#### **Assessment**

## Part 1

1a Task: De-dupe students\_activities table using provided logic

SQL code: [Part 1a - clean\_students\_activities.sql]

```
SELECT id.
       student id,
       account id,
       resource type,
       score,
       quiz id,
       etl last updated ts
FROM
       (SELECT *,
               Row number()
                 OVER (
                   partition BY id
                   ORDER BY etl last updated ts, account id) AS row number
               students activities) AS ordered data
      ordered data.row number = 1
WHERE
```

**1b Task:** Generate summary statistics using cleaned students\_activities dataset and grouping by resource type<sup>1</sup>

SQL code: [Part 1b - aggregate students activities.sql]

```
WITH clean students activities
    AS (SELECT id,
                student id,
                account id,
                resource type,
                score,
                quiz id,
                etl last updated ts
                (SELECT *,
         FROM
                       Row number()
                          OVER (
                            partition BY id
                            ORDER BY etl last updated ts, account id) AS
                        row number
                       students activities) AS ordered data
                 FROM
         WHERE ordered data.row number = 1)
SELECT resource type,
       Count (DISTINCT student id) AS num students,
       Round(Avg(score), 2) AS mean score,
       Min(etl last updated ts) AS min etl update,
      Max(etl last updated ts) AS max etl update
       clean students activities
FROM
GROUP BY resource type
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In the sample dataset, all *score* values where *resource\_type* = "movie" are blank. If this was the case for the entire dataset I would clarify whether this was expected. With missing scores for one resource type, there would be limited value in this comparison.

#### Part 2:

**Task:** Explain how you would identify the most important data points to predict churn and retention

## **Project prerequisites:**

- Define and agree upon terminology and calculations for outcome variable (churn, retention)
- Define and agree upon calculation for any derived input variables (e.g. usage stats)
- Access to data sources, data dictionaries, and associated documentation
- Context on available data sources (historical knowledge, data quality)
- Identified contact(s) for any clarifying questions about data

## **Statistical / Machine Learning Methods:**

- 1. Generate descriptive statistics to identify missing data, data errors, outliers and check for data imbalance in the outcome variable
- 2. Resolve any data errors or issues
- 3. Exploratory data analysis:
  - a. Create crosstabs or plots to explore the relationship between each variable and the outcome (retention) to understand patterns in the data
  - b. Create crosstabs or plots to explore the relationship between each variable and the other variables. Assess statistical significance of any correlated variables and remove any redundant variables.
- 4. Split data into training (80%) and test (20%) datasets
- 5. Train a decision tree classifier using the training dataset
- 6. Test the decision tree classifier on the test dataset to evaluate model performance using accuracy, precision, recall, and F1 score
- 7. Plot the decision tree model and assess information gain at each split in the tree to identify the variables that have highest importance in classifying the outcome

#### **Programming language(s):**

Data task	Programming language(s)	Packages
Extracting data	SQL	n/a
Exploratory Data Analysis	R or Python	ggplot or matplotlib + seaborn
Machine Learning	R or Python	caret or scikit-learn

#### **Measuring Success:**

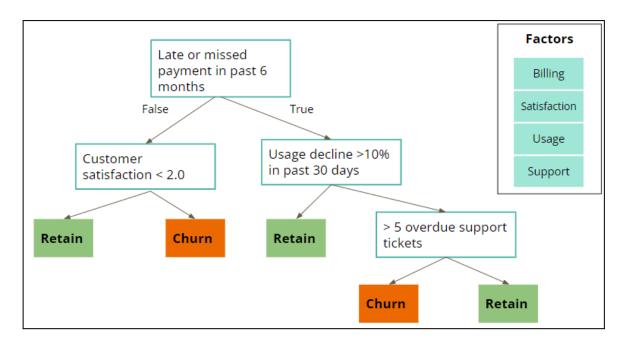
Success would be measured in the following ways:

- The model should be able to accurately predict churn in the test dataset as measured by overall accuracy and F1 score
- The model identifies the most important predictors of customer churn and retention as measured by information gain
- The identified predictors and decision rules inform the creation of actionable deliverables such as customer health models and reports
- The process for data gathering, exploration and modeling is clearly documented and stored in a centralized repository
- Any data issues are clearly documented and reported for investigation and resolution by the appropriate team

#### Part 3:

**Task:** Mock-up reports that convey actionable insights from retention exploration to executive leadership

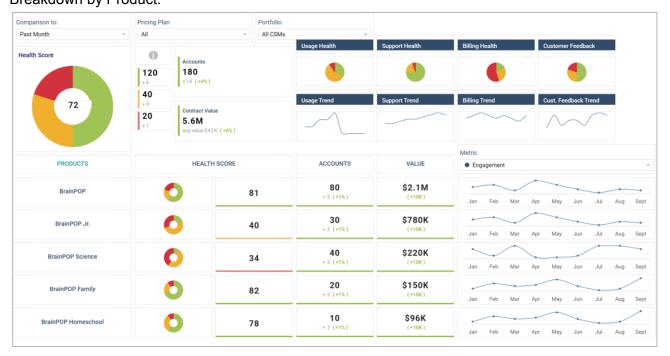
The decision tree model, the outcome of Part 2, would be visualized (see example below) to provide stakeholders with an understanding of the most important factors and specific rules that predict retention and churn at BrainPOP:



These decision rules (e.g. "usage decline > 10% in the past 30 days") would inform the creation of a series of customer health scores. For example, a "Usage health score" would incorporate all the elements from the decision tree that relate to a customer's use and engagement with BrainPOP products. These health scores would be combined to provide an overall health score for each customer and then rolled-up by portfolio, product, segment, or the entire customer base. The decision rules would also facilitate the setting of targets or benchmarks against which current data can be evaluated; providing a useful visual comparison in dashboards.

The example dashboards (below) focus on the visualization of customer health scores to give leadership actionable information to maximize customer retention by allowing them to quickly identify trends in overall health by segment or product, compare the health of different factors and see individual customer data in relation to established targets and benchmarks. These dashboards are actionable because they provide an early warning system to target specific segments, customers, or factors to mitigate churn *before* churn occurs. It would also be important to provide leadership with a way to track subsequent intervention efforts and retention outcomes.

# **Example Customer Health dashboards** [Customer Health Dashboard.pdf] Breakdown by Product:



# Breakdown by Segment:



# Individual Customer Health Dashboard:

