#### 1 Phase One

**Answer:** "Border relations with Canada have never been better."

```
void phase_1(char *input)

char* phase_1_secret = "Border relations with Canada have never been better.";

if (strings_not_equal(input, phase_1_secret))

{
    explode_bomb();
}
}
```

Listing 1: Phase 1

## 2 Phase Two

```
Answer: "1 2 4 8 16 32"
   void phase_2(char *input)
2
3
         int numbers[6];
4
        int numberCount = read_six_numbers(input, numbers);
        if (numberCount < 6)</pre>
5
6
7
             explode_bomb();
        }
8
9
        if (numbers[0] != 1)
10
11
12
             explode_bomb();
        }
13
14
        int i = 1;
while (i < 6)</pre>
15
16
17
             if (numbers[i] != 2 * numbers[i - 1])
18
19
                  explode_bomb();
21
             }
22
        }
23 }
```

Listing 2: Phase 2

## 3 Phase Three

**Answer:** Any string with following  ${\bf a}$  and  ${\bf k}$  combinations, for example: "3 256"

```
void phase_3(char *str)
1
2
        int a, b;
        char *format ="%d %d";
4
        int numbersCount = sscanf(str, format, &a, &b);
        if (numbersCount < 2)
6
7
        {
8
            explode_bomb();
        }
10
11
        if ((unsigned int)a > 7)
12
        {
            explode_bomb();
13
14
        }
15
        int k = 0;
16
        switch (a)
17
18
            case 0:
```

```
// k = 207
k = 0xcf;
20
21
                  break;
22
23
             case 1:
24
                  // k = 311
25
                  k = 0x137;
26
                  break;
27
             case 2:
                  // k = 707
                  k = 0x2c3;
29
30
                  break;
31
             case 3:
                 // k = 256
32
33
                  k = 0x100;
                 break;
34
35
             case 4:
                  // k = 389
k = 0x185;
36
37
38
                  break;
39
             case 5:
                 // k = 206
40
                  k = 0xce;
41
42
                  break;
43
             case 6:
44
                  // k = 767
45
                  k = 0x2ff;
                  break;
46
47
             default:
                  explode_bomb();
48
49
                  break;
        }
50
51
52
         if (k != b)
53
54
             explode_bomb();
55
56 }
```

Listing 3: Phase 3

# 4 Phase Four

```
Answer: "7 0"
   void phase_4(char *str)
2
3
        int a, b;
        char *format = "%d %d";
4
5
        int numbersCount = sscanf(str, format, &a, &b);
        if (numbersCount != 2)
6
7
8
            explode_bomb();
        }
9
10
11
        if ((unsigned int)a > 0xe)
12
        {
13
            explode_bombe();
        }
14
15
        int k = func4(a, 0, 0xe);
16
17
        if (k != 0)
18
        {
19
           explode_bomb();
        }
20
21
        if (b != 0)
22
23
24
            explode_bomb();
25
        }
26
  }
```

Listing 4: Phase 4

func4 It is an additional function intended for the obfuscation of function phase4() logic.

```
int func4(int num, int a, int b)
1
3
        int dif = b - a;
        int k = dif + ((unsigned int)dif >> 31);
4
        k = k >> 1;
5
        k = k + 1 * a;
6
        if (k > num)
7
8
        {
            return 2 * func4(num, a, k - 1);
9
10
11
12
        if (k \ge num)
13
            return 0;
14
        }
15
16
        return 1 + 2 * func4(num, k + 1, k);
17
18 }
```

Listing 5: func4

#### 5 Phase Five

```
Answer: "IONEFG"
1
   void phase_5(char *str)
3
        if (string_length(str) != 6)
4
        {
5
            explode_bomb();
       }
6
8
        int i = 0;
9
        char builtString[7];
10
        char *template = "maduiersnfotbylSo you think you can stop the bomb with
           ctrl+c, do you?";
11
        while (i != 6)
12
        {
            int offset = str[i] & Oxff;
13
14
            builtString[i] = template[offset];
15
16
        builtString[7] = '\0';
        char *original = "flyers";
18
        if (strings_not_equal(builtString, original))
19
21
            explode_bomb();
22
       }
23 }
```

Listing 6: Phase 5

#### 6 Phase Six

```
Answer: "4 3 2 1 6 5"
   void phase_6(char *str)
3
        int numbers[6];
4
       read_six_numbers(str, numbers);
       int i;
5
6
        for (i = 0; i < 6; i++)
7
            if ((unsigned int)numbers[i] - 1 > 5)
8
            {
10
                explode_bomb();
11
```

```
int j;
for (j = i; j < 6; j++)
13
14
15
16
                 if (numbers[j] == numbers[i])
17
                 {
18
                      explode_bomb();
19
                 }
20
             }
21
        }
22
23
        for (i = 0; i < 6; i++)
24
        {
             numbers[i] = 7 - numbers[i];
25
26
27
28
        int **memory[6];
29
        int v6 = 0x1bb;
        int v5 = 0x1dd;
30
        int v4 = 0x2b3;
31
32
        int v3 = 0x39c;
        int v2 = 0xa8;
33
        int v1 = 0x142;
34
35
        void **p6A[] = {v6, 0x0};
36
37
        void **p5A[] = \{v5, p6A\};
        void **p4A[] = {v4, p5A};
void **p3A[] = {v3, p4A};
38
39
40
        void **p2A[] = {v2, p3A};
41
        void **p1A[] = {v1, p2A};
42
43
        for (i = 0; i < 6; i = i++)
44
45
             int number = numbers[i];
             void **current = p1A;
46
             while (number > 1)
47
48
             {
49
                 current = *(current + 1);
50
                 number --;
51
52
53
             memory[i] = current;
54
        }
55
        for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
57
        {
             *(memory[i] + 1) = memory[i + 1];
58
59
60
61
        for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
62
        {
             if ((int)*memory[i] <= (int)(*(*(memory[i] + 1))))</pre>
63
64
65
                 explode_bomb();
66
67
        }
68 }
```

Listing 7: Phase 6

# 7 Utility Functions

#### 7.1 String Length

```
int string_length(char *str)
3
        int length = 0;
        char *current = str;
4
        while (*current == ' \setminus 0')
6
7
             current++;
8
             length = current - str;
9
        }
10
11
        return length;
12 }
```

Listing 8: String Length

# 7.2 Strings Not Equal

```
int strings_not_equal(char *str1, char *str2)
3
        int str1Length = string_length(str1);
        int str2Length = string_length(str2);
4
        if (str1Length != str2Length)
5
            return 1;
        }
8
10
        char *current1 = str1;
        char *current2 = str2;
11
        while (*current1 != '\0')
13
14
            if (*current1 != *current2)
15
            {
16
                return 1:
17
18
19
            current1++;
20
            current2++;
21
        }
22
23
        return 0;
24 }
```

Listing 9: Strings Not Equal

#### 7.3 Read six numbers

```
void read_six_numbers(char *str, int numbers[])
3
        char *format = "%d %d %d %d %d %d";
4
        int numbersCount = sscanf(str, format,
            &numbers[0],
            &numbers[1],
            &numbers[2],
7
            &numbers[3],
8
            &numbers[4],
10
            &numbers[5]);
11
        if (numbersCount < 6)</pre>
13
        {
14
            explode_bomb();
15
16 }
```

Listing 10: Read Six Numbers