

DISEASES ZEBRA: SEARCHING FOR RAR

A CASE OF TASK-BASED SEARCH IN THE MEDICAL DOMAIN RADU DRAGUSIN¹, PAULA PETCU², CHRISTINA LIOMA¹, OLE WINTHER³

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L RARE DISEASE DEFINITION

TASK-BASED SEARCH FOR RARE DISEASES

when confronted with difficult

cases, clinicians

affecting

In 2.000

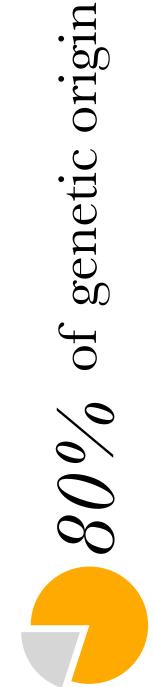
EU citizens

rare disease patients in EU30 million





5.000 - 8.000known rare diseases in EU



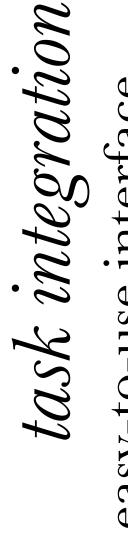
rare diseases are often difficult to diagnose:

- large number & variation (5–8 thou
 - low prevalence
 - non-specific symptoms

• good at filtering unsuitable results

out their career they will have little practical experience with specific Although clinicians will encounter diseases since the likelihood of encountering them more than once is many rare disease patients through-

ZEBRA SEARCH ENGINE



- easy-to-use interface
- generate diagnostic hypotheses
- takes patient data as free text

index

- 31,114 medical documents
 10 online medical sources

on 56 difficult real-life medical cases evaluation

of test cases return the correct disease (MRR 0.385) the 9%6 97.

colleagues

journals

use:

traditionally

books

Zebra:

of test cases return disease the correct di (MRR 0.206) Google: 20% 37.

|35 (62.5%)|38 (67.9%)|16 (28.6%)|18 (32.1%)0.071 P@20 0.089 P@10 0.088 0.125 0.206 MIRR 0.385 system GoogleZebra

Orphanet

PubMed

use:

increasingly

Google

For some of the test cases we observed dearticles retrieval of multiple same diseases scribing the the

large

at matching queries

medical corpora

clinicians

information retrieval systems

-Coa Carboxy Zebra

search engine would

A task-based

better fit the clinician's task-specific

needs, being tailored for the

flow and time restrictions of the di-

agnostic process.

work-

DOCUMENT CLUSTERING BASED ON MEDICAL CONCEPTS

http://findzebra.com

DISEASE RANKING

diagnosing difficult cases map documents to diseases

COVE diseases documents one disease or group of map document titles most indexed

disease

in

interested

clinicians

iterative process

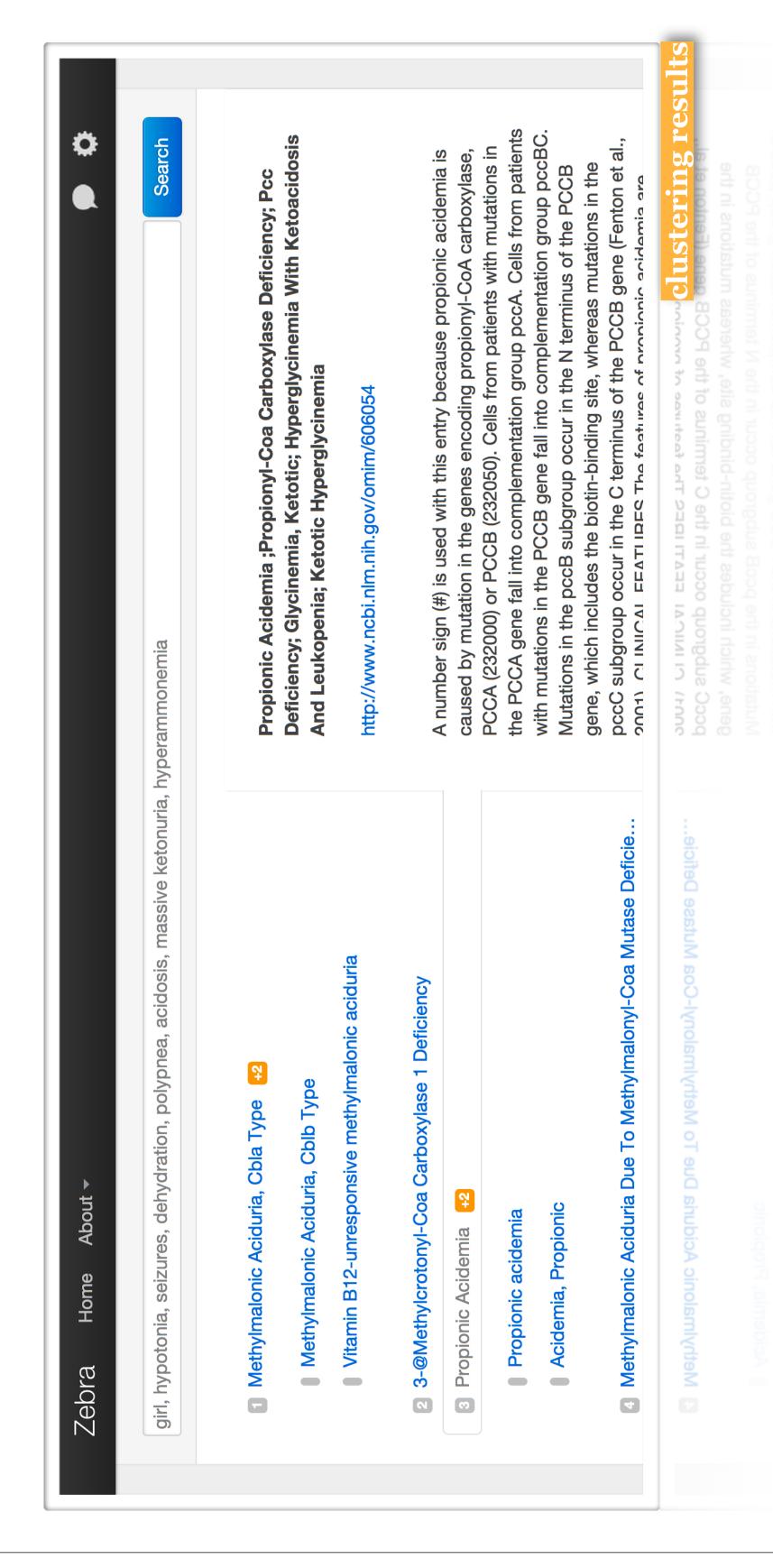
hypotheses diseases (using terms from UMLS Metathesaurus) to

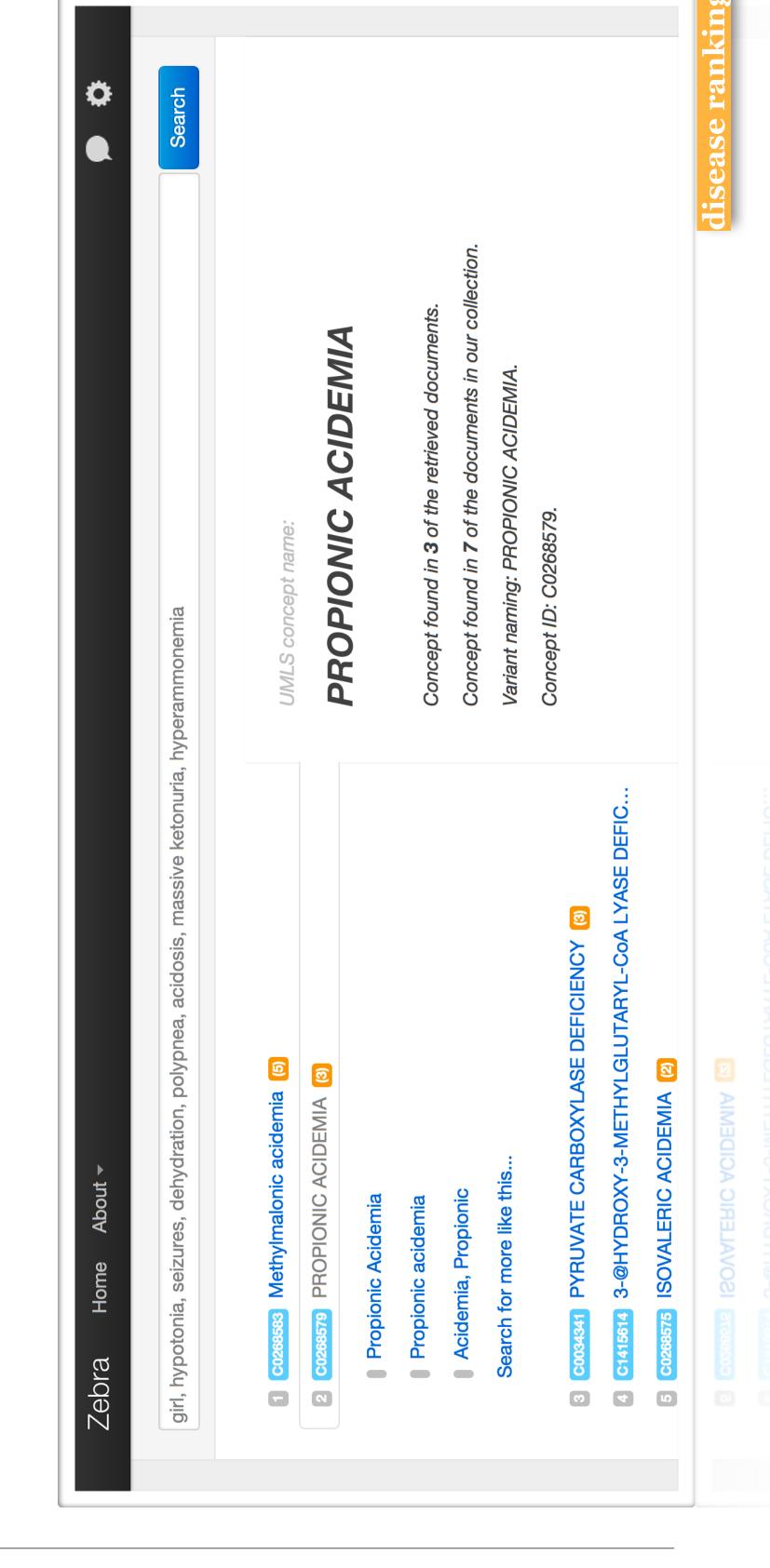
+ disease $document \leftarrow$

- cluster documents by diseases
 - search by disease name
- rank diseases, not documents

ranking diseases

- supportbased on ing documents score disease
- framework selecting hypotheses natural more





Information Retrieval (ECIR), 1-5 April 2012, Barcelona, Spain Workshop on Task-Based and Aggregated Search (TBAS), $34^{\rm th}$ European Conference on