Advanced Calculus

 $\mathbb{C}\mathrm{ason}\ \mathbb{K}\mathrm{onzer}$

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Find the Fourier series representation of u(x,t), the solution to the wave equation with c=1, L=1, g(x)=0, and f(x)=0.01x(1-x) on $0 \le x < 1$, extended as an odd function. List the first 4 non-zero terms. You may use Mathematica to find B_n but only if you submit the notebook file showing your work.

• Solution via separation of variables: $u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} u_n(x,t)$ $u_n(x,t) = (B_n \cos \lambda_n t + B_n^* \sin \lambda_n t) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L}$ $B_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$ $B_n^* = \frac{2}{cn\pi} \int_0^L g(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$

 $\lambda_n = \frac{cn\pi}{r}$

• Solving for given values.. Integration in corresponding notebook

$$\begin{split} &\lambda_n = \frac{1n\pi}{1} = n\pi \\ &B_n^* = \frac{2}{1n\pi} \int_0^1 0 \sin\frac{1\pi x}{1} \, dx = 0 \\ &B_n = \frac{2}{1} \int_0^1 (0.01x - 0.01x^2) \sin\frac{n\pi x}{1} \, dx = 0.02 \Big[\int_0^1 x \sin n\pi x \, dx - \int_0^1 x^2 \sin n\pi x \, dx \Big] \\ &B_n = 0.02 \Big[\frac{(\pi n) \sin -\pi n((\pi n) \cos)}{\pi^2 n^2} - \frac{\left(2 - \pi^2 n^2\right) \left((\pi n) \cos\right) + 2\pi n((\pi n) \sin\right) - 2}{\pi^3 n^3} \Big] \\ &u_n(x,t) = \Big(0.02 \Big[\frac{(\pi n) \sin -\pi n((\pi n) \cos)}{\pi^2 n^2} - \frac{\left(2 - \pi^2 n^2\right) \left((\pi n) \cos\right) + 2\pi n((\pi n) \sin\right) - 2}{\pi^3 n^3} \Big] \cos n\pi t + 0 \sin n\pi t \Big) \sin\frac{n\pi x}{1} \\ &u_n(x,t) = 0.02 \Big(\Big[\frac{(\pi n) \sin -\pi n((\pi n) \cos)}{\pi^2 n^2} - \frac{\left(2 - \pi^2 n^2\right) \left((\pi n) \cos\right) + 2\pi n((\pi n) \sin\right) - 2}{\pi^3 n^3} \Big] \cos n\pi t \Big) \sin n\pi x \\ &u(x,t) = 0.02 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \Big(\Big[\frac{(\pi n) \sin -\pi n((\pi n) \cos)}{\pi^2 n^2} - \frac{\left(2 - \pi^2 n^2\right) \left((\pi n) \cos\right) + 2\pi n((\pi n) \sin\right) - 2}{\pi^3 n^3} \Big] \cos n\pi t \Big) \sin n\pi x \end{split}$$

• Solving for first 4 non-zero terms.. Table in corresponding notebook

 $n = 1 : 0.00258012 \cos \pi t \sin \pi x$

 $n=3: 0.0000955601\cos 3\pi t\sin 3\pi x$

 $n=5: 0.000020641\cos 5\pi t\sin 5\pi x$

 $n = 7 : 7.52222 * 10^{-6} \cos 7\pi t \sin 7\pi x$

• Approximate solution up to n = 8

 $u_n(x,t) = 0.00258\cos \pi t \sin \pi x + 0.0000956\cos 3\pi t \sin 3\pi x + 0.000021\cos 5\pi t \sin 5\pi x + 7.52*10^{-6}\cos 7\pi t \sin 7\pi x$

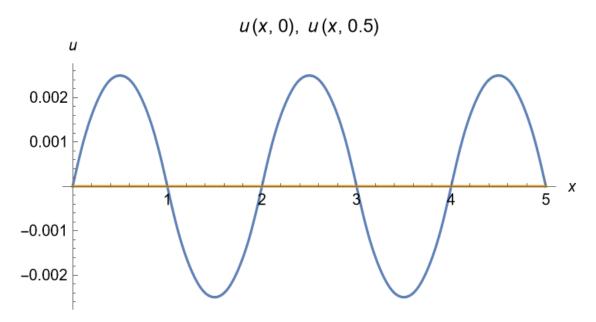


Figure 1: static time

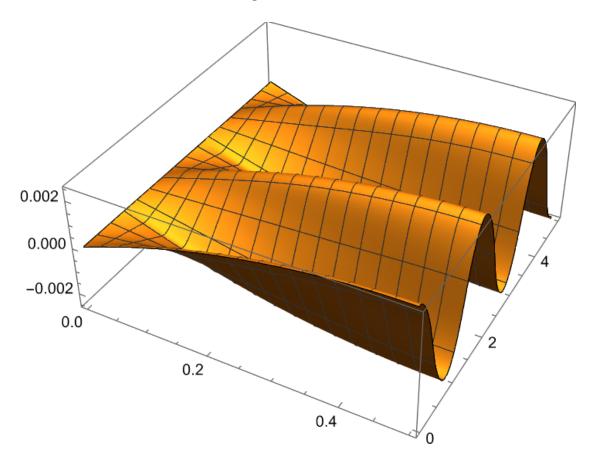


Figure 2: dynamic time

Using D'Alembert's solution to #1 (i.e. $u(x,t) = \frac{1}{2}(f(x+t) + f(x-t))$), plot u(x,t), $\frac{1}{2}f(x+t)$, and $\frac{1}{2}f(x-t)$ on the same graph, creating one graph for each of t=0,0.2.,0.4,0.6,0.8, and 1. You probably want to use Mathematica for this. Note, you MUST extend f(x) to be odd with period 2.

