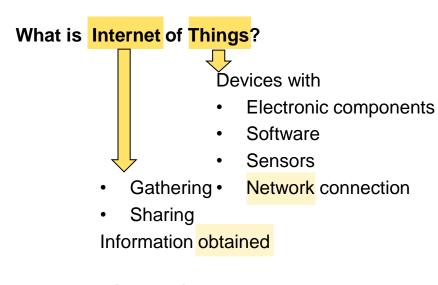
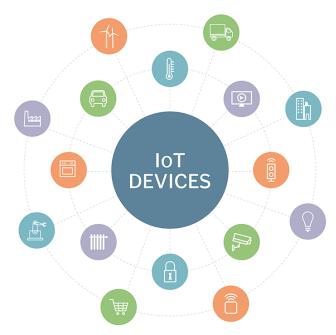




# **CONTENT**

- 1. Overview
- 2. Applications
- 3. Potential
- 4. Challenges
- 5. Performance measures





[https://internetofthingsagenda.techtarget.com/definition/loT-device]

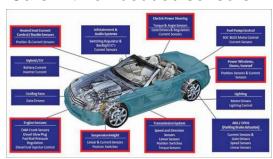
#### What does it allow?

- "Things" to be controlled remotely
- More direct integration between physical and virtual
- Improves:
  - Efficiency
  - Precision
  - **Economical benefits**



### What "things"?

Cars with embedded sensors



### Firefighter assistance devices



#### Sources

http://waypoint-systems.com/Blog/?p=133

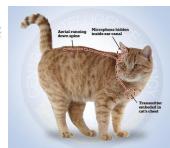
https://www.dailymail.co.uk/sciencetech/article-4455714/The-CIA-implanted-microphones-skin-CATS.html https://electronicsforu.com/technology-trends/tech-focus/automobile-industry-sensor

https://venturebeat.com/2019/01/16/medtronic-debuts-first-apps-to-let-heart-patients-monitor-their-pacemakers/http://blueapp.io/blog/iot-and-fire-safety-go-hand-in-hand/

https://www.mi-store.se/en/sports-health/fitness-tracker/xiaomi-mi-band-4

## Microchips in animals





## Implants that monitor heart problems



#### "Smart fitness" devices





#### How does it work?

By joining different technologies

#### Examples:

- "Miniaturization"
- Communication
- Cooperation
- Identification
- Routing
- Location
- Sensors
- Actuators
- Embedded processing
- Graphical interfaces

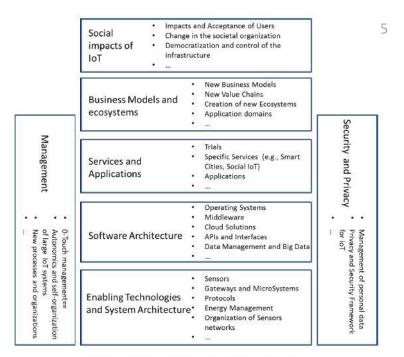
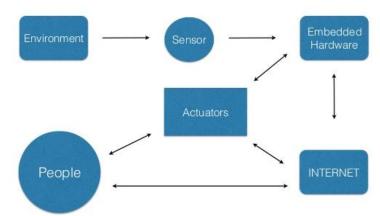


Figure 1. Technological and social aspects related to IoT

IEEE Internet of Things, "Towards a definition of the Internet of Things (IoT)" Ver 1., 27 May 2015



[https://www.navitrac.co.ke/iot/]





[http://garibaldimortgage.com/the-smart-home-room-by-room-smart-home-series/]

1) User is going out (detect user)

What kind of sensor?
Difference between father and son
Identify the reason of going out
Identify other things (example: store Schedule)

2) There is no milk (detect object)

What kind of sensor? No milk, or not enough milk? (prediction)

3) Use the information to decide (processing)

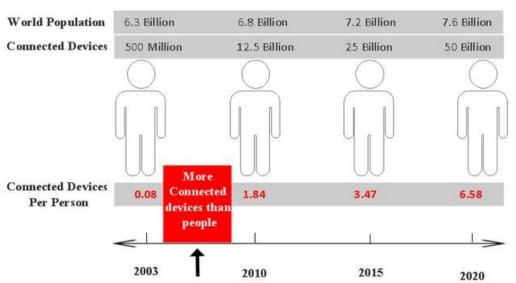
Where is the processor?
What are the rules?
Fixed or dynamic rules (learning)

4) Inform the user (communicate)

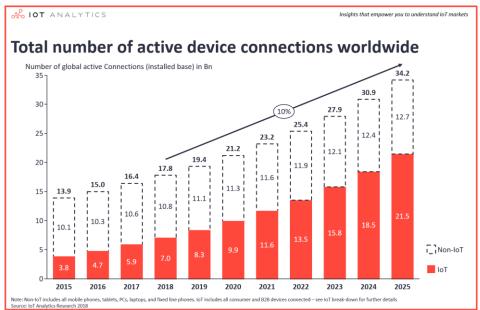
How? When? Privacy? Information overload?



#### How is the future?



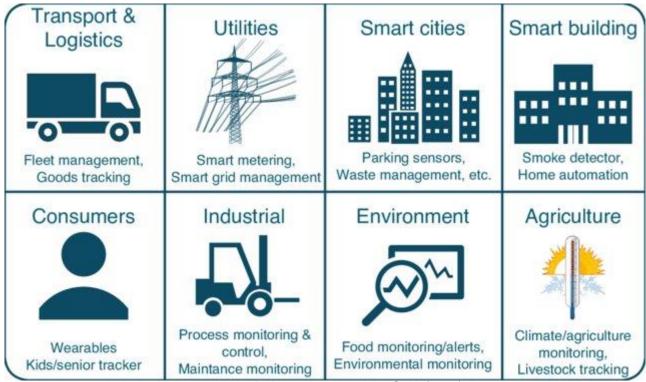
Militano, L., Araniti, G., Condoluci, M., Farris, I., & Iera, A. (2015). Device-to-device communications for 5G internet of things. *EAI Endorsed Trans. Internet Things*, *1*(1), 1-15.



[https://iot-analytics.com/state-of-the-iot-update-q1-q2-2018-number-of-iot-devices-now-7b/]



## **IoT Applications**



Boulogeorgos, A. A. A., Diamantoulakis, P. D., & Karagiannidis, G. K. (2016). Low power wide area networks (Ipwans) for internet of things (iot) applications: Research challenges and future trends. arXiv preprint arXiv:1611.07449.



## IoT potential

# THE INTERNET OF THINGS

Industries
currently
benefitting
from Io1:

Automotive Banking Marine Property Energy Aerospace Healthcare Manufacturing Food

Safety Driverless cars, worker accident prevention

Etitloingy Biometric banking, smart TVs & thermostats

Decision Making Date driven insights

Infrastructure Risk triggers, electrical networks & predictive maintenance

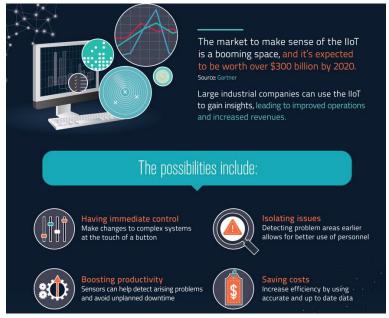


The "Internet of Things" is By the way, that will be around 9 exploding. It's made up of **26 SMART OBJECTS** billions of "smart" devices--from for every human being on Earth. miniscule chips to mammoth machines--that use wireless technology to talk to each other (and to us). Our IoT world is 8.3% growing at a breathtaking pace--from 2 billion objects in 2006 to a projected 200 billion RETAIL by 2020.

#### The potential for IoT?

The power of IoT is not the data that already exists. But the potential data that can be harvested from the world.





[https://www.visioncritical.com/blog/internet-of-things-infographics, Last updated April 14, 2019]



## IoT Challenges

Scalability
Technological Standards\*
Interoperability
Discovery
Software complexity
Data interpretation and volume
Power source
Interaction and short-range communication
Wireless communication
Error tolerance

<sup>\*</sup>ex: https://standards.ieee.org/initiatives/iot/index.html



Farhan, L., Shukur, S. T., Alissa, A. E., Alrweg, M., Raza, U., & Kharel, R. (2017, December). A survey on the challenges and opportunities of the Internet of Things (IoT). In 2017 Eleventh International Conference on Sensing Technology (ICST) (pp. 1-5). IEEE.



## IoT Challenges

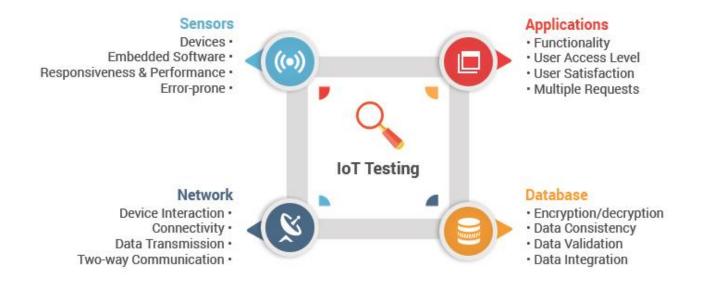
### Possible problems regarding:

- Privacy
- Safety
- Autonomy and control
- Social control
- Political manipulation
- Environmental impact
- Moral decision-making influence
- ...





# **IoT** performance metrics



Value = Connected devices + Connected users



Do conhecimento à prática.