COSC364 Assignment 2

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Abstract

The following pertains to COSC364-17S1 Assignment 2. This was a joint work by George Drummond and Ryan Cox in accordance with the course requirements of COSC364-17S1 and is a result of **equal contribution (**50%/50%**).**

Contents

1 Problem formulation

We wish to formulate an optimization problem for generic values of X, Y and Z (with $Y > 3$) such that the load on all transit nodes is balanced. Here we outline the governing mathematical expressions concerning the objective function, the decision variables and all other constraints. The constraints generated by equations 1 through to 11 suffice to fully describe our optimisation problem.

Notation: $[X] = \{1, 2, 3, ..., X\}$.

1.1 Decision and auxiliary variables

Let u_{ik} be the amount of flow on the link between a given source node S_i and transit node T_k. Likewise let v_{kj} be the amount of flow on the link between a given transit node T_k and destination node D_j.

Therefore, letting x_{ikj} be the part of the demand volume between source node S_i and destination node D_j that is routed through transit node T_k, we achieve

$$u_{ik} + v_{kj} = x_{ikj} \tag{1}$$

$\forall i \in [X], k \in [Y], j \in [Z]$.

Also, the total traffic flow into a transit node is equal to the total traffic flow out of the node, achieving the following balance.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{X} u_{ik} = \sum_{j=1}^{Z} v_{kj} \tag{2}$$

$\forall k \in [Y]$.

1.2 Objective function

The goal of this linear program is to balance the load (total *incoming* traffic) across the transit nodes $T_1, T_2, ..., T_Y$. As the load on a given transit node l_k is simply the sum of the flows from all source nodes to T_k, we achieve

$$l_k = \sum_{i=1}^{X} u_{ik}, \quad \forall k \in [Y]$$

As demonstrated in the small example of figure 1.

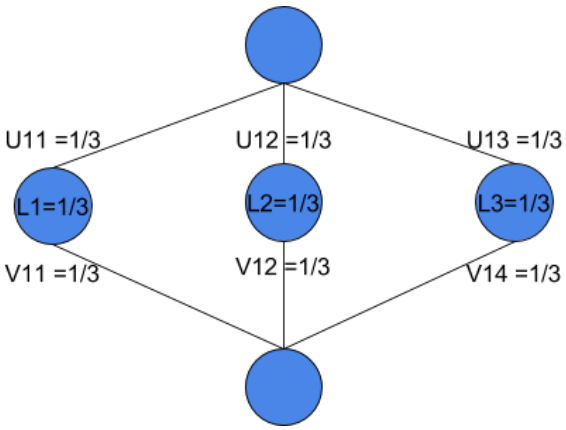

Figure 1: X=1,Y=4,Z=1

At this stage, it may be tempting to define the objective function l as *equal* to all $l_k,\ k \in [Y]$ in order to achieve a common minimum load. This however, would actually lead to an infeasible problem for certain cases such as shown in figure2 below in which all l_k cannot be equal.

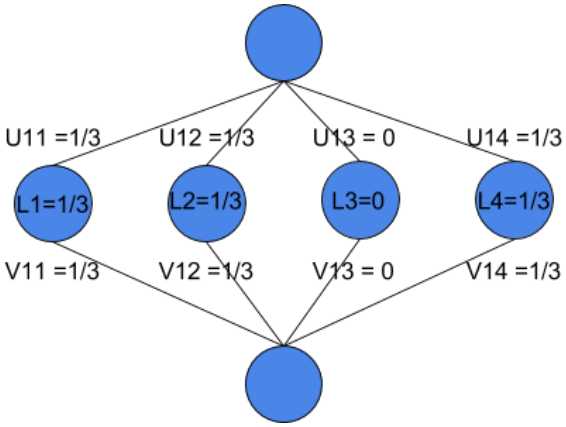

Figure 2: X=1,Y=4,Z=1

To *balance* this load across the transit nodes, we define our objective function l by

$$l = \max l_k = \max \sum_{i=1}^{X} u_{ik}, \quad \forall k \in [Y]$$

Proceeding in this fashion acts to minimise the greatest load on a transit node. The piecewise linear interpretation of this is as follows.

$$l \geq \sum_{i=1}^{X} u_{ik}, \quad \forall k \in [Y] \tag{3}$$

1.3 Demand constraints

We now turn our attention to demand constraints and the global requirement that each demand volume h_{ij} between nodes S_i and D_j shall be split over exactly three different paths, such that each path gets an equal share of the demand volume.

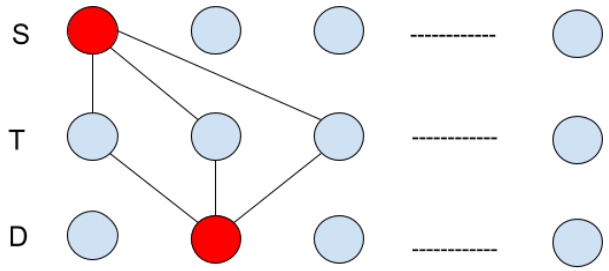

Figure 3: Splitting requirement

let w_{ikj} be the indicator variable for the path between source node S_i and destination node D_j through transit node T_k, taking the value 1 if path $S_i -> T_k -> Z_j$ carries data and 0 otherwise. With our 3 path restriction, we achieve

$$\sum_{k=1}^{Y} w_{ikj} = 3, \quad \forall i \in [X], j \in [Z] \tag{4}$$

Now to consider the demand volume between source node S_i and destination node D_j. Firstly, we have that this demand volume is simply the sum of the parts of the demand volume through each transit router T_k, $\quad k \in [Y]$.

$$\sum_{k=1}^{Y} x_{ikj} = h_{ij} = i + j$$

However, we also have that x_{ikj} will be non-zero if and only if there is flow on path $S_i -> T_k -> Z_j$ ($w_{ikj} = 1$). As this occurs for precisely 3 x_{ikj} (say $x_{ik_1j}, x_{ik_2j}, x_{ik_3j}$) and the demand h_{ij} is shared *equally* across the paths that do possess flows, we achieve the following.

$$x_{ikj} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \frac{(i+j)}{3}, & \text{if } w_{ikj} = 1 \\ 0, & \text{if } w_{ikj} = 0 \end{array} \right\}$$

Or explicitly.

$$x_{ikj} = w_{ikj}\frac{h_{ij}}{3} = \frac{(i+j)}{3}w_{ikj}, \quad \forall i \in [X], k \in [Y], j \in [Z] \tag{5}$$

1.4 Additional constraints

Capacity:
$\forall i \in [X], k \in [Y], j \in [Z]$, we have,

$$u_{ik} \leq c_{ik} \tag{6}$$
$$v_{kj} \leq d_{kj} \tag{7}$$

Non-negativity:
$\forall i \in [X], k \in [Y], j \in [Z]$, we have,

$$x_{ikj} \geq 0 \tag{8}$$
$$u_{ik} \geq 0 \tag{9}$$
$$v_{kj} \geq 0 \tag{10}$$
$$l \geq 0 \tag{11}$$

2 Results

3 Appendix

3.1 LP generation source file

```
import sys


def print_aux(X,Y,Z):
     aux = ""
     for i in range(1,X+1):
          for k in range(1,Y+1):
               for j in range(1,Z+1):
                    aux += "u{0}{1} + v{1}{2} - x{0}{1}{2} = 0\n".format(i,
    k,j)

     print(aux,end="")

     for k in range(1,Y+1):
          mysum = ""
          for i in range(1,X+1):
               mysum += "+ u{}{} ".format(i,k)
          for j in range(1,Z+1):
               mysum += "- v{}{} ".format(k,j)

          mysum += "= 0"
          print(mysum[2:])


def print_objective_constraints(X,Y,Z):
     for k in range(1,Y+1):
          con = "1 - "
          for i in range(1,X+1):
               con += "u{}{} - ".format(i,k)

          con = con[:-2] + ">= 0"

          print(con)

def print_demand(X,Y,Z):
     '''prints demand constraints'''
     demand = ""
     for i in range(1,X+1):
          for j in range(1,Z+1):
               mysum =  ""
               for k in range(1,Y+1):
                    demand += "x{0}{1}{2} - {3}w{0}{1}{2} = 0\n".format(i,k
    ,j,(i+j)/3)
                    mysum += "w{}{}{} + ".format(i,k,j)


```

```
46                  mysum = mysum[:-2] + "= "
47
48
49                  mysum += "3"
50
51
52                  demand += mysum + "\n"
53
54
55
56      print(demand,end="")
57
58
59  def print_capp(X,Y,Z):
60      capp = ""
61      for i in range(1,X+1):
62          for k in range(1,Y+1):
63              capp += "u{0}{1} - c{0}{1} <= 0\n".format(i,k)
64
65
66
67      for k in range(1,Y+1):
68          for j in range(1,Z+1):
69              capp += "v{0}{1} - d{0}{1} <= 0\n".format(k,j)
70
71
72      print(capp,end="")
73
74
75  def print_integer(X,Y,Z):
76      integer = ""
77      for i in range(1,X+1):
78          for k in range(1,Y+1):
79              for j in range(1,Z+1):
80                  integer += "w{}{}{}\n".format(i,k,j)
81      print(integer,end="")
82
83  def print_nonneg(X,Y,Z):
84      nonneg = ""
85      for i in range(1,X+1):
86          for k in range(1,Y+1):
87              nonneg += "0 <= u{}{}\n".format(i,k)
88              for j in range(1,Z+1):
89
90                  nonneg += "0 <= x{}{}{}\n".format(i,k,j)
91
92      for k in range(1,Y+1):
93          for j in range(1,Z+1):
94              nonneg += "0 <= v{}{}\n".format(k,j)
95
96      nonneg += "0 <= l\n"
97
```

```
98      print(nonneg,end="")
99
100
101 def main():
102      (X,Y,Z) = sys.argv[1:4]
103      X = int(X)
104      Y = int(Y)
105      Z = int(Z)
106
107      print("X = {}, Y = {}, Z = {}".format(X,Y,Z))
108      print("Minimize")
109      print(" l")
110      print("Subject to")
111      print_aux(X,Y,Z)
112      print_objective_constraints(X,Y,Z)
113      print_demand(X,Y,Z)
114      print_capp(X,Y,Z)
115      print("Bounds")
116      print_nonneg(X,Y,Z)
117      print("Integer")
118      print_integer(X,Y,Z)
119      print("End")
120
121
122
123 main()
```

3.2 LP File for X = 3, Y = 2 and Z = 4

```
X = 3, Y = 2, Z = 4
Minimize
 l
Subject to
u11 + v11 - x111 = 0
u11 + v12 - x112 = 0
u11 + v13 - x113 = 0
u11 + v14 - x114 = 0
u12 + v21 - x121 = 0
u12 + v22 - x122 = 0
u12 + v23 - x123 = 0
u12 + v24 - x124 = 0
u21 + v11 - x211 = 0
u21 + v12 - x212 = 0
u21 + v13 - x213 = 0
u21 + v14 - x214 = 0
u22 + v21 - x221 = 0
u22 + v22 - x222 = 0
u22 + v23 - x223 = 0
u22 + v24 - x224 = 0
u31 + v11 - x311 = 0
u31 + v12 - x312 = 0
u31 + v13 - x313 = 0
u31 + v14 - x314 = 0
u32 + v21 - x321 = 0
u32 + v22 - x322 = 0
u32 + v23 - x323 = 0
u32 + v24 - x324 = 0
u11 + u21 + u31 - v11 - v12 - v13 - v14 = 0
u12 + u22 + u32 - v21 - v22 - v23 - v24 = 0
l - u11 - u21 - u31 >= 0
l - u12 - u22 - u32 >= 0
x111 - 0.6666666666666666w111 = 0
x121 - 0.6666666666666666w121 = 0
w111 + w121 = 3
x112 - 1.0w112 = 0
x122 - 1.0w122 = 0
w112 + w122 = 3
x113 - 1.3333333333333333w113 = 0
x123 - 1.3333333333333333w123 = 0
w113 + w123 = 3
x114 - 1.6666666666666667w114 = 0
x124 - 1.6666666666666667w124 = 0
w114 + w124 = 3
x211 - 1.0w211 = 0
x221 - 1.0w221 = 0
w211 + w221 = 3
x212 - 1.3333333333333333w212 = 0
x222 - 1.3333333333333333w222 = 0
w212 + w222 = 3
```

```
x213 - 1.6666666666666667w213 = 0
x223 - 1.6666666666666667w223 = 0
w213 + w223 = 3
x214 - 2.0w214 = 0
x224 - 2.0w224 = 0
w214 + w224 = 3
x311 - 1.3333333333333333w311 = 0
x321 - 1.3333333333333333w321 = 0
w311 + w321 = 3
x312 - 1.6666666666666667w312 = 0
x322 - 1.6666666666666667w322 = 0
w312 + w322 = 3
x313 - 2.0w313 = 0
x323 - 2.0w323 = 0
w313 + w323 = 3
x314 - 2.3333333333333335w314 = 0
x324 - 2.3333333333333335w324 = 0
w314 + w324 = 3
u11 - c11 <= 0
u12 - c12 <= 0
u21 - c21 <= 0
u22 - c22 <= 0
u31 - c31 <= 0
u32 - c32 <= 0
v11 - d11 <= 0
v12 - d12 <= 0
v13 - d13 <= 0
v14 - d14 <= 0
v21 - d21 <= 0
v22 - d22 <= 0
v23 - d23 <= 0
v24 - d24 <= 0
Bounds
0 <= u11
0 <= x111
0 <= x112
0 <= x113
0 <= x114
0 <= u12
0 <= x121
0 <= x122
0 <= x123
0 <= x124
0 <= u21
0 <= x211
0 <= x212
0 <= x213
0 <= x214
0 <= u22
0 <= x221
0 <= x222
0 <= x223
```

```
0 <= x224
0 <= u31
0 <= x311
0 <= x312
0 <= x313
0 <= x314
0 <= u32
0 <= x321
0 <= x322
0 <= x323
0 <= x324
0 <= v11
0 <= v12
0 <= v13
0 <= v14
0 <= v21
0 <= v22
0 <= v23
0 <= v24
0 <= l
Integer
w111
w112
w113
w114
w121
w122
w123
w124
w211
w212
w213
w214
w221
w222
w223
w224
w311
w312
w313
w314
w321
w322
w323
w324
End
```