it needs to be created manually. The DB connection string can be specified at: https://github.com/casibase/casibase/blob/master/conf/app.conf

```
driverName = mysql
dataSourceName = root:123456@tcp(localhost:3306)/
dbName = casibase
```

PostgreSQL

Since we must choose a database when opening Postgres with xorm, you should prepare a database manually before running Casibase.

Let's assume that you have already prepared a database called casibase, then you should specify app.conf like this:

```
driverName = postgres
dataSourceName = "user=postgres password=postgres host=localhost
port=5432 sslmode=disable dbname=casibase"
dbName =
```

(!) INFO

For PostgreSQL, make sure dataSourceName has non-empty dbName and leave the standalone dbName field empty like the above example.

CockroachDB

You can also use Cockroachdb with postgres driver. It has same configuration as postgreSQL.

```
driverName = postgres
dataSourceName = "user=postgres password=postgres host=localhost
port=5432 sslmode=disable dbname=casibase
serial_normalization=virtual_sequence"
dbName =
```

(!) INFO

For CockroachDB, don't forget to add serial_normalization=virtual_sequence to the dataSourceName like the above example. otherwise you will get error regarding existed database, whenever the service starts or restarts. Notice, this must be added before the database created.

Sqlite3

You should specify app.conf like this:

```
driverName = sqlite
dataSourceName = "file:casibase.db?cache=shared"
dbName = casibase
```

Custom configuration

Casibase supports custom configuration, you can modify the configuration file conf/app.conf to change the configuration.

Backend (conf/app.conf)

```
casdoorEndpoint = <Your Casdoor endpoint>
clientId = <Your Casdoor application's client ID>
clientSecret = <Your Casdoor application's client secret>
casdoorOrganization = <Your Casdoor organization name>
casdoorApplication = <Your Casdoor application name>
```

Frontend (web/src/Conf.js)

```
serverUrl: "<Your Casdoor endpoint>"
clientId: "<Your Casdoor application's client ID>"
appName: "<Your Casdoor application name>"
organizationName: "<Your Casdoor organization name>"
```

Run

There are currently two methods to start, you can choose one according to your own situation.



A CAUTION

Casibase requires Casdoor to provide access control and some back-end services, so you must make sure Casdoor is running properly before running Casibase.

How to install and run Casdoor:

Casdoor Installation

Development mode

Backend

Casibase's Go backend runs at port 14000 by default. You can start the Go backend with the following command:

```
go run main.go
```

After the server is successfully running, we can start the frontend part.

Frontend

Casibase's frontend is a very classic Create-React-App (CRA) project. It runs at port 13001 by default. Use the following commands to run the frontend:

```
cd web
yarn install
yarn start
```

Production mode

Backend

Build Casibase Go backend code into executable and start it.

For Linux:

```
go build
./casibase
```

For Windows:

```
go build
casibase.exe
```

Frontend

Build Casibase frontend code into static resources (.html, .js, .css files):

```
cd web
yarn install
yarn build
```

Nginx



If you use nginx as a reverse proxy, you need to add the following configuration to the nginx configuration file:

```
location / {
    *** your configuration ***
    proxy_set_header Upgrade $http_upgrade;
    proxy_set_header Connection "upgrade";
}
```

Because Casibase uses websocket to communicate with guacd.

Preview

Visit: http://localhost:13001 in your browser. Login into Casibase

dashboard with the user account you have just registered in Casdoor:		
Casdoor A user_e6y4db Auto sign in Forget password? Sign In No account? sign up now		
Powered by © Casdoor		
Then you will go to the home page of Casibase:		
Casbin Home Chat Stores Providers Vectors Chats Messages Tasks	e6y4db ∨	
Powered by Casibase		

To use another port, please edit <code>conf/app.conf</code> and modify <code>httpport</code>, then restart the Go backend.

(Optional) Try with Docker

Requirements

Hardware

If you want to build the Docker image yourself, please ensure that your machine has at least 2GB of memory. Casibase's frontend is an NPM project of React. Building the frontend requires at least 2GB of memory. Having less than 2GB of memory may result in a frontend build failure.

If you only need to run the pre-built image, please ensure that your machine has at least 100MB of memory.

OS

All operating systems (Linux, Windows, and macOS) are supported.

Docker

You can use Docker (docker-engine version >= 17.05) in Linux or Docker Desktop in Windows and macOS.

Docker

Regardless of the operating system, users must ensure that they have docker-engine version >= 17.05. This is because we utilize the multi-stage build feature in the docker-compose.yml, which is supported in versions 17.05 and above. For more information, see https://docs.docker.com/develop/develop-images/multistage-build/.

If you use docker-compose, please ensure you have docker-compose version >= 2.2. For Linux users, note that docker-compose needs to be installed separately from docker-engine.

Get the image

We have provided two DockerHub images:

Name	Description	Suggestion
casibase- all-in-one	Both Casibase and a MySQL database are included in the image	This image already includes a toy database and is only for testing purposes
casibase	Only Casibase is included in the image	This image can be connected to your own database and used in production

casbin/casibase-all-in-one: This image includes the casibase binary, a MySQL database, and all the necessary configurations. It is designed for new users who want to try Casibase quickly. With this image, you can start Casibase immediately with just one or two commands, without any complex configuration. However, please note that we do not recommend using this image in a production environment.

Option-1: Use the toy database

Run the container with port 14000 exposed to the host. The image will be automatically pulled if it doesn't exist on the local host.

```
docker run -p 14000:14000 casbin/casibase-all-in-one
```

Visit http://localhost:14000 in your browser. Log into the Casibase dashboard with the default global admin account: built-in/admin

```
admin
123
```

Option-2: Try with docker-compose

Create a conf/app.conf directory in the same directory level as the docker-compose.yml file. Then, copy app.conf from Casibase. For more details about app.conf, you can see Via Ini file.

Create a separate database using docker-compose:

```
docker-compose up
```

That's it!

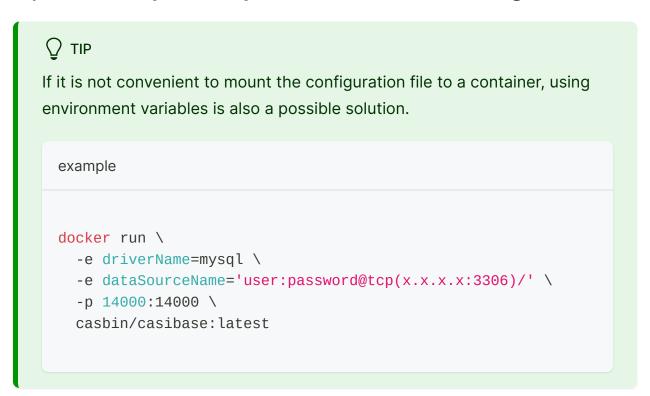
Visit http://localhost:14000 in your browser. Log into the Casibase dashboard with the default global admin account: built-in/admin

```
admin
123
```

Note: If you dig deeper into the docker-compose.yml file, you may be puzzled by the environment variable we created called "RUNNING_IN_DOCKER". When the database 'db' is created via docker-compose, it is available on your PC's localhost but not the localhost of the Casibase container. To prevent you from running into

troubles caused by modifying app.conf, which can be quite difficult for a new user, we provided this environment variable and pre-assigned it in the docker-compose.yml. When this environment variable is set to true, localhost will be replaced with host.docker.internal so that Casibase can access the database.

Option-3: Try directly with the standard image



Create conf/app.conf. You can copy it from conf/app.conf in Casibase. For more details about app.conf, you can see Via Ini file.

Then run

```
docker run -p 14000:14000 -v /folder/of/app.conf:/conf casbin/
casibase:latest
```

Anyway, just mount the app.conf to /conf/app.conf and start the container.

Visit http://localhost:14000 in your browser. Log into the Casibase dashboard with the default global admin account: built-in/admin

admin

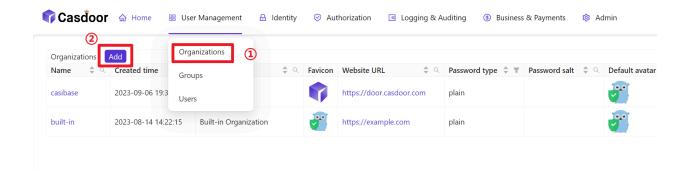
Casdoor-SSO

Casibase uses Casdoor as its identity and single-sign-on (SSO) provider. Make sure to deploy it in advance.

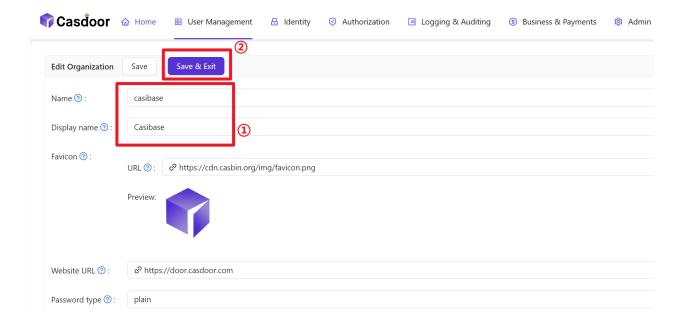
Please refer to Casdoor Server Installation to install and configure Casdoor.

Follow these steps to setup Casdoor for casibase:

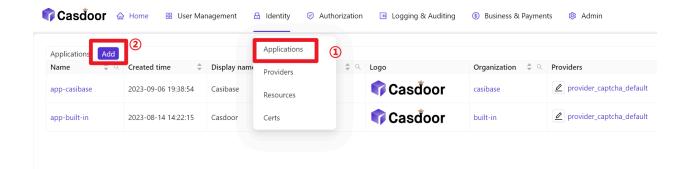
• Create an Organization



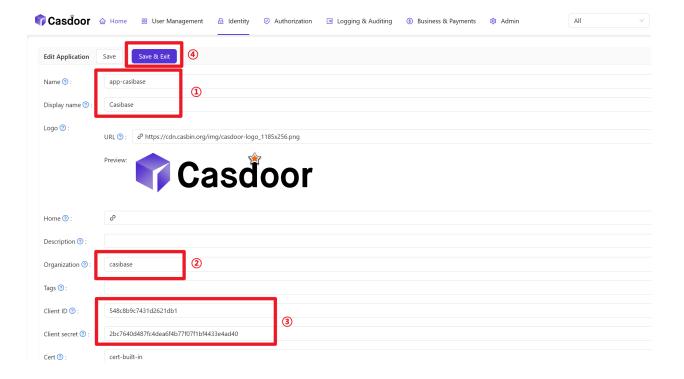
• Configure information about the Organization



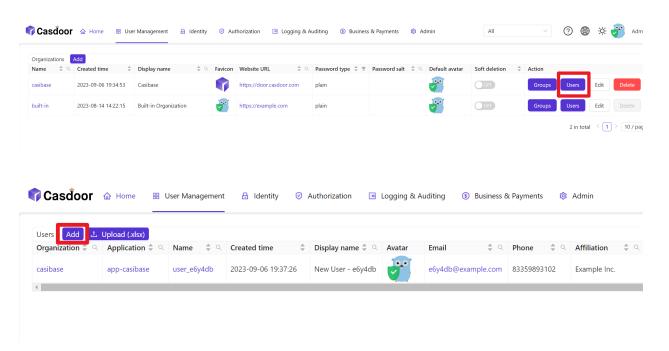
• Create a new Application



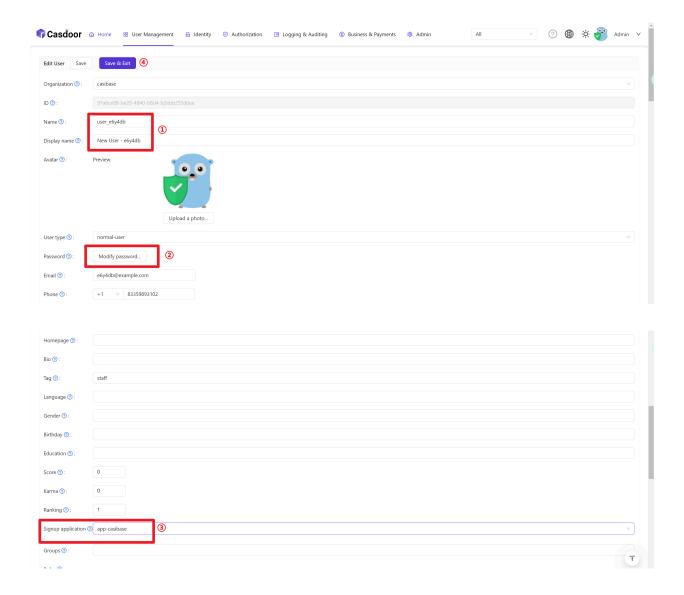
 Configuring Application Information (Remember Name, ClientID and ClientSecret)



• Add a member to the newly created organization



• Configure member information (remember its Name as well as Password)



Deployment



Discover how to deploy Casdoor and Casibase.

Deploy Casdoor and Casibase

Introduction



What is Casdoor?

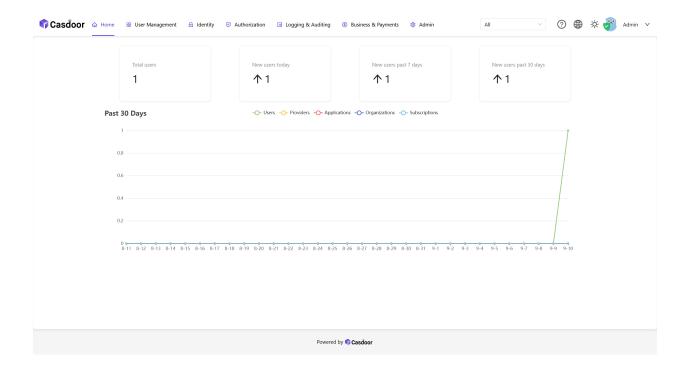
Casdoor is a powerful authentication system that provides a secure and reliable login experience. It's a prerequisite for Casibase, so be sure to deploy it first.

Refer to the <u>Casdoor</u> website for more information.

Step 1: Deploy Casdoor

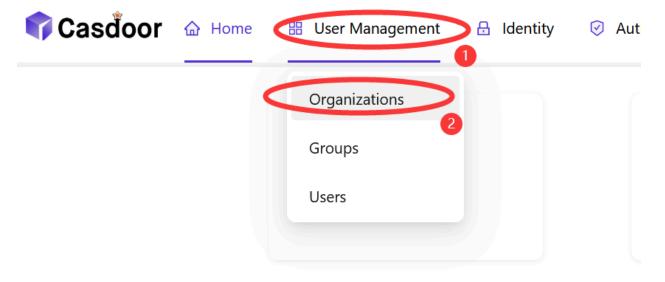
In Casdoor Deployment Guide, you can find the detailed steps to deploy Casdoor.

Once you've deployed Casdoor, you'll look like this:



Step 2: Create an organization in Casdoor

In Casdoor, you can create an organization to manage your users and applications. You can create an organization by clicking the User Management - Organizations button on the home page.

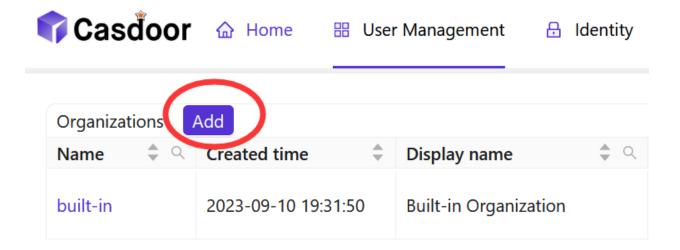


Past 30 Days

1

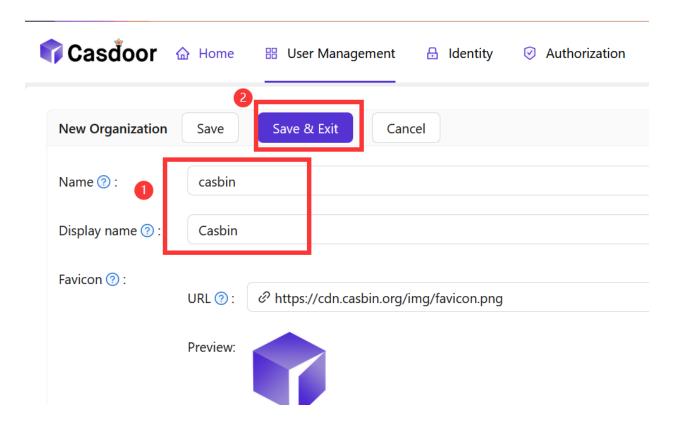
Step 2.1: Add an organization

Click the Add button to add an organization.



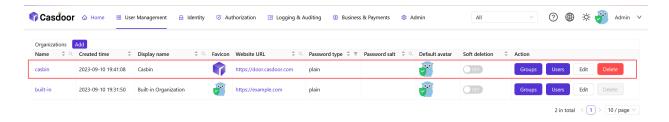
Step 2.2: Fill in the organization information

Fill in the organization information and click the Save & Exit button.



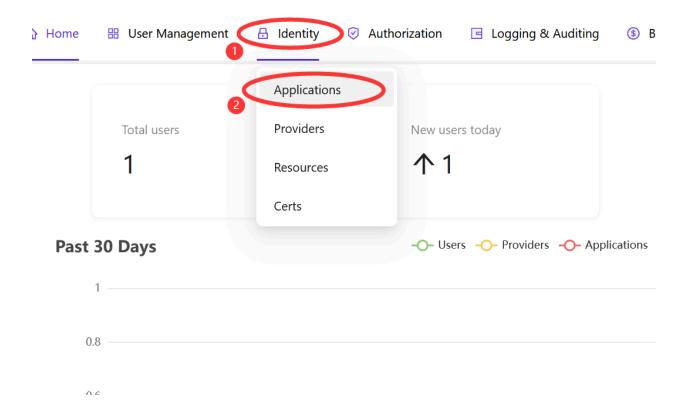
Step 2.3: View the organization

After adding the organization, you can view the organization information.



Step 3: Create an application in Casdoor

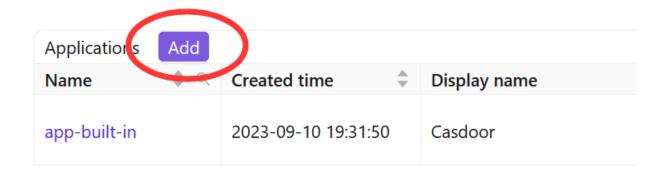
In Casdoor, you can create an application to manage your users and organizations. You can create an application by clicking the Identity - Applications button on the home page.



Step 3.1: Add an application

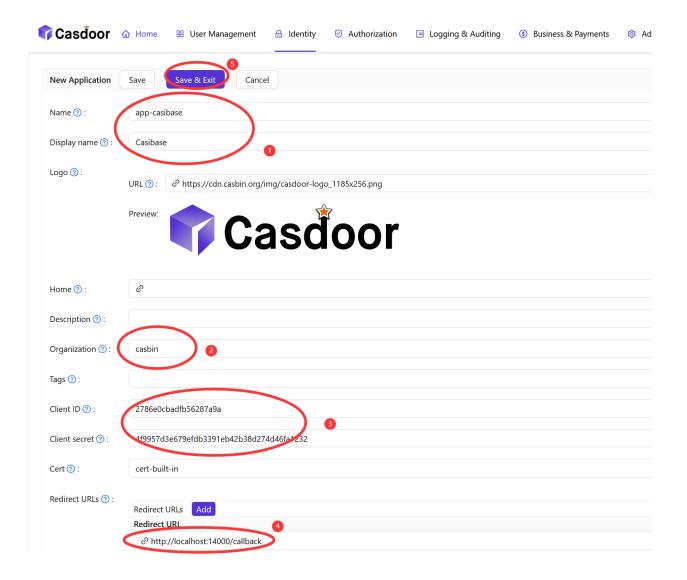
Click the Add button to add an application.





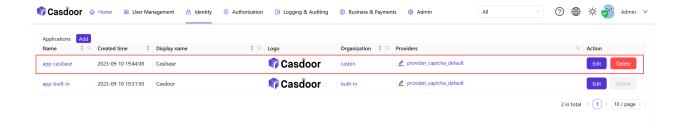
Step 3.2: Fill in the application information

Fill in the application information and click the Save & Exit button.



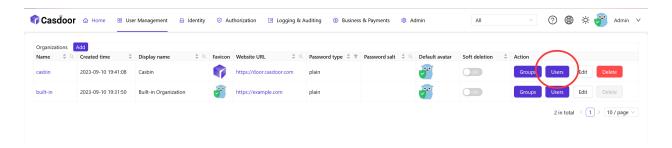
Step 3.3: View the application

After adding the application, you can view the application information.



Step 4: Create a user in Casdoor for Casibase

In Casdoor, you can create a user to login Casibase. You can create a user by clicking the User Management - Organizations - Users button from the home page.



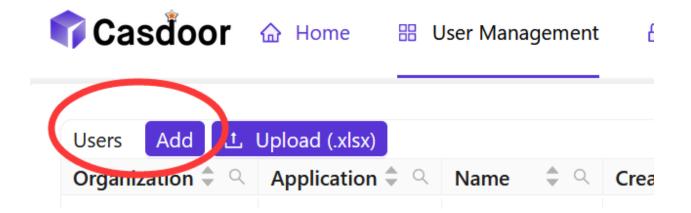


A user is a member of an organization who can login to applications in the organization.

Refer to the <u>Casdoor</u> website for more information.

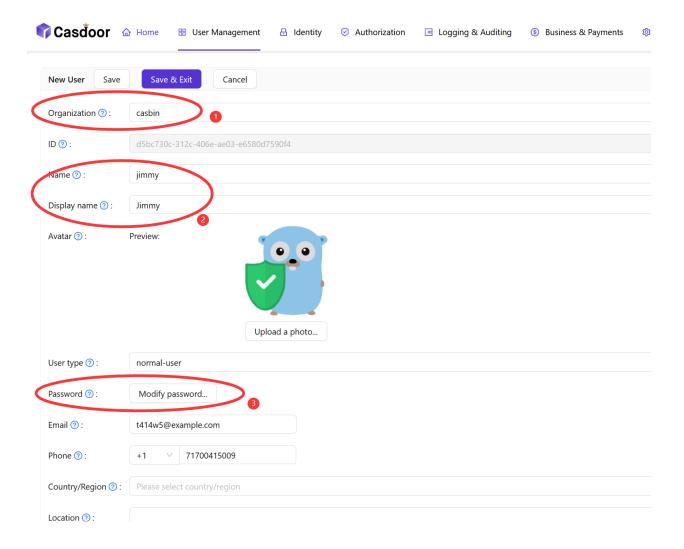
Step 4.1: Add a user

Click the Add button to add a user.



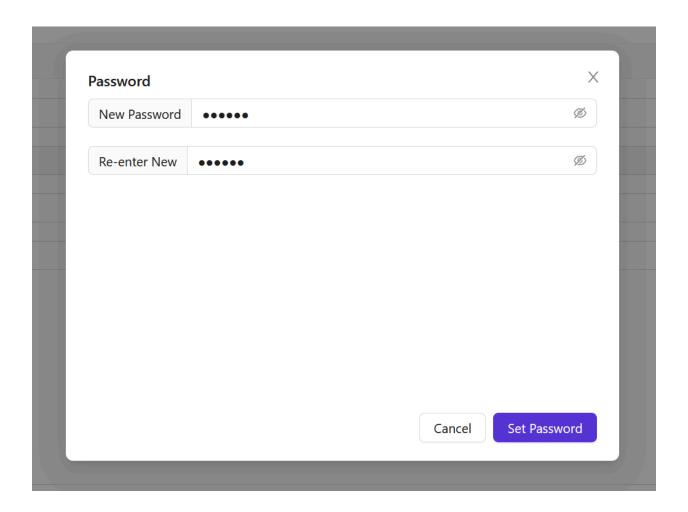
Step 4.2: Fill in the user information

Fill in the user information and click the Save & Exit button.



Password

You can set the user's password by clicking the Modify password button.



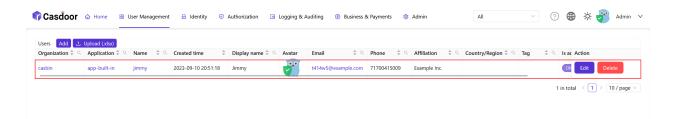
• Admin

You can set the user's admin permission by clicking the Is admin button.

Permissions ? :	
Groups ②:	
3rd-party logins 🕜 :	
ls admin ⑦ :	
Is forbidden 💿 :	
Is deleted ⑦:	
Multi-factor authentication ? :	Multi-factor methods

Step 4.3: View the user

After adding the user, you can view the user information.

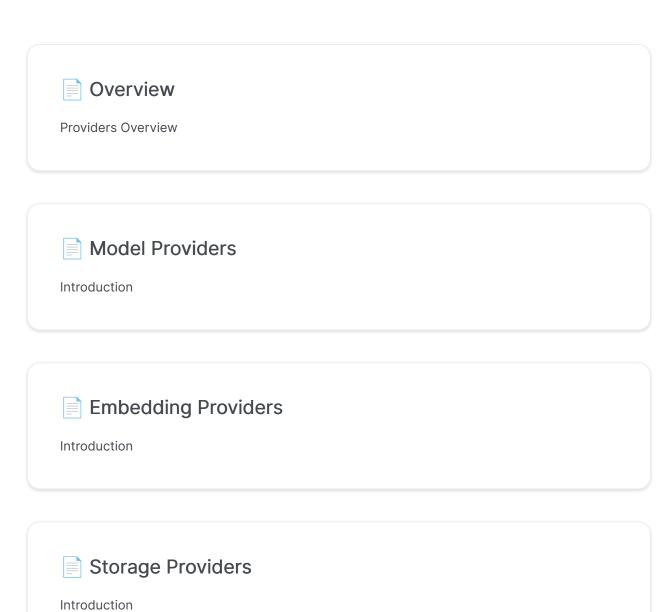


Step 5: Deploy Casibase

Like Casdoor, you can deploy Casibase by following the Casibase Deployment Guide.

Once you've deployed Casibase, you'll look like this:

Providers



Overview

Casibase is an open source AI knowledge base system designed to provide efficient and flexible knowledge management and dialogue solutions for enterprises. One of its core features is Providers, which allow users to integrate multiple AI models and storage services to enhance the functionality and performance of the system: Providers are classified into three main categories: Model Providers, Embedding Providers, and Storage Providers, where Model Providers and Embedding Providers are collectively referred to as AI Providers, which, together with Storage Providers, are responsible for handling the AI models and data storage, respectively.

1. Model Providers

Model Providers is a component in Casibase for integrating and managing AI models. It allows users to integrate various pre-trained AI models into the system for smarter knowledge processing and dialogue generation. With Model Provider, users can easily switch between different AI models, choosing the most appropriate model according to specific needs.

Casibase supports a variety of popular Al models, including but not limited to:

Model Provider Types

- Hugging Face: e.g. meta-llama/Llama-2-7b, THUDM/chatglm2-6b
- OpenAl: e.g. gpt-3.5-turbo, gpt-4
- Claude: e.g. claude-2, claude-instant-v1
- Ernie: e.g. ERNIE-Bot, ERNIE-Bot-turbo

2. Embedding Providers

Data vectorisation

The main role of Embedding Providers is to transform various types of data (e.g., text, images, etc.) into dense vector representations. This transformation is a key step in data processing and analysis in Casibase, enabling data to be stored, retrieved and analysed in a more efficient manner.

Knowledge Retrieval

By converting both the data in the knowledge base and the user's query into vectors, Embedding Providers enables the system to perform fast knowledge retrieval based on vector similarity. This greatly improves the efficiency and accuracy of knowledge base retrieval.

Flexible model support

Embedding Providers support a variety of embedding models, users can choose the most suitable model according to their needs.

3. Storage Providers

We can configure the storage providers in Casdoor. and use it in Casibase, which is the component used to manage Casibase data storage and retrieval. It allows users to store data in different storage services and access the data through a unified interface. With Storage Providers, users can flexibly choose storage services to ensure data security and efficient access. supports two types of storage: Local and Cloud.

Local

We support uploading files to the local system.

Cloud

We support AWS S3, Azure Blob Storage, MinIO, Alibaba Cloud OSS, Tencent Cloud COS, and we are constantly adding more Cloud storage services.

Model Providers

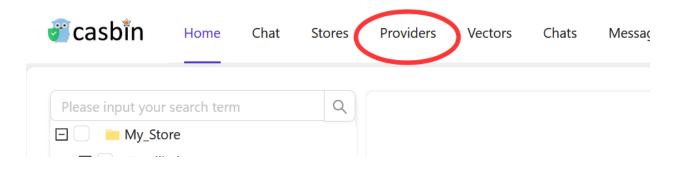
Introduction

Adding a model provider to Casibase enables you to enhance its functionality by incorporating machine learning models and Al capabilities. Model providers allow you to analyze and process data within your knowledge base system, making it more intelligent and efficient.

Add a Model Provider

Model providers are used to integrate LLM into Casibase. You can add them by following these steps:

Click the Providers button on the home page.



Click the Add button to add a model provider.



Fill in Model Provider Details

Fill in the model provider details and click the Save & Exit button.

casbin	Home	Chat	Stores	Providers	Vectors	Chats
Edit Provider	Save					
Name:	prov	vider_ope	nai_model			
Display name:	Орє	nAl mode	ş			
Category:	Mod	del				
Туре:	Ope	enAl				
Sub type:	text	-davinci-0	03			
Secret key:	***					
Provider URL:	Ø h	∅ https://platform.openai.com/account/api-keys				

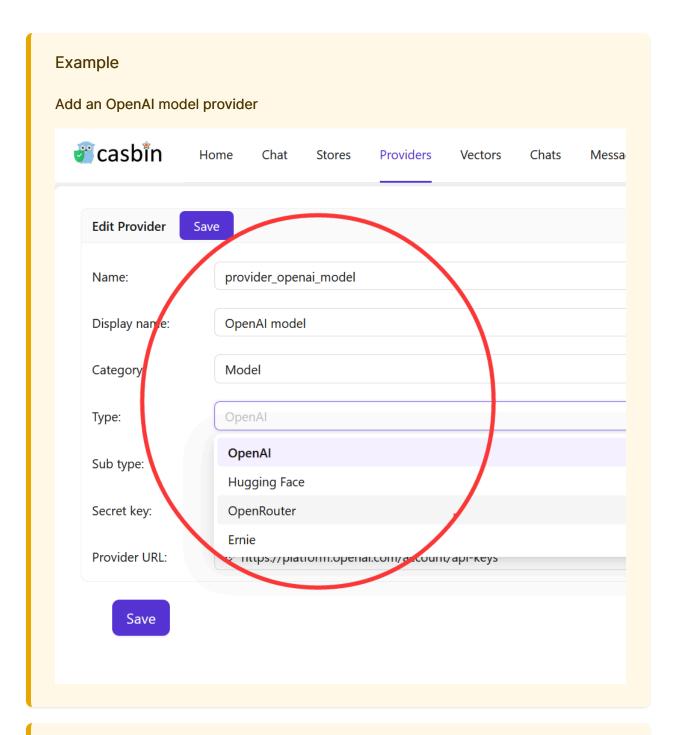


Casibase supports many model providers, including:

- Hugging Face
 - meta-llama/Llama-2-7b
 - THUDM/chatglm2-6b
 - baichuan-inc/Baichuan2-13B-chat
 - o gpt2
 - o
- OpenRouter
 - anthropic/claude-2
 - palm-2-chat-bison
 - palm-2-codechat-bison
 - openai/gpt-4
 - o
- OpenAl
 - text-davinci-003
 - gpt-3.5-turbo
 - o gpt-4
 - o

A CAUTION

- Category: The first-level category of the model provider. For example,
 Model and Embedding.
- Type: The second-level category of the model provider. For example,
 OpenAI and Hugging Face.
- SecretKey: The secret key of your OpenAl account.





Some models don't support **streaming-output**. Known models that support streaming-output include:

• gpt-3.5-turbo-0613

After adding a model provider, you can use it to analyze and process data in Casibase using chatbots, question answering, and other Al capabilities.

Return to the model provider list page:



Now that you've added a model provider, you can use it to analyze and process data in Casibase using chatbots, question answering, and other AI capabilities.

Embedding Providers

Introduction

Embedding is a technique used to represent words and documents as vectors. Embedding providers allow you to analyze and process data within your knowledge base system, making it more intelligent and efficient.

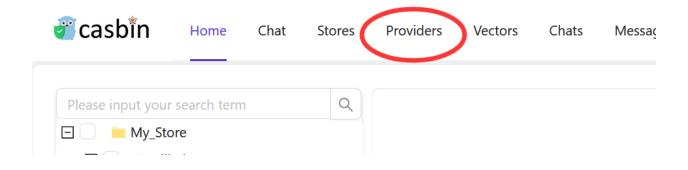
Refer to the Core Concepts section of our previous documentation for more information about embedding.

In Casibase, you can add an embedding provider by following these steps:

Add a New Embedding Provider

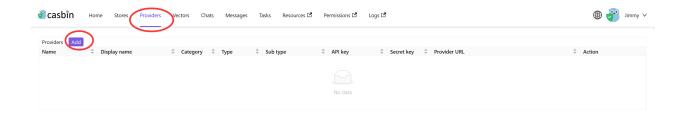
Embedding providers are used to integrate embedding into Casibase. You can add them by following these steps:

Click the Providers button on the home page.



Add an Embedding Provider

Click the Add button to add an embedding provider.



Fill in Embedding Provider Details

Fill in the embedding provider details and click the Save & Exit button.



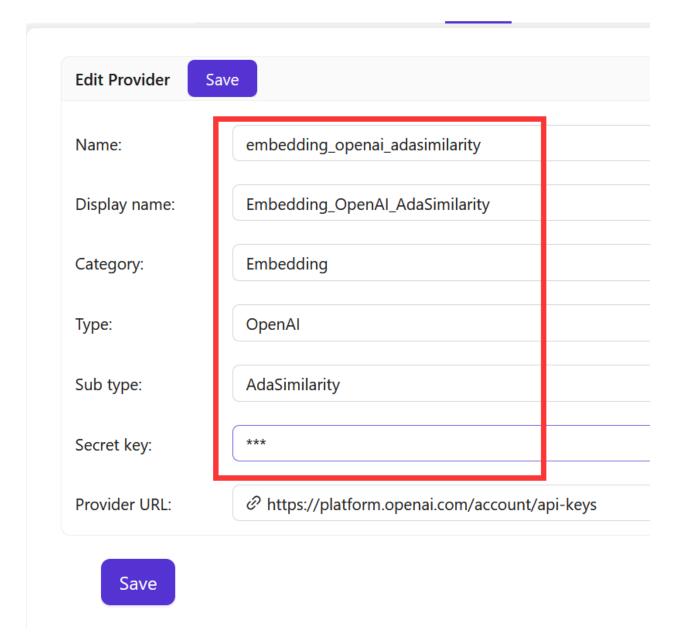
Home Chat St

Stores

Providers

Vectors

C





Casibase supports many embedding providers, including:

• OpenAl

AdaSimilarity
 DavinciSimilarity
 AdaEmbedding2

 Hugging Face
 sentence-transformers/paraphrase-MiniLM-L6-v2

Return providers list page:



Now, you can use the embedding provider to convert text to vectors.

After adding an embedding provider, you can use it to retrieve similar documents in Casibase. For more information, please refer to the Core Concepts section of our previous documentation.

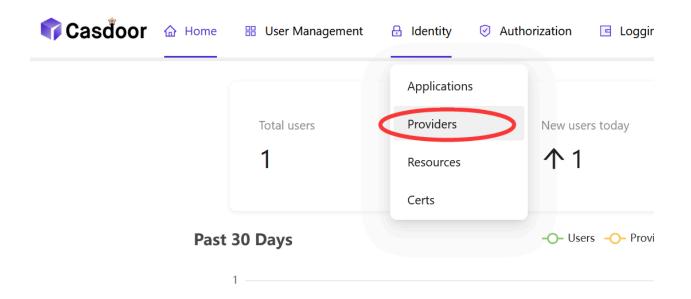
Storage Providers

Introduction

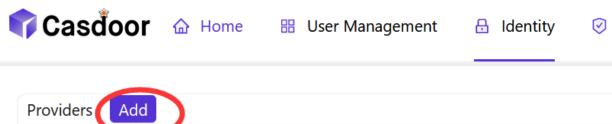
Adding a storage provider to Casibase enables you to efficiently manage and store data, making it an essential component for your knowledge base system.

Add a New Storage Provider

Storage providers are used to store data. They can be added in Casdoor by clicking the Identity - Providers button on the home page.



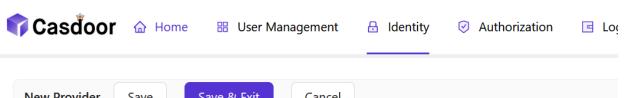
Click the Add button to add a storage provider.

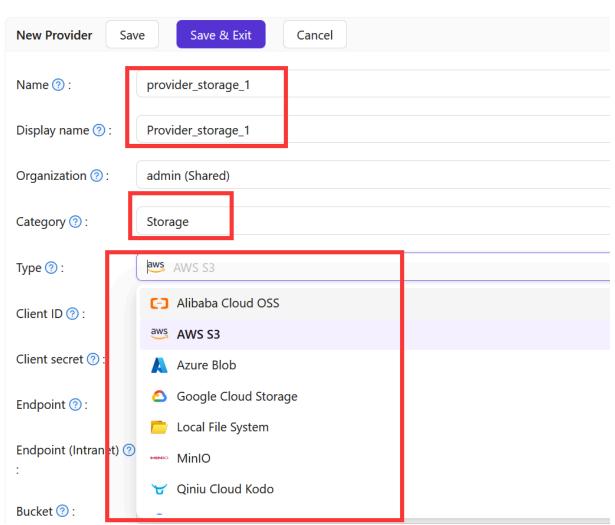


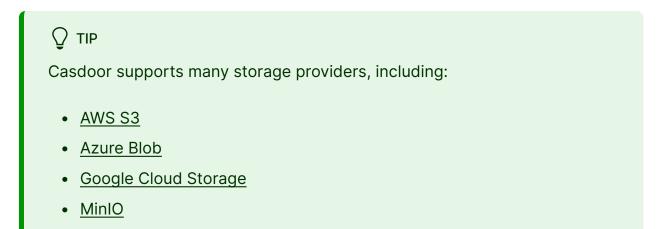
Providers Add	Add							
Name 💠 🔍	Organization 💠 🔍	Created time	Di					
provider_captcha_default	admin (Shared)	2023-09-10 19:31:50	Сғ					

Fill in the storage provider information

Fill in the storage provider information and click the Save & Exit button.







- Qiniu Cloud Kodo
- Alibaba Cloud OSS ...

Example

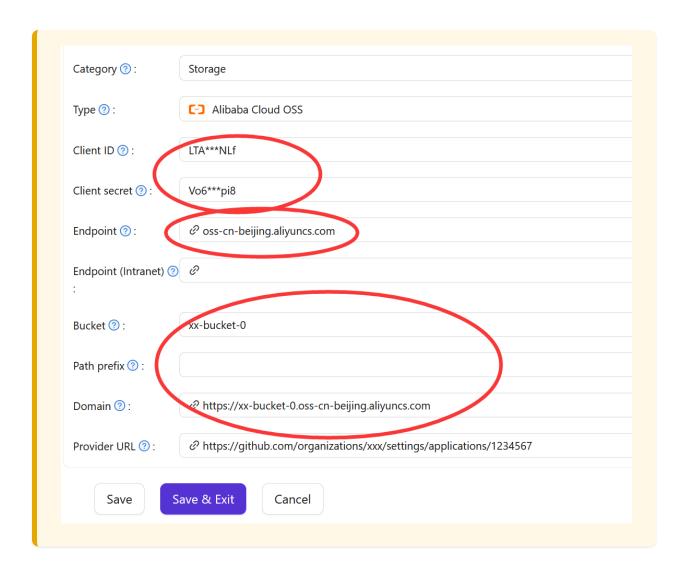
Add an Aliyun OSS storage provider



A CAUTION

- Client ID: The AccessKey ID of your Aliyun OSS account.
- Client Secret: The AccessKey Secret of your Aliyun OSS account.

**** is the placeholder for your Aliyun OSS account information.



View the storage provider

After adding the storage provider, you can view the storage provider information.



Stores



Overview

Stores Overview



Store Configuration

After adding storage providers, model providers and embedding providers, we can configure the stores

Overview

1. Overview of the Stores Function

In Casibase, the Stores function is one of its core modules, which allows users to integrate storage, modelling, and embedding service providers for knowledge base data storage, text vector conversion, and interaction with chatbots. With the Stores feature, users can build an efficient, flexible and powerful Al knowledge management system.

2. Advantages of Stores

2.1 Multi-model integration

Casibase's Stores feature supports multiple mainstream Al language models, including OpenAl (e.g., GPT-3.5, GPT-4), Azure OpenAl, HuggingFace, Google Gemini, and so on. This multi-model support allows users to choose the most suitable Al model for their specific needs and find a balance between performance, cost and features.

2.2 Multiple storage and embedding options

Users are free to choose storage and embedding service providers to meet different data storage and processing needs. This flexibility enables users to configure the most appropriate storage and embedding solution based on their technology stack and business requirements.

2.3 Multi-Store Mode

Casibase supports a multi-Store model that allows users to use different models, storage and embedding services in different Stores to provide customised services for different scenarios and users. This feature enables users to flexibly configure and switch Stores according to different business requirements.

3.Summary

Casibase's Stores feature provides users with a powerful knowledge management tool that enables them to flexibly build and manage knowledge bases by integrating multiple Al models, stores and embedded services. Its multi-Store model and enterprise-level features further enhance the flexibility and security of the system, which is suitable for a variety of application scenarios.

Casibase is an open source AI knowledge base system designed to provide efficient and flexible knowledge management and dialogue solutions for enterprises. One of its core features is Providers, which allows users to integrate multiple AI models and storage services to enhance the functionality and performance of the system. Providers are divided into three main categories: Model Providers, Embedding Provides and Storage Providers, which are responsible for handling AI models and data storage, respectively.

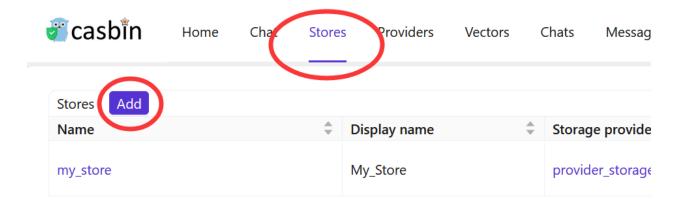
Store Configuration

After adding storage providers, model providers and embedding providers, we can configure the stores

1.Add a New Store

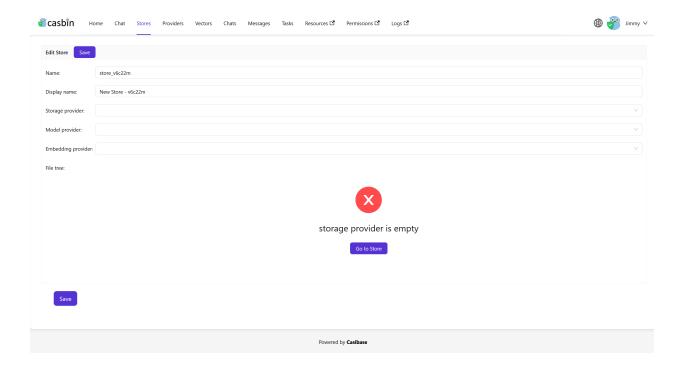
Stores are used to integrate storage, model, and embedding providers into Casibase. You can add them by following these steps:

Click the Stores button on the home page and then click the Add button to add a store.

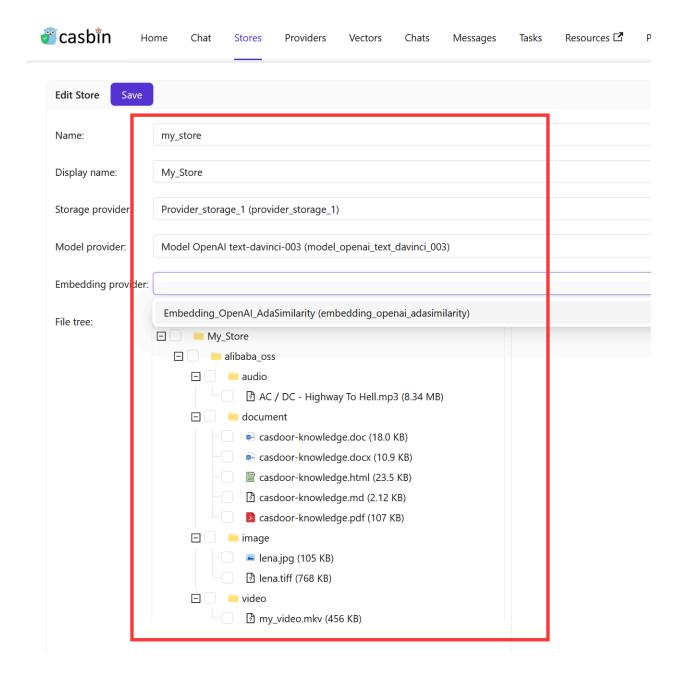


Fill in Store Details

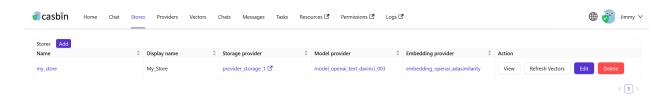
Fill in the store details and click the Save & Exit button.



Select the storage provider, model provider, and embedding provider you added before.



Click the Save & Exit button and return to the stores list page:



Now, you can use the store to store knowledge base data, convert text to vectors, and chat with the chatbot.

In the next section, we will learn how to chat with the chatbot in Casibase.

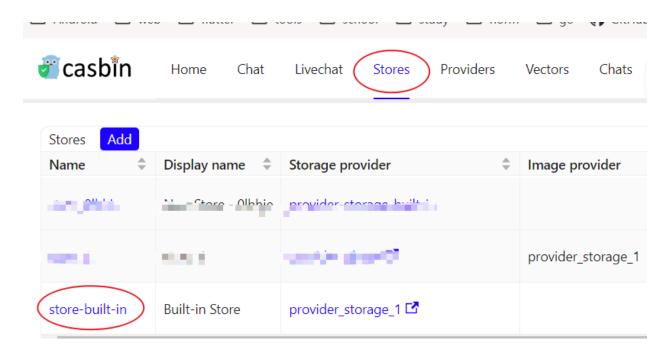
2. Support Multi-store

The multi-store mode provides users with different models, suggestions, and more within each distinct store.

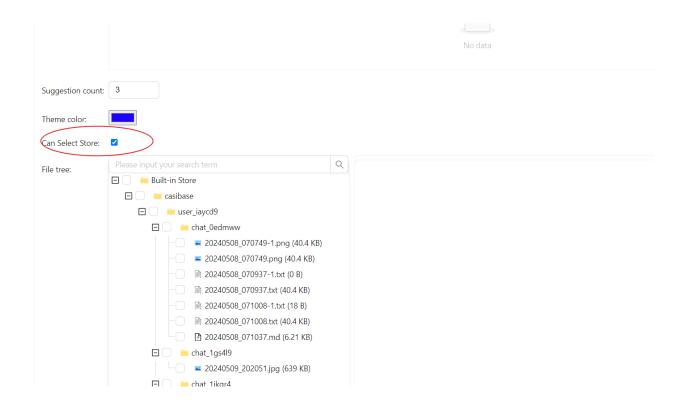
Enable Multi-store

First, you should enable multi-store mode in the built-in store.

Click the Stores button on the home page and then click the store-built-in button to enter the store-built-in store.



Scroll down and find the Can Select Store field, tick it.

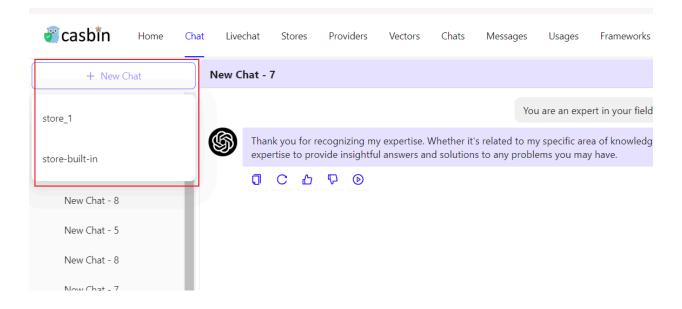


Add Usable Stores

The multi-store mode only provides usable stores. To make a store usable, you need to configure its storage provider, model provider, and embedding provider.

Select For Conversation

Casibase provides a very convenient method for selecting a store.



Just hover your mouse over "New Chat" and then you can select the Store you wish to use from the list that appears below.

If you click the "New Chat" button, the system will assign you a default Store.

Vectors



Vectors Overview

Vectors Generation

The generation of vectors needs to be used in conjunction with stores, which means that you need to configure stores before you can understand vectors.

In Casibase, vectors are one of its core strengths. Vector technology plays a key role in knowledge representation and retrieval, and by pairing it with the stores feature, which converts data such as text and images into dense vectors, Casibase enables efficient similarity search and data analysis.

For information on the definition of vectors, see the core-concepts section in our previous documentation.

Application of vector technology in Casibase

Knowledge Embedding

Users can upload files in various formats (e.g. TXT, Markdown, Docx, PDF, etc.) and select embedding methods (e.g. Word2Vec, GloVe, BERT, etc.) to generate knowledge and corresponding vectors. These vectors are stored in a vector database for quick retrieval and query.

Similarity Search

Casibase converts the knowledge into vectors and stores them in a vector database. This vector representation supports a powerful similarity search function, which allows users to quickly find relevant information based on context or content.

Vectors Generation

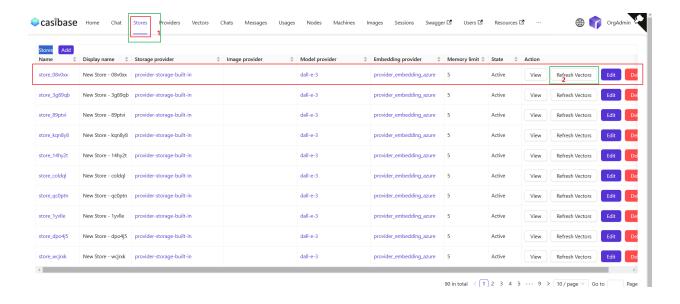
The generation of vectors needs to be used in conjunction with stores, which means that you need to configure stores before you can understand vectors.

Vectors are actually the result of embedding, which is the process of converting various types of data, such as text and images, into dense vector representations. This step is essential to facilitate efficient data processing and analysis within Casibase. With embedding, questions in chat and knowledge files in storage will be converted into vectors that will be used in the next step of knowledge search.

1. Refresh Vectors

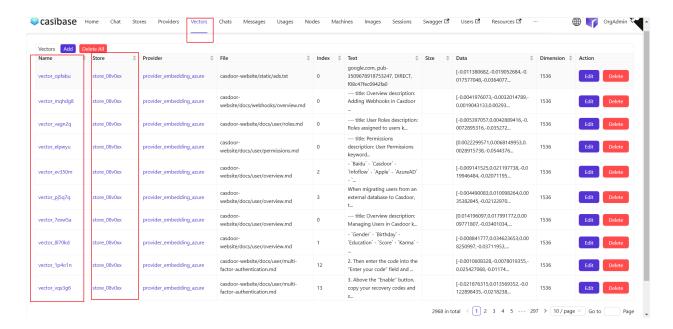
The Refresh Vectors action is set as a button on each store data under the stores menu. In stores, since we will be setting up storage providers, it will provide us with a file tree for storing user files, so after configuring stores, save the configuration and return to the home page and you will see the file tree for the storage providers.

By clicking on the Refresh Vectors button for a particular stores, it will generate the corresponding vectors for all the files in the file tree for that stores by embedding them. The following figure shows the page and the operation.

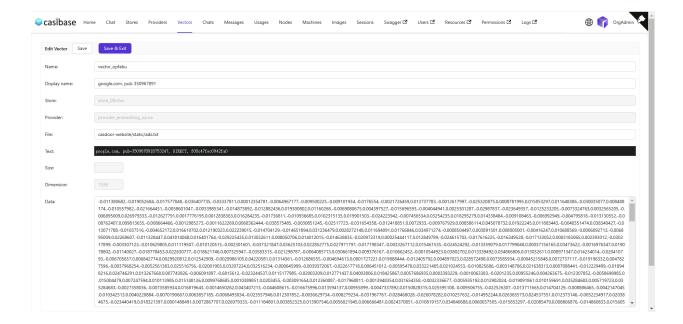


2. View vectors

After that, we can view the specific vectors generated by that storages in the vector menu.



We can see that the files in the stores from the previous step of refreshing vectors have been converted into vectors to display here.



The edit page of my vectors shows specific information such as the name of the store, the name of the embedding model, the name of the file in which the embedding was performed, the file size, the dimension, the vectors data, and so on.

Chats

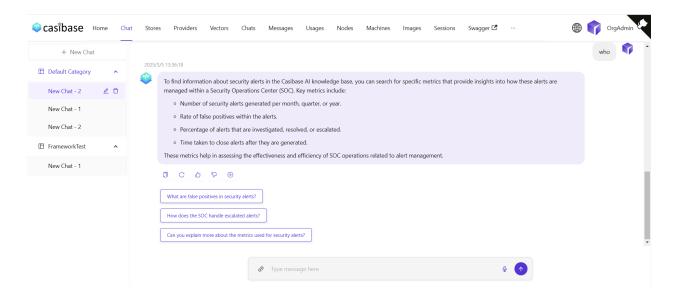


Chats Overview

In this section, we introduce the most central part of Casibase: chat and its management.

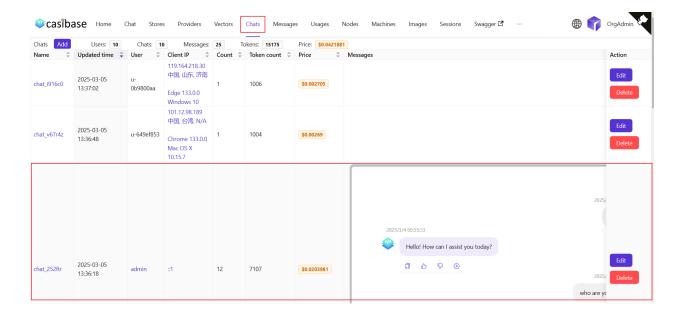
1. Chat

Once we have configured the store, we can have a dialogue with the Al. This is shown in the image below:



2. Chats (Chat management)

We can manage our chat sessions from the Chats menu.



This page allows the user to view the information of the created chats, and the user can also click on Edit to view or edit them. They display the following information:

- Name: The name of the created chat.
- Updated time: The time when the chat is Updated.
- User: The user to whom the chat belongs.
- Client IP: Client IP of the chat.
- Count: Number of inputs and outputs for this chat.
- Token count: The total number of tokens used for this chat.
- Price: Total price spent on this chat.
- Messages: Showing the content of the chat's message.
- Store: Display the Store to which the chat belongs.
- Category: Display the Category to which the chat belongs.

Messages

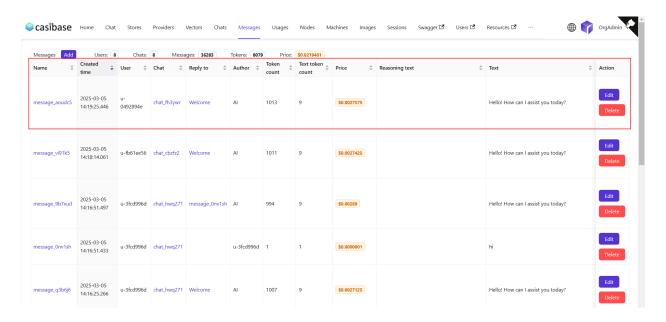


Messages Overview

In this section, we introduce the functionality of message in Casibase.

Messages

The messages module manages all the messages in our sessions, it shows the creation time of each message, the chat it belongs to, the parent message, the number of tokens, the price, the text message of the reply, the vectors, the suggestions and so on.



Nodes



Casibase nodes Overview



Casibase nodes RDP



Casibase nodes VNC

Casibase helps you to manage nodes, and connect to your nodes remotely, including remote desktop via RDP, VNC, SSH, and Telnet.

Protocol:

- SSH
- RDP
- VNC
- Telnet

Every node has the following basic properties:

- Organization: The organization that the node belongs to.
- Name: The unique node name.
- Description: The Description of the node.
- IP: Domain name or IP address.
- Protocol: The port number of the Protocol.
- Port: The port number of the node.
- Username: The username to connect to the node, such as root, administrator, sa, etc.
- Password: The password to connect to the node.
- OS: The operating system of the node, including Windows and Linux, used to classify the node.
- Tag: The tag of the node, used to classify the node.

In this chapter, you will learn how to start connecting to your nodes.

Let's explore together!

RDP

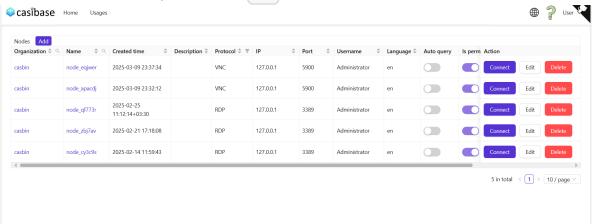
Casibase Support Connect to your nodes via RDP protocol:

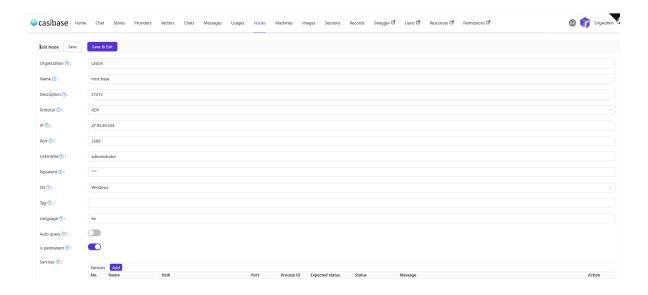
Rdp connection

1. Start Guacamole Server

```
docker run --name guacd -d -p 4822:4822 guacamole/guacd
```

2. Add a new node, set protocol to rdp





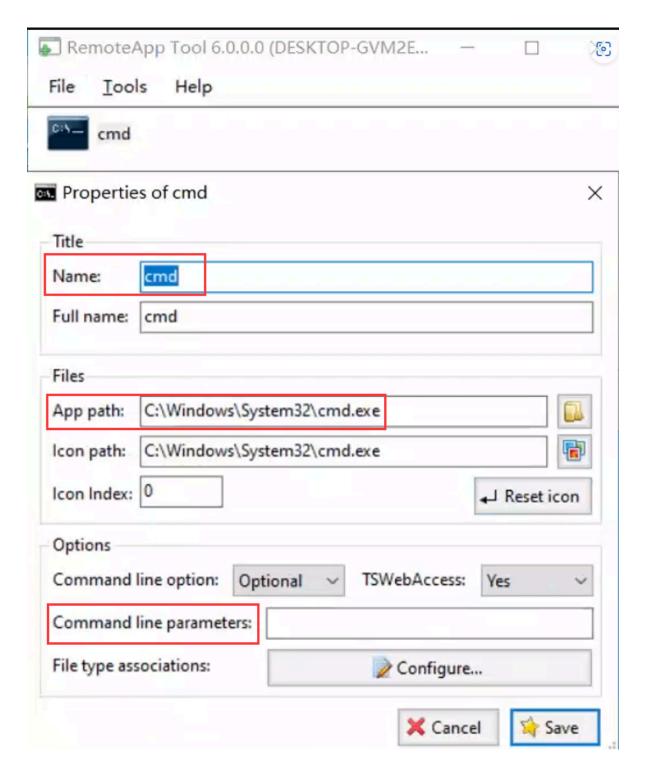
3. Connect to your node by clicking the connect button

Remote App

We support remote app on Windows nodes, you can add remote apps on node

Edit page, and then you can connect to your remote app by clicking the connect button.

Configure your remote app on the server end.
 You can use RemoteApp Tool to register apps.



Configure the remote app information in the node edit page according to the server-end configuration. 'remoteAppName', 'remoteAppDir', and 'remoteAppArgs' are required.



refer to Configuring Guacamole — Apache Guacamole Manual v1.5.3

3. Connect to your remote app.

VNC

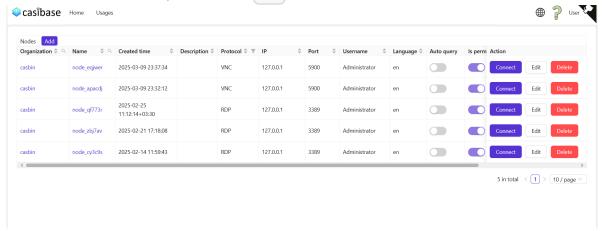
VCN Connect

VCN connection is similar to RDP connections.

1. Start Guacamole Server

```
docker run --name guacd -d -p 4822:4822 guacamole/guacd
```

2. Add a new node, set protocol to vnc



3. Connect to your node by clicking the connect button.