Q01-a

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <algorithm>
3 # include <vector>
5 using namespace std;
7 int main(void)
8 {
9
       int n, k;
        cout << "Please input an array a[n]!" << endl << "n = ";</pre>
10
        cin >> n;
        vector<int> vec;
12
13
        cout << "Please input the array number:" << endl;</pre>
       for(int i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
14
15
16
            cin >> k;
17
            vec.push_back(k);
        }
18
        cout << "The number of occurences of '"<< vec[0] << "' in the array is: ";</pre>
19
        cout << count(vec.begin(), vec.end(), vec[0]) << endl;</pre>
20
21
       return 0;
22 }
```

Q01-b

```
1 #include <iostream>
 2 #include <cstdlib>
 4 using namespace std;
  6 int m, n;
  7 int arr[1005][1005];
  8 int ans[1005][1005];
 10 void matrix_trans(int m, int n)
 11 {
 12
         int x;
         if(m>=n)
 13
 14
             x=m;
 15
         else
 16
             x=n;
 17
         for(int i=1; i<x+1; i++)</pre>
 18
              for(int j=1; j<x+1; j++)</pre>
 19
 20
 21
                  ans[i][j]=arr[j][i];
              }
 22
 23
         }
         for(int i=1; i<n+1; i++)</pre>
 24
 25
              for(int j=1; j<m+1; j++)</pre>
 26
 27
              {
                  cout << ans[i][j] << " ";
 28
              }
             cout << endl;</pre>
 30
         }
 31
 32 }
 33
 34 int main(void)
35 {
        cout << "Please decide the size of an 'm*n' matrix:" << endl;</pre>
        cout << "m = ";
 37
        cin >> m;
 38
 39
        cout << "n = ";
 40
         cin >> n;
         cout << "Please input the contain number of the matrix:" << endl;</pre>
 41
        for(int i=1; i<m+1; i++)</pre>
 42
 43
             for(int j=1; j<n+1; j++)</pre>
 45
             {
                  cin >> arr[i][j];
 46
             }
 47
 48
 49
        matrix_trans(m, n);
         return 0;
 50
 51 }
 52
```

$Z_{1}(a) \sum_{k=0}^{n} \bar{\lambda}^{2} = \Theta(n^{3})$	
$0^{2}+1^{2}+2^{2}++n^{2}=1^{2}+2^{2}+3^{2}++n^{2} \le n^{2}+n^{2}++n^{2}=n\cdot n^{2}=n^{2}$	/ Rum En(n+1xzn+1)
n h	n-100 n3
∵ ∀n ∈ R . n>o	$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\int_{0}^{\infty} (n^{2} + n)(2n+1)}{n^{3}} = \frac{1}{3} + \int_{0}^{\infty}$
$0 \cdot n^{3} \leq \sum_{\lambda=0}^{n} \lambda^{3} \leq n^{3}$	η ³
$\therefore \sum_{\bar{\lambda}=0}^{n} \bar{\lambda}^2 = \Theta (n^{\delta})_{*}$	
.h O.m.	
(b) n! = O(n ⁿ) Vn. when n>0	
	,
$n! = \underbrace{1 \times 2 \times \dots \times n}_{n} \leq \underbrace{n \times n \times \dots \times n}_{n} = n^{n} \qquad \left(\underbrace{\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{n!}{n^{n}}}_{n} = 0 \right)$	
$\therefore n! = O(n^n)_{\underline{u}}$	

```
3.10)10n2+9
      yn. n≥3. 10n2+9 ≤ 11n2
       -. 10n2+9 = 0(n2) #
       If (0n2+9 = O(n)
       Then suppose a & IR. b & IR
        Let 10n2+9 ≤ an+b (By the definition of big oh)
          10n^2 + 9 \le an + b
         > 10n2-an+19-b) ≤0
        when this function has to be negative in constant
        the coefficient of n' should be negative.
         but 10>0, so the suppose failed.
         Therefore, (0n2+9=0(n) is wrong#
   (b) If \frac{n^2}{\log n} = \Theta(n^2)
                                                 y=logx→there's no absolute maxmum / lmm(logn)

/ so we cant find Cz that always
        Suppose Ci.CzelR
                                                          Satisfy logn < Cz (Yn GR)
        Let gin) = n2
        C_1 \cdot n^2 \leq \frac{n^2}{\log n} \leq C_2 \cdot n^2
                                        Therefore, \frac{n^2}{\log n} = \Theta(n^2) is wrong #
         CI & Ilogn & Cz
```

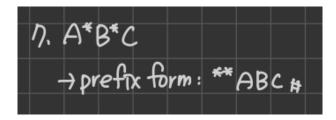
```
1 #include <iostream>
 3 using namespace std;
 4
 5 class Complex
 6 {
 7 private:
        int real, imgine;
 9 public:
        Complex(int a=0, int b=0)
10
        {
11
12
            real = a;
            imgine = b;
13
14
        }
15
        void print()
16
17
        {
18
            cout << real << " + " << imgine << "i";</pre>
        }
19
20 };
21
22 int main(int argc, const char * argv[])
23 {
24
        int a, b;
        cout << "Please input a complex number ai + b" << endl;</pre>
25
        cout << "The real part of the complex number a: " << endl;</pre>
26
        cin >> a;
27
28
        cout << "The imaginary part of the complex number b:" << endl;</pre>
29
        cin >> b;
        cout << "Defult number: " ;</pre>
30
        Complex Defult(0,0);
        Defult.print();
32
33
        cout << endl <<"Complex number: " ;</pre>
        Complex Complex(a, b);
34
        Complex.print();
35
36
        return 0;
37 }
```

```
1 #include <iostream>
 2
 3 using namespace std;
 5 int x[5], y[5], z[5];
 7 class Quadratic
 8 {
   private:
 9
10
        int a_sum=0, b_sum=0, c_sum=0;
    public:
11
        Quadratic()
12
        {
13
14
            a_{sum} = x[1] + x[2];
15
            b_sum = y[1] + y[2];
16
            c_{sum} = z[1] + z[2];
17
        }
18
        void print()
19
20
21
            cout << a_sum <<"x^2 + " << b_sum << "x + " << c_sum;
22
            cout << endl;</pre>
        }
23
24 };
25
26
27
   int main(void)
28 {
        cout << "Now please enter polynomials 1: ax^2 + bx + c:" << endl;</pre>
29
30
        cout << "a = ";
        cin >> x[1];
31
        cout << "b = ";
32
       cin >> y[1];
33
34
        cout << "c = ";
        cin >> z[1];
35
        cout << "Now please enter polynomials 2: ax^2 + bx + c:" << endl;</pre>
36
        cout << "a = ";
37
        cin >> x[2];
38
39
        cout << "b = ";
        cin >> y[2];
40
41
        cout << "c = ";
42
        cin >> z[2];
        cout << "The sum of the polynomials is:" << endl;</pre>
43
44
        Quadratic test;
45
        test.print();
46
47
        return 0;
48
   }
49
```

```
1 #include<iostream>
3 using namespace std;
5 struct a
6 {
7
       int n;
8
       a* next;
9 };
10
11 class bag
12 {
13 public:
       a* f, * 1;
15
       bag()
16
17
       {
18
            f=new a;
19
            f->next=NULL;
20
           1=f;
      }
21
22
      void add(int n)
23
25
            a* temp=new a;
26
           temp->n=n;
27
           temp->next=NULL;
28
           1->next=temp;
29
           1=temp;
30
            a* current=f;
31
           cout << "Number:";</pre>
32
           while(current->next != NULL)
33
                cout << current->next->n << " ";</pre>
35
                current=current->next;
           }
36
37
            cout << endl;</pre>
38
       }
39
       void initialize()
40
41
            f=new a;
42
43
            f->next=NULL;
44
            1=f;
45
       }
46
47
       void del(int n)
48
49
           int something=1;
           int time=0;
50
           a* current=f;
           if(current == NULL)
52
53
54
                cout << n << " isn't in the bag." << endl;</pre>
           }
55
56
           else
57
            {
                while(current->next != NULL)
59
                    if(current->next->n == n)
60
61
                    {
62
                        something=0;
63
                        a* temp = current->next;
64
                        current->next = temp->next;
                        delete(temp);
                        time++;
66
67
                        cout << "The bag had delete " << time << " time of the number " << n << ":";</pre>
                        a* temp_2=f;
68
```

```
while(temp_2->next != NULL)
 69
 70
                                 {
 71
                                       cout << temp_2->next->n << " ";
 72
                                       temp_2 = temp_2->next;
 73
                                 }
                                 cout << endl;</pre>
 74
 75
                           }
 76
                           else
 77
                            {
 78
                                 current = current->next;
 79
 80
                      }
 81
                      if(something==1)
 82
                      {
 83
                           cout << "No number " << n << " int the bag." << endl;</pre>
                      }
 84
                }
 85
 86
                cout << endl;
 87
           }
88 };
89
90 class queue :public bag
91
 92 public:
93
         queue()
94
          {
95
              this->f=new a;
 96
              this->f->next=NULL;
97
              this->l=this->f;
98
         }
99
         void del_queue()
100
101
              a* temp=f:
102
              if(temp->next == NULL)
103
              {
104
                   cout << "The queue has been empty!" << endl << endl;</pre>
105
              }
106
              else
107
              {
108
                   cout << "Delete num " << temp->next->n << " from the first place of this queue." << endl;</pre>
109
                   f=temp->next;
110
                   delete(temp);
111
                   a* current=f;
112
                   cout << "The queue now has the number:";</pre>
113
                   while(current->next != NULL)
114
                   {
                        cout << current->next->n << " ";</pre>
115
116
                        current = current->next;
117
                   }
118
                   cout << endl;</pre>
119
              }
120
121 };
123 int main()
124 {
125
126
       int n;
cout << "Make a bag, input 1. Make a queue, input 2." << endl;</pre>
        cin >> n;
if (n == 1)
127
128
129
130
           bag bag;
int something=1;
131
132
133
            while(something == 1)
               Cout << "Add number, input 1.Delete number, input 2.Stop this bag, input 3." << endl; cin >> m;
135
136
137
               if(m == 1)
138
139
                   cout << "Add a new number = ";
cin >> o;
141
142
143
                   bag.add(o);
                else if(m == 2)
146
                    int p;
147
148
                   cout << "Delete a number = ";
cin >> p;
149
                   bag.del(p);
               else if(m == 3)
152
                   something=0;
               else
                   cout << "Error!";</pre>
155
           }
       }
```

```
else if(n == 2)
157
158
159
             queue queue;
int something_2=1;
160
161
             while(something_2 == 1)
162
163
                  cout << "Input 1 to add a new number. Input 2 to delete number. Input 3 to stop." << endl;</pre>
164
165
166
                  if (q == 1)
167
                      int r;
168
                      cout << "Add a new number = ";</pre>
169
170
                      cin >> r;
171
                      queue.add(r);
172
173
174
175
                  else if(q == 2)
                  queue.del_queue();
else if(q == 3)
                  something_2=0;
176
177
178
                      cout << "Error!";</pre>
179
            }
180
        }
181
         else
182
         {
183
            cout << "Error!";
184
185
         return 0;
186 }
187
```



```
1 #include<iostream>
 2 #include<vector>
3 #include<cstring>
5 using namespace std;
 6
 7
   class A
 8 {
   public:
9
10
        int row, col, val;
       A(int x = -1, int col = -1, int val = -1) : row(\underline{r}ow), col(col), val(val) {}
11
12 };
13
14 class Matrix
15 {
16 public:
17
       Matrix(){}
18
       Matrix(int row_num, int col_num, int r) : row_num(row_num), col_num(col_num), r(r) {}
19
       Matrix(const Matrix& other);
       Matrix operator*(Matrix& other);
20
       void set_M();
21
       void set_vec();
22
23
       void display();
24
25
       int row_num;
26
       int col_num;
27
       int r;
28
        int M[100][100];
29
        vector<A> vec;
30 };
31
32 Matrix::Matrix(const Matrix& copy)
33 {
34
       row_num = copy.row_num;
35
       col_num = copy.col_num;
36
       r = copy.r;
37
       vec = copy.vec;
38
        for(int i=0; i<row_num; i++)</pre>
39
40
            for(int j=0; j<col_num; j++)</pre>
41
                M[i][j]=copy.M[i][j];
42
43
        }
44
45 }
46
47
   void set_input(Matrix& K)
48
49
       cin >> K.row_num >> K.col_num >> K.r;
       for(int i=0; i<K.r; i++)</pre>
50
51
       {
52
           int row, col, val;
           cin >> row >> col >> val;
53
           A a(row, col, val);
55
           K.vec.push_back(a);
56
57
       K.set_M();
58 }
59
60 void Matrix::set_M()
61
       memset(M, 0, sizeof(M));
62
63
       for(int i=0; i<r; i++)</pre>
           M[vec[i].row][vec[i].col]=vec[i].val;
64
65 }
66
```

```
67 void Matrix::set_vec()
 68 {
 69
         int count=0;
 70
         for(int i=0; i<row_num; i++)</pre>
 71
 72
              for(int j=0; j<col_num; j++)</pre>
 73
 74
                  if (M[i][j] != 0)
 75
 76
                       A element(i, j, M[i][j]);
 77
                       vec.push_back(element);
 78
                       count++;
 79
             }
 80
         }
 81
 82
         r = count;
 83 }
 84
 85
    void Matrix::display()
 86
    {
         for(int i=0; i<row_num; i++)</pre>
 87
 88
              for(int j=0; j<col_num; j++)</pre>
 89
 90
                  cout << M[i][j] << " ";
 91
              cout << endl;</pre>
 92
 93
    }
94
95
    Matrix Matrix::operator*(Matrix& other)
96
   {
97
         Matrix mul_f(row_num, other.col_num, 0);
98
99
         if(other.col_num*r <= row_num*other.r)</pre>
100
101
             for(int i=0; i<r; i++)</pre>
102
             {
                  for(int j=0; j<other.col_num; j++)</pre>
103
104
                      mul_f.M[vec[i].row][j] += vec[i].val*other.M[vec[i].col][j];
105
106
107
         else
108
         {
109
             for(int i=0; i<other.r; i++)</pre>
110
                  for(int j=0; j<row_num; j++)</pre>
                      \verb| mul_f.M[j][other.vec[i].col] += other.vec[i].val*M[j][other.vec[i].row]; \\
113
             }
114
115
         mul_f.set_vec();
116
         return mul_f;
117 }
118
119 int main()
120 {
121
         Matrix Sample:
         Matrix Sample_2;
122
         set_input(Sample);
123
124
         set_input(Sample_2);
125
         Matrix copy_SM=Sample;
cout << "copy result: " << endl;</pre>
126
127
128
         copy_SM.display();
129
         return 0;
130 }
```

```
1 #include <iostream>
 2 #include <cstdlib>
 3 #include <stdio.h>
 5 using namespace std;
 6
 7 int main(void)
 8 {
 9
         int arr[6];
10
         int i;
         for(i=1; i<6; i++)</pre>
11
12
             //scanf("%d", arr[i]);
13
14
             cin >> arr[i];
15
             for(int j=1; j<i; j++)</pre>
16
                  int key=0;
17
                  if(arr[i]<arr[j])</pre>
18
19
20
                      key=1;
21
                      int temp=arr[j];
22
                      arr[j]=arr[i];
                      for(int k=i; k>j; k--)
23
24
                      {
25
                           arr[k]=arr[k-1];
                           if(k==j+1)
26
27
28
                               arr[k]=temp;
29
                               break;
30
                           }
                      }
31
32
33
                  if(key==1) break;
34
             }
35
         }
         for(i=1; i<6; i++)</pre>
36
37
             //printf("%d ", arr[i]);
38
             cout << arr[i] << " ";
39
         }
40
         return 0;
41
42 }
```

```
1 #include <iostream>
 2 #include <string>
 3
 4 using namespace std;
 6 void pal(string a)
 7
 8
        string b;
 9
        unsigned long int n;
        n=a.size();
 10
11
        for(unsigned long int i=0, j=n-1; i<n; i++, j--)</pre>
12
             b[j]=a[i];
13
14
        }
        int key=0;
15
        for(int i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
17
        {
             if(a[i] != b[i])
18
19
20
                 key=1;
21
                 break;
22
             }
23
        }
        if(key==1)
24
25
26
             cout << "This isn't a palindrome.";</pre>
        }
27
28
        else
29
             cout << "This is a palindrome.";</pre>
30 }
31
    int main(void)
32
33 {
34
         string a, b;
         cout << "Please type a word you'll like to test:" << endl;</pre>
35
36
         cin >> a;
         pal(a);
37
         return 0;
38
39 }
40
```