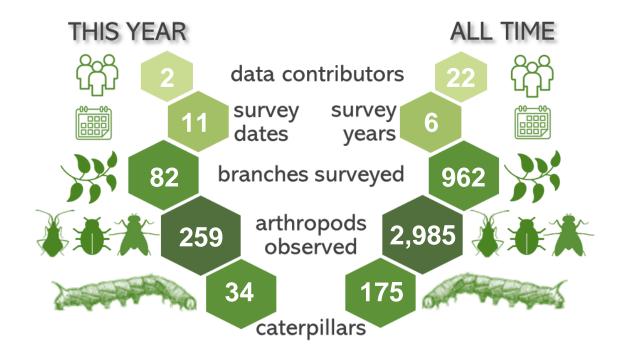


EwA at Fresh Pond, 2024 Summary



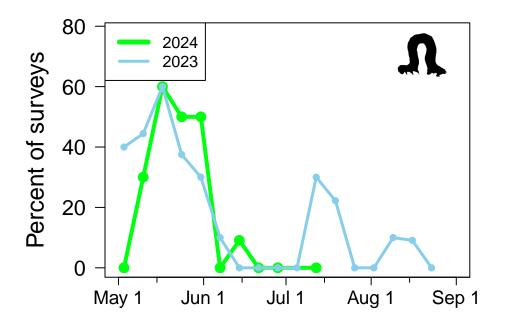
The **82** total surveys conducted at **EwA at Fresh Pond** this year ranks **55th** out of the **78** sites that participated in 2024.

Top Participants of 2024

| User | Surveys | Arthropods | Caterpillars | % Caterpillars |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------------|----------------|
| K Estrop | 18 | 78 | 6 | 27.78 |
| C O'NEILL | 64 | 181 | 28 | 21.88 |

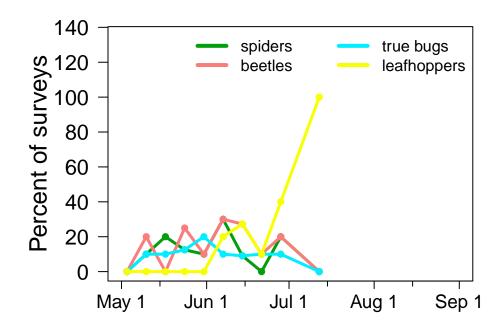
Caterpillar Phenology

As a major source of food for nestlings of migratory birds, we are especially interested in the timing of caterpillar availability. At **EwA at Fresh Pond** in **2024**, caterpillar occurrence peaked at **60%** of surveys on **16 May**. Do you see other peaks as well? How does the pattern compare to the previous year?



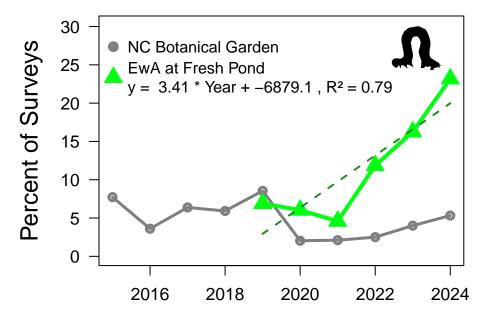
Other Arthropod Phenology

While caterpillars tend to have pronounced seasonal peaks, other groups are more variable. What patterns do you see below for **2024**? You can explore the phenology of other groups on the *Caterpillars Count!* website.



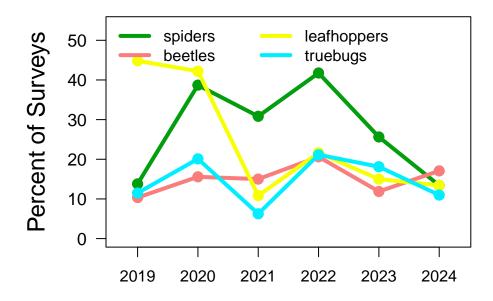
Arthropod Trends

Annual monitoring is critical for assessing the health of ecosystems and evaluating the impacts of environmental change that may be happening in your area. There have been worrying reports of insect declines around the world but there is much we don't know, so your efforts help to fill in pieces of the puzzle. Keep it up!



Above you can see how the proportion of surveys with caterpillars has varied over time at your site, with the trend for one of our flagship sites, **NC Botanical Garden**, for comparison. If you've surveyed for at least 3 years, then you will also see the average dashed trend line displayed.

Below are trends for some other common arthropod groups. Do the different groups go up and down in sync, or seem to vary independently?

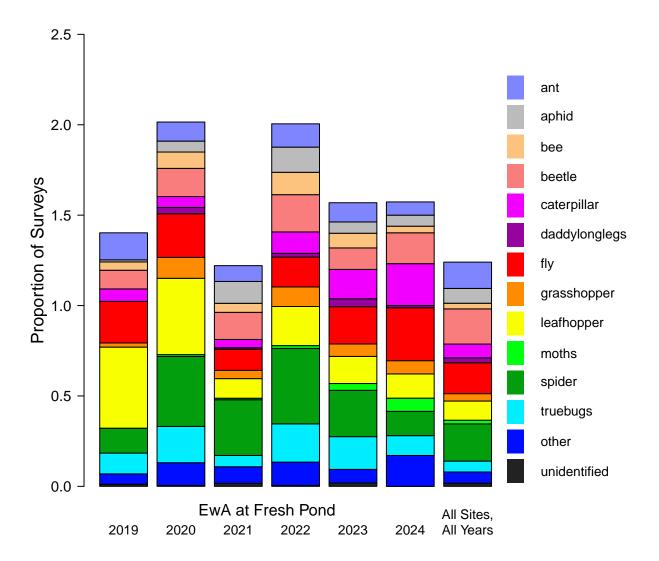


You can explore trends for more arthropod groups, and compare trends at different sites, on your site's **Trends Page**. See also our **November 2021 newsletter** for more on how to interpret these trends.

Site Arthropod Composition

Some arthropods are more commonly encountered than others. The graph below portrays the occurrence (proportion of surveys where a given group was found) for each arthropod group found at your site. See how what was found varies by year (if the site has been participating for multiple years), and how it compares to what has been found across all sites in the *Caterpillars Count!* network (*right bar*).

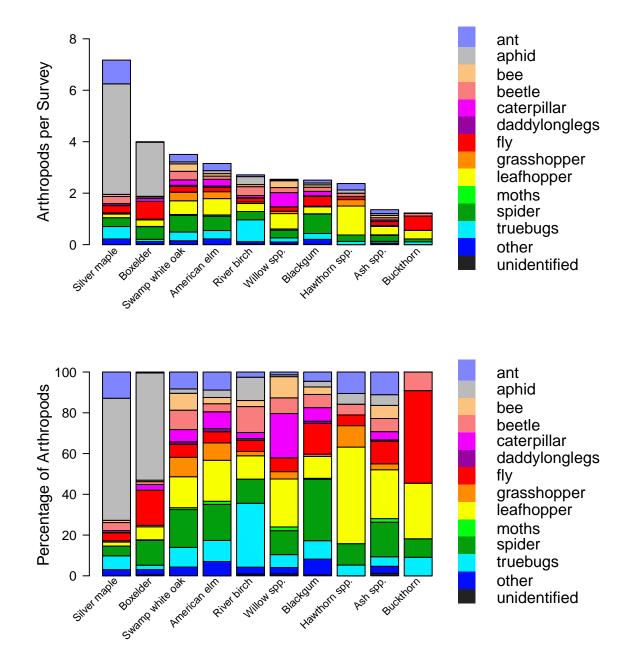
- What are the most common arthropod groups found at your site?
- · Has that varied by year?
- Is anything noticeably different about EwA at Fresh Pond compared to all other participating sites?
- If arthropod photos were submitted as part of your site's surveys, check the last section of this report for a summary of any finer taxonomic id's that have been made.



Arthropod Composition by Plant Species

For some arthropods like spiders, trees and leaves are merely habitat—a place where they live, hide, and hunt. For others like caterpillars, the leaves are not just habitat, but also food.

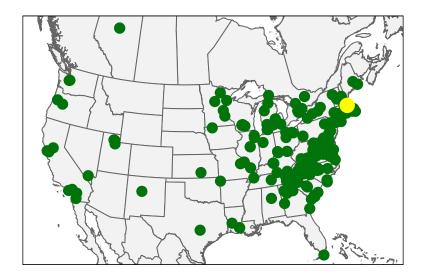
- Which plant species supports the most arthropods per survey?
- Which plant species supports the most caterpillars?
- · Are any plant species dominated by just one or two types of arthropods?
- Or do they support a diversity of arthropod types?



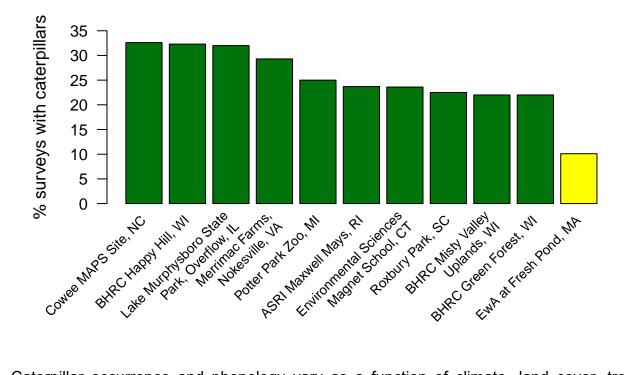
This bottom panel shows, of the arthropods found on a given plant species, what proportion were from each taxonomic group. At most, only the top 25 plant species are shown.

Broader Patterns

Thanks to participants like yourself, *Caterpillars Count!* observers have now submitted a total of **310,306** arthropod observations—including **20,843 caterpillars**—from **257** different sites.



Across all surveys ever done at **EwA at Fresh Pond**, caterpillars have been found **10.1%** of the time, which ranks **47th** across the **189** sites with ≥20 surveys. The top 10 sites are shown for comparison.



Caterpillar occurrence and phenology vary as a function of climate, land cover, tree species, and other local factors, and **your data** are helping us understand this variation and what it might mean for birds. Thank you for participating in **Caterpillars Count!**

Expert Identifications

1,436 photo observations from *Caterpillars Count!* surveys have been submitted from your site which ranks **4th** out of the **177** sites with photos. You can check them all out at the site's **iNaturalist page**. Based on these photo observations, experts on **iNaturalist** have identified the following taxa, including at least **80** unique species. Taxa seen for the first time this year are marked with a *.

Caterpillars

Bucculatricidae Bucculatrix sp. Depressariidae

Machimia tentoriferella

Erebidae Dasychira sp.

Halysidota tessellaris

Gelechiidae Geometridae* Noctuidae

> Acronicta americana Amphipyra pyramidoides

Morrisonia confusa

Notodontidae
Nerice bidentata
Sphingidae

Paonias excaecata

Moths, Butterflies

Argyresthiidae

Argyresthia oreasella

Gracillariidae Caloptilia sp. Hesperiidae Tortricidae

> Acleris semipurpurana* Argyrotaenia quercifoliana*

Hedya nubiferana

Spiders

Anyphaenidae Anyphaena sp.

Araneidae Eustala sp.

> Araniella displicata Neoscona crucifera

Clubionidae Clubiona sp. Dictynidae Lycosidae*

Philodromidae

Philodromus rufus

Salticidae

Eris sp.

Hentzia mitrata Synemosyna formica

Maevia inclemens Tetragnathidae

Tetragnatha sp.

Leucauge venusta

Theridiidae
Theridion sp.

Theridula emertoni

Enoplognatha ovata

Thomisidae

Misumena vatia

Misumessus oblongus

Uloboridae

Hyptiotes cavatus

Grasshoppers, Crickets

Gryllidae

Hapithus saltator Oecanthus fultoni

Oecanthidae

Oecanthus niveus Neoxabea bipunctata

Tettigoniidae

Meconema thalassinum

Trigonidiidae Anaxipha sp.

Phyllopalpus pulchellus

True Bugs

Coreidae Lygaeidae

Kleidocerys sp.

Lygaeus turcicus

Miridae

Hyaliodes harti Neurocolpus sp. Plagiognathus sp.

Nabidae

Lasiomerus annulatus

Pentatomidae Phymatidae Phymata sp. Reduviidae Tingidae

Stephanitis takeyai

Leafhoppers, Cicadas

Acanaloniidae

Acanalonia conica

Aphrophoridae

Philaenus spumarius

Cicadellidae

Agallia sp. Alebra sp. Eratoneura sp.

Idiocerus sp.

Jikradia olitoria Macropsis sp.

Oncopsis sp.

Populicerus sp.

Scaphoideus sp.

Colladonus clitellarius Graphocephala coccinea

Graphocephala fennahi Graphocephala versuta

Orientus ishidae

Derbidae Cedusa sp. Omolicna uhleri

Flatidae

Flatormenis proxima

Metcalfa pruinosa

Ormenoides venusta

Issidae

Membracidae
Cyrtolobus sp.
Entylia carinata
Microcentrus perditus

Aphids, Scales

Aphididae

Beetles

Anobiidae Ptilinus sp. Chrysomelidae

Acalymma vittatum

Helocassis clavata

Coccinellidae

Harmonia axyridis Hyperaspis sp.

Brachiacantha decempustulata

Brachiacantha ursina
Cryptolaemus montrouzieri
Propylea quatuordecimpunctata
Psyllobora vigintimaculata

Curculionidae

Elateridae

Conotrachelus anaglypticus Cyrtepistomus castaneus Polydrusus formosus

Erirhinidae Dorytomus sp. Erotylidae

Triplax sp.
Lampyridae

Ellychnia corrusca*

Lycidae

Calopteron reticulatum

Mordellidae

Falsomordellistena bihamata

Mordellina pustulata

Pyrochroidae Pedilus sp. Scirtidae

Scirtes orbiculatus

Bees, Wasps

Crabronidae
Cynipidae
Encyrtidae
Gasteruptiidae
Gasteruption sp.

Halictidae Torymidae Vespidae

Vespula flavopilosa

Ants

Formicidae

Temnothorax schaumii Temnothorax curvispinosus Camponotus nearcticus Camponotus pennsylvanicus

Myrmica rubra
Lasius americanus
Nylanderia flavipes
Tapinoma sessile
Tetramorium immigrans

Flies Asilidae

Ommatius sp.
Chironomidae
Cricotopus sp.
Microtendipes sp.
Polypedilum sp.

Stenochironomus cinctus Stictochironomus sp.*

Tanytarsus sp.

Chloropidae Culicidae

Dolichopodidae

Condylostylus comatus

Lauxaniidae Homoneura sp. Micropezidae

Compsobata univitta

Mycetophilidae

Otitidae

Delphinia picta Syrphidae

Allograpta sp.

Other observations

Blattodea

Ectobius pallidus

Ectobius

Ephemeroptera

Hexagenia

Neuroptera

Chrysopidae Chrysopini

Coniopterygidae

Micromus

Psocodea

Graphopsocus cruciatus

Trichoptera

Leptoceridae Mystacides

Mystacides sepulchralis

Triaenodes
Trombidiformes
Anystis

Thank you for participating in *Caterpillars Count!* For a more in-depth exploration of the data check out our **Maps & Graphs page**. The raw data from your site, or any site, can be downloaded **here!**

We can't wait to see what you find next year!



Maple dagger caterpillar, *Acronicta retardata*, observed by *margiemcchemp* on July 2, 2024 at **ASRI Fort**, Rhode Island.

Allen Hurlbert

Director

Caterpillars Count!

caterpillarscount@gmail.com