# comp1511 week 05

#### admin

- assignment 1 has been released!
  - due 8<sup>th</sup> July (week 7 Monday)
- no tutorials or labs next week (flex week)
- there will be help sessions and revision sessions!

### agenda for today

- 2d arrays
- arrays and functions
- strings
- assignment 1 style

#### 2d arrays practice

In this section we will write a short program that deals with 2D arrays.

The objective of this program is to simulate the exploration of a galaxy by placing celestial bodies such as stars, planets, and nebulae within a grid.

#### Functionality

- 1. Firstly, the program should prompt for celestial bodies with Enter planets and nebulae: and take input for planets and nebula until q is pressed.
  - Planets are added with p [row] [col] [points]
  - Nebulae are added with n [row] [col]

You may assume you will always be given valid input.

- 2. After populating the map with various celestial bodies your program will need to scan in the player's starting position. This will be given as a pair of integers which denotes the row and column (in that order). If the starting position is already occupied by a celestial body, the program should print out <a href="Invalid starting position">Invalid starting position</a>! Then the program should prompt with <a href="Re-enter starting position">Re-enter starting position</a>: and re-scan the position of the player, repeating until a valid position is scanned in.
- 3. After spawning the player, the program should prompt for stars with Enter the position and points of the star(s): and take input in the form [row] [col] [points] until ctrl + D is pressed. Again, you may assume that the provided input is always valid.
- 4. Finally, after spawning all celestial bodies, the program should print the galaxy with the <a href="print\_galaxy">print\_galaxy</a> function provided.

#### arrays and functions

• can we split what we've written into helper functions?

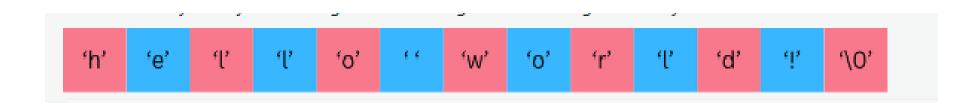
```
int main(void) {
    struct celestial_body galaxy[SIZE][SIZE];
    int row, col;
    // Initialise the galaxy
    for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; i++) {
       for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; j++) {
           galaxy[i][j].entity = EMPTY;
           galaxy[i][j].points = 0;
    // Place the planets and nebulae in the galaxy
    printf("Enter planets and nebulae: ");
    int points;
    char type;
    scanf(" %c", &type);
    while (type != 'q') {
       scanf(" %d %d", &row, &col);
       if (type == 'p') {
           scanf("%d", &points);
           galaxy[row][col].entity = PLANET;
           galaxy[row][col].points = points;
       } else if (type == 'n') {
           galaxy[row][col].entity = NEBULA;
           galaxy[row][col].points = NEBULA_POINTS;
       scanf(" %c", &type);
    // Place the player in the galaxy
    printf("Enter the starting position of the player: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &row, &col);
    while (row < 0 || row >= SIZE || col < 0 || col >= SIZE ||
           galaxy[row][col].entity != EMPTY) {
       printf("Invalid player position!\n");
       printf("Please re-enter the starting position of the player: ");
       scanf("%d %d", &row, &col);
    galaxy[row][col].entity = SPACESHIP;
    galaxy[row][col].points = 0;
    // Place the stars in the galaxy
    printf("Enter the position and points of the star(s): \n");
    while(scanf("%d %d %d", &row, &col, &points) == 3) {
        galaxy[row][col].entity = STAR;
       galaxy[row][col].points = points;
    print_map(galaxy);
```

```
int main(void) {
   struct celestial_body galaxy[SIZE][SIZE];
   int row, col;
   // Initialise the galaxy
   for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; i++) {
       for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; j++) {
           galaxy[i][j].entity = EMPTY;
           galaxy[i][j].points = 0;
   // Place the planets and nebulae in the galaxy
   printf("Enter planets and nebulae: ");
   int points;
   char type;
   scanf(" %c", &type);
   while (type != 'q') {
       scanf(" %d %d", &row, &col);
       if (type == 'p') {
           scanf("%d", &points);
           galaxy[row][col].entity = PLANET;
           galaxy[row][col].points = points;
       } else if (type == 'n') {
           galaxy[row][col].entity = NEBULA;
           galaxy[row][col].points = NEBULA POINTS;
       scanf(" %c", &type);
   // Place the player in the galaxy
   printf("Enter the starting position of the player: ");
   scanf("%d %d", &row, &col);
   while (row < 0 || row >= SIZE || col < 0 || col >= SIZE ||
          galaxy[row][col].entity != EMPTY) {
       printf("Invalid player position!\n");
       printf("Please re-enter the starting position of the player: ");
       scanf("%d %d", &row, &col);
   galaxy[row][col].entity = SPACESHIP;
   galaxy[row][col].points = 0;
   // Place the stars in the galaxy
   printf("Enter the position and points of the star(s): \n");
   while(scanf("%d %d %d", &row, &col, &points) == 3) {
       galaxy[row][col].entity = STAR;
       galaxy[row][col].points = points;
   print_map(galaxy);
```

```
int main(void) {
    struct celestial_body galaxy[SIZE][SIZE];
   // Initialize the galaxy
   initialise_galaxy(galaxy);
   // Place the planets and nebulae in the galaxy
   place_planets_and_nebula(galaxy);
   // Place the player in the galaxy
   place_player(galaxy);
   // Place the stars in the galaxy
   place_stars(galaxy);
   // Print the galaxy
   print_map(galaxy);
   // Print the sum of the points in the galaxy
   print_galaxy_sum(galaxy);
```

```
// Function to initialize the galaxy
//
// Parameters:
// - galaxy: the 2D array representing the galaxy
//
// returns: nothing
void initialise_galaxy(struct celestial_body galaxy[SIZE][SIZE]) {
   for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; j++) {
            galaxy[i][j].entity = EMPTY;
            galaxy[i][j].points = 0;
   return;
// Function to place the player in the galaxy
//
// Parameters:
// - galaxy: the 2D array representing the galaxy
//
// returns: nothing
void place_player(struct celestial_body galaxy[SIZE][SIZE]) {
   int row, col;
   printf("Enter the starting position of the player: ");
   scanf("%d %d", &row, &col);
    while (row < 0 | row >= SIZE | col < 0 | col >= SIZE |
           galaxy[row][col].entity != EMPTY) {
        printf("Invalid player position!\n");
        printf("Please re-enter the starting position of the player: ");
        scanf("%d %d", &row, &col);
    galaxy[row][col].entity = SPACESHIP;
    galaxy[row][col].points = 0;
    return;
```

```
// Function to place the planets and nebulae in the galaxy
// Parameters:
// - galaxy: the 2D array representing the galaxy
// returns: nothing
void place_planets_and_nebula(struct celestial_body galaxy[SIZE][SIZE]) {
    int col;
    printf("Enter planets and nebulae: ");
    int points;
    char type;
    scanf(" %c", &type);
    while (type != 'q') {
        scanf(" %d %d", &row, &col);
       if (type == 'p') {
           scanf("%d", &points);
           galaxy[row][col].entity = PLANET;
           galaxy[row][col].points = points;
       } else if (type == 'n') {
           galaxy[row][col].entity = NEBULA;
           galaxy[row][col].points = NEBULA_POINTS;
       scanf(" %c", &type);
    return;
// Function to print the sum of the points in the galaxy
11
// Parameters:
// - galaxy: the 2D array representing the galaxy
// returns: nothing
void print_galaxy_sum(struct celestial_body galaxy[SIZE][SIZE]) {
   int sum = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; i++) {
       for (int j = 0; j < SIZE; j++) {
           sum += galaxy[i][j].points;
    printf("The total points in the galaxy is: %d\n", sum);
// Function to place the stars in the galaxy
//
// Parameters:
// - galaxy: the 2D array representing the galaxy
// returns: nothing
void place_stars(struct celestial_body galaxy[SIZE][SIZE]) {
   int row;
   int col;
   int points;
    printf("Enter the position and points of the star(s): \n");
    while(scanf("%d %d %d", &row, &col, &points) == 3) {
       galaxy[row][col].entity = STAR;
        galaxy[row][col].points = points;
```



#### strings

how do we declare and initialise a string? how do we loop through a string? how do we print a string?

#### string practice

```
// Functions to implement:
// 1.
// returns the number of lowercase letters in `char *string`
int count lowercase(char *string);
// 2.
// modifies `char *string` by converting all its vowels to uppercase
void make_vowels_uppercase(char *string);
// 3..
// shortens a string so that it ends after the first word
// e.g. "This is a sentence" should turn into:
        "This"
// (hint. what defines when a string ends?)
void delete following words(char *string);
```

helper functions provided in the tute questions

#### string practice (helper functions)

```
// Provided char functions
// Returns : 1 if `c` is a Lowercase Letter
// : 0 otherwise.
int is_lowercase(char c) {
   return 'a' <= c && c <= 'z';
// Returns : 1 if `c` is an uppercase Letter
// : 0 otherwise.
int is uppercase(char c) {
   return 'A' <= c && c <= 'Z';
// Returns : 1 if `c` is a Letter
// : 0 otherwise.
int is_letter(char c) {
   return is_lowercase(c) || is_uppercase(c);
// Returns : `c` converted to Lowercase, if it was an uppercase Letter
// : `c` unmodified, otherwise
char to_lowercase(char c) {
   if (is_uppercase(c)) {
       return c - 'A' + 'a';
    return c;
```

```
// Returns : `c` converted to uppercase, if it was a Lowercase Letter
// : `c` unmodified, otherwise
char to uppercase(char c) {
    if (is lowercase(c)) {
       return c - 'a' + 'A';
    return c;
// Returns : 1 if `c` is an uppercase or Lowercase vowel
       : 0 otherwise.
int is_vowel(char c) {
    char lower_c = to_lowercase(c);
    return lower_c == 'a'
       || lower_c == 'e'
        || lower_c == 'i'
        || lower_c == 'o'
       || lower_c == 'u';
```

#### string practice (solutions)

```
// returns the number of lowercase letters in `char *string`
int count_lowercase(char string[MAX_CHARS]) {
   int count = 0;
   for (int i = 0; string[i] != '\0'; i++) {
       if (is_lowercase(string[i])) {
           count++;
   return count;
// 2.
// modifies `char *string` by converting all its vowels to uppercase
void make_vowels_uppercase(char string[MAX_CHARS]) {
   for (int i = 0; string[i] != '\0'; i++) {
       if (is vowel(string[i])) {
           string[i] = to_uppercase(string[i]);
   return;
// 3..
// shortens a string so that it ends after the first word
// e.g. "This is a sentence" should turn into:
     "This"
// (hint. what defines when a string ends?)
void delete_following_words(char string[MAX_CHARS]) {
   for (int i = 0; string[i] != '\0'; i++) {
       if (string[i] == ' ') {
           string[i] = '\0';
   return;
```

#### assignment 1 style!

- include a header comment!
- run 1511 style cs\_sokoban.c
- #define all constants AND all char commands
  - e.g. #define ADD\_WALL\_COMMAND 'W' and #define NUM\_ROWS 10
- make sure output matches examples in spec exactly
- use helper functions!
- function comments

## any questions?