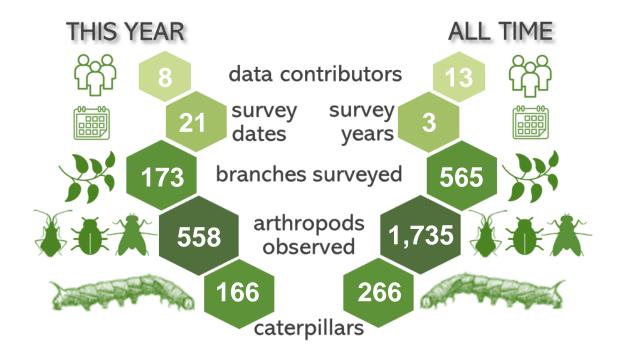


EwA at Horn Pond, 2023 Summary



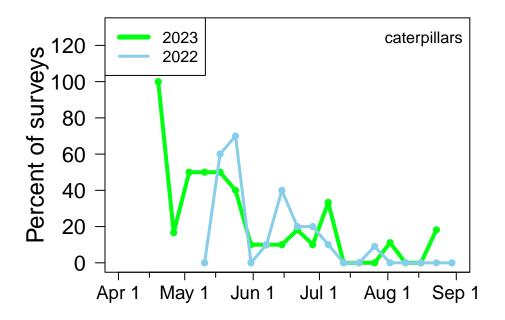
The **173** total surveys conducted at **EwA at Horn Pond** this year ranks **38th** out of the **79** sites that participated in 2023.

Top Participants of 2023

| User | Surveys | Arthropods | Caterpillars | % Caterpillars |
|------------|---------|------------|--------------|----------------|
| M Logan | 3 | 16 | 2 | 66.67 |
| C Tuccelli | 10 | 96 | 87 | 40.00 |
| K Danziger | 4 | 16 | 1 | 25.00 |
| C O'NEILL | 25 | 79 | 5 | 20.00 |
| K Shea | 111 | 264 | 35 | 14.41 |
| E Landry | 8 | 36 | 35 | 12.50 |
| H Ballou | 8 | 35 | 1 | 12.50 |
| A Walsh | 4 | 16 | 0 | 0.00 |

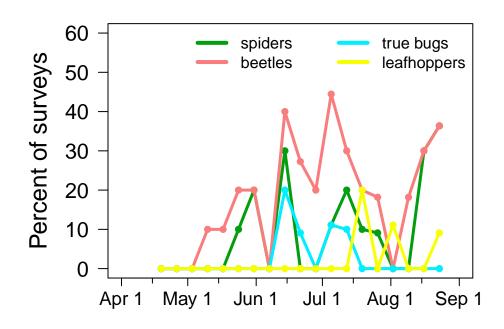
Caterpillar Phenology

As a major source of food for nestlings of migratory birds, we are especially interested in the timing of caterpillar availability. At **EwA at Horn Pond** in **2023**, caterpillar occurrence peaked at **100**% of surveys on **19 April**. Do you see other peaks as well? How does the pattern compare to the previous year?



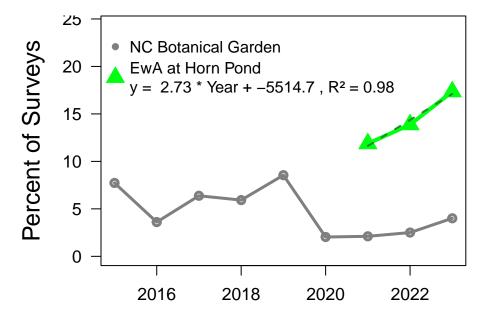
Other Arthropod Phenology

While caterpillars tend to have pronounced seasonal peaks, other groups are more variable. What patterns do you see below for **2023**? You can explore the phenology of other groups on the *Caterpillars Count!* website.



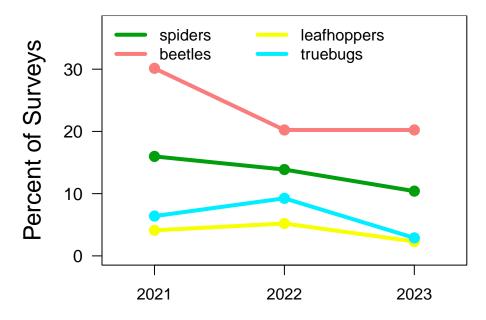
Arthropod Trends

Annual monitoring is critical for assessing the health of ecosystems and evaluating the impacts of environmental change that may be happening in your area. There have been worrying reports of insect declines around the world but there is much we don't know, so your efforts help to fill in pieces of the puzzle. Keep it up!



Above you can see how the proportion of surveys with caterpillars has varied over time at your site, with the trend for one of our flagship sites, **NC Botanical Garden**, for comparison. If you've surveyed for at least 3 years, then you will also see the average dashed trend line displayed.

Below are trends for some other common arthropod groups. Do the different groups go up and down in sync, or seem to vary independently?

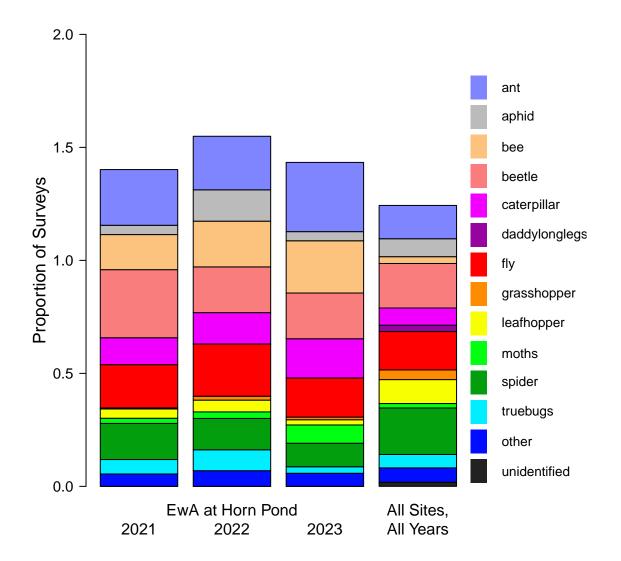


You can explore trends for more arthropod groups, and compare trends at different sites, on your site's Trends Page. See also our November 2021 newsletter for more on how to interpret these trends.

Site Arthropod Composition

Some arthropods are more commonly encountered than others. The graph below portrays the occurrence (proportion of surveys where a given group was found) for each arthropod group found at your site. See how what was found varies by year (if the site has been participating for multiple years), and how it compares to what has been found across all sites in the *Caterpillars Count!* network (*right bar*).

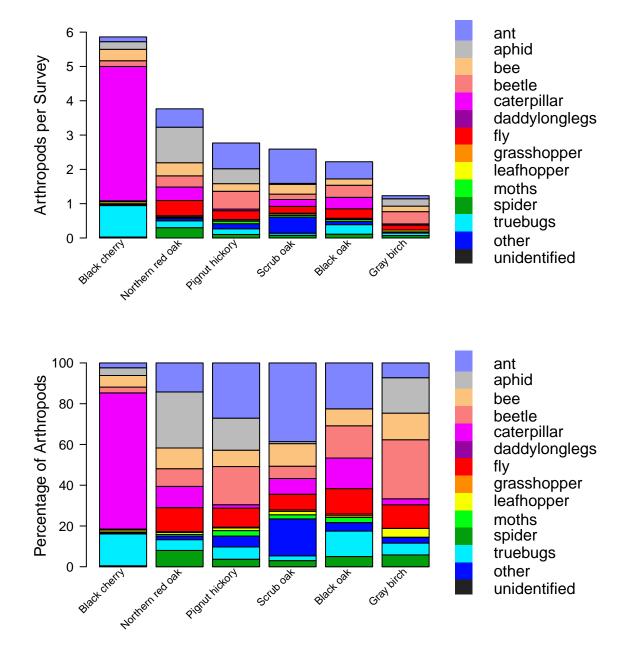
- What are the most common arthropod groups found at your site?
- · Has that varied by year?
- Is anything noticeably different about EwA at Horn Pond compared to all other participating sites?
- If arthropod photos were submitted as part of your site's surveys, check the last section of this report for a summary of any finer taxonomic id's that have been made.



Arthropod Composition by Plant Species

For some arthropods like spiders, trees and leaves are merely habitat—a place where they live, hide, and hunt. For others like caterpillars, the leaves are not just habitat, but also food.

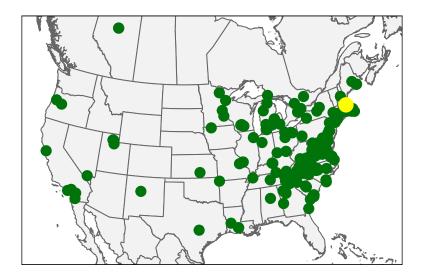
- · Which plant species supports the most arthropods per survey?
- Which plant species supports the most caterpillars?
- Are any plant species dominated by just one or two types of arthropods?
- Or do they support a diversity of arthropod types?



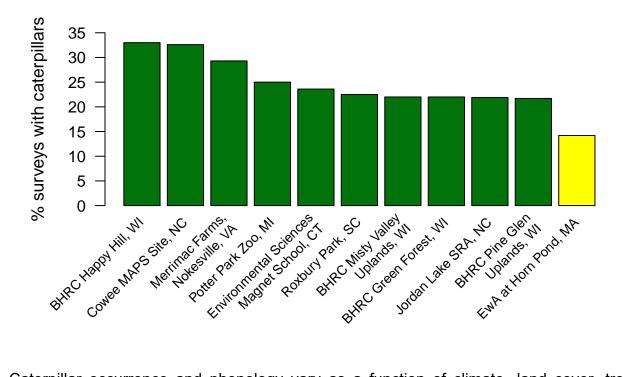
This bottom panel shows, of the arthropods found on a given plant species, what proportion were from each taxonomic group. At most, only the top 25 plant species are shown.

Broader Patterns

Thanks to participants like yourself, *Caterpillars Count!* observers have now submitted a total of **265,734** arthropod observations—including **18,521 caterpillars**—from **219** different sites.



Across all surveys ever done at **EwA at Horn Pond**, caterpillars have been found **14.2%** of the time, which ranks **32nd** across sites. The top 10 sites (with ≥20 surveys) are shown below.



Caterpillar occurrence and phenology vary as a function of climate, land cover, tree species, and other local factors, and **your data** are helping us understand this variation and what it might mean for birds. Thank you for participating in **Caterpillars Count!**

Expert Identifications

662 photo observations from *Caterpillars Count!* surveys have been submitted from your site. You can check them all out at the site's iNaturalist page. Based on these photo observations, experts on **iNaturalist** have identified the following taxa, including at least **48** unique species. Taxa seen for the first time this year are marked with a *.

Caterpillars

Geometridae Lasiocampidae

Malacosoma americana*

Limacodidae Apoda sp.* Noctuidae

Amphipyra pyramidoides

Morrisonia confusa

Notodontidae

Furcula borealis*
Paraeschra georgica

Saturniidae

Antheraea polyphemus*

Moths, Butterflies

Heliozelidae

Coptodisca lucifluella

Noctuidae

Cosmia calami Oecophoridae

Mathildana newmanella*

Saturniidae

Antheraea polyphemus*

Spiders

Anyphaenidae

Araneidae

Araniella displicata*

Clubionidae Clubiona sp. Dictynidae Philodromidae Philodromus sp.

Salticidae Hentzia sp. Tutelina sp.

Paraphidippus aurantius

Thomisidae

Bassaniana sp.

Grasshoppers, Crickets

Acrididae

Melanoplus sp.

Gryllidae

Hapithus saltator*

Oecanthus exclamationis

Oecanthidae Oecanthus sp.* Tettigoniidae Scudderia sp.

True Bugs

Miridae

Pentatomidae

Podisus placidus

Reduviidae Zelus luridus Tingidae

Leafhoppers, Cicadas

Cicadellidae

Scaphytopius sp.
Jikradia olitoria
Penthimia americana
Rugosana querci

Derbidae

Otiocerus amyotii

Membracidae

Enchenopa binotata

Aphids, Scales

Aphididae

Beetles Apionidae

Attelabidae

Homoeolabus analis Pterocolus ovatus Synolabus bipustulatus Synolabus nigripes

Buprestidae

Brachys aerosus Brachys ovatus

Mastogenius crenulatus

Cerambycidae

Tetrops praeustus

Chrysomelidae*

Coccinellidae

Harmonia axyridis

Curculionidae

Anthonomus sp.

Cyrtepistomus castaneus

Polydrusus formosus

Strophosoma melanogrammu

Elateridae

Gambrinus sp.

Lampyridae

Ellychnia sp.

Lycidae

Calopteron reticulatum

Bees, Wasps

Apidae

Apis mellifera
Bombus impatiens

Braconidae Crabronidae

Philanthus bilunatus

Halictidae

Lasioglossum sp. Ichneumonidae

Mutillidae

Pseudomethoca frigida*

Tenthredinidae Caliroa sp.

Pristiphora chlorea

Tiphiidae Torymidae Vespidae

Vespula maculifrons

Xyelidae

Xyela sp.*

Choreutidae

Ants

Formicidae

Formica fusca

Camponotus americanus

Camponotus nearcticus

Camponotus pennsylvanicus

Dolichoderus plagiatus

Flies

Asilidae

Laphria sericea*

Chironomidae

Culicidae

Culex sp.*

Dolichopodidae

Chrysotus sp.*

Condylostylus patibulatus

Empididae

Rhamphomyia sp.

Lauxaniidae

Phoridae*

Sarcophagidae*

Liviidae

Other observations

Blattodea

Ectobius

Mantodea

Tenodera sinensis

Thysanoptera

Aeolothrips*

Trichoptera

Leptoceridae

Thank you for participating in *Caterpillars Count!* For a more in-depth exploration of the data check out our Maps & Graphs page. The raw data from your site, or any site, can be downloaded here!

We can't wait to see what you find next year!



Sycamore tussock caterpillar, Halysidota harrisii, at Walker Nature Center, VA.

Allen Hurlbert Director Caterpillars Count!