

## 1309 – Children’s Math

My youngest sister Rimi came to me with a sad expression in her face. I was thinking what might be the reason, and she revealed it after a while, and that is she was given a math homework and the homework is to solve a linear equation with one variable. Here is the homework:

$$2 * x + 3 * 2 - (7 + 5) = x + 25$$

From this equation, she has to find the value of  $x$ . That's why she asked me to write a program to solve any type of linear equations with one variable. And since she is only a child, it's clear that she will not give any expression that may lead to a non linear sub expressions like  $(x*x)$ , or even she will not give any inputs that lead to a sub expression like  $(x*x - x*x + x)$ . And she is not familiar with unary operators, so, she'll use binary operators only, but not division (or modulo) operators. But she may use brackets. So, before start coding, I wrote the following grammar:

<b>Equation</b>	<b>=&gt;</b>	<b>Expression '=' Expression</b>
<b>Expression</b>	<b>=&gt;</b>	<b>Term   Expression '+' Term   Expression '-' Term</b>
<b>Term</b>	<b>=&gt;</b>	<b>Factor   Factor '*' Factor</b>
<b>Factor</b>	<b>=&gt;</b>	<b>Number   'x'   '(' Expression ')'</b>
<b>Number</b>	<b>=&gt;</b>	<b>Digit   Digit Number</b>
<b>Digit</b>	<b>=&gt;</b>	<b>'0'   '1'   ...   '9'</b>

Table 1: Grammar in EBNF

Though the grammar can produce non linear sub expressions, but I am sure that she will not give any such inputs. And numbers will not contain leading zeroes. But when I just started coding, the power was gone due to load shedding, that's why I am asking your help.

### Input

Input starts with an integer  $T$  ( $\leq 100$ ), denoting the number of test cases.

Each case starts with a line containing a string  $E$  ( $1 \leq \text{length}(E) \leq 100$ ) denoting an equation. The equation follows the above rules. No spaces will be given in the string. And the input is given such that, in any calculation, the absolute value of the result (or operand) will not exceed  $10^9$ .

### Output

For each case, print the case number first. Then if  $x$  has infinitely many solutions, print **"infinitely many solutions"**. Print **"no solution"** if there is no such solution. If  $x$  has only one solution, print  $x$  in  $p/q$  form if  $x$  is not an integer ( $p$  and  $q$  should be relatively prime,  $q > 0$ ), otherwise print  $x$ .

Sample Input	Output for Sample Input
2 $x*5+31=7-(2*20)+53$ $x*2+(3*x-7)=2*x+(x-5)+(2*x-2)$	Case 1: -11/5 Case 2: infinitely many solutions