

Operati aritmetice de baza

Adunarea

in baza 10:

$$\begin{array}{r} 2046 \\ + 382 \\ \hline 2428 \end{array}$$

$0+6+2=8$; $8:10=0 \text{ rest } 8$
 $0+4+8=12$; $12:10=1 \text{ rest } 2$
 $1+0+3=4$; $4:10=0 \text{ rest } 4$
 $0+2+0=2$; $2:10=0 \text{ rest } 2$

in baza p

$$\begin{array}{r} a_n a_{n-1} \dots a_1 a_0 (p) \\ + b_m b_{m-1} \dots b_1 b_0 (p) \\ \hline c_k c_{k-1} \dots c_1 c_0 (p) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1D_{(16)} \\ + 25C_{(16)} \\ \hline 279_{(16)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 101101001_{(2)} \\ + 4011010_{(2)} \\ \hline 111000011_{(2)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10221_{(3)} \\ + 2201_{(3)} \\ \hline 20122_{(3)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 67345_{(8)} \\ + 2134_{(8)} \\ \hline 71501_{(8)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12302_{(4)} \\ + 21231_{(4)} \\ \hline 100133_{(4)} \end{array}$$

$$i = 0, \max(m, n)$$

$$x_0 = 0$$

$$(x_i + a_i + b_i) : p = x_{i+1} \text{ rest } c_i$$

$$k = \begin{cases} \max(m, n) & , x_{\max(m, n)+1} \\ \max(m, n) + 1, \text{ altfel} & ; c_k = x_{\max(m, n)+1} \end{cases}$$

$$13 + 12 = 25_{(10)} = 19_{(16)}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8786231_{(9)} \\ + 432113_{(9)} \\ \hline 10328344_{(9)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 135621_{(7)} \\ + 512653_{(7)} \\ \hline 651604_{(7)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3472_{(5)} \\ + 233_{(5)} \\ \hline 4200_{(5)} \end{array}$$

$$3 + 8 = 11_{(10)} =$$

$$11 : 9 = 1 \text{ rest } 2$$

$$2 + 4 + 1 = 7$$

$$12 : 9 = 1 \text{ rest } 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25432_{(6)} \\ + 5411_{(6)} \\ \hline 35243_{(6)} \end{array}$$

$$4 + 4 = 8_{(10)}$$

$$8 : 6 = 1 \text{ rest } 2$$

$$6 + 9 = 15_{(10)}$$

$$15 : 6 = 2 \text{ rest } 3$$

Exercice

en base 10:

$$\begin{array}{r} \overset{-1}{5} \overset{\leftarrow}{8} 0 5_{(10)} - \\ 7 2 3_{(10)} \\ \hline 5 0 8 2_{(10)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 0 + 5 - 3 &= 2 \geq 0 \\ 0 + 0 - 2 &= -2 < 0; 10 - 2 = 8 \\ -1 + 8 - 7 &= 0 \geq 0 \\ 0 + 5 - 0 &= 5 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

en base p

precondition: $A \geq B$

$$\begin{array}{r} a_n a_{n-1} \dots a_1 a_0_{(p)} - \\ b_m b_{m-1} \dots b_1 b_0_{(p)} \\ \hline c_n c_{n-1} \dots c_1 c_0_{(p)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} i &= \overline{0, n} \\ x_0 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$c_i = \begin{cases} x_i + a_i - b_i, & \text{daca } x_i + a_i - b_i \geq 0, x_{i+1} = 0 \\ x_i + a_i - b_i + p, & \text{altfel; } x_{i+1} = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 -1 -1 -1 \\ 1 0 0 0 0 - \\ 7 3 2 A_{(16)} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 C D 6_{(16)} \\ \overset{-1}{5} 2 \overset{-1}{3} 7 4_{(16)} - \\ 4 2 7 2 3_{(16)} \\ \hline 1 0 1 5 7_{(16)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \overset{-1}{1} 0 \overset{-1}{1} 0 \overset{-1}{1} 1 0 0_{(2)} - \\ 1 1 0 0 1 1 0_{(2)} \\ \hline 1 0 0 0 1 1 0_{(2)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \overset{-1}{2} \overset{-1}{2} \overset{-1}{1} 0 1_{(3)} - \\ 2 1 2_{(3)} \\ \hline 2 1 1 1 2_{(3)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \overset{-1}{1} \overset{-1}{3} 2 0 1 - \\ 2 3 1 1_{(4)} \\ \hline 1 0 2 3 0_{(4)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \overset{-1}{3} 2 4 1 1 - \\ 2 1 4 1_{(5)} \\ \hline 3 0 2 2 0_{(5)} \end{array}$$

Inmultirea cu cifra

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{in baza 10: } \overset{+1}{7} \overset{+0}{0} \overset{+1}{2} \overset{+2}{4} (10)^* \\ \underline{6(10)} \\ 4 \ 2 \ 1 \ 4 \ 4 (10) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 0 + 4 \times 6 = 24 ; 24 : 10 = 2 \text{ rest } 4 \\ 2 + 2 \times 6 = 14 ; 14 : 10 = 1 \text{ rest } 4 \\ 1 + 0 \times 6 = 1 ; 1 : 10 = 0 \text{ rest } 1 \\ 0 + 7 \times 6 = 42 ; 42 : 10 = 4 \text{ rest } 2 \end{array}$$

in baza p

$$\begin{array}{r} \leftarrow i = \overline{0, n} \\ a_n a_{n-1} \dots a_1 a_0 (p)^* \\ \underline{b(p)} \end{array}$$

$$r_{m+1} r_0 \dots r_1 r_0 (p)$$

$$i = \overline{0, n} \\ r_0 = 0$$

$$(r_i + a_i \times b) : p = r_{i+1} \text{ rest } r_i \\ r_{m+1} = r_{n+1}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \overset{+1}{3} \overset{+1}{0} \overset{+1}{1} \overset{+2}{2} \overset{+2}{1} (4)^* \\ \underline{2(4)} \\ 1 \ 2 \ 0 \ 3 \ 0 \ 2 (4) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \overset{+1}{7} \overset{+1}{0} \overset{+1}{3} \overset{+2}{2} \overset{+2}{1} \overset{+2}{0} (8)^* \\ \underline{3(8)} \\ 15 \ 1 \ 1 \ 6 \ 3 \ 0 (8) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \overset{+1}{A} \overset{+1}{2} \overset{+1}{3} \overset{+2}{A} (16)^* \\ \underline{5(16)} \\ 3 \ 2 \ 3 \ 3 \ 1 (16) \end{array}$$

$$13 \cdot 5 = 65$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \overset{+3}{6} \overset{+2}{4} \overset{+1}{3} \overset{+1}{0} \overset{+1}{1} \overset{+1}{2} (7)^* \\ \underline{6(7)} \\ 1 \ 2 \ 5 \ 4 \ 1 \ 0 \ 5 (7) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \overset{+5}{3} \overset{+3}{1} \overset{+3}{0} \overset{+3}{5} \overset{+3}{4} (6)^* \\ \underline{5(6)} \end{array}$$

$$2 \ 3 \ 5 \ 7 \ 4 \ 2 (6)$$

$$5 \times 3 = 20$$

$$20 : 6 = 3 \text{ rest } 2$$

$$5 \cdot 5 + 3 = 25 + 3 = 28$$

$$28 : 6 = 4 \text{ rest } 4$$

$$5 \cdot 0 + 4 = 4 : 6 = 0 \text{ rest } 4$$

$$5 : 6 = 0 \text{ rest } 5$$

$$15 : 6 = 2 \text{ rest } 3$$

Împărțirea la oricărei

în baza 10: $\rightarrow 2034_{(10)}; 3_{(10)} = 0678_{(10)} \text{ rest } 0_{(10)}$

$$(0 \cdot 10 + 2) : 3 = 0 \text{ rest } 2$$

$$(2 \cdot 10 + 0) : 3 = 20 : 3 = 6 \text{ rest } 2$$

$$(2 \cdot 10 + 3) : 3 = 23 : 3 = 7 \text{ rest } 2$$

$$(2 \cdot 10 + 4) : 3 = 24 : 3 = 8 \text{ rest } 0$$

în baza p:

$\rightarrow a_n a_{n-1} \dots a_1 a_0_{(p)}; b_{(p)} = r_n r_{n-1} \dots r_1 r_0_{(p)} \text{ rest } r_{(p)}$

$i = \overline{n, 0}$

$$r_n = 0$$

$$(r_i \cdot p + a_i) : b = r_{i+1} \text{ rest } r_i; r = r_{i-1}$$

$$17A: 2_{(16)} = 030_{(16)} \text{ rest } 0_{(16)}$$

$$1 : 2 = 0 \text{ rest } 1$$

$$(16 \cdot 1 + 7) : 2 = 23 : 2 = 11 \text{ rest } 1$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2037_{(16)} : 4_{(5)} = 1045_{(16)} \\ 4 : 4 = 1, \text{ rest } = 0_{(5)} \end{array}$$

$$2 : 4 = 0, \text{ rest } = 2 \Rightarrow (2 \cdot 9 + 0) : 4 = 18 : 4 = 4, \text{ rest } = 2$$

$$(2 \cdot 9 + 3) : 4 = 21 : 4 = 5, \text{ rest } = 1$$

$$(1 \cdot 9 + 7) : 4 = 16 : 4 = 4, \text{ rest } = 0$$