

Problem 1(a)

```
In [ ]: # Import necessary libraries
from scipy.integrate import odeint
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Define the model function
def model(
    Rp,
    t,
    S,
    k1=1,
    k2=1,
    Rt=1,
    km1=0.05,
    km2=0.05,
):
    """
    Model function to describe the rate of change of Rp over time.

    Parameters:
    Rp : float
        Current value of Rp.
    t : float
        Current time point.
    S : float
        Parameter S affecting the rate.
    k1 : float, optional
        Rate constant for the first term (default is 1).
    k2 : float, optional
        Rate constant for the second term (default is 1).
    Rt : float, optional
        Total concentration (default is 1).
    km1 : float, optional
        Michaelis constant for the first term (default is 0.05).
    km2 : float, optional
        Michaelis constant for the second term (default is 0.05).

    Returns:
    dRpdt : float
        Derivative of Rp with respect to time.
    """
    # Calculate the rate of change of Rp
    dRpdt = (k1*S*(Rt-Rp)/(km1+Rt-Rp)) - k2*Rp/(km2+Rp)

    # Return the derivative
    return dRpdt
```

```
In [3]: S = 1                                     # Set parameter S
Rp0 = [0, 0.3, 1]                               # Initial conditions for Rp
t = np.linspace(0, 20, 200)                      # Time points for simulation
```

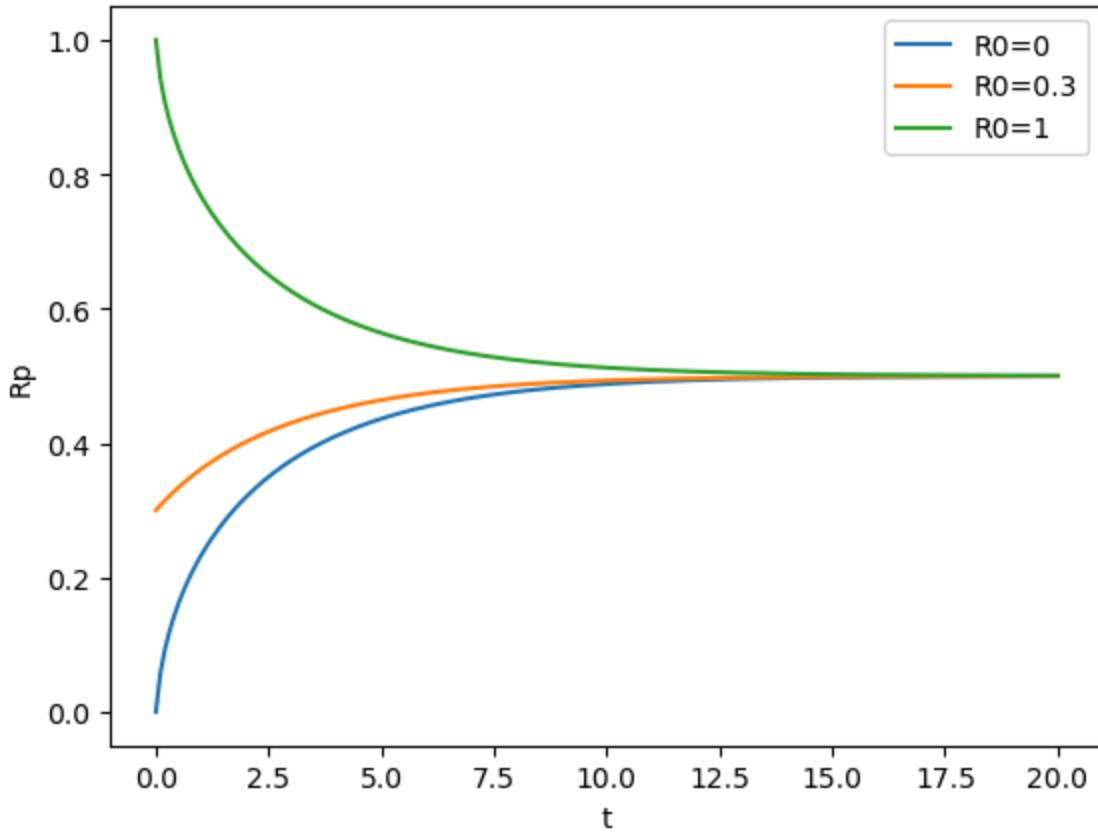
```

result = odeint(model,Rp0,t,args=(S,)) # Integrate the ODEs

# Plot the results
fig,ax = plt.subplots()
ax.plot(t,result[:,0],label='R0=0')
ax.plot(t,result[:,1],label='R0=0.3')
ax.plot(t,result[:,2],label='R0=1')
ax.legend()
ax.set_xlabel('t')
ax.set_ylabel('Rp')

```

Out[3]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Rp')



Problem 1(b)

$$\frac{dR_p}{dt} = \frac{k_1 S(R_t - R_p)}{k_{m1} + R_t - R_p} - \frac{k_2 R_p}{k_{m2} + R_p}$$

Steady state when $\frac{dR_p}{dt} = 0$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = \frac{k_1 S(R_t - R_p)}{k_{m1} + R_t - R_p} - \frac{k_2 R_p}{k_{m2} + R_p}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{k_1 S(R_t - R_p)}{k_{m1} + R_t - R_p} = \frac{k_2 R_p}{k_{m2} + R_p}$$

Plugging in constants: $k_1 = 1$ $k_2 = 1$ $S = 1$ $R_t = 1$ $k_{m1} = 0.05$ $k_{m2} = 0.05$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1 \times 1 \times (1 - R_p)}{0.05 + 1 - R_p} &= \frac{1 \times R_p}{0.05 + R_p} \\ \implies \frac{1 - R_p}{1.05 - R_p} &= \frac{R_p}{0.05 + R_p} \\ \implies (1 - R_p)(0.05 + R_p) &= R_p(1.05 - R_p) \\ \implies 0.05 + .95R_p - R_p^2 &= 1.05R_p - R_p^2 \\ \implies 0.05 &= 0.1R_p \\ \implies R_p s &= 0.5 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 2

```
In [4]: # Problem 2i.
import numpy as np

# Define matrix A
A = np.array([[1, 2],
              [3, 4],
              [5, 6]])

# Define matrix B
B = np.array([[1, 0],
              [0, 1]])

# Get the dimensions of A and B
A_shape = np.shape(A)
B_shape = np.shape(B)

print("Shape of A:", A_shape)
print("Shape of B:", B_shape)
```

Shape of A: (3, 2)
 Shape of B: (2, 2)

```
In [5]: # Problem 2ii.

C = A + 1

print("Matrix C (A + 1):\n", C)
```

Matrix C (A + 1):
 [[2 3]
 [4 5]
 [6 7]]

```
In [6]: A + B # This will raise an error due to incompatible shapes
```

```

-----
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[6], line 1
----> 1 A + B # This will raise an error due to incompatible shapes

ValueError: operands could not be broadcast together with shapes (3,2) (2,2)

```

In [7]: *# Problem 2iii.*

```

D = C @ B

print("Matrix D (C @ B):\n", D)

```

Matrix D (C @ B):

```

[[2 3]
 [4 5]
 [6 7]]

```

In [8]: G = C.T

```
G * B # This will raise an error due to incompatible shapes
```

```

-----
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[8], line 3
      1 G = C.T
----> 3 G * B # This will raise an error due to incompatible shapes

ValueError: operands could not be broadcast together with shapes (2,3) (2,2)

```

In [11]: *# Problem 2iv.*

```

print("This is the result of matrix multiplication:\n")
print(G @ C @ B) # Matrix multiplication

print("\nThis is the result of element-wise multiplication:\n")
print(G @ C * B) # Element-wise multiplication

```

This is the result of matrix multiplication:

```

[[56 68]
 [68 83]]

```

This is the result of element-wise multiplication:

```

[[56  0]
 [ 0 83]]

```

Problem 3

Variable	Meaning	Dimension	Unit
V	Reactor volume	Volume	L

Variable	Meaning	Dimension	Unit
$[S]$	Substrate concentration in reactor	Amount / Volume	mol / L
$[S]_o$	Substrate concentration in feed	Amount / Volume	mol / L
t	Time	Time	hr
K	Volumetric flow rate into reactor	Volume / Time	L / hr
V_{\max}	Maximum reaction rate	Amount / Time	mol / hr
K_m	Michaelis constant	Amount / Volume	mol / L
