

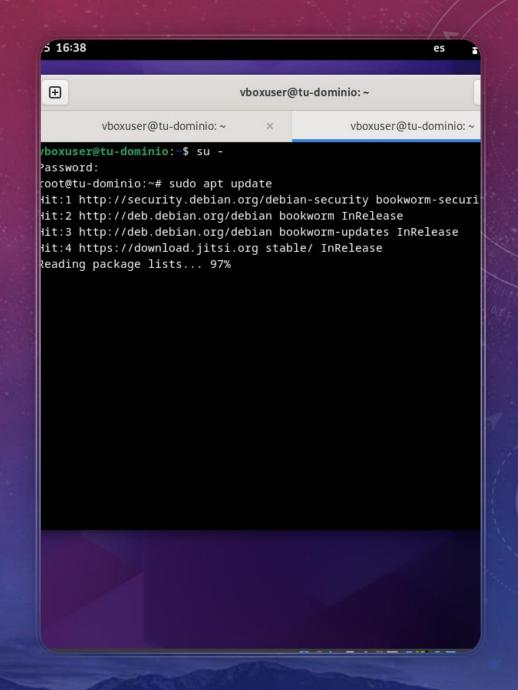
MARIA DB EN DEBIAN Y DBEAVER

ASIGNATURA: COMPUTACION EN LA NUBE

PROFESOR: RONALD BARROS

ALUMNO: CATALINA BASCUÑAN

ACTUALIZAMOS DEBIAN

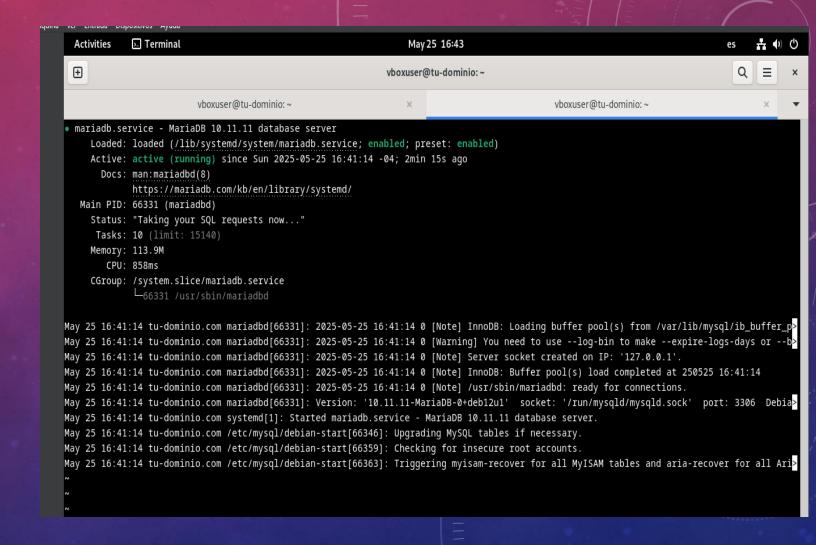


COMPROBAMOS

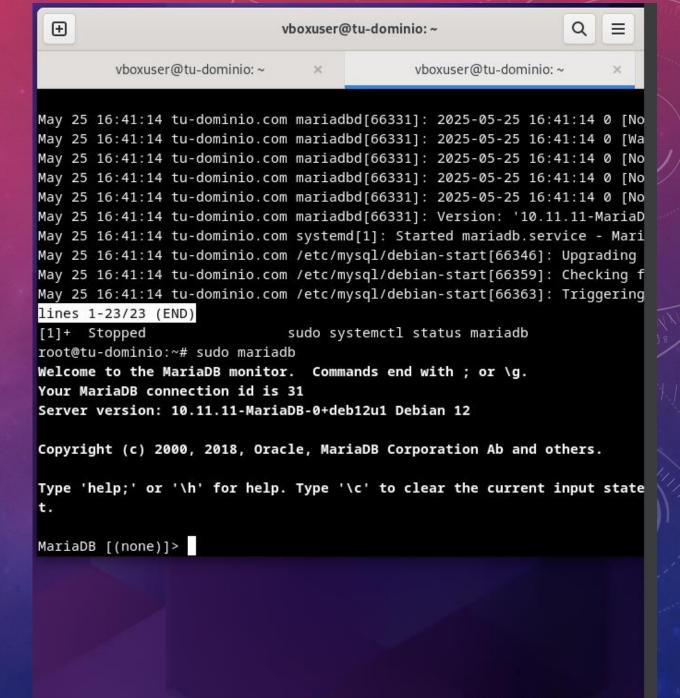
vboxuser@tu-dominio: ~ Q vboxuser@tu-dominio: ~ vboxuser@tu-dominio: ~ ting up mariadb-plugin-provider-lz4 (1:10.11.11-0+deb12u1) ... ting up mariadb-plugin-provider-snappy (1:10.11.11-0+deb12u1) ... cessing triggers for man-db (2.11.2-2) ... cessing triggers for libc-bin (2.36-9+deb12u10) ... cessing triggers for mariadb-server (1:10.11.11-0+deb12u1) ... nning processes... nning linux images... ning kernel seems to be up-to-date. services need to be restarted. containers need to be restarted. user sessions are running outdated binaries. VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (gemu) binaries on this H t@tu-dominio:~# mysql --version ql Ver 15.1 Distrib 10.11.11-MariaDB, for debian-linux-gnu (x86_64 EditLine wrapper t@tu-dominio:~# t@tu-dominio:~# t@tu-dominio:~# t@tu-dominio:~# 🍒 💿 🔰 🗗 🤌 🧰 🖭 🚰 👸 🚱 🛂 CTRL DERECH

6:41

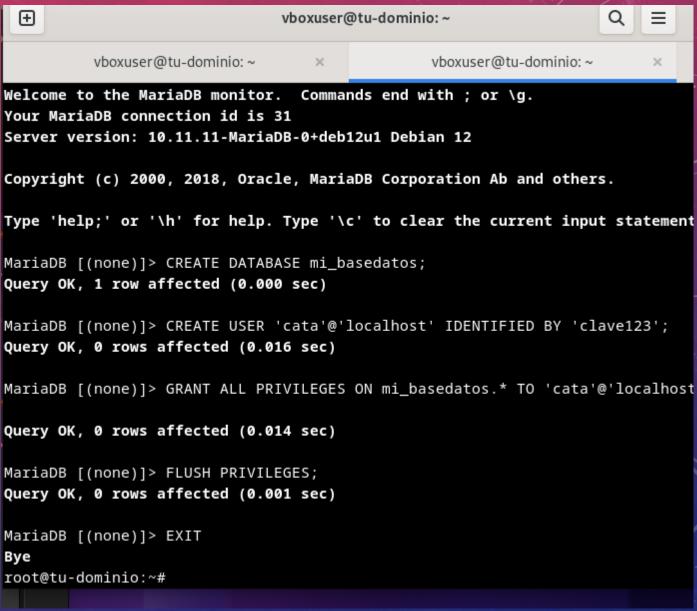
VERIFICAMOS QUE SE HAYA CREADO Y ESTE ACTIVO



ACCEDEMOS A NUESTRA BASE DE DATOS





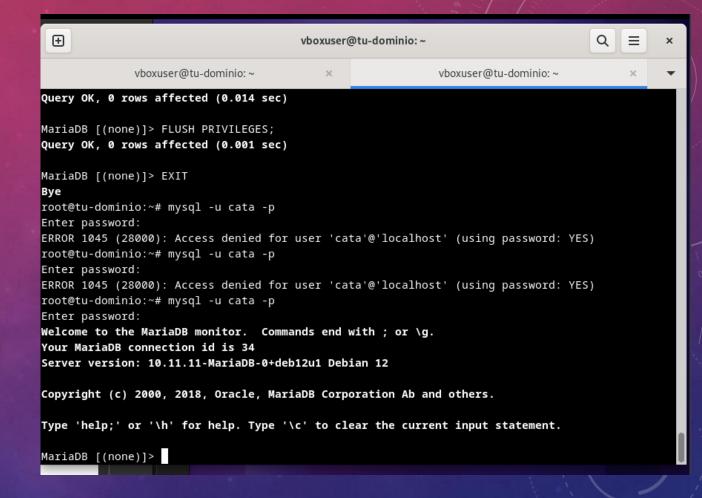


CONTY
CREAMOS NUESTRA BASE DE DATOS
QU
CREAMOS EL USUARIO Y CONTRASEÑA
QU
LE DAREMOS PERMISOS
Ma

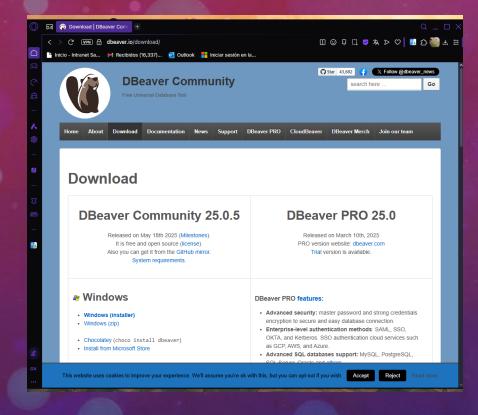
APLICAMOS LOS CAMBIOS DE PERMISO

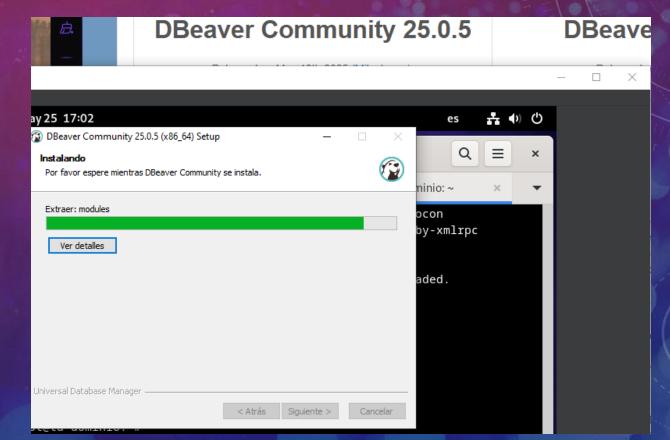
SALIMOS DE MARIADB

PROBAREMOS LA CONEXIÓN Y YA ESTARÍA LISTA NUESTRA BASE DE DATOS

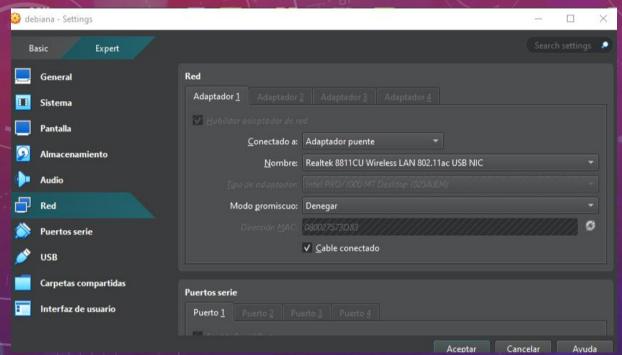


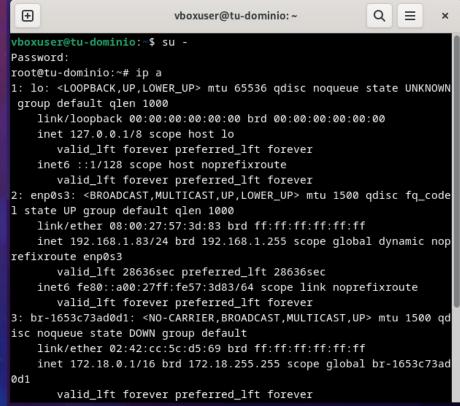
INSTALAMOS DBEAVER EN NUESTRO WINDOWS

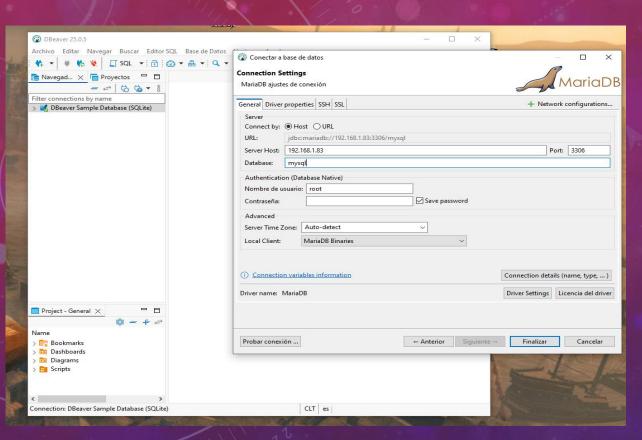




ASEGURAMOS QUE ESTE EN ADAPTADOR PUENTE PARA QUE TENGA UNA IP PROPIA NUESTRA VM QUE DESPUÉS USAREMOS PARA CONECTAR A DBEAVER







ACA PONDREMOS EN HOST NUESTRA
IP DE LA VM Y NUESTRO USUARIO Y
CONTRASEÑA QUE CREAMOS EN
MARIADB

```
\oplus
                                                              Q =
                            vboxuser@tu-dominio: ~
        CPU: 2.282s
    CGroup: /system.slice/mariadb.service
             -808 /usr/sbin/mariadbd
May 25 17:09:50 tu-dominio.com mariadbd[808]: 2025-05-25 17:09:50 0 [Note
May 25 17:09:50 tu-dominio.com mariadbd[808]: 2025-05-25 17:09:50 0 [Note
May 25 17:09:50 tu-dominio.com mariadbd[808]: 2025-05-25 17:09:50 0 [Warr
May 25 17:09:50 tu-dominio.com mariadbd[808]: 2025-05-25 17:09:50 0 [Note
May 25 17:09:50 tu-dominio.com mariadbd[808]: 2025-05-25 17:09:50 0 [Note
May 25 17:09:50 tu-dominio.com mariadbd[808]: Version: '10.11.11-MariaDB-
May 25 17:09:50 tu-dominio.com systemd[1]: Started mariadb.service - Mari
May 25 17:09:50 tu-dominio.com /etc/mysql/debian-start[967]: Upgrading My
May 25 17:09:51 tu-dominio.com /etc/mysql/debian-start[985]: Checking for
May 25 17:09:52 tu-dominio.com /etc/mysql/debian-start[992]: Triggering m
lines 6-28
[1]+ Stopped
                              sudo systemctl status mariadb
root@tu-dominio:~#
root@tu-dominio:~#
root@tu-dominio:~#
root@tu-dominio:~#
root@tu-dominio:~#
root@tu-dominio:~#
root@tu-dominio:~# sudo nano /etc/mysql/mariadb.conf.d/50-server.cnf
```

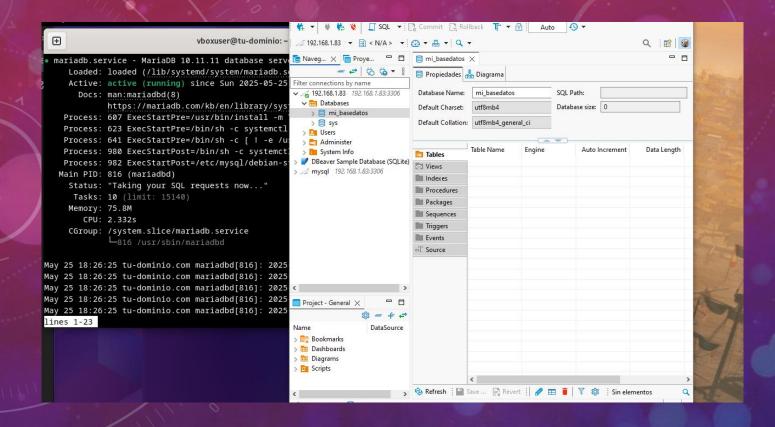
EDITAMOS EL ARCHIVO PARA PERMITIR CONEXIONES REMOTAS

```
\oplus
                             vboxuser@tu-dominio: ~
                                                                Q
                    /etc/mysql/mariadb.conf.d/50-server.cnf
 GNU nano 7.2
Instead of skip-networking the default is now to listen only on
# localhost which is more compatible and is not less secure.
                        = 127.0.0.1
bind-address
 * Fine Tuning
#key_buffer_size
                        = 128M
#max_allowed_packet
#thread stack
                        = 192K
#thread_cache_size
# This replaces the startup script and checks MyISAM tables if needed
# the first time they are touched
#myisam_recover_options = BACKUP
#max_connections
#table_cache
                        = 64
                                                          ^T Execute
^G Help
              ^O Write Out
                             ^W Where Is
                                           ^K Cut
                 Read File
^X Exit
                               Replace
                                           ^U Paste
                                                             Justify
```

EN BIN-ADDRESS CAMBIAREMOS EL VALOR DE 127.0.0.1 POR 0.0.0.0

```
MariaDB [(none)]> EXIT;
Bye
root@tu-dominio:~# sudo ufw allow 3306
```

LE DAREMOS CONEXIÓN AL PUERTO 3306, EL MISMO DE NUESTRO DBEAVER CUANDO LO CONFIGURAMOS



Y ACÁ YA TENEMOS NUESTRAS BASES DE DATOS CONECTADAS

SABER CONECTAR Y USAR DBEAVER CON BASES DE DATOS EN DEBIAN TE HACE MÁS VERSÁTIL, INDEPENDIENTE Y VALIOSA EN CUALQUIER EQUIPO TÉCNICO