✓ ¡Felicitaciones! ¡Aprobaste!

Próximo artículo

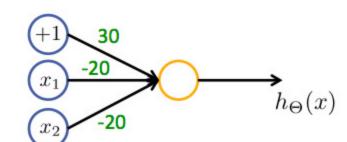


Which of the following statements are true? Check all that apply.





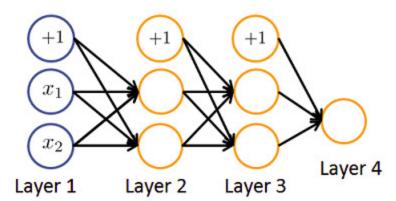
 $\textbf{2.} \quad \text{Consider the following neural network which takes two binary-valued inputs} \\ x_1, x_2 \in \{0,1\} \text{ and outputs } h_\Theta(x). \text{ Which of the following logical functions does it (approximately) compute?}$



×

3. Consider the neural network given below. Which of the following equations correctly computes the activation $a_1^{(3)}$? Note: g(z) is the sigmoid activation function.

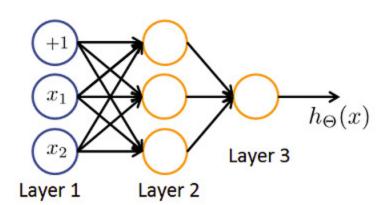




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You have the following neural network:





You'd like to compute the activations of the hidden layer $a^{(2)} \in \mathbb{R}^3$. One way to do so is the following Octave code:

```
% Theta1 is Theta with superscript "(1)" from lecture
% ie, the matrix of parameters for the mapping from layer 1 (input) to layer 2
% Theta1 has size 3x3
% Assume 'sigmoid' is a built-in function to compute 1 / (1 + exp(-z))

a2 = zeros (3, 1);
for i = 1:3
    for j = 1:3
        a2(i) = a2(i) + x(j) * Theta1(i, j);
    end
    a2(i) = sigmoid (a2(i));
end
```

You want to have a vectorized implementation of this (i.e., one that does not use for loops). Which of the following implementations correctly compute $a^{(2)}$? Check all that apply.



1/1

 $\begin{aligned} \textbf{5.} & \quad \text{You are using the neural network pictured below and have learned the parameters} \\ & \quad \Theta^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.5 & 1.9 \\ 1 & 1.2 & 2.7 \end{bmatrix} \text{ (used to compute } a^{(2)} \text{) and } \Theta^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -0.2 & -1.7 \end{bmatrix} \text{ (used to compute } a^{(3)} \text{) as a function of } a^{(2)} \text{). Suppose you swap the parameters for the first hidden layer between its two units so } \Theta^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1.2 & 2.7 \\ 1 & 0.5 & 1.9 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and also swap the output layer so } \Theta^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1.7 & -0.2 \end{bmatrix}. \end{aligned}$

