

CS 350/491 WEB APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

String

```
var fileName = "JohnDoe_lab14.pdf";
```

What is the username? What's the lab Number? What type of file?

var fileName = "Spring2015_CS350_1.pdf"

What is the semester? Course? Section? File?

Username: siu850123456

Would SIU850123456 be a valid input?

- Length
 - Every string has a length

```
var txt="Hello World!";
document.write(txt.length);
12
```

- Accessing characters
 - To access a single character, use charAt call. First character starts at 0:

```
var str = "catty"
alert( str.charAt(0) )
```

You can also use index to access the character:

```
var str = "catty"
alert( str[0])
```

- trim()
 - Removes whitespace from both ends of a string

```
var str = " Hello World! ";
alert(str.trim());
```

```
Hello World!
```

- indexOf()
 - This method returns the position of the first occurrence of a specified value in a string.

```
var str="Hello world";
document.write(str.indexOf("w"));
```

- substring()
 - The substring() method extracts the characters from a string, between two specified indices, and returns the new sub string.

```
var Name ="Hello world";
document.write(Name.substring(1,4));
```



- toUpperCase()
 - Converts a string to uppercase letters

```
var str = "Hello World!";
var res = str.toUpperCase();
HELLO WORLD!
```

- toLowerCase()
 - Converts a string to lowercase letters

```
var str = "Hello World!";
var res = str.toLowerCase();
hello world!
```

- lastIndexOf()
 - Returns the position of the last found occurrence of a specified value in a string

```
var str ="Hello world";
document.write(str.lastIndexOf("o"));
7
```

replace()
 replaces the matched substring with a new substring

- isNaN()
 - This function returns true if the value is "Not a Number", and false if not.

```
var str ="Hello world";
document.write(isNaN(str));
var str ="123";
                                        false
document.write(isNaN(str));
var str ="4/22/2014";
document.write(isNaN(str));
                                         true
```

isNaN()

String Properties and Method

```
var Name = "Computer Science 2015";
                          Computer Science 2015
Name.trim()
                          21
Name.length
Name.charAt(2)
                           m
Name.indexOf("S")
Name.substring(12,15)
                          enc
Name.toLowerCase()
                          computer science 2015
Name.toUpperCase()
                          computer science 2015
Name.lastIndexOf("e")
                          15
Name.replace("", "")
                          Computer_Science 2015
isNaN(Name)
                          True
```

True

isNaN(Name.charAt(5))

Lab 7: Parse the Filename (15 Points)

- Given the name of a file, determine the Semester, Year, Course, Section and File Type as shown below
- var fileName = "Fall2015_CS350_1.pdf"
- Display the following result

Semester: fall

Year: **2015**

Program: CS

Course Number: 350

Section: 1

File Type: **pdf**

Test your code with the following file names:

- 1. Summer2015_CS412_940.pdf
- 2. Fall2012_CS221_1.pdf
- 3. Fall2013_CS391G_940.pdf

Lab 8: Using a table to display results (10 Points)

- Prompt the user to inform the <u>start number</u>
- Prompt the user to inform the end number
- Calculate the <u>squares</u> and the <u>cubes</u> of all numbers within the range informed by the user
- You must create <u>one function</u> to calculate the Square and <u>one</u> function to calculate the Cube inside the script file

Number	Square	Cube
5	25	125
6	36	216
7	49	343
8	64	512
9	81	729
10	100	1000
11	121	1331
12	144	1728
13	169	2197
14	196	2744
15	225	3375