Spring MVC6 -增加事务管理、查看购物车

创建工程 estore6

将 estore5 相关文件复制过来,包名称中 estore5 修改为 estore6,能正常运行,进行下一步

增加事务管理

编辑 spring 配置文件(集成 mybatis)

```
<!-- 配置数据源 -->
   <bean id="dataSource" class="org.apache.tomcat.dbcp.dbcp.BasicDataSource">
      cproperty name="maxIdle" value="5"></property>
   </bean>
  <!-- 基于数据源的事务管理 -->
   <bean id="txManager"</pre>
      class="org.springframework.jdbc.datasource.DataSourceTransactionManager">
      property name="dataSource" ref="dataSource">
  </bean>
  <!-- 配置基于注解的声明式事务 -->
   <tx:annotation-driven transaction-manager="txManager"
     mode="proxy" proxy-target-class="true" />
   <bean id="sqlSessionFactory" class="org.mybatis.spring.SqlSessionFactoryBean">
      <!-- 引用数据库连接池 -->
      cproperty name="dataSource" ref="dataSource" />
      <!-- 加载mybatis-config.xml 配置-->
      cproperty name="configLocation" value="classpath:mybatis-config.xml">
      </property>
      <!-- <pre><!-- <pre>classpath:com/spring/mapper/*.xml">
        <list> <value>com/spring/entity/Zp.xml</value> </list>
      </property>
   </bean>
```

编辑 mybatis 配置文件

```
<configuration>
      cproperties resource="resources/db.properties" />
<!--
   <typeAliases>
        <typeAlias type="com.estore6.domain.CartItem" alias="CartItem"></typeAlias>
        <typeAlias type="com.estore6.domain.Product" alias="Product"></typeAlias>
    </typeAliases>
        <plugins>
    <!-- com.github.pagehelper为PageHelper类所在包名 -->
    <plugin interceptor="com.github.pagehelper.PageInterceptor">
        property name="supportMethodsArguments" value="true"/>
        cproperty name="params" value="pageNum=pageNumKey;pageSize=pageSizeKey;"/>
       cproperty name="reasonable" value="true"/>
    </plugin>
</plugins>
<!-- <environments default="development">
        <environment id="development">
            <transactionManager type="JDBC" />
            <dataSource type="P00LED">
                cproperty name="driver" value="${jdbc.driverClassName}" />
                cproperty name="url" value="${jdbc.url}" />
                cproperty name="username" value="${jdbc.username}" />
                cproperty name="password" value="${jdbc.password}" />
            </dataSource>
        </environment>
    </environments>
    <mappers>
        <mapper resource="com/estore6/mapper/ProductMapper.xml" />
        <mapper resource="com/estore6/mapper/CartMapper.xml" />
    </mappers>
</configuration>
```

声明事务管理

```
@Service
@Transactional(propagation = Propagation.REQUIRED)
public class CartServiceImpl implements CartService {
    @Autowired
    private MyDao dao;
```

编辑 MyDao

自动装配 spring 配置文件定义的 sqlSessionFactory

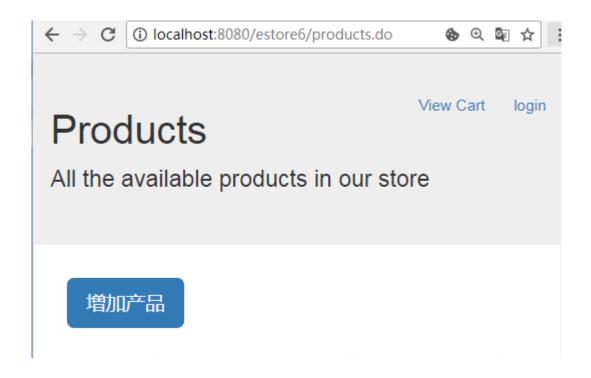
```
@Autowired
  private SqlSessionFactory sqlSessionFactory;
  private SqlSession getConn() {
       try {
            return sqlSessionFactory.openSession();
       } catch (Exception e) {
            // TODO: handle exception
            log.fatal(e.getMessage());
            return null;
       }
  }
public boolean insert(Class cls, Object obj) {
 SqlSession sqlSession = getConn();
 int n=0;
 try {
    IMapper mapper = (IMapper) sqlSession.getMapper(cls);
    n= mapper.insert(obj);
   sqlSession.commit();
  } finally {
   sqlSession.close();
  }
 return n>0;
public boolean delete(Class cls, Integer id) {
 SqlSession sqlSession = getConn();
 int n=0;
 try {
    IMapper mapper = (IMapper) sqlSession.getMapper(cls);
   n=mapper.delete(id);
   sqlSession.commit();
  } finally {
   sqlSession.close();
 }
 return n>0;
public boolean update(Class cls, Object obj) {
 SqlSession sqlSession = getConn();
  int n=0;
    IMapper mapper = (IMapper) sqlSession.getMapper(cls);
   n=mapper.update(obj);
   sqlSession.commit();
  } finally {
   sqlSession.close();
 return n>0;
}
```

删除 MyBatisDAOUtil.java 文件

显示选购商品

编辑显示商品 products.jsp

```
<body>
    <section> <div class="jumbotron">
<c:choose>
<c:when test="${sessionScope.memlogin!=null}">
<a href="loginAction/memlogout.do" class="btn btndanger"</pre>
btn-mini pull-right">logout</a>
</c:when>
<c:otherwise>
<a href="<%=basePath%>/memlogin.jsp" class="btn btndanger"
btn-mini pull-right">login</a>
</c:otherwise>
</c:choose>
    <a href="javascript:viewCart()" class="btn btndanger"</pre>
btn-mini pull-right">View Cart</a>
        <div class="container">
            <h1>Products</h1>
            All the available products in our store
        </div>
    </div>
```



编辑 isLogin.jsp

```
function isMemLogin(){
        String memLogin=(String)session.getAttribute("memlogin");
   if(memLogin==null){
   %>
       if(confirm('你还没登录,请先登录会员')) {
             window.location.href="<%=basePath %>/memlogin.jsp";
         return false;
       <%}else{
      return true;
    <%} %>
}
function viewCart(){
   if(isMemLogin())
       window.location.href="<%=basePath %>/cart.dp";
    }
}
```

cart.do 动作

```
@RequestMapping(method = RequestMethod.GET)
public String toCart() {
    return "cart";
}
```

cart.jsp

```
1 \( \text{page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=UTF-8" \)
                   pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
   3 <!DOCTYPE html>
   40 <html>
   5@ <head>
   6 <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
   7 <title>Cart</title>
   8 <%@ include file="head.jsp" %>
38 <%@ include file="head.jsp" %>
99 <script type="text/javascript">
10 function select()[
12
                $.ajax({
                            {
unl:"cart/getCartItem.do",//请求
dataType:"json",//返回json类型,list的json类型是个数组
success:function(data){//若请求成功,则将服务器传来的信息返回给data
// alert(data.length)
13
14
15
16
17
18
                            for(var i=0;ikdata.length;i++){
    total=total+data[i]["totalPrice"];
    str+=""    str+=""    str+=""+data[i]["productId"]+""
    str+=""+data[i]["price"]+""
    str+=""+data[i]["productCnt"]+""
    str+=""+data[i]["productCnt"]+""
    str+=""+data[i]["totalPrice"]+""
    str+= """+data[i]["totalPrice"]+""
    str+= """+data[i]["totalPrice"]+""
    str+= "">+data[i]["totalPrice"]+""
    class='glyphicon glyphicon-remove' /></span> Remove </a>";
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
                                  str += "";
29
30
31
                              $("#cartShow").html(str);
$("#grandTotal").html(total);
32
                    });
34 } 
35 </script> 
36 </head>
37⊖ <body>
```

```
37⊖ <body>
38⊖ <section>
39@<div class="jumbotron">
400 <div class="container">
41 <h1>Cart</h1>
42 All the selected products in your cart
43 </div>
44 </div>
45 </section>
46 < section class="container">
47⊖ <div>
490 
50⊖ <thead>
51  Product Unit price Qauntity Price Action 
52 </thead>
54  
57  
                     58 </tfoot>
59 
59 
60
61⊖ <div>
620 <a href="<spring:url value="/products.do" />" class="btn btndefault">
63 <span class="glyphicon-hand-left glyphicon"></span>
64 Continue shopping
65@</a> <a href="#" class="btn btn-success pull-right"> <span
66 class="glyphicon-shopping-cart glyphicon"></span> Check out
67 </a>
68 </div>
69 </div>
70
71 </section>
72⊖ <script type="text/javascript">
73 select();
74 </script>
75 </body>
76 </html>
```

实现 cart/getCartItem.do 动作

```
@Controller
@RequestMapping(value = "/cart")
public class CartController {
    @Autowired
    private CartService cartService;
    @Autowired
    private ProductService productService;
    Logger log = Logger.getLogger(CartController.class);
    @RequestMapping(method = RequestMethod.GET)
    public String toCart() {
        return "cart";
    @RequestMapping(value = "/getCartItem", method = RequestMethod.GET)
    public @ResponseBody List<CartItem> getCartItem(HttpServletRequest request) {
        String cartId = (String) request.getSession().getAttribute("memlogin");
        return cartService.getAllCartItems(new CartItem(null, cartId));
    }
```

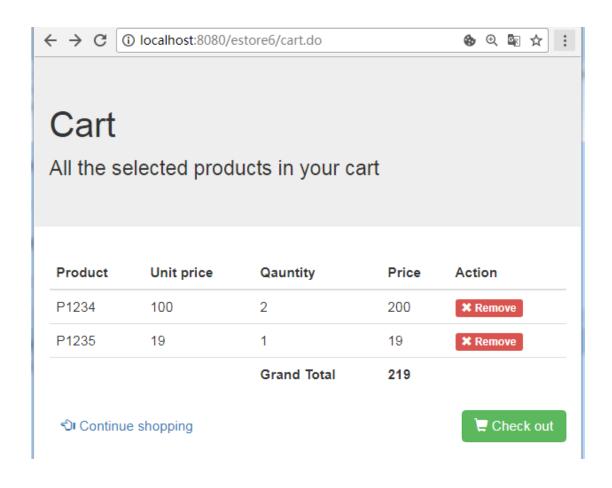
注意不需要进行 json 转换,使用 spring 自带功能(注解 ResponseBody) 地址栏请求效果



Service

```
@Override
public List<CartItem> getAllCartItems (CartItem cartItem) {
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub
    return dao.getAll(CartMapper.class, cartItem);
}
```

查看效果



参考选购商品,实现从购物车移除商品(异步实现)

注意: 删除选购商品的同时, 要调整产品表的库存数量

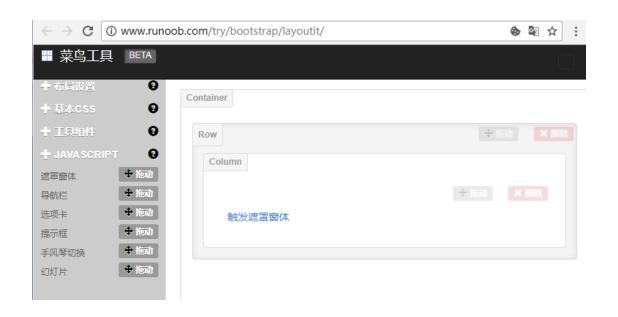
Spring MVC7- 消息提示、数据校验

创建工程 estore7

将 estore6 相关文件复制过来,包名称中 estore6 修改为 estore7,能正常运行,进行下一步

消息提示

通过菜鸟教程中可视化布局



查看遮眼罩窗体代码

下载

已在下面生成干净的HTML, 可以复制粘贴代码到你的body内

关闭

创建 dlg.jsp

复制代码过来,调整为提示会员登录消息框

```
| Second the content of the content
```

编辑 isLogin.jsp

编辑前

编辑后

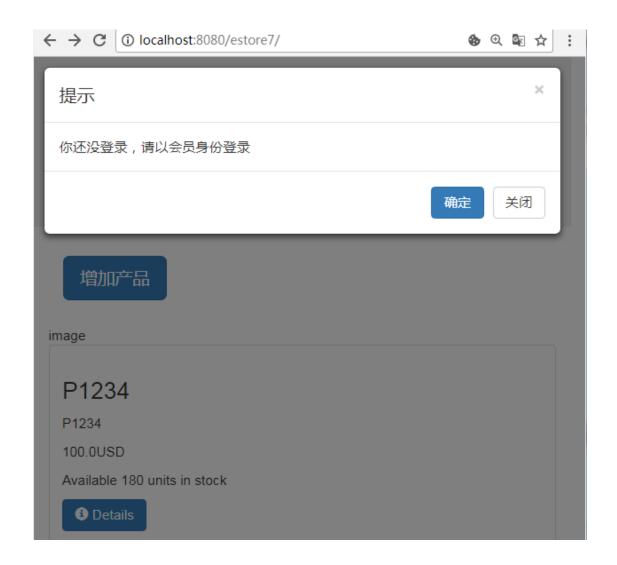
使用 dlg.jsp

在需要的地方,包含 dlg.jsp

<body>

<jsp:include page="dlg.jsp"></jsp:include>

第一打开浏览器,点击查看购物车效果



数据校验(以校验商品编码为例)

方法一:在前端用 js 校验(自己写函数、第三方写好的函数、正则表达式)方法二:在后端 java 校验(自己写函数、第三方写好的函数、正则表达式)方法三:利用校验框架(javabean validation/ custome/validation/spring validation)

Java bean validation (JSR-303)

	-		
Constraint	Description	Example	
@AssertFalse	The value of the field or property must be false.	<pre>@AssertFalse boolean isUnsupported;</pre>	
@AssertTrue	The value of the field or property must be true.	<pre>@AssertTrue boolean isActive;</pre>	
@DecimalMax	The value of the field or property must be a decimal value lower than or equal to the number in the value element.	@DecimalMax("30.00") BigDecimal discount;	
@DecimalMin	The value of the field or property must be a decimal value greater than or equal to the number in the value element.	<pre>@DecimalMin("5.00") BigDecimal discount;</pre>	
@Digits	The value of the field or property must be a number within a specified range. The integer element specifies the maximum integral digits for the number, and the fraction element specifies the maximum fractional digits for the number.	<pre>@Digits(integer=6, fraction=2) BigDecimal price;</pre>	
@Future	The value of the field or property must be a date in the future.		@Future Date eventDate;
@Max	The value of the field or property must be an integer value lower than or equal to the number in the value element.		@Max(10) int quantity;
@Min	The value of the field or property must be an integer value greater than or equal to the number in the value element.		<pre>@Min(5) int quantity;</pre>
@NotNull	The value of the field or property must not be null.		@NotNull String username;
@Null	The value of the field or property must be null.		@Null String unusedString;
@Past	The value of the field or property must be a date in the past.		@Past Date birthday;

jar 包

```
validation-api-1.0.0.GA.jar
hibernate-validator-4.2.0.Final.jar
```

编辑 Product.java

```
@Pattern(regexp="P[0-9]{4}", message="{Pattern.Product.productId.validation}")
private String productId;
```

增加消息提示(messages 相关文件)

```
Pattern.Product.productId.validation \label{lem:product} $$ \addition $$ \additio
```

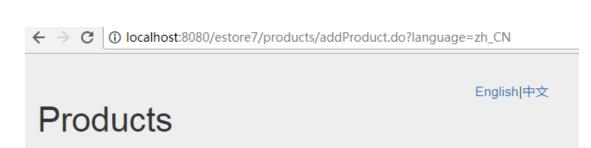
增加显示消息标签(form: errors)

编辑控制器 (ProductController.java)

```
注意: 增加校验结果形参,产品模型后面
```

编辑 spring 配置文件

运行效果



Add new product

Add products

产品编号由P和4个数字组成

产品编号

Paaa1 产品编号由P和4个数字组成

产品名称

custom validation

定义校验注解

```
package com.estore7.validator;
import java.lang.annotation.Documented;
import java.lang.annotation.Retention;
import java.lang.annotation.Target;
import static java.lang.annotation.ElementType.ANNOTATION_TYPE;
 import java.lang.annotation.ElementType;
 import static java.lang.annotation.ElementType.METHOD;
 import static java.lang.annotation.RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME;
 import javax.validation.Constraint;
 import javax.validation.Payload;
@Target({ METHOD, ElementType.FIELD, ANNOTATION_TYPE })
@Retention(RUNTIME)
@Constraint(validatedBy = ProductIdValidator.class)
@Documented
public @interface ProductId {
   String message() default "{com.estore7.validator.ProductId.message}";
     Class<?>[] groups() default {};
     public abstract Class<? extends Payload>[] payload() default {};
}
```

实现校验

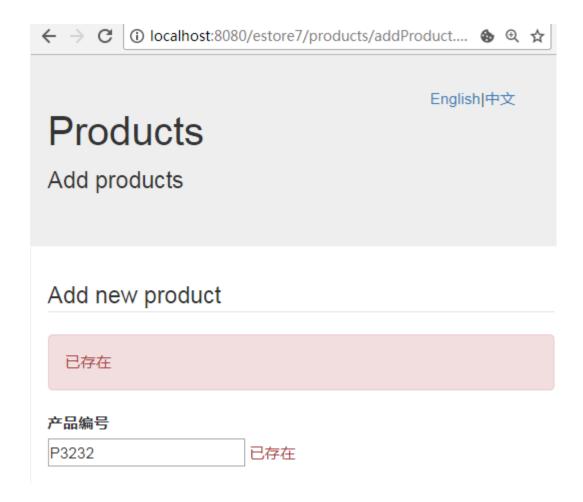
```
import javax.validation.ConstraintValidatorContext;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
import com.estore7.domain.Product;
import com.estore7.service.ProductService;
@Component
public class ProductIdValidator implements ConstraintValidatorProductId, String> {
   @Autowired
   private ProductService productService;
    public void initialize(ProductId constraintAnnotation) {
   public boolean isValid(String value, ConstraintValidatorContext context) {
        Product product;
        try {
            product = productService.getProductById(value);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            return true;
        if (product != null) {
            return false;
        return true;
   }
}
```

使用校验

```
@Pattern(regexp="P[0-9]{4}", message="{Pattern.Product.productId.validation}")
@ProductId
private String productId;
```

属性文件增加相关提示消息

运行效果



Spring Validation

创建价格校验器

```
@Component
public class UnitPriceValidator implements Validator {
   @Autowired
   private javax.validation.Validator beanValidator;
   public boolean supports(Class<?> clazz) {
        return Product.class.isAssignableFrom(clazz);
   public void validate(Object target, Errors errors) {
        * 若注释这段,则之前校验无效,如下代码绑定bean validation 和 spring validation
        * Set<ConstraintViolation<Object>> constraintViolations =
        * beanValidator.validate(target); for (ConstraintViolation<Object>
        * constraintViolation : constraintViolations) { String propertyPath =
        * constraintViolation.getPropertyPath().toString(); String message =
         * constraintViolation.getMessage(); errors.rejectValue(propertyPath,
         * "", message); }
        Product product = (Product) target;
        if (product.getUnitPrice() != null && product.getUnitPrice() <= 0) {</pre>
           errors.rejectValue("unitPrice", "Pattern.Product.unitPrice.validation");
   }
}
```

设置校验器

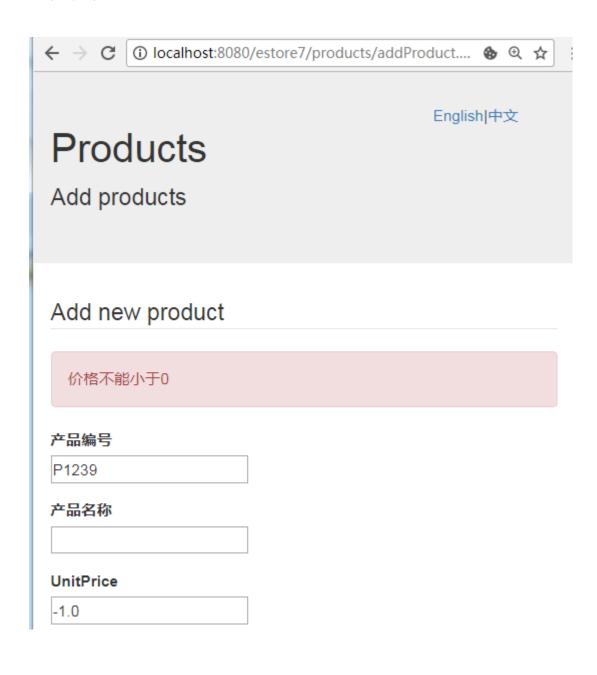
```
@Controller
@RequestMapping("/products")
public class ProductController {

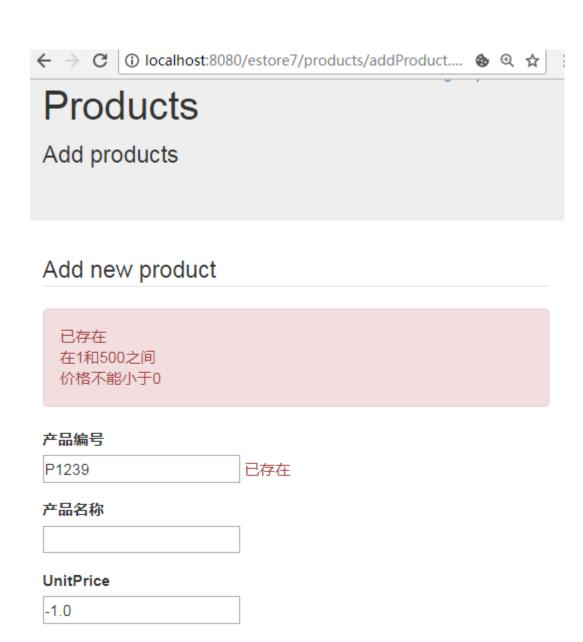
   Logger log = Logger.getLogger(ProductController.class);
     @Autowired
     private UnitPriceValidator unitsInStockValidator;

     @InitBinder
     public void initBinder(WebDataBinder binder) {
          binder.setValidator(unitsInStockValidator);
     }

     @Autowired
     private ProductService productService;
```

运行效果





绑定多个 Spring 校验器

1. Create a class called ProductValidator

```
public class ProductValidator implements Validator{
 @Autowired
 private javax.validation.Validator beanValidator;
 private Set<Validator> springValidators;
 public ProductValidator() {
   springValidators = new HashSet<Validator>();
 public void setSpringValidators(Set<Validator>springValidators) {
   this.springValidators = springValidators;
 public boolean supports(Class<?> clazz) {
   return Product.class.isAssignableFrom(clazz);
   public void validate(Object target, Errors errors) {
     Set<ConstraintViolation<Object>> constraintViolations
=beanValidator.validate(target);
     for (ConstraintViolation<Object> constraintViolation
 :constraintViolations) {
       String propertyPath
=constraintViolation.getPropertyPath().toString();
       String message = constraintViolation.getMessage();
       errors.rejectValue(propertyPath, "", message);
     }
```

```
for(Validator validator: springValidators) {
   validator.validate(target, errors);
}
}
```

2 配置校验器 (ref 可以引用多个校验器)

Now, open the web application context configuration file DispatcherServletcontext.xml and add the following bean definition to it:

Create one more bean definition for the UnitsInStockValidator class, as follows, and save DispatcherServlet-context.xml:

```
<bean id="unitsInStockValidator"
class="com.packt.webstore.validator.UnitsInStockValidator"/>
```

3 将如下校验器修改为 ProductValidator 即可

```
@Controller
@RequestMapping("/products")
public class ProductController {
    Logger log = Logger.getLogger(ProductController.class);
    @Autowired
    private UnitPriceValidator unitsInStockValidator;

@InitBinder
public void initBinder(WebDataBinder binder) {
        binder.setValidator(unitsInStockValidator);
    }

@Autowired
private ProductService productService;
```