Εύρηκα

分析肺鱗狀細胞癌(LUSC)相關 長鏈非編碼核糖核酸(IncRNA) 調控之基因網路模組

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研究動機

- · 長鏈非編碼核糖核酸(IncRNA, Long non-coding RNA) 在各種生物作用中扮演關鍵角色,但大多數的功能目前仍不是很清楚。
- · 研究指出,IncRNA的異常表現會影響腫瘤,促進或抑制癌症的作用,所以IncRNA可能可以作為判斷肺癌的標準或是治療的標靶。
- · 本研究著眼於非小細胞肺癌(NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer)肺癌中的IncRNA,針對NSCLC當中比例佔第二的肺鱗狀細胞癌(squamous cell carcinoma),利用TCGA資料庫的基因的表現量,建立基因網路模組,找出重要的基因,作為判斷肺癌的標準或是治療的標靶。

研究目的

- 一.利用已經建立好的IncRNA-mRNA bipartite network, 進而計算肺鱗狀細胞癌(LUSC)中長鏈非編碼核糖核酸對(IncRNA-IncRNA pair)的皮爾森相關係數(PCC)。
- —. 將edge list (IncRNA-IncRNA pair)送入Cytoscape建立IncRNA association network。
- 三.計算每個節點(node)的級數(degree)、中間性(betweenness centrality)和聚類係數(clustering coefficient)。

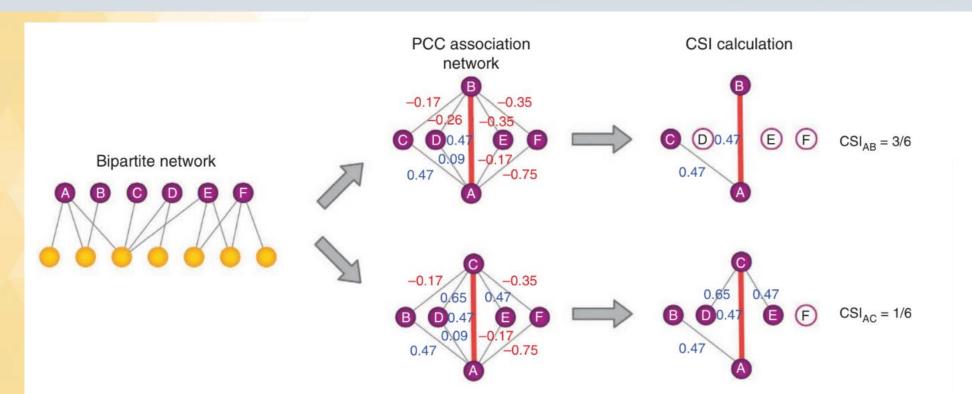
研究器材與設備

- . 阮雪芬教授系統生物學實驗室中已建立好的 IncRNA association index 資料
- ·Python程式語言
- · Cytoscape軟體

背景知識:皮爾森相關係數(PCC)(註5)

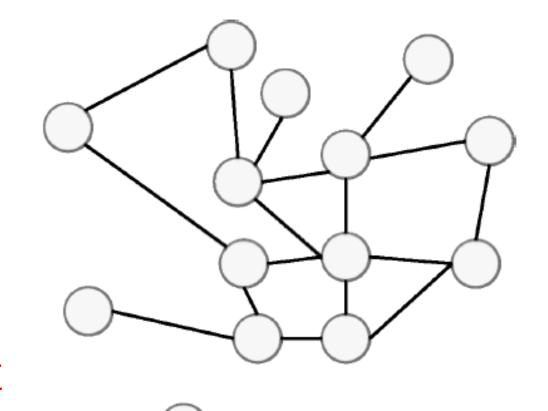
The **Pearson correlation coefficient** is the correlation between the interaction profiles of A and B.

$$PCC_{AB} = \frac{|N(A) \cap N(B)|. n_y - |N(A)|.|N(B)|}{\sqrt{|N(A)|.|N(B)|. (n_y - |N(A)|).(n_y - |N(B)|)}}$$



背景知識(註6)

Evonka



Node

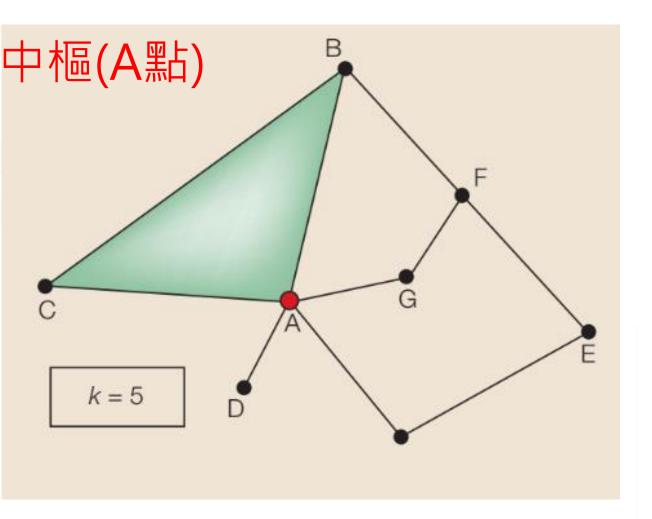
Node: 網路圖中的單位

Edge: 單位之間的連結

背景知識(註7)

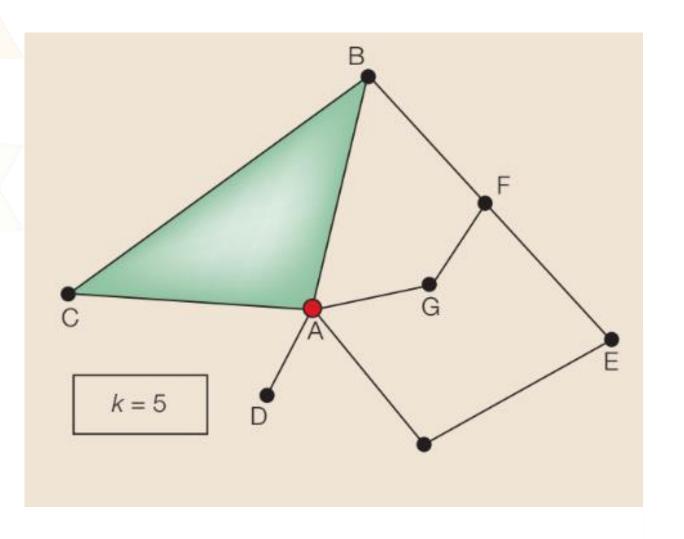
Hub:網路圖的中樞(A點)

Degree:一個node連接的edge個數



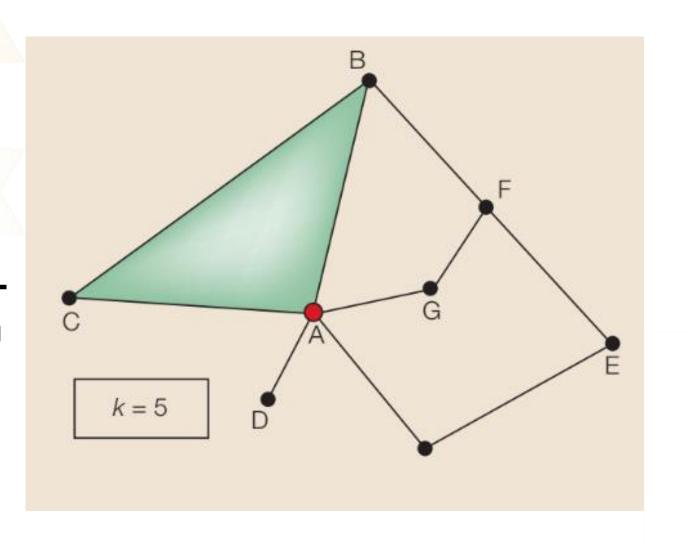
背景知識(註7):Betweenness Centrality

$$B = \sum_{s \neq v \neq t} \frac{\sigma_{st}(v)}{\sigma_{st}}$$

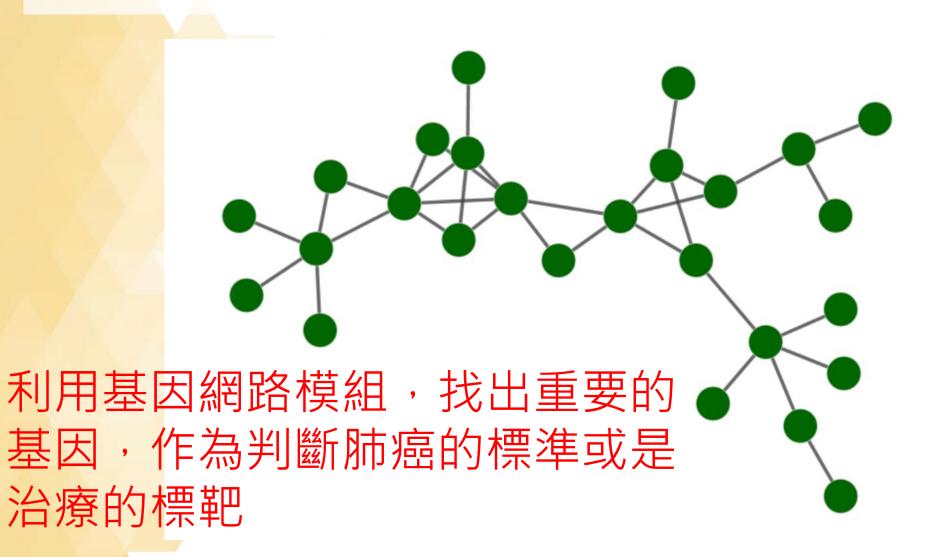


背景知識(註7):Clustering Coefficient

$$C_{\rm I} = \frac{2n_{\rm I}}{k(k-1)}$$



研究動機



研究方法一

- 一、計算肺鱗狀細胞癌(LUSC)中長鏈非編碼核糖核酸對(IncRNA-IncRNA pair)的皮爾森相關係數(PCC)。
 - 1. 從The Cancer Genome Atlas(TCGA)資料庫中下載肺鱗狀細胞癌(LUSC)以及肺腺癌(LUAD)的長鏈非編碼核糖核酸對(IncRNA-IncRNA pair)的基因表現,並計算IncRNA-mRNA 的correlation後建立IncRNA-mRNA correlationbipartite network,接著利用association index (皮爾森相關係數(PCC))來分析IncRNA-IncRNA的association
 - 2. 利用Python對數據讀檔並依大小排序,參考肺腺癌(LUAD) 中長鏈非編碼核糖核酸(IncRNA)的皮爾森相關係數(PCC),計算要留下多少比例的IncRNA-IncRNA pair,將這個比例套用在LUSC上,得到最低的PCC。

研究方法二

- 二、畫出肺鱗狀細胞癌(LUSC)的長鏈非編碼核糖核酸 (IncRNA) 的基因網路模組。
 - 利用Python語言將LUSC中留下的IncRNA-IncRNA pair, 匯出得到新檔案。
 - 2. 將篩選過後的檔案,輸入軟體cytoscape並畫出LUSC的IncRNA的基因網路模組

研究方法三

利用軟體cytoscape中的分析工具,計算 各基因網路模組中,每個節點的級數 (degree)、中間性(betweenness centrality)和聚類係數(clustering coefficient)

研究結果一

1287877

5673218

ENSG00000273729

ENSG00000261069

[729 rows x 3 columns]

```
import pandas as pd
    df ad = pd.read csv('C:/Users/user/Desktop/LUAD lnc mes association index com.csv')
    print(df_ad.shape)
    ad = df_ad.shape[0]
    (6011778, 3)
[2]: df = pd.read csv('C:/Users/user/Desktop/LUAD lnc mes association index com.csv')
    print(df_ad[df_ad.PCC>=0.7].shape, df_ad[df_ad.PCC>=0.7].sort_values(by = ["PCC"], ascending=False))
    pcc = df ad[df ad.PCC>=0.7].shape[0]
    (729, 3)
                              lncA
                                                       PCC
                                             lncB
    7890
            ENSG00000273010
                           ENSG00000261242 1.000000
                                                           肺腺癌(LUAD)
            ENSG00000261766 ENSG00000233967 1.000000
     2871905
    2994922
            ENSG00000230565
                           ENSG00000273419 1.000000
    2983516
            ENSG00000228748 ENSG00000260808 1.000000
                                                           的PCC(6011778筆)
    2981135
            ENSG00000244055 ENSG00000270332 1.000000
                                                           篩選比例:729/6011778
                                                           (PCC > = 0.7)
    1552608
            ENSG00000224505
                            ENSG00000228925
                                          0.707022
```

ENSG00000273148 0.707022

ENSG00000257647 0.706979

研究結果一

```
[3]: df_sc = pd.read_csv(r'C:\Users\user\Desktop\LUSC_lnc_mes_association_index_com.csv')
print(df_sc.shape)
scc = df_sc.shape[0]

(6557631, 3)

[4]: df_sc = pd.read_csv(r'C:\Users\user\Desktop\LUSC_lnc_mes_association_index_com.csv')
df_sc.sort_values(by = ["PCC"], ascending=False).head(int(scc*pcc/ad))
```

[4]:		IncA	IncB	PCC
	6531886	ENSG00000275367	ENSG00000273245	1.000000
	5709330	ENSG00000248714	ENSG00000265975	0.707065
	1534581	ENSG00000235026	ENSG00000269416	0.707065
	5821189	ENSG00000233791	ENSG00000260464	0.707065

肺鱗狀細胞癌(LUSC) 的PCC篩選比例:729/60116778

 $6557631 \rightarrow 795$ PCC=0.288401

 4938431
 ENSG00000196951
 ENSG00000273399
 0.288401

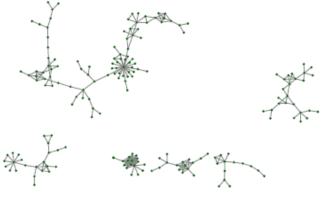
 2466463
 ENSG00000271551
 ENSG00000273523
 0.288401

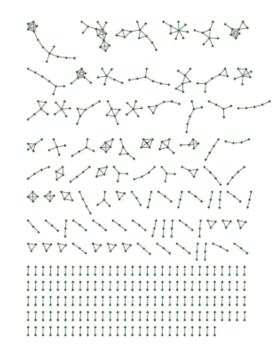
 5576687
 ENSG00000272720
 ENSG00000236204
 0.288401

795 rows × 3 columns

研究結果二

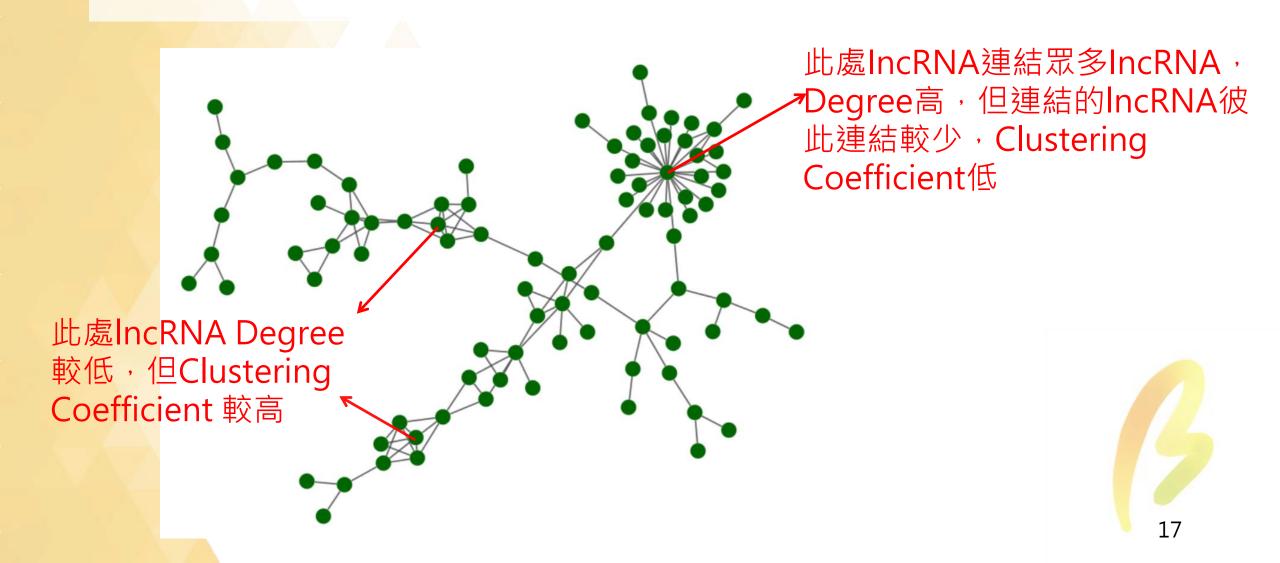




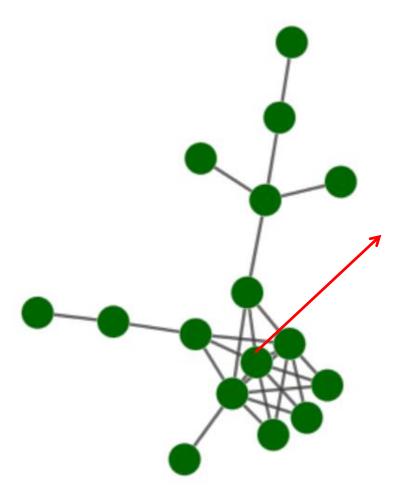


肺鱗狀細胞癌(LUSC) 的association network

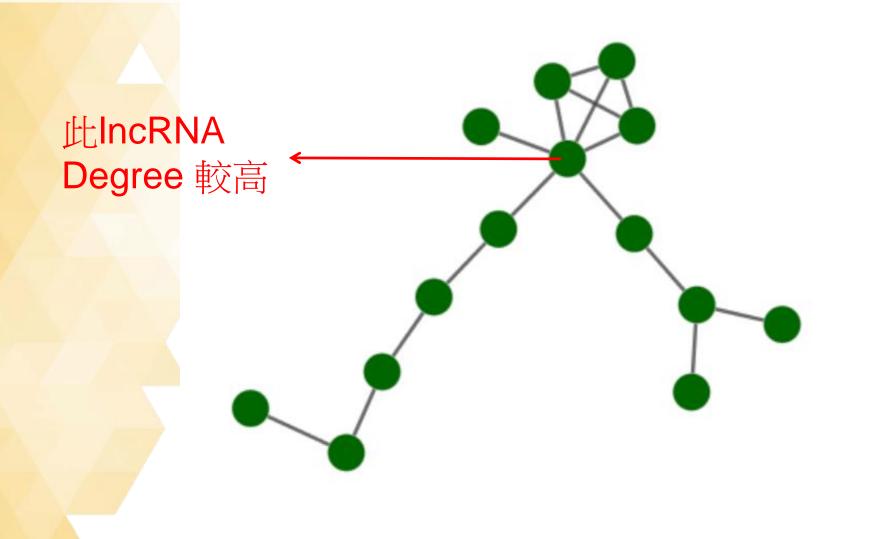


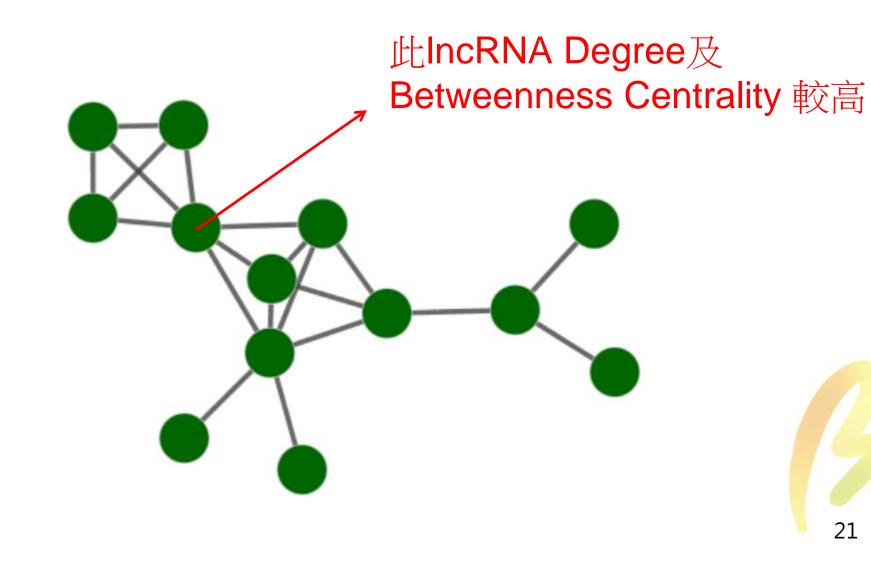


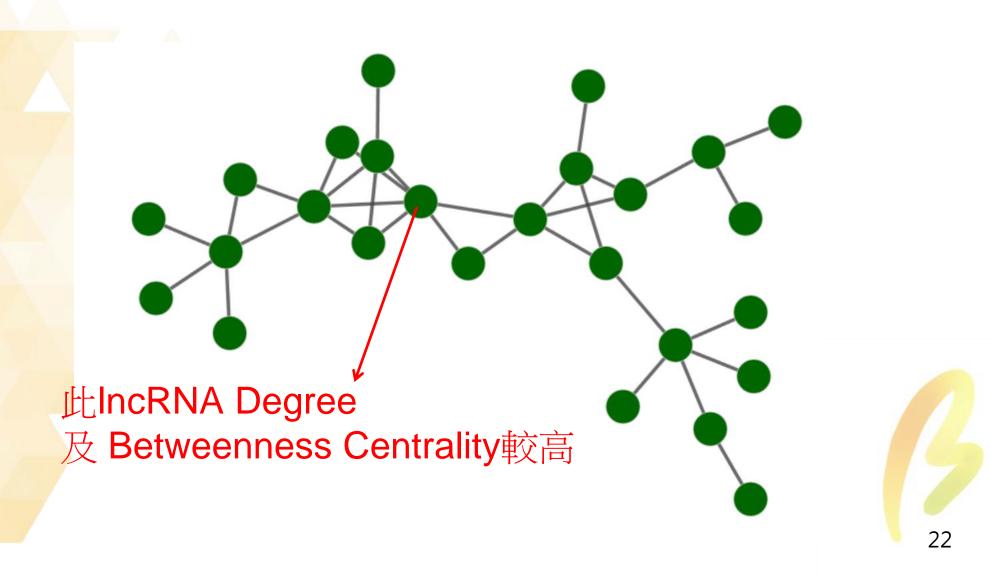
這四個IncRNA® Degree較高



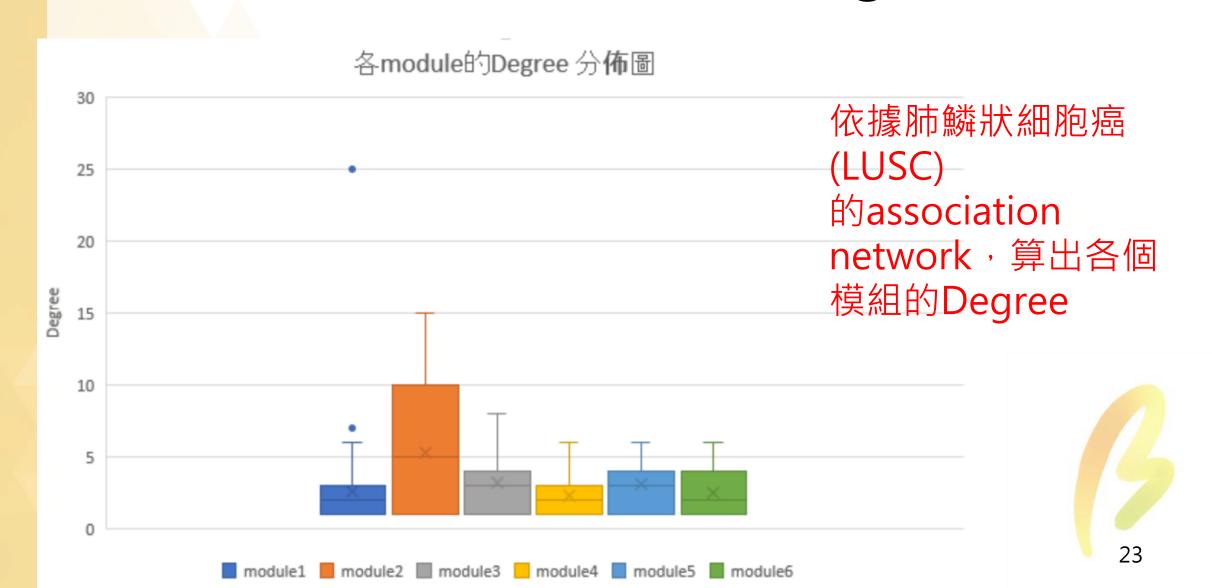
此IncRNA Degree及 Clustering Coefficient較高



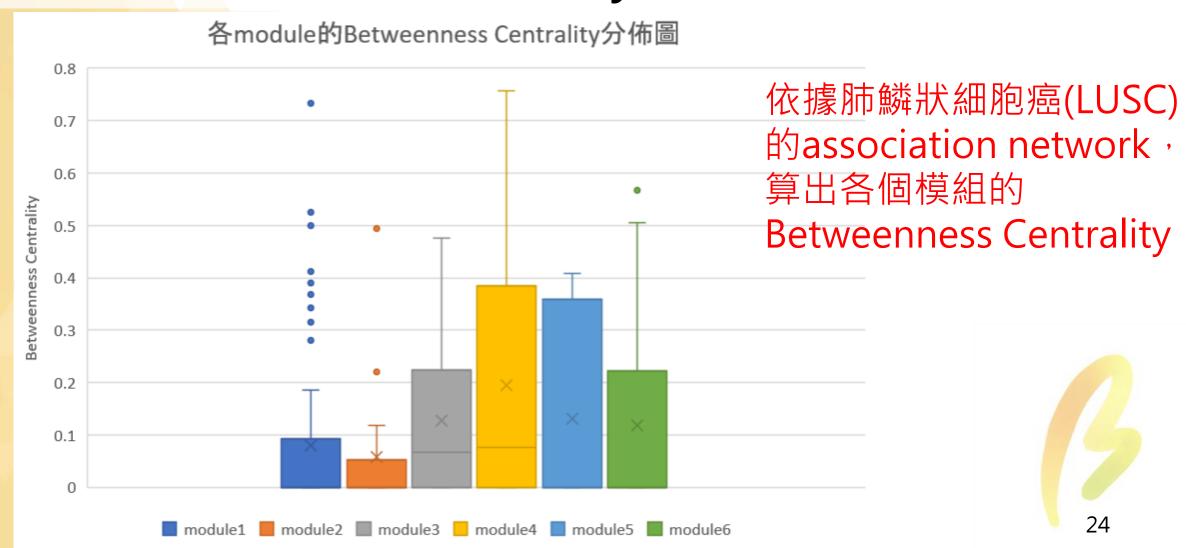




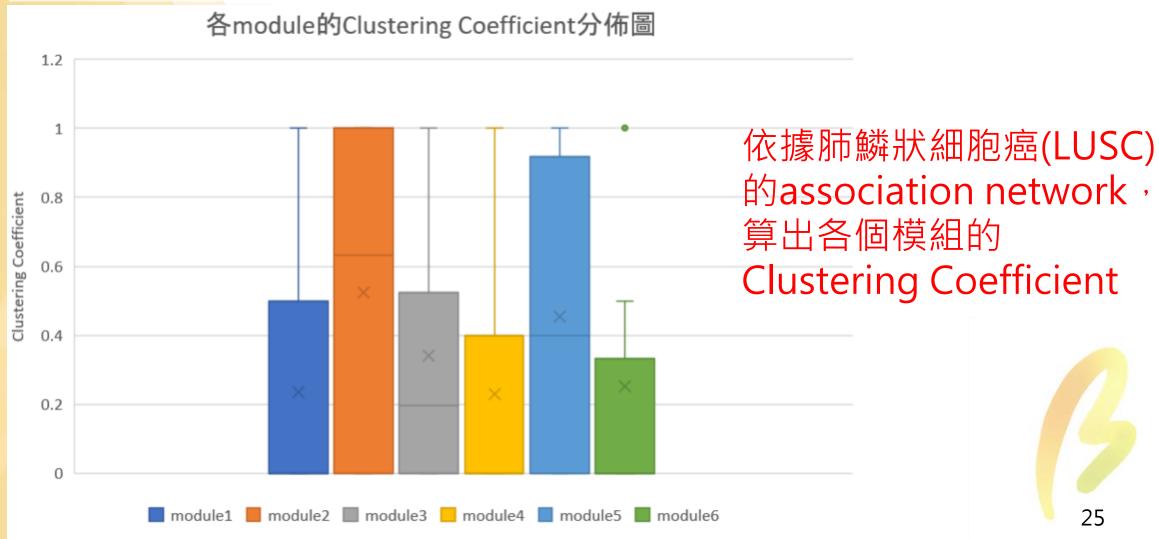
研究結果三:各基因網路模組Degree分佈圖



研究結果三:各基因網路模組 Betweenness Centrality分佈圖



研究結果三:各基因網路模組 Clustering Coefficient分佈圖



結論

- 一. 参考肺腺癌(LUAD) 中長鏈非編碼核糖核酸對(IncRNA-IncRNA pair) 的皮爾森相關係數(PCC)的篩選比例729/6011778(PCC>=0.7),得 到肺鱗狀細胞癌(LUSC)的PCC>=0. 288401。
- 二. 利用Cytoscape建立肺鱗狀細胞癌(LUSC)的association network,如結果圖所示。
- 三. 從肺鱗狀細胞癌(LUSC)的association network中挑選出六個IncRNA較多的模組,並利用cytoscape中的分析工具,得到各基因網路模組每個節點的級數(degree)、中間性(betweenness centrality)和聚類係數(clustering coefficient)如結果圖所示。

未來展望

- 探討兩種癌症在相同比例下,PCC差距甚大的原因 (LUAD:0.7,LUSC:0.288401)
- 用Weighted Gene Correlation Network
 Analysis(WGCNA)(註8,9,10)找出每個基因模組中的中樞(hub),最重要的長鏈非編碼核糖核酸(IncRNA)。

未來展望

- 利用本研究的肺鱗狀細胞癌(LUSC)基因網路模組,找出重要的長鏈非編碼核糖核酸(IncRNA),作為判斷肺癌的標準或是治療的標靶。
- 可針對網路模組中的co-expressed mRNA 做 functional enrichment,如此能推測網路模組代表的意義
- 根據級數(degree)挑出幾個中樞(hub)做存活分析(使用cox proportional hazards model)(註11,12,13)

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