

## 1378 – The Falling Circle

The little Jerry is now developing a game. You know developing game is a complex thing as there are many challenges involved. For example, little Jerry is now stuck with some geometric pattern and asks for your help. To help him you do not need to know every detail of the game, only information of the particular frame should suffice. Here it is:

Two circles are attached with the wall. They are fixed. A line is attached to the circles in such a way that it touches both the circles and each of the touching points has lower **Y** coordinate than that of the corresponding center of the circle. Now another circle is dropped on the set up from above (higher **Y** coordinate). The circle will fall along the **Y** axis with a constant velocity of **1** unit per second until it touches the line. When it touches the line, it starts to rotate along the line towards the circle that has lower **Y** coordinate touching point with a constant angular velocity of **1** revolution per second. When it touches the circle at the end, it stops. If both the touching points have same **Y** coordinate, i.e. the line is parallel to the **X** axis, then the falling circle stops as soon as it touches the line. Now given the setup, you need to find the time after which the falling circle will stop.

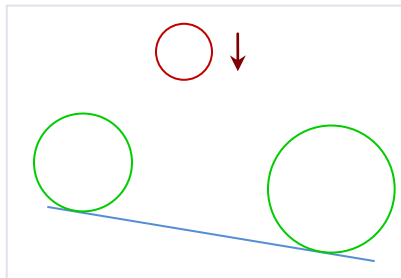


Figure 1: Initial Setup, the circle starts falling

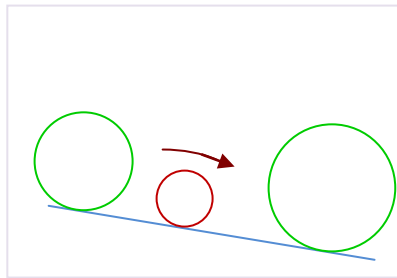


Figure 2: The circle touches the line and starts to rotate

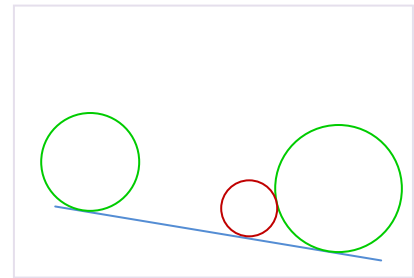


Figure 3: The circle touches the circle at the end and stops

### Input

Input starts with an integer **T** ( $\leq 10000$ ), denoting the number of test cases.

Each case contains three lines. First two lines contain information of the fixed circles on the line and the 3<sup>rd</sup> line describes the falling circle. Each of the circles are described with three integers **x**, **y** and **r** ( $-10^5 \leq x, y \leq 10^5$ ,  $0 < r \leq 100$ ), where **(x, y)** denotes the co-ordinate of the center, **r** denotes the radius. The falling circle will always touch the line first and will drop between the fixed circles.

### Output

For each case, print the case number and the required time in seconds. Error less than  $10^{-6}$  will be ignored. Assume that the falling circle will not bounce when it drops on the line.

Sample Input	Output for Sample Input
1 0 0 5 100 1 6 50 60 10	Case 1: 55.000000