

Comutarea lui f și f^{-1}

$$f: A \rightarrow B; C \subseteq A; D \subseteq B$$

$$\text{Im } f(C) = \{f(x) \mid x \in C\} \subseteq B$$

$$\text{Preim } f^{-1}(D) = \{x \in A \mid f(x) \in D\} \subseteq A$$

$$f^{-1}(B) = A$$

$$f(A) = B \Leftrightarrow f \text{ surj.}$$

Tema: de dem.

$$"f^{-1}(f(C)) \supseteq C, \text{ cu } "=" \forall C \subseteq A \Leftrightarrow f \text{ inj.}"$$

$$"f(f^{-1}(D)) \subseteq D, \text{ cu } "=" \forall D \subseteq B \Leftrightarrow f \text{ surj.}"$$

$$f(\underbrace{f^{-1}(B)}_{=A}) = f(A)$$

Exerciții: $A, B \rightarrow \text{mult.}, A \neq \emptyset, B \neq \emptyset,$

$$f: A \rightarrow B$$

$$J, J \rightarrow \text{mult.}, J \neq \emptyset, J \neq \emptyset$$

$$(A_i)_{i \in J} \subseteq J(A) \text{ (i.e. } \forall i \in J) A_i \in \mathcal{P}(A)$$

$$(B_i)_{i \in J} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(B) \text{ (i.e. } \forall i \in J) B_i \in \mathcal{P}(B)$$

dem. ca:

$$(1) f^{-1}\left(\bigcup_{i \in J} B_i\right) = \bigcup_{i \in J} f^{-1}(B_i)$$

$$(2) f\left(\bigcup_{i \in J} A_i\right) = \bigcup_{i \in J} f(A_i)$$