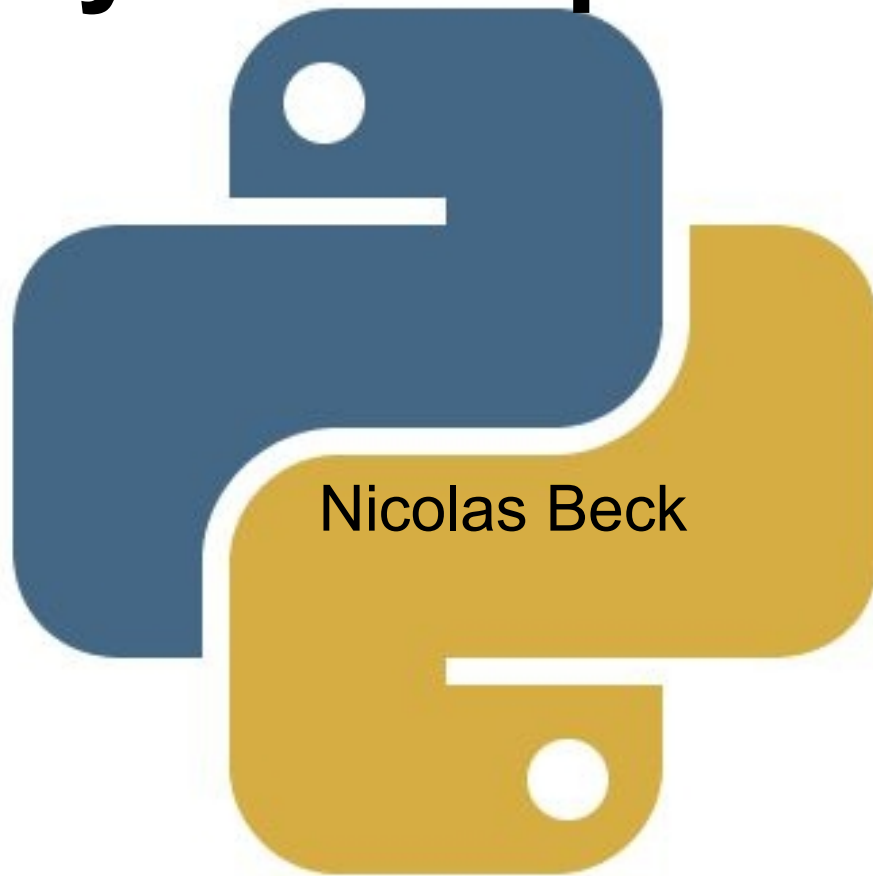


FSML Python Implementation



GitHub url : <https://github.com/nico1510/sle>

1) Parsing

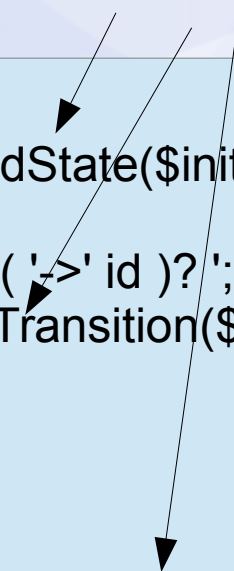
- Is done by antlr generated Parser + Lexer (python Code)
- Grammar is identical to specification grammar

```
fsm : state* EOF ;
state : initial? 'state' id {self.addState($initial.text,$id.text)} '{' transition* '}' ;
initial : 'initial' ;
transition : input_ ('/' action )? ( '->' id )? ';'
              {self.addTransition($input_.text, $action.text, $id.text)} ;
id : NAME ;
input_ : NAME ;
action : NAME ;
NAME : ('a'..'z'|'A'..'Z')+ ;
WS : ( '\t' | ' ' | '\r' | '\n' | '\u000C' )+ { self.skip() } ;
```

1) Parsing

- Is done by antlr generated Parser + Lexer (python Code)
- Grammar is identical to specification grammar
- semantic actions are included directly in the grammar

```
fsm : state* EOF ;  
state : initial? 'state' id {self.addState($initial.text,$id.text)} '{' transition* '}' ;  
initial : 'initial' ;  
transition : input_ ('/' action )? ( '>' id )? ';' ;  
                                     {self.addTransition($input_.text, $action.text, $id.text)} ;  
id : NAME ;  
input_ : NAME ;  
action : NAME ;  
NAME : ('a'..'z'|'A'..'Z')+ ;  
WS : ( '\t' | ' ' | '\r' | '\n' | '\u000C' )+ { self.skip() } ;
```



1) Parsing

→ Result is a python Dictionary, representing the FSM

```
{
- exception: [
  + {...}
],
- locked: [
  + {...}
],
- unlocked: [
  - {
    initial: false,
    - transitions: {
      - ticket: [
        - [
          "eject",
          "unlocked"
        ]
      ],
      - pass: [
        - [
          "",
          "locked"
        ]
      ]
    }
  }
]
}
```

2) Constraints

- Constraints are checked with the help of the dictionary

```
{
  - exception: [
    + {...}
  ],
  - locked: [
    + {...}
  ],
  - unlocked: [
    - {
      initial: false,
      - transitions: {
        - ticket: [
          - [
            "eject",
            "unlocked"
          ]
        ],
        - pass: [
          - [
            "",
            "locked"
          ]
        ]
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

2) Constraints

- Constraints are checked with the help of the dictionary

1) distinct Ids

length == 1 ?

```
{
  - exception: [
    + {...}
  ],
  - locked: [
    + {...}
  ],
  - unlocked: [
    - {
      initial: false,
      - transitions: {
        - ticket: [
          - [
            "eject",
            "unlocked"
          ]
        ],
        - pass: [
          - [
            "",
            "locked"
          ]
        ]
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

2) Constraints

- Constraints are checked with the help of the dictionary

1) distinct Ids

2) single initial

length == 1 ?

```
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  - exception: [
    + {...}
  ],
  - locked: [
    + {...}
  ],
  - unlocked: [
    - {
      initial: false,
      - transitions: {
        - ticket: [
          - [
            "eject",
            "unlocked"
          ]
        ],
        - pass: [
          - [
            "",
            "locked"
          ]
        ]
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

2) Constraints

- Constraints are checked with the help of the dictionary

1) distinct Ids

2) single initial

3) deterministic

```
{
  - exception: [
    + {...}
  ],
  - locked: [
    + {...}
  ],
  - unlocked: [
    - {
      initial: false,
      - transitions: {
        - ticket: [
          - [
            "eject",
            "unlocked"
          ],
          ],
        - pass: [
          - [
            "",
            "locked"
          ],
          ],
        ],
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

length == 1 ?

single initial

length == 1 ?

2) Constraints

- Constraints are checked with the help of the dictionary

1) distinct Ids

2) single initial

3) deterministic

4) resolvable

```
{
  - exception: [
    + {...}
  ],
  - locked: [
    + {...}
  ],
  - unlocked: [
    - {
      initial: false,
      - transitions: {
        - ticket: [
          - [
            "eject",
            "unlocked"
          ],
          ],
        - pass: [
          - [
            "",
            "locked"
          ],
          ],
        }
      }
    ]
  ]
}
```

length == 1 ?

length == 1 ?

contained in dict ?

2) Constraints

- Constraints are checked with the help of the dictionary

1) distinct Ids

2) single initial

3) deterministic

4) resolvable

5) reachable (done with recursion)

```
{
  - exception: [
    + {...}
  ],
  - locked: [
    + {...}
  ],
  - unlocked: [
    - {
      initial: false,
      - transitions: {
        - ticket: [
          - [
            "eject",
            "unlocked"
          ],
          ],
        - pass: [
          - [
            "",
            "locked"
          ],
          ],
        ]
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

length == 1 ?

length == 1 ?

contained in dict ?

3) reference semantics

```
{
- exception: [
  + {...}
],
- locked: [
  - {
    initial: true,
    - transitions: {
      - ticket: [
        - [
          "collect",
          "unlocked"
        ],
        ],
      - pass: [
        - [
          "alarm",
          "exception"
        ],
        ],
      ]
    }
  ],
  + unlocked: [...]
]
```

Input = [ticket, pass]

Output = []

→ output „collect“

Go to state „unlocked“

4) Code Generation

- Is done by jinja2 package (template library for python)
- Python Code is generated
- Handler and Stepper Classes
- no Enums like in the Java Version of the Spec

4) Code Generation

```
class DefaultTurnstileHandler():
```

```
    def __init__(self):
```

```
        self.actions = dict()
```

```
        {% for action in actions %}
```

```
        self.actions['{{ action }}'] = self.handle{{ action|default('Empty', true)|capitalize() }}
```

```
        {% endfor %}
```

```
    def handle(self, Action):
```

```
        self.actions[Action]()
```

```
    def addHandlerFunction(self, action, function):
```

```
        self.actions[action] = function
```

```
    {% for action in actions %}
```

```
    def handle{{ action|default('Empty', true)|capitalize() }}(self):
```

```
        print "handling {{ action|default('Empty', true)|capitalize() }}"
```

```
    {% endfor %}
```

4) Code Generation

```
class DefaultTurnstileHandler():  
  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.actions = dict()  
        self.actions[''] = self.handleEmpty  
        self.actions['collect'] = self.handleCollect  
        self.actions['alarm'] = self.handleAlarm  
        self.actions['eject'] = self.handleEject  
  
    def handle(self, Action):  
        self.actions[Action]()  
  
    def addHandlerFunction(self, action, function):  
        self.actions[action] = function  
  
    def handleEmpty(self):  
        print "handling Empty"  
  
    def handleCollect(self):  
        print "handling Collect"  
  
    def handleAlarm(self):  
        print "handling Alarm"  
  
    def handleEject(self):  
        print "handling Eject"
```

Generated Code



The diagram consists of two arrows originating from the text 'Generated Code'. One arrow points to the initialization of the 'actions' dictionary in the __init__ method, specifically to the line 'self.actions[''] = self.handleEmpty'. The other arrow points to the 'handleEmpty' method definition, specifically to the line 'print "handling Empty"'.

4) Code Generation

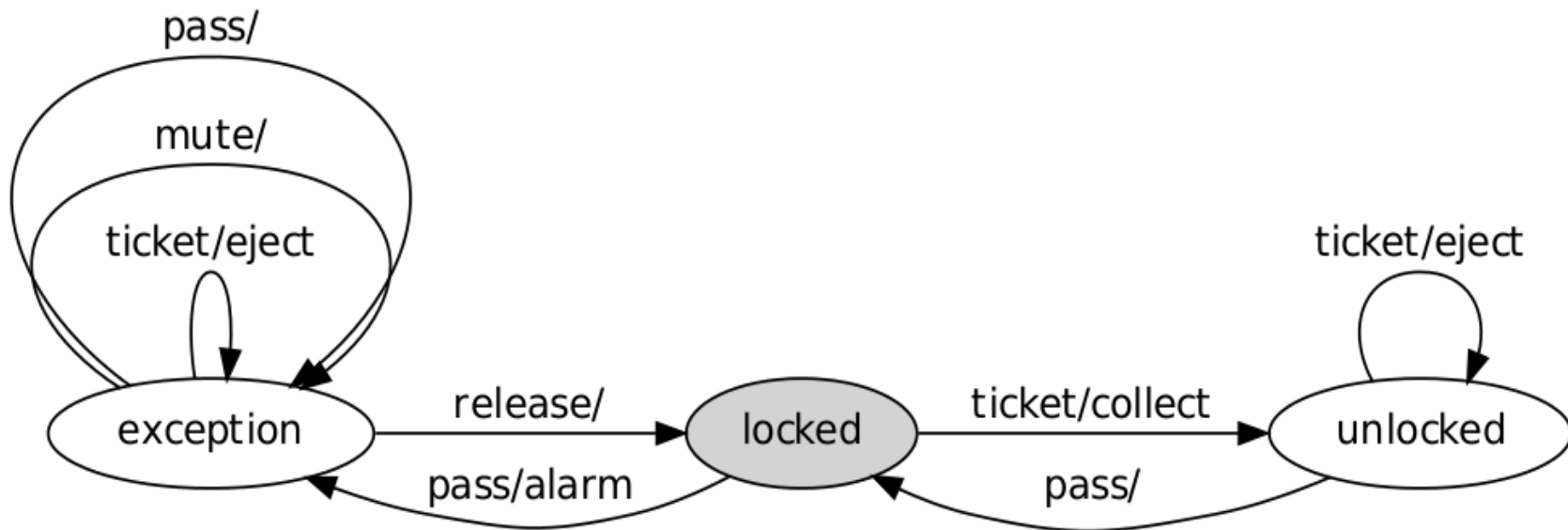
```
class Stepper():  
  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.currentState = "locked"  
        self.fsm = dict()  
        self.handler = DefaultTurnstileHandler()  
        self.add("unlocked", "pass", "", "locked")  
        self.add("unlocked", "ticket", "eject", "unlocked")  
        self.add("locked", "pass", "alarm", "exception")  
        self.add("locked", "ticket", "collect", "unlocked")  
        self.add("exception", "pass", "", "exception")  
        self.add("exception", "mute", "", "exception")  
        self.add("exception", "ticket", "eject", "exception")  
        self.add("exception", "release", "", "locked")  
  
    def add(self, fromState, input, action, toState):  
        if not fromState in self.fsm:  
            self.fsm[fromState] = dict()  
            self.fsm[fromState]["transitions"] = dict()  
        self.fsm[fromState]["transitions"][input] = (action, toState)  
  
    def step(self, input):  
        (action, targetState) = self.fsm[self.currentState]["transitions"][input]  
        print "from: "+self.currentState+", input: "+input+" to: "+targetState  
        self.handler.handle(action)  
        self.currentState = targetState
```

Generated Code



5) Visualization

- Is done by pygraphviz package (python API for graphviz)
- Again the fsm dictionary is used :
 - every entry corresponds to a node
 - every transition corresponds to an edge



6) Test Cases

- Testing is done with python's unittest module
- Incorrect *.fsml files are taken from the spec
 - Also test cases from Appendix E (ParserError, infeasible Input, illegal Input) are taken Care of
- Testing Code : <https://github.com/nico1510/sle/tree/master/tests>