

Practical - 3

Problem statement: Write an X86/64 ALP to find the largest of given Byte/Word/Dword/64-bit numbers.

Program:

section .data

arr_msg db '#Array Elements Are:: ',10

dq '#0fa10001h',10

dq '#0b200002h',10

dq '#0fff0003h',10

dq '#0d400004h',10

dq '#0fffffffh',10

arr_len : equ \$-arr_msg

larg_msg db '#Largest Number is:: ',

larg_len: equ \$-larg_msg

nwline db 10

array dq 0fa10001h,0b200002h,0fff0003h,0d400004h,0fffffffh ;array
elements

arrcnt dd 05h

section .bss

arr_num resb 16

large resq 1

%macro dispmsg 2

mov rax,1 ;System call for write

```

    mov rdi,1    ;standard output stream
    mov rsi,%1   ;message start address
    mov rdx,%2   ;message length
    syscall
%endmacro
section .text
    global _start
_start:

    dispmsg arr_msg,arr_len

    mov rsi,array
    mov rcx,[arrcnt]
    mov rax,[rsi]

    dec rcx

lup1:  add rsi,08    ;Point to next element
    cmp rax,[rsi]
    ja lskip1
    xchg rax,[rsi]
lskip1:  loop lup1
    mov [large],rax
    dispmsg larg_msg,larg_len
    mov rbx,[large]
    call disp_num
    dispmsg newline,1

```

exit: mov rax,60

mov rdi,0

syscall

disp_num:

mov rdi,arr_num ;point esi to buffer

mov rcx,16 ;load number of digits to display

dispup1:

rol rbx,4 ;rotate number left by four bits

mov dl,bl ;move lower byte in dl

and dl,0fh ;mask upper digit of byte in dl

add dl,30h ;add 30h to calculate ASCII code

cmp dl,39h ;compare with 39h

jbe dispskip1 ;if less than 39h skip adding 07 more

add dl,07h ;else add 07

dispskip1:

mov [rdi],dl ;store ASCII code in buffer

inc rdi ;point to next byte

loop dispup1 ;decrement the count of digits to display

;if not zero jump to repeat

dispmsg arr_num,16

ret

Output:

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atharva@atharva:~$ gedit ass3.asm
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atharva@atharva:~$ nasm -f elf64 ass3.asm
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atharva@atharva:~$ ld -o ass3 ass3.o
```

```
atharva@atharva:~$ ./ass3
```

Array Elements Are::

0fa10001h

0b200002h

0fff0003h

0d400004h

0fffffffh

Largest Number is::000000000ffffffh