Practical – 5

Problem Statement: Write an X86/64 ALP to count number of positive and negative numbers from the array.

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Program:
section .data
welmsg db 10,'Welcome to count +ve and -ve numbers in an array',10
welmsg len equ $-welmsg
pmsg db 10,'Count of +ve numbers::'
pmsg_len equ $-pmsg
nmsg db 10,'Count of -ve numbers::'
nmsg_len equ $-nmsg
nwline db 10
array dw 8505h,90ffh,0087h,0088h,8a9fh,00adh,0002h
arrcnt equ 7
pcnt db 0
ncnt db 0
section .bss
dispbuff resb 2
%macro print 2
mov rax, 1
mov rdi, 1
mov rsi, %1
mov rdx, %2
syscall
%endmacro
```

section .text

```
global _start
_start:
print welmsg,welmsg_len
mov rsi, array
mov rcx, arrcnt
up1:
bt word[rsi],15
jnc pnxt
inc byte[ncnt]
jmp pskip
pnxt: inc byte[pcnt]
pskip: inc rsi
inc rsi
loop up1
print pmsg,pmsg_len
mov bl,[pcnt]
call disp8num
print nmsg,nmsg_len
mov bl,[ncnt]
call disp8num
print nwline,1; New line char
exit:
mov rax,60
mov rdi,0
syscall
disp8num:
```

mov rcx,2; Number digits to display

mov rdi,dispbuff;Temp buffer

dup1:

rol bl,4; Rotate number from bl to get MS digit to LS digit

mov al,bl; Move rotated number to AL

and al,0fh; Mask upper digit

cmp al,09; Compare with 9

jbe dskip; If number below or equal to 9 go to add only 30h

add al,07h; Else first add 07h

dskip: add al,30h; Add 30hWrite an ALP to count no. of positive and

negative numbers from the array.

mov [edi],al; Store ASCII code in temp buff

inc rdi ;Increment pointer to next location in temp buff

loop dup1 ;repeat till ecx becomes zero

print dispbuff,2; display the value from temp buff

ret; return to calling program

Output:

atharva@atharva:~\$ gedit lab5.asm

atharva@atharva:~\$ nasm -f elf64 lab5.asm

atharva@atharva:~\$ ld -o lab5 lab5.o

atharva@atharva:~\$./lab5

Welcome to count +ve and -ve numbers in an array

Count of +ve numbers::04

Count of -ve numbers::03