

FINAL REVIEW

COMPUTER SCIENCE MENTORS 61A

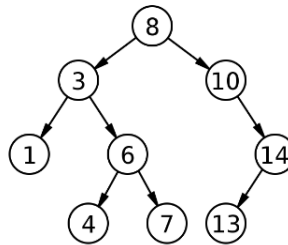
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1 Binary Trees

1. Given a binary tree `t`, determine whether or not it is a valid Binary Tree.

```
def valid_bst(t):  
  
    def helper(t, minVal, maxVal):  
  
        if _____:  
  
            return True  
  
        check_left = _____  
        check_right = _____  
  
        if _____:  
  
            if check_left and check_right:  
  
                return True  
  
        return False  
  
    return _____
```

2. Given a Binary Tree, t and an integer k , return the sum of all entries in the Binary Tree at or within 1 level of the k th level. The root is at level 0. You may assume that all entries are integers. Let the t in the doctests be the following tree:



```

def approxLevelSum(t, k):
    """
    >>> approxLevelSum(t, 1)
    42  #8 + 3 + 10 + 1 + 6 + 14
    >>> approxLevelSum(t, 2)
    58
    >>> approxLevelSum(t, 3)
    45
    >>> approxLevelSum(t, 0)
    21
    """
    if _____:

        return 0

    elif _____:

        return t.label

    elif _____:

        return _____

    else:

        return _____
  
```

2 Sets

- Given a list of lists of letters, write a solution that will return a list of the letters in every single list in the input. You may assume that the input list contains at least one list.

```
def common_letters(letterLists):
    """
    >>> one, two = ['a', 'b', 'c'], ['d', 'c', 'b']
    >>> three = ['c', 'e']
    >>> common_letters([one, two, three])
    ['c']
    """
    result = _____

    for _____:

        result = _____

    return _____
```

3 Streams

- Let's say we were to modify the rest function in the stream class

```
@property
def rest(self):
    if self._compute rest is not None:
        print( computing rest )
        self._rest = self._compute rest()
        self._compute rest = None
    return self._rest
```

What would Python display if we executed the following code?

Expression	Interactive Output
<pre>>>> int_strm = make_integer_stream() >>> print(int_strm.rest)</pre>	
<pre>>>> print(int_strm.rest)</pre>	

2. Takes in a list, `lst` and a positive integer `i` and returns an infinite stream of every `i`th element in `lst`. If the `lst` has no more elements, cycle back to the beginning of `lst` and continue counting.

```
def cycle_ith(lst, i):
```

```
    seen = 0
```

```
    while seen < i:
```

```
        curr = _____
```

```
        _____
```

```
        lst.append(curr)
```

```
        _____
```

```
    _____
```

3. Takes in a stream and returns a new stream that contains each element of the input stream only once and in the same order. This function should work for both finite and infinite streams.

```
def set_stream(s):
```

```
    seen = []
```

```
    def compute_rest(curr_stream):
```

```
        _____
```

```
        _____
```

```
    if _____:
```

```
        seen.append(curr_stream.first)
```

```
        _____
```

```
    else:
```

```
        _____
```

```
    return compute_rest(s)
```

4 Scheme

1. What Would Scheme Display?

Expression	Interactive Output
scm> 'csm	
scm> (if 0 1 (/ 1 0))	
scm> (or 1 and 2)	
scm> (and 1 2)	
scm> (or 1 2)	
scm> (/ 5)	
scm> (* 5)	
scm> (- 5)	
scm> (+ 5)	

2. Draw the box and pointer diagrams for the following lists.

scm> '(1 2 3)

scm> '(1 (2 (3 (4))))

5 Interpreters

Special form	Rules for evaluation
<code>begin</code>	evaluate all expressions
<code>and</code>	evaluate expressions until one evaluates to a false-y value
<code>or</code>	evaluate expressions until one evaluates to a truth-y value
<code>cond</code>	evaluate predicate expressions until one evaluates to a truth-y value, then evaluate the corresponding expression
<code>if</code>	evaluate the predicate, then evaluate the 2nd expression if the predicate is truth-y or the 3rd expression if the predicate is false-y
<code>let</code>	evaluate expressions in bindings, then evaluate expressions in the body
<code>define</code>	no evaluation
<code>lambda</code>	no evaluation
<code>quote</code>	no evaluation

1. How many calls to `scheme_eval`? How many calls to `scheme_apply`?

Expression	Eval	Apply
<code>(and 'pizza 'with 'pepperoni #f 'pineapple)</code>		
<code>(lambda (cs61a) cs61a)</code>		
<code>(if 6 1 (+ 1 0))</code>		
<code>(define (gibbesify g) (cond ((= g 0) 'schemineverday) ((= g 1) (gibbesify (- g 1)) (else (gibbesify (- g 2)))</code>		
<code>(let ((condvoluted gibbesify)) (condvoluted 2))</code>		

6 Tail Recursion

1. Is it tail recursive?

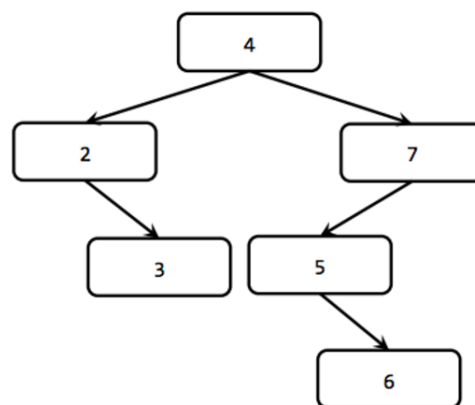
Expression	Yes/No
<pre>(define (cream cheese) (if (null? cheese) 0 (+ (car cheese) (cream (cdr cheese))))))</pre>	
<pre>(define (introducing professor dog) (if (null? professor) dog (introducing (cdr professor) (+ (car professor) dog))))</pre>	
<pre>(define (fact n) (if (= n 1) n (* n (fact (- n 1)))))</pre>	

2. Here are constructors and selectors for a Binary Tree.

```
(define (tree entry left right)      (define (left tree)
  (cons entry (cons left right)))    (car (cdr tree)))

(define (entry tree)                 (define (right tree)
  (car tree))                         (cdr (cdr tree)))
```

This procedure takes a binary search tree, as well as an item contained in the binary search tree. It returns a list of the values encountered along the path from the root to the node containing that item. The `t` in the doctests is defined as follows:



```
(define (bst-path bst item)
```

7 SQL

1. We can use SQL to determine the anagrams of a word! Specifically, lets use SQL to find the anagrams of 'paul'.

```
with
  given (char, weight) as (
    select 'p' , 0001 union
    select 'a' , 0010 union
    select 'u' , 0100 union
    select 'l' , 1000
  )

select _____

_____

from _____

_____

where _____;
```


2. After more than 100 years of operation, the Ringling Bros. circus is closing. A victory for animal rights advocates, the circus closure poses a challenge for the zoologists tasked with moving the circus animals to more suitable habitats.

The zoologists must first take the animals in a freight elevator with a weight limit of 2000. In order to speed-up the process, the zoologists prefer to take groups of animals of the same species in the elevator, rather than one animal at a time.

Assume the zoologists will only put all of the animals of a particular species in the elevator, or take animals of that particular species one at a time.

You have access to the table `animals`, with columns containing the animals names, weights, and species.

Write a query that returns the collective weight and species of animals in a group where there is more than one animal of a particular species in a group, and the collective weight of the animals in the group is less than 2000.

Your query should yield the following result:

```
229 pig
1618 tiger
91 dog
```

```
select _____
from _____
group by _____
having
_____;
```

3. Now, suppose we have a table `height` that has the animals' names and heights. Suppose we want to join the tables `animals` and `height`. How many rows will the joined table have?

4. To take the animals to their new habitats, the zoologists load the animals into trucks. The zoologists again want to take the animals in groups of the same species, but one of the trucks has a height limit of 5.0.

Write a query that returns the maximum height and species of animals in a group where the maximum height is less than 5.0. Your query may yield a species where there is only one animal of that particular species.

Your query should yield the following result:

4.1 pig
4 dog
4.9 zebra

```
select _____  
  
from _____  
  
where _____  
  
group by _____  
  
having  
_____;
```