a)

```
Letter frequencies in the ciphertext:
A: 2
B: 2
C: 12
D: 6
E: 4
F: 0
G: 5
H: 3
I: 4
J: 0
K: 2
L: 1
M: 19
N: 5
0: 1
P: 12
Q: 2
R: 9
S: 3
T: 1
U: 6
V: 7
W: 9
X: 6
Y: 12
Z: 9
```

b) a computer scientist must often
experience a feeling of not far
removed from alarm on analyzing and explore
the flood of advanced knowledge which
each year brings with it

Table 3: Ciphertext to plaintext mapping

	7	10	13	>1	19	>2	25	2	5	8	11	14	17
Plaintext	h	K	n	V	も	W	ş	C	t	T	ſ	0	r
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Ciphertext	N	О	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
	20	23	0	3	6	9/16	12	15	18	9/16	24	-	4
Plaintext	N	X	a	d	9	3/2	m	P	5	5/2	3	6	е
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Ciphertext	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	Ι	J	K	L	Μ
Table 5. Ciphertext to plaintext mapping													

c) by d) C=9P+2#

d) 思路: O先代代春季算 ②足程式

 $f(x) = (ax+b) \mod 26$ 

- @ 2 | b → b = 2 11 28 11 ···
- B 11 a+b -> a+b= 11 11 37 11 ...
- © 20 | 2a+b -> 2a+b = 20 |146 |1 ...

try b=2, a+b=11 = a=9

馬索曼E 2a+b=18+2=20

(1, a=9, b=2, f(x)=(9x+2) mod 26 #

oF和J在最自中沒有出現以不能 確定對應到哪個字母 引我就了很多。只都没真真法用GPT (只給魔文和勞多的英文帝田使用梅辛的話) 它會把空百百重为省略,再重新展示句。 有可能要更多提示 ex.力。電方法。它才能處理。

## Problem 2

C) 
$$\begin{cases} 8 = (4a+b)\% & 30 \\ 1 = (21a+b)\% & 30 \end{cases} \Rightarrow 23a\% & 30 = 29 \\ \Rightarrow 0 = 29 \times 11\% & 30 = 13 \end{cases}$$

a) : 13 B9 multiplicative inverse 
$$\frac{B}{E}$$
?  
: 4 = (8 × 7 + d) % 30 = d = 8