



## **CONTENT**

- 1. Conditions
- 2. Cycles
- 3. lists
- 4. input and output
- 5. Functions
- 6. tuples
- 7. Combination of lists and tuples

## **Conditions**

```
if x < y:
    print("menor")
elif x > y:
    print("maior")
else:
    print("igual")
```

# **Cycles**

```
n = 6
current_sum = 0
i = 0
while i<= n:
    current_sum += i
    i += 1
print(current_sum)</pre>
```

```
for x in range(5): # 0, 1, 2, 3, 4
    print(x)

for x in range(3,10): # 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9
    print(x)

for x in range(3,10,2): #3, 5, 7, 9
    print(x)
```

### lists

#### Example

considering the list

```
xs = [12, 10, 32, 3, 66, 17, 42, 99, 20]
```

Determine the mean, largest, and smallest element

```
soma = 0
maior = 0
menor = 99999
for x in xs:
    soma += x
    if x > maior:
        maior = x
    if x < menor:
        menor = x
print("Média:", soma / len(xs))
print("Maior:", maior)
print("Menor:", menor)</pre>
```

## **Input and Output**

```
nome = input("Introduzir o nome: ")
idade = int(input("Introduzir a idade: "))
print("O nome é {0} e a idade {1}".format(nome, str(idade)))
```

## **Functions**

```
def soma(a, b):
    resultado = a + b
    return resultado
```

```
def soma(a, b):
    return a + b
```

soma(3,5)



### tuples

- Ordered sequences of elements: (e1, e2, ..., en )
- Access to elements by indexes
- Immutable
- · Operations with tuples:

```
xs = ("Pedro", 12)
print(len(xs))
               # [Tamanho]
print(xs + ("João", 14)) # [Concatenação] ('Pedro', 12, 'João', 14)
print(2 * xs) # Repetição
                                           ('Pedro', 12, 'Pedro', 12)
                     # Pertença
print(12 in xs)
                                           True
                      # "Pedro"
print(xs[0])
xs[1] = 14  # TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment l=list(xs)  # converte tuplo para lista
xs2 = tuple(l) # converte lista para tuplo
for x in xs:
                       # Iteração
   print(x)
```

### **Combination of lists and tuples**

represent an agenda

Add entries (name and email) to the calendar

```
def adicionar(agenda, nome, email):
    agenda.append((nome, email))

adicionar(minhaAgenda, "José Carlos", "jc@mail.pt")
print(minhaAgenda)
# [('Maria João', 'mj@mail.pt'),
# ('José Manuel', 'jm@mail.pt'),
# ('João Pedro', 'jp@mail.pt'),
# ('José Carlos', 'jc@mail.pt')]
```

Search for names in the agenda and return the

amail

```
def procurar(agenda, texto):
    emails = []
    for (nome, email) in agenda:
        if texto in nome:
            print(nome)
            emails.append(email)
    return emails

print(procurar(minhaAgenda, "João"))
# ['mj@mail.pt', 'jp@mail.pt']
```



Do conhecimento à prática.